



**CITY COUNCIL AGENDA
CITY HALL, 291 N. MAIN STREET
PORTERVILLE, CALIFORNIA
NOVEMBER 3, 2020, 5:30 PM**

Pursuant to Executive Order N-29-20, signed by Governor Newsom on March 17, 2020, and in an effort to protect public health and slow the rate of transmission of COVID-19, the City of Porterville is allowing for and encouraging electronic participation at City Council Meetings. Until further notice, Porterville City Council Meetings will be livestreamed on YouTube at <https://www.youtube.com/channel/UC5KuhSrNMNL9nwHJVtnJvvA>. Public comments may be submitted to CouncilMeetingComments@ci.porterville.ca.us and will be read aloud for Council consideration during Oral Communications or during any public hearings as applicable. Members of the public are encouraged to submit comments prior to 6:30 p.m., Tuesday, November 3, 2020, to participate in this meeting. Staff will periodically check for emails that may have been submitted after 6:30 p.m., however it is not guaranteed that those emails will be read prior to Council action. Please direct any questions to the Office of City Clerk at 559-782-7464.

Call to Order

Roll Call

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

This is the opportunity to address the City Council on any matter scheduled for Closed Session. Unless additional time is authorized by the Council, all commentary shall be limited to three minutes.

CITY COUNCIL CLOSED SESSION:

A. Closed Session Pursuant to:

- 1 - Government Code Section 54957.6 – Conference with Labor Negotiator. Agency Negotiator: John Lollis and Patrice Hildreth. Employee Organizations: Management & Confidential Series and Porterville Peace Officers Association.
- 2 - Government Code Section 54956.95 – Liability Claim: Claimant: Charles Laughlin. Agency claimed against: City of Porterville.
- 3 - Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(1) – Conference with Legal Counsel – Existing Litigation: Ventura v. Rutledge, City of Porterville, United States District Court, Eastern District, Case No. 1:17-cv-00237-DAD-SKO.
- 4 - Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(3) – Conference with Legal Counsel – Anticipated Litigation – Significant Exposure to Litigation: Three cases in which facts are not yet known to potential plaintiff.
- 5 - Government Code Section 54956.9(d)(4) – Conference with Legal Counsel –

Anticipated Litigation – Initiation of Litigation: One case.

**6:30 P.M. RECONVENE OPEN SESSION AND REPORT ON
REPORTABLE ACTION TAKEN IN CLOSED SESSION**

Pledge of Allegiance Led by Vice Mayor Reyes

Invocation

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

This is the opportunity to address the Council on any matter of interest, whether on the agenda or not. Please address all items not scheduled for public hearing at this time. Unless additional time is authorized by the Council, all commentary shall be limited to three minutes.

AB 1234 REPORTS

This is the time for all AB 1234 reports required pursuant to Government Code § 53232.3.

1. City Council Ad Hoc Committee - Provision of Local Water Services - October 21, 2020
2. Tulare County Task Force on Homelessness - October 21, 2020
3. City Council Ad Hoc Committee - COVID 19 - October 27, 2020
4. Tulare County Regional Transit Authority - October 28, 2020

REPORTS

This is the time for all staff informational items.

Staff Informational Reports

1. Report on Charitable Car Washes - 2020 Calendar Year to Date
2. Golf Course FY 2020/21 First Quarter Report
3. OHV Park FY 2020/21 First Quarter Report
4. City Commission and Committee Attendance - 1st Quarter Report (July, August, September)
5. Attendance Report for City Council Member Board Appointments - 1st Quarter (July, August, September)

6. Code Enforcement FY 2020/21 First Quarter Report

CONSENT CALENDAR

All Consent Calendar Items are considered routine and will be enacted in one motion. There will be no separate discussion of these matters unless a request is made, in which event the item will be removed from the Consent Calendar. All items removed from the Consent Calendar for further discussion will be heard at the end of Scheduled Matters.

1. **Authorization for Police Vehicle Repairs**
Re: Consideration to authorize the repair of a Police Vehicle by Porterville Chrysler Jeep Dodge for an estimated total cost of \$14,511.94.
2. **Assignment of Airport Lease - Lot 17**
Re: Consideration to approve the assignment of Lease for Lot No. 17 at the Porterville Municipal Airport from HQ Investments to Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc.
3. **Assignment of Airport Lease - Lot 43**
Re: Consideration to approve the Assignment of Lease for Lot No. 43 at the Porterville Municipal Airport from Michele Alogna, Sole Successor Trustee of the Leonard J. Algona Revocable Trust dated November 17, 1993, to Matt Quatacker.
4. **Financial Status Reports**
Re: Consideration to accept the financial status reports as presented.
5. **Quarterly Investment Portfolio Summary**
Re: Consideration to accept the quarterly investment portfolio summary report.
6. **Status and Review of Local Emergency: Drought**
Re: Considering approval of the continuance of the Declaration of Local Emergency.

A Council Meeting Recess Will Occur at 8:30 p.m., or as Close to That Time as Possible

PUBLIC HEARINGS

7. **Vacation of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue**
Re: Consideration of Resolution of Vacation of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue, located on Parcel Map No. 4343; and authorization to record said Resolution.

SECOND READINGS

8. **Second Reading - Ordinance No. 1877 - Approving Zone Change (PRC 2020-020-Z) from RS-1 (Very Low Density Residential) to RS-2 (Low Density Residential)**
Re: Giving second reading of Ordinance 1877 approving a zone change of approximately 11.5 acres from Very Low Density Residential to Low Density Residential, located on the west side of Newcomb Street, south of Linda Vista Avenue.

SCHEDULED MATTERS

- 9. Review of Cannabis Business Operating Permit Application Scores**
Re: Consideration to begin negotiations of a Development Agreement with Haven Porterville and Culture Cannabis Club.
- 10. Emergency Services Therapy Dog Program**
Re: Consideration of the Emergency Services Therapy Dog Program in support of the City's public safety personnel, and potential modification of Municipal Code.
- 11. Provision of Local Mosquito Abatement Services**
Re: Consider the provision of local mosquito abatement services.
- 12. Status and Review of Proclamation of Local Emergency: COVID-19**
Re: Considering approval of the continuation of the Proclamation of Local Emergency due to COVID-19.

ORAL COMMUNICATIONS

OTHER MATTERS

CLOSED SESSION

Any Closed Session Items not completed prior to 6:30 p.m. will be considered at this time.

ADJOURNMENT - to the meeting of November 17, 2020.

In compliance with the Americans with Disabilities Act and the California Ralph M. Brown Act, if you need special assistance to participate in this meeting, or to be able to access this agenda and documents in the agenda packet, please contact the Office of City Clerk at (559) 782-7464. Notification 48 hours prior to the meeting will enable the City to make reasonable arrangements to ensure accessibility to this meeting and/or provision of an appropriate alternative format of the agenda and documents in the agenda packet.

Materials related to an item on this Agenda submitted to the City Council after distribution of the Agenda packet are available for public inspection during normal business hours at the Office of City Clerk, 291 North Main Street, Porterville, CA 93257, and on the City's website at www.ci.porterville.ca.us.



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: 1. Report on Charitable Car Washes - 2020 Calendar Year to Date

SOURCE: Finance

COMMENT: In accordance with City Council direction, staff is providing a report on charitable car wash permits issued during the year. Article VI, Section 15-130 of the City Code allows up to four car washes by a charitable organization in a calendar year. For the period of January 1 to September 30, 2020, the following car washes occurred within the City.

<u>Date</u>	<u>Name of Organization</u>	<u>Location of Car Wash</u>
2/23/20	Gospel Lighthouse Church	BR's Foodstore - 284 W. Olive Ave.
6/9/20	American Legion Terra Bella Post 779	Pizza Factory - 897 W. Henderson Ave.

RECOMMENDATION: Information Only

ATTACHMENTS:

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:
Maria Bemis, Finance Director

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: 2. Golf Course FY 2020/21 First Quarter Report

SOURCE: Parks and Leisure Services

COMMENT: At the request of the City Council, staff is providing a report on participation numbers at the Porterville Golf Course for informational purposes. The report reflects the First Quarter FY 2020/21.

RECOMMENDATION: Information Only

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Golf Course FY 2020/21 1st Quarter (July - September) Report

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Donnie Moore, Parks and Leisure Services Director

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

PORTERVILLE GOLF COURSE STATISTICS

	Jul-19	Jul-20	Aug-19	Aug-20	Sep-19	Sep-20
Golfers	1766	2316	1684	2565	1710	2670
Repeat 9/Twilight	997	1426	905	1687	937	1692
Tickets Used	599	756	640	733	623	861
Passes Sold	35	25	42	23	27	34
Carts	1215	2126	1175	2313	1137	2413
Total	\$15,625.00	\$20,756.00	\$15,343.00	\$22,782.00	\$14,369.00	\$23,917.00

FOOTGOLF

	Jul-19	Jul-20	Aug-19	Aug-20	Sep-19	Sep-20
18-hole adult	0	0	0	4	0	0
18-hole youth	0	0	0	4	0	0
Cart rental	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ball rental	0	0	0	0	0	0
Party	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60.00	\$ -	\$ -
GRAND TOTAL	\$15,625.00	\$20,756.00	\$15,343.00	\$22,842.00	\$14,369.00	\$23,917.00

* **Repeat 9:** Additional 9 rounds after first 9

* **Twilight:** Afternoon discount rate

* **Tickets:** Surcharge with monthly play pass \$1.00 9-hole, \$2.00 18-hole

* **Passes:** Monthly Passes sold



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: 3. OHV Park FY 2020/21 First Quarter Report

SOURCE: Parks and Leisure Services

COMMENT: At the request of the City Council, staff is providing a report on participation numbers at the Porterville OHV Park for informational purposes. The report reflects the First Quarter FY 2020/21.

RECOMMENDATION: Information Only

ATTACHMENTS: 1. OHV Park FY 2020/21 1st Quarter (July - September) Report

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Donnie Moore, Parks and Leisure Services Director

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

PORTERVILLE OHV RIDERSHIP

	Jul-19	Jul-20	Aug-19	Aug-20	Sep-19	Sep-20
Riders	0	220	0	279	0	316
Revenue	\$0.00	\$5,500.00	\$0.00	\$5,580.00	\$0.00	\$7,900.00

The OHV Park was closed July-September 2019. The current OHV Park Operator began September 2019 and prepared the facility to reopen during that month. The previous OHV Park Operator ended his Agreement early so the facility was not open July and August 2019. 2018 Revenue: July \$4,345; August \$2,704; September \$3,132.



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: 4. City Commission and Committee Attendance - 1st Quarter Report (July, August, September)

SOURCE: Administrative Services

COMMENT: Staff herein provides the attendance records for First Quarter FY 2020/2021 for the City's Commissions and Committees. Please note, that due to the COVID-19 pandemic, only the Parks & Leisure Services Commission and the Transactions and Use Tax Oversight Committee have met during this reporting period.

RECOMMENDATION: Information Only

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Parks & Leisure Services Commission
2. Transactions and Use Tax Oversight Committee

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

Parks & Leisure Services Commissioner's Record of Attendance

	2020 July 5	2020 Aug 2	2020 Sept 6	2020 Oct 4	2020 Nov 1	2020 Dec 6	2021 Jan 3	2021 Feb 7	2021 Mar 7	2021 Apr 4	2021 May 2	2021 June 6
Phillip Duncan	**	P	**									
Diane Graybehl	**	P	**									
Kieran Daly	**	E	**									
Janet Uresti	**	P	**									
Tom Fiormonti	**	P	**									
Jason Gurrola	**	P	**									
Jason Pommier	**	P	**									

**No meeting held. * Due to lack of quorum, an informal discussion only took place.
P = Present; E = Excused Absence; A = Absent; T = Tardy

Parks & Leisure Services Commissioner's Record of Attendance

	2019 July 5	2019 Aug 2	2019 Sept 6	2019 Oct 4	2019 Nov 1	2019 Dec 6	2020 Jan 3	2020 Feb 7	2020 Mar 7	2020 Apr 4	2020 May 2	2020 June 6
Rocco Calantone	**	**	P	P								
Richard Rankin	**	**	P	P								
Rachel Lucero	**	**	A	A								
Carrol Land	**	**	P	P								
Phillip Duncan	**	**	A	P	P	P	P	P	P			
Diane Graybehl	**	**	P	P	P	P	E	P	P			
Kieran Daly	**	**	P	E	P	P	P	P	A			
Janet Uresti	**	**	P	P	P	P	P	P	P			
Tom Fiormonti					P	P	P	P	P			
Jason Gurrola					P	P	P	P	E			
Jason Pommier					P	E	P	P	P			

**No meeting held. * Due to lack of quorum, an informal discussion only took place.
P = Present; E = Excused Absence; A = Absent; T = Tardy

Parks & Leisure Services Commissioner's Record of Attendance

	2018 July 5	2018 Aug 2	2018 Sept 6	2018 Oct 4	2018 Nov 1	2018 Dec 6	2019 Jan 3	2019 Feb 7	2019 Mar 7	2019 Apr 4	2019 May 2	2019 June 6
Rocco Calantone	**	**	E	P	P	P	P	E	P	P	P	P
Richard Rankin	**	**	P	P	P	E	P	P	P	P	E	P
Rachel Lucero	**	**	A	A	P	A	P	A	P	P	A	P
Carrol Land	**	**	P	P	A	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Phillip Duncan	**	**	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	P	P
Diane Graybehl	**	**	P	P	P	P	P	E	P	P	P	P
Kieran Daly	**	**	E	P	E	E	P	P	A	P	P	A
Janet Uresti	**	**	P	P	E	E	P	P	P	E	P	P

**No meeting held. * Due to lack of quorum, an informal discussion only took place.
P = Present; E = Excused Absence; A = Absent; T = Tardy

**Transactions and Use Tax Oversight Committee
Attendance Records**

As of September 30, 2020

	2020 23-Sep	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	2020	
John Simonich	P							
Margaret Stinson	P							
Russell "Buck" Fletcher	A							
John Angell	P							
Mike Boudreaux Sr.	A							
John Billiou	P							
Jerry Hall	P							
Janice Kovars	P							
Shawn Byars	A							
Joshua Sulier	P							

* Meeting cancelled

	2018 13-Nov	2019 9-Jan	2019 12-Feb	2019 28-May	2019 27-Aug	2019 6-Nov	2020 26-Feb	
John Simonich	A	P	A	P	A	A	*	
Margaret Stinson	P	P	P	A	P	P	*	
Russell "Buck" Fletcher	P	P	P	P	P	P	*	
John Angell	A	A	A	P	P	P	*	
Mike Boudreaux Sr.	A	P	P	P	P	A	*	
Virginia Gurrola	P	P	P	A				
John Billiou	P	P	A	P	P	P	*	
Jerry Hall	P	P	P	P	P	P	*	
Janice Kovars	P	P	P	P	P	P	*	
Shawn Byars	P	P	P	P	P	P	*	
Joshua Sulier						P	*	

* Meeting cancelled

	2017 28-Feb	2017 23-May	2017 29-Aug	2017 14-Nov	2018 Feb 13*	2018 10-May	2018 28-Aug	
John Simonich	P	A	A	P	P	A	P	
Margaret Stinson	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	
Kathleen "Kat" Harris	P	P	P	P	A	P	P	
Russell "Buck" Fletcher	P	A	P	A	A	P	P	
Titus Moore								Resigned
Richard Stadtherr								Appointment rescinded 2/21
John Angell	P	P	A	P	A	P	P	Appointed 2/7
Mike Boudreaux Sr.	P	P	P	P	P	P	A	Appointed 2/7
Jerry Claborn	P	P	P	P	P	P		Term ended
Virginia Gurrola	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	Appointed 2/21
John Billiou			A	A	A	A	P	Appointed 7/17
Jerry Hall							P	Appointed 7/18
Janice Kovars							P	Appointed 7/18

* No meeting was held due to lack of quorum.



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: 5. Attendance Report for City Council Member Board Appointments - 1st Quarter (July, August, September)

SOURCE: Administrative Services

COMMENT: At its meeting of January 21, 2020, the City Council directed staff to prepare a quarterly report on Council Member attendance at meetings of boards to which Council Members are appointed. This report captures attendance information from the First Quarter FY 20/21 (July, August, September).

RECOMMENDATION: Informational Only

ATTACHMENTS: 1. City Council Committee Attendance 2020/21 1st Quarter (July - September) Report

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

City Council Attendance - FY 2020-2021 First Quarter Report

Committee/Board	Member/Alternate	JULY	AUGUST	SEPTEMBER
Tulare County Association of Governments/Tulare County Transportation Authority	Martha Flores - Member Milt Stowe - Alternate		8/17 P	9/21 P
Tulare County Regional Transit Agency	Virginia Gurrola - Member Monte Reyes - Alternate		8/17 P, 8/24 P	9/9 P, 9/21 P
Tulare County Taskforce on Homelessness	Martha Flores - Member Jason Ridenour - Alternate Claudia Calderon - Alternate		8/19 A 8/19 P	9/16 P
Council of Cities	Martha Flores - Member Milt Stowe - Member			
Porterville Area Airport Development Corporation ("PAADA")	Milt Stowe - Member Monte Reyes - Member	7/24 P 7/24 P	8/7 P 8/7 P	
Joint City/School District Committee	Milt Stowe-Member Virginia Gurrola-Member			
Ad Hoc Committee- COVID-19	Virginia Gurrola-Member Monte Reyes - Member		8/24 P 8/24 P	9/3 P, 9/10 P, 9/23 P 9/30 P 9/3 P, 9/10 P, 9/23 P, 9/30 P
Ad Hoc Committee - Proposition 64 Regulation of Marijuana	Monte Reyes - Member Daniel Penalzoza-Member			9/10 P 9/10 P
Ad Hoc Committee - Provision of Local Water Services	Daniel Penalzoza-Member Virginia Gurrola-Member		8/20 P 8/20 P	9/22 P 9/22 P
Tule River Improvement JPA	Daniel Penalzoza - Member Michael Knight-Alternate	7/6 A 7/6 P	8/7 A 8/7 P	9/4 A 9/4 P
Tulare County City Selection Committee	Mayor - City Member Designee - Alternate			
Tulare County Local Agency Formation Commission ("LAFCO")	Martha Flores - Member		8/5 P	
PDC Advisory Board	John Lollis - Member Mayor - Alternate			
Internal City Audit Committee	Martha Flores - Member			
San Joaquin Valley Air Pollution Control District (SJVAPCD) Board	Monte Reyes - Member		8/20 P	9/17 P
San Joaquin Valley Special City Selection Committee	Milt Stowe - Member Monte Reyes - Alternate			
Eastern Tule Groundwater Sustainability Agency JPA	Monte Reyes - Member Michael Knight-Alternate	7/2 P	8/6 P	9/3 P
San Joaquin Valley REAP Committee	Martha Flores- Member	7/2 P		



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: 6. Code Enforcement FY 2020/21 First Quarter Report

SOURCE: Fire

COMMENT: This informational report utilizes data from the “myPorterville” application for tracking code enforcement activity between July 1 and September 30, 2020. During this 1st quarter of fiscal year 2020/2021, each Department of the City contributed toward recording 652 code enforcement issues. Of these, 470 were corrected and 182 were continued into the 2nd quarter of 2020/2021 for additional corrective action. The Code Enforcement Division issued 68 Administrative Citations.

Two complaints were reported, under the “Code Enforcement, General” category, and responded to by Code Enforcement after the implementation of the City's mask mandate on July 21, 2020. When Code Enforcement makes contact with local businesses for any reason, and if concerning activity regarding face covering enforcement is observed, then the business is provided with the State of California Health and Human Services Agency, California Department of Public Health guidelines in a pamphlet form, as well as the City of Porterville's local Ordinance information. A significant number of complaints have not been received, yet have been diligent about providing information when needed.

RECOMMENDATION: Information Only

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Code Enforcement FY 2020/21 1st Quarter (July - September) Report

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Dave LaPere, Fire Chief

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

Code Enforcement Report, Quarter 1, FY 20-21

Q1 Code Enforcement Activity	# Requests	# Completed	% Closed
Abandoned Vehicle (Street)	25	25	100.00%
Animals- agricultural animals	1	1	100.00%
Animals- barking dogs	14	14	100.00%
Animals- keeping too many or unauthorized species	4	4	100.00%
Animals- roosters	2	2	100.00%
Anonymous Crime Tip	6	6	100.00%
Building Department/ Permits	16	3	18.75%
Business License Inquiries	10	4	40.00%
Can Replacement / Repair	6	4	66.67%
CEO, Shopping Carts	19	19	100.00%
CEO, Sign Removal	72	72	100.00%
Code Enforcement, General	50	27	54.00%
Community Development, General or MULTIPLE violations	2	1	50.00%
Engineering	1	0	0.00%
Fences and freestanding walls	1	0	0.00%
Fire Hazard	1	1	100.00%
Fire Hydrant Leaking	1	0	0.00%
Fireworks	6	6	100.00%
Garbage Collection/ Illegal Dumping	19	17	89.47%
Graffiti	10	10	100.00%
Health Hazard	12	5	41.67%
Housing Issue (Structure Related)	2	1	50.00%
Itinerant Vendor, Solicitor, Peddler	6	6	100.00%
Landscaping/trees- private property	8	2	25.00%
Meter Request	73	42	57.53%
Neglected property/trash & debris	14	4	28.57%
Outdoor Storage	1	1	100.00%
Parking Issue	1	1	100.00%
Parks	7	7	100.00%
Police/ Traffic Enforcement	28	28	100.00%
Potholes	9	8	88.89%
Report Leak	40	29	72.50%
Signs- Maintenance Issues	3	2	66.67%
Signs- Temporary	1	0	0.00%
Stop Light Issue	4	3	75.00%
Street Light Issue	3	3	100.00%
Street Sweeping	2	2	100.00%
Vehicles- inoperable vehicles	26	14	53.85%
Vehicles- Parked on lawn	4	2	50.00%

Administrative Citations	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
\$100	27				\$2,700
\$200	1				\$200
\$500	9				\$4,500
\$1,000	2				\$2,000
\$1,500	29				\$43,500
FY 20-21 Total Assesment	68				\$52,900

Shopping Carts	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Collected	19				19
Disposed (Lbs.)	0				

Private Property Vehicle Abatements	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Voluntary Abatement	15				15
Certified Voluntary Abatement	1				1
Towed	7				7
Total Vehicles Abated	23				23

Weed Abatement	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Total
Properties Noticed	36				
Completed by Owner	345				
Assigned to Contractor (private)	0				
Assigned to Contractor (city owned)	0				
Completed by Contractor	5				
Admin Citations	24				

Code Enforcement Report, Quarter 1, FY 20-21

Vehicles- RVs/boats/etc	22	15	68.18%
Water Waste	36	35	97.22%
Water Waste Admin Cite	14	14	100.00%
Water Waste NOV	31	2	6.45%
Weed Abatement	36	26	72.22%
Yard Sales, Frequent	3	2	66.67%
Q1 Total	652	470	69.76%



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Authorization for Police Vehicle Repairs

SOURCE: Police

COMMENT: On September 13, 2020, a 2019 Police Department Dodge Charger (#3387) was involved in a collision resulting in the vehicle sustaining major damage to the engine.

Research was completed by Department staff and City mechanics, and it was determined that it was fiscally prudent to repair the vehicle. The damaged vehicle has low mileage and has several years remaining in its current replacement cycle. A replacement police vehicle would cost approximately \$50,000, while repairing the damage to the engine of the vehicle was estimated at \$14,511.94. The repairs to the vehicle would allow it to be returned to service for several more years.

Due to this vehicle still being under factory warranty, the repairs must be completed by an authorized dealership, of which is Porterville Chrysler Jeep Dodge.

Based on the quote provided, the Department is requesting authorization to enter into an agreement with Porterville Chrysler Jeep Dodge to repair the damage to the Police unit for an estimated cost of approximately \$14,511.94.

Funds for these repairs are available in the current Police Department Vehicle Replacement budget.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council:

- 1) Authorize repairs by Porterville Chrysler Jeep Dodge to 2019 Dodge Charger (Unit #3387) for an estimated total cost of \$14,511.94; and,
- 2) Authorize a 10% contingency cost for damage that is not yet known but may be present upon repair of the vehicle; and,
- 3) Authorize payment upon satisfactory completion of repairs.

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Porterville Chrysler Jeep Dodge Quote

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Eric Kroutil, Police Chief

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

PORTERVILLE CHRYSLER DODGE JEEP RAM
777 WEST OLIVE AVE.
PORTERVILLE CA 93257

559-784-9512

CITY OF PORTERVILLE

291 N MAIN ST
 PORTERVILLE CA 93257

Home: 5597827451

Mobile:

Work:

Email: risom@ci.porterville.ca.us

Oct 26, 2020 07:00 AM

YMMS: 2019 Dodge Charger Pursuit

Engine: 5.7L Eng

License:

VIN: 2C3CDXKT9KH733118

Odometer:

TYPE	DESCRIPTION	PART #	QTY	PRICE	LINE TOTAL
Parts	ENGINE OIL FILTER	04892339AB	1.0	\$12.25	\$12.25
Parts	5W-20 OIL	68055890AA	7.0	\$3.70	\$25.90
Parts	ANTIFREEZ: COOLANT	68163848AB	1.0	\$24.20	\$24.20
Parts	FRONT SUSPENSION CROSS MEMBER	68212614AA	1.0	\$1,000.00	\$1,000.00
Parts	FRONT BAR	68206426AA	1.0	\$267.00	\$267.00
Parts	CUSHION: STABILIZER BAR	68219854AA	2.0	\$16.45	\$32.90
Parts	BRACKET STABILIZER BAR BUSHING	04895134AB	2.0	\$13.35	\$26.70
Parts	RADIATOR CROSS MEMBER	05065240AH	1.0	\$259.00	\$259.00
Parts	SHIELD FRONT	04806075AB	1.0	\$94.00	\$94.00
Parts	SCREW	06508332AA	4.0	\$5.75	\$23.00
Parts	FRONT SHIELD	68231862AA	1.0	\$225.00	\$225.00
Parts	PUSH PIN	06506132AA	9.0	\$5.50	\$49.50
Labor	LONG BLOCK - Remove & Replace [Consists of a Cylinder Block fitted with Pistons, Rings, Connecting Rods, Crankshaft and all Bearings, Cylinder Head(s), Camshaft(s), Timing Chain or Belt and Sprockets or Gears. Includes (where applicable): Clean and transfer Fuel and Electrical Assemblies, Engine Mounts, Manifolds, Valve Cover(s), Oil Pan, Oil Pump, Timing Cover(s), Water Pump, Clutch and Flywheel. Adjust (where applicable): Fuel mixture, idle speed, timing and Valves.] V8, Normally A	-	-	-	\$5,400.00
Labor	CONTROL ARM - Remove & Replace [DOES NOT include alignment.] 4WD Lower, One Side	-	-	-	\$0.00
Labor	POWER STEERING HOSE - Remove & Replace Pressure Hose, Hydraulic Pump	-	-	-	\$0.00
Labor	CRADLE/FRAME ASSEMBLY - Remove & Replace [DOES NOT include alignment.] 4WD Cradle Assembly	-	-	-	\$0.00
Labor	INTAKE MANIFOLD - Remove & Replace V8, Normally Aspirated	-	-	-	\$0.00
Parts	LONG BLOCK 5.7L Eng	68409343AA	1.0	\$4,685.00	\$4,685.00

TYPE	DESCRIPTION	PART #	QTY	PRICE	LINE TOTAL
Parts	INTAKE MANIFOLD 5.7L Eng	68189105AB	1.0	\$542.00	\$542.00
Parts	CONTROL ARM 4WD Lower,Heavy Duty Suspension,Left	68211103AB	1.0	\$464.00	\$464.00
Parts	CONTROL ARM 4WD Lower,Heavy Duty Suspension,Right	68211102AB	1.0	\$455.00	\$455.00
Parts	PRESSURE HOSE 5.7L Eng,4WD	4584560AH	1.0	\$155.00	\$155.00

Customer Signature: _____

Labor:	\$5,400.00
Parts:	\$8,340.45
Shop Supplies:	\$0.00
Hazardous Materials:	\$0.00
Labor Taxes:	\$0.00
Parts Taxes:	\$771.49
TOTAL:	\$14,511.94



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Assignment of Airport Lease - Lot 17

SOURCE: Public Works

COMMENT: Mr. Steven Huth and Mr. Michael Quatacker, dba HQ Investments, the current leaseholder of Lot No. 17 at the Porterville Municipal Airport, are requesting the transfer of the lease to Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc. Tara Oldridge, President of Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc. is requesting City Council authorization to assume the existing lease between the City of Porterville and HQ Investments, which expires on December 31, 2028.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council approve the Assignment of Lease for Lot No. 17 at the Porterville Municipal Airport from HQ Investments to Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc.; and authorize the Mayor to sign the Lessor's Consent to Assignment of Lease Agreement on behalf of the City.

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Locator Map Lot 17
2. Letter of Request
3. Bill of Sale
4. Draft Assignment of Lease Lot 17
5. Draft Lessor's Consent to Assignment of Lease Lot 17

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

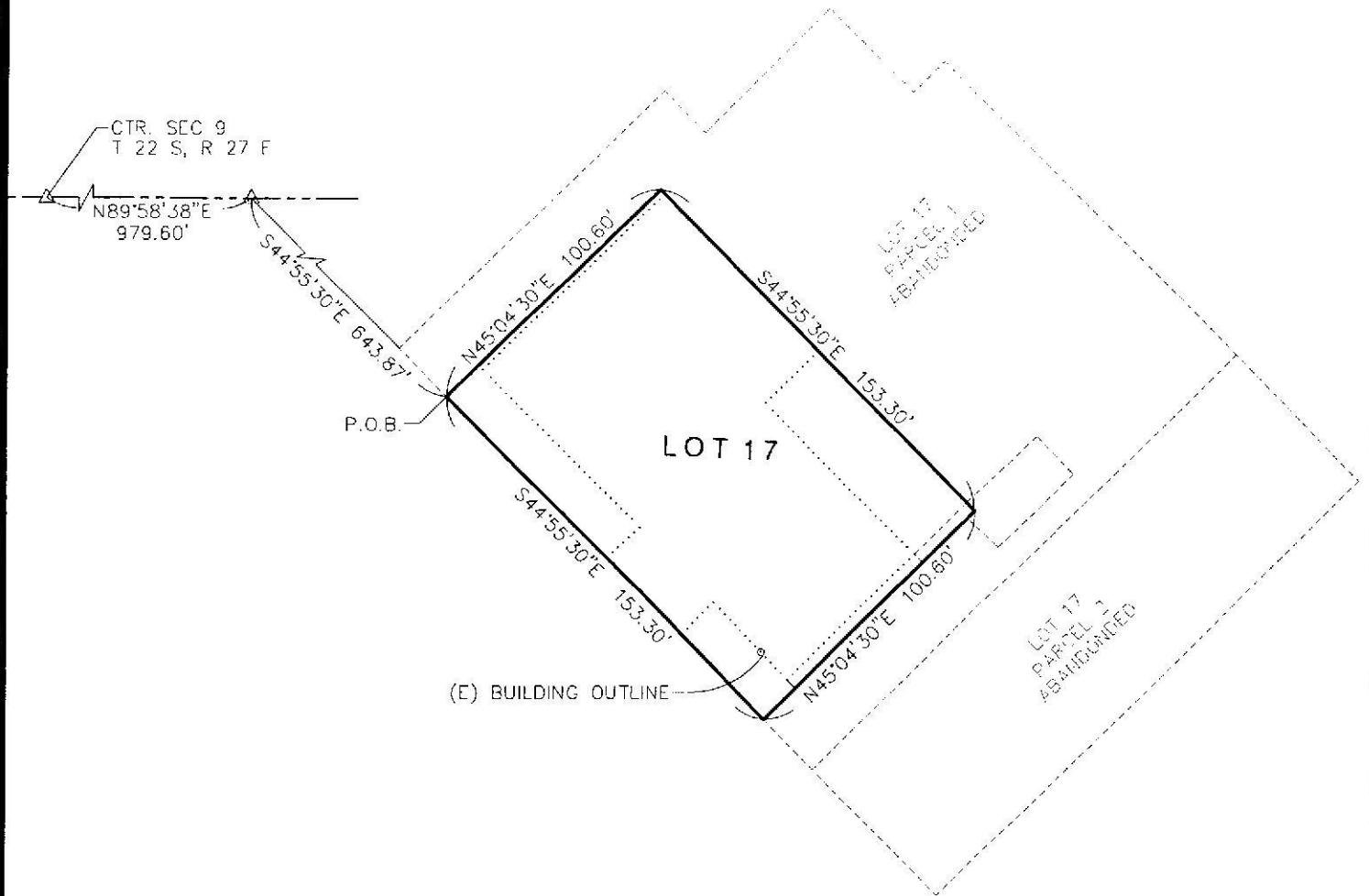
Department Director:

Michael Knight, Public Works Director

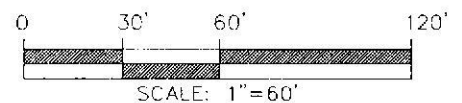
Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

PROPERTY PLAT

EXHIBIT "B"



△ = BRASS CAPPED
2" IRON PIPE



City of Porterville

291 N. MAIN ST.
PORTERVILLE, CA. 93257
559 7827462

*That portion of the Southeast quarter of
Section 9, Township 22 South, Range 27 East,
Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, in the City
of Porterville, County of Tulare, State of
California. according to the Official Plat thereof.*

OWNER: *City of Porterville*
STATUS: *F.B.O. Lease Lot*
AREA: *15,421.98 S.F. (Total)*
ACRES: *0.354 AC. (Total)*

DRAWN BY: T.J.
CHK'K BY: MKR

Attn: Janie Rodriguez
City of Porterville
291 North Main Street
Porterville, CA 93257

RE: Assignment of Lease
Lot 17 - Porterville Municipal Airport

Dear Ms. Rodriguez:

Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc., a California corporation, has purchased the aviation building located on Lot 17 of the Porterville Municipal Airport from HQ Investments effective October 1, 2020. Included with this request is a copy of the Bill of Sale confirming such transaction. We are hereby requesting authorization to assume the existing lease between the City of Porterville and HQ Investments effective October 1, 2020.

Respectfully submitted,



TARA OLDRIDGE, President
Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc.

BILL OF SALE

BE IT KNOWN, for good and valuable consideration in the sum of ONE HUNDRED FIFTY-TWO THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$152,000.00), receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned, HQ INVESTMENTS, MIKE QUATACKER and STEVE HUTH, hereby sell, assign and transfer to ALPHA BRAVO CHARLIE, INC., a California Corporation, and its successors and assigns forever, effective October 1, 2020, the following described chattels and personal property:

10,000+ square foot metal hanger building with offices
Located on Lot 17 of the Porterville Airport, 2122 Wildcat
Way, Porterville, Tulare County, California 93257;
Tulare County Assessor's Parcel No. 925-000-217-000

Sellers warrant to Buyer they have good and marketable title to said property, full authority to sell and transfer said property, and that said property is sold free of all liens, encumbrances, liabilities and adverse claims of every nature and description whatsoever.

Seller further warrants to Buyer that they will fully defend, protect, indemnify and hold harmless Buyer and its lawful successors and assigns from any adverse claim made thereto by all persons whomsoever.

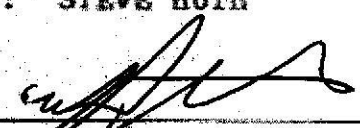
The above property is sold in "AS-IS" condition and where presently located. No guarantees or warranties, express or implied, excepting as may be specifically set forth in this document.

Signed this 1st day of October, 2020, at Porterville, Tulare County, California.

SELLERS:

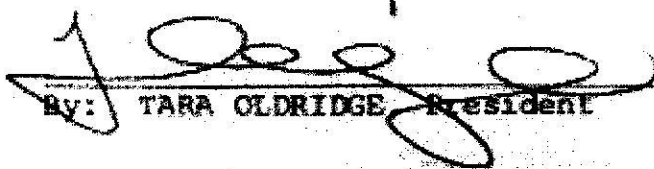
HQ Investments

By:  STEVE HUTH

By:  MIKE QUATACKER

BUYER:

Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc.

By:  TARA OLDRIDGE, President

**ASSIGNMENT OF LEASE
PORTERVILLE MUNICIPAL AIRPORT**

THIS AGREEMENT, made this 3rd day of November, 2020, by and between HQ Investments, P.O. Box 1448, Porterville, CA, owner of a hangar on Lot No. 17 at the Porterville Municipal Airport, as the Assignor, and Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc., P.O. Box 459, Springville, CA 93265, as the Assignee.

In consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained, each act to be performed hereunder, and for other valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. Effective October 1, 2020, Assignor hereby assigns, transfers and conveys to Assignee all of his right, title and interest as Lessee, in, to and under a certain Lease Agreement dated December 18, 2007 (hereinafter "Lease"), executed by and between the City of Porterville, as Lessor, Porterville Aviation, Inc., as the original Lessee, and assumed by HQ Investments on March 1, 2010, providing for the letting of certain premises located at the Porterville Municipal Airport, Porterville, California, being more particularly described as follows:

Airport land Lot No. 17, containing a total area of approximately 15,422 square feet, and establishing a Lease terminating on December 31, 2028.

2. Effective October 1, 2020, Assignee hereby accepts and assumes all of the obligations, responsibilities and liabilities of Assignor under said Lease, and agrees to perform said Lease Agreement according to its terms, covenants and conditions, without exception, and Assignee understands and agrees that Landlord makes no warranty or representation that either Assignor or Assignee would be given an exclusive use in the Porterville Municipal Airport for the use thereof by Assignor and/or Assignee, except as provided in the Lease.

3. Upon execution of this Assignment of Lease and Landlord's consent hereto, the parties' Noticed Address shall be as set forth herein above. The parties further understand there is a \$150 assignment fee, payable to the City of Porterville, and the Assignee must provide proof of aircraft and hangar owner's liability insurance within thirty (30) days of Council approval.

4. Assignor hereby covenants said Lease as valid and existing and hereby warrant that Assignor is not in default as of the date of this Assignment.

5. This Assignment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the respective parties, their successors and assigns.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Assignment of Lease as of the date first above written.

ASSIGNOR:
HQ Investments

BY: _____

Steven Huth

BY: _____

Michael Quatacker

ASSIGNEE:
Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc.

BY: _____

Tara Oldridge, President

**LESSOR'S CONSENT TO ASSIGNMENT OF LEASE AGREEMENT
PORTERVILLE MUNICIPAL AIRPORT
AIRPORT HANGAR LOT NO. 17**

The City of Porterville, a municipal corporation of the State of California, being the Landlord under the Lease for Airport Hangar Lot No. 17, described in the foregoing Assignment, hereby consents to Assignment of Lease Agreement from HQ Investments to Alpha Bravo Charlie, Inc. upon the expressed condition that there shall be no further assignment without the prior written consent of the Landlord.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 2020.

CITY OF PORTERVILLE

BY: _____

Martha A. Flores
MAYOR, CITY OF PORTERVILLE

"LESSOR"

ATTEST:

John D. Lollis, CITY CLERK

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

BY: _____
Julia Lew, City Attorney



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Assignment of Airport Lease - Lot 43

SOURCE: Public Works

COMMENT: Michele Alogna Vacilek, Sole Successor Trustee of the Leonard J. Alogna Revocable Trust dated November 17, 1993, the current leaseholder of Lot No. 43 at the Porterville Municipal Airport, is requesting the transfer of the lease to Matt Quatacker. Matt Quatacker is requesting City Council authorization to assume the existing lease between the City of Porterville and Leonard J. Alogna, which expires on July 31, 2026.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council approve the Assignment of Lease for Lot No. 43 at the Porterville Municipal Airport from Michele Alogna, Sole Successor Trustee of the Leonard J. Alogna Revocable Trust dated November 17, 1993, to Matt Quatacker; and authorize the Mayor to sign the Lessor's Consent to Assignment of Lease Agreement on behalf of the City.

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Locator Map Lot 43
2. Bill of Sale Lot 43
3. Letter of Request Lot 43
4. Draft Assignment of Lease Lot 43
5. Draft Lessor's Consent to Assignment of Lease Lot 43

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Michael Knight, Public Works Director

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

AIRPORT LEASE SITES



44A 44B 44C

40	41	42	43
36	37	38	39

45

46A 46B 46C 46D

35

A B C 34 D E F

33

32A B C

31C

31A 31B

30B

30A1 30A2 30A3

HANGAR ROAD

47

50

TAXIWAY

TAXIWAY

HOPE ROAD

THUNDERBOLT DR.

ADMIN.
BLD.

BILL OF SALE

BE IT KNOWN, for good and valuable consideration in the sum of SEVENTY THOUSAND AND NO/100 DOLLARS (\$70,000.00), receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the undersigned, Michele Alogna Vacilek, Sole Successor Trustee of The Leonard J. Alogna Revocable Trust dated November 17, 1993, hereby sells, assigns and transfers to Matt Quatacker and his successors and assigns forever, effective October 17, 2020, the following described chattels and personal property:

68 x 72 metal aircraft hangar with improvements located on Lot 43 of the Porterville Municipal Airport, Porterville, Tulare County, California 93257; Tulare County Assessor's Parcel No. 925-000-236-000; together with all personal property remaining on or after the effective date.

Seller warrants to Buyer it has good and marketable title to said property, full authority to sell and transfer said property, and that said property is sold free of all liens, encumbrances, liabilities and adverse claims of every nature and description whatsoever.

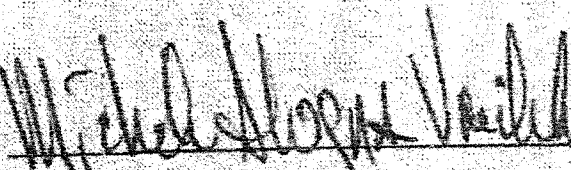
Seller further warrants to Buyer that it will fully defend, protect, indemnify and hold harmless Buyer and his lawful successors and assigns from any adverse claim made thereto by all persons whomsoever.

The above property is sold in "AS-IS" condition and where presently located. No guarantees or warranties, express or implied, excepting as may be specifically set forth in this document.

Signed this 17th day of October, 2020, at Porterville, Tulare County, California.

SELLER:

BUYER:



MICHELE ALOGNA VACILEK,
Sole Successor Trustee of the
Leonard J. Alogna Revocable



MATT QUATACKER

October 20, 2020

Attn: Janie Rodriguez
City of Porterville
291 North Main Street
Porterville, CA 93257

RE: Assignment of Lease
Lot 43 – Porterville Municipal Airport

Dear Ms. Rodriguez:

I have purchased the aviation building located on Lot 43 of the Porterville Municipal Airport from Michele Alongna Vacilek, Sole Successor Trustee of The Leonard J. Alongna Revocable Trust dated November 17, 1993, effective October 17, 2020. Included with this request is a copy of the Bill of Sale confirming such transaction. I am hereby requesting authorization to assume the existing lease between the City of Porterville and Leonard J. Alongna effective October 17, 2020.

Respectfully submitted,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Matt Quatacker', with a stylized flourish at the end.

MATT QUATACKER

**ASSIGNMENT OF LEASE
PORTERVILLE MUNICIPAL AIRPORT**

THIS AGREEMENT, made this 3rd day of November, 2020, by and between Michele Alogna Vacilek, Sole Successor Trustee of the Leonard J. Alogna Revocable Trust dated November 17, 1993, P. O. Box 27489, Los Angeles, CA, owner of a hangar on Lot 43 at the Porterville Municipal Airport, as the Assignor, and Matthew A. Quatacker, 17736 Ave 168, Porterville, CA, as the Assignee.

In consideration of the mutual covenants herein contained, each act to be performed hereunder, and for other valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. Effective October 17, 2020, Assignor hereby assigns, transfers and conveys to Assignee all of his right, title and interest as Lessee, in, to and under a certain Lease Agreement dated August 1, 2016 (hereinafter "Lease"), executed by and between the City of Porterville, as Lessor, and Leonard J. Alogna, as the original Lessee, providing for the letting of certain premises located at the Porterville Municipal Airport, Porterville, California, being more particularly described as follows:

Airport land Lot No. 43, containing a total area of approximately 4,200 square feet, and establishing a Lease terminating on July 31, 2026.

2. Effective October 17, 2020, Assignee hereby accepts and assumes all of the obligations, responsibilities and liabilities of Assignor under said Lease, and agrees to perform said Lease Agreement according to its terms, covenants and conditions, without exception, and Assignee understands and agrees that Landlord makes no warranty or representation that either Assignor or Assignee would be given an exclusive use in the Porterville Municipal Airport for the use thereof by Assignor and/or Assignee, except as provided in the Lease.

3. Upon execution of this Assignment of Lease and Landlord's consent hereto, the parties' Noticed Address shall be as set forth herein above. The parties further understand there is a \$150 assignment fee, payable to the City of Porterville, and the Assignee must provide proof of aircraft and hangar owner's liability insurance within thirty (30) days of Council approval.

4. Assignor hereby covenants said Lease as valid and existing and hereby warrant that Assignor is not in default as of the date of this Assignment.

5. This Assignment shall be binding upon and shall inure to the benefit of the respective parties, their successors and assigns.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Assignment of Lease as of the date first above written.

ASSIGNOR:

Leonard J. Alogna Revocable Trust
dated November 17, 2020

BY: _____

Michele Alogna Vacilek,
Sole Successor Trustee

ASSIGNEE:

BY: _____

Matthew A. Quatacker

**LESSOR'S CONSENT TO ASSIGNMENT OF LEASE AGREEMENT
PORTERVILLE MUNICIPAL AIRPORT
AIRPORT HANGAR LOT NO. 43**

The City of Porterville, a municipal corporation of the State of California, being the Landlord under the Lease for Airport Hangar Lot No. 43, described in the foregoing Assignment, hereby consents to Assignment of Lease Agreement from Leonard J. Alogna to Matthew A. Quatacker upon the expressed condition that there shall be no further assignment without the prior written consent of the Landlord.

Dated this 3rd day of November, 2020.

CITY OF PORTERVILLE

BY: _____

Martha A. Flores
MAYOR, CITY OF PORTERVILLE

"LESSOR"

ATTEST: _____

John D. Lollis, CITY CLERK

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

BY: _____
Julia Lew, City Attorney



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Financial Status Reports

SOURCE: Finance

COMMENT: The City Charter requires financial status reports to be provided to City Council on a monthly basis. Council Minute Order No. 10-011607 approved the recommended change in submittal of the interim financial status reports and established requirements and parameters in the presentation of the reports.

In accordance with Council Minute Order No. 10-011607, the financial status reports for the quarter ending September 30, 2020, are submitted.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council accept the financial status reports as presented.

ATTACHMENTS: 1. FY 2020/21 Financial Status 1st Quarter (July - September) Reports

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Maria Bemis, Finance Director

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

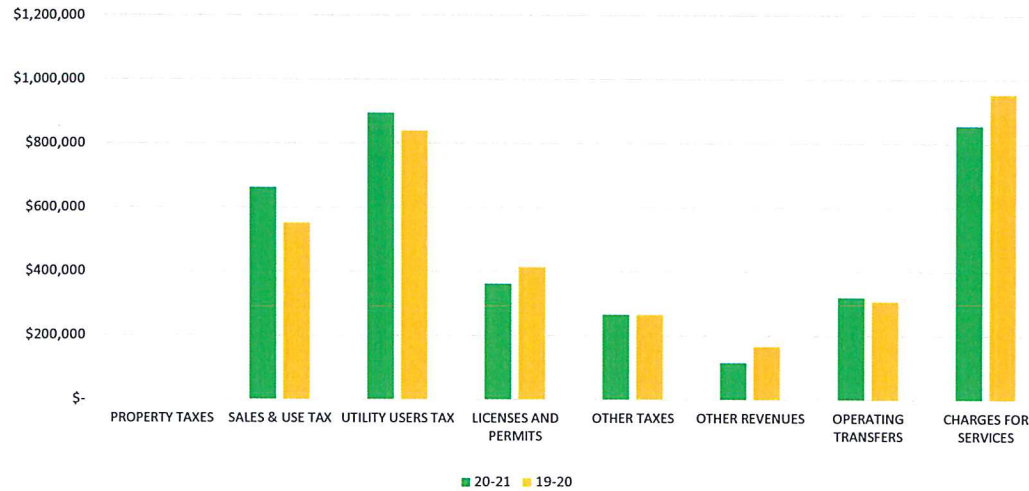
CITY OF PORTERVILLE

**REVENUE STATUS REPORT - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

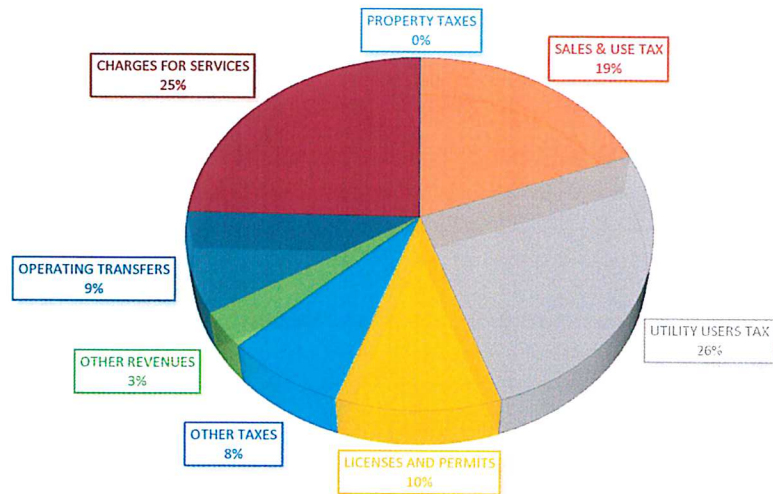
REVENUE SOURCE	2020-2021 ESTIMATED REVENUE	2020-2021 YEAR-TO-DATE REVENUE	% OF ESTIMATE	2019-2020 ESTIMATED REVENUE	2019-2020 YEAR-TO-DATE REVENUE	% OF ESTIMATE
PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 7,697,000	\$		\$ 7,220,000	\$	
OTHER TAXES:						
SALES AND USE TAX	5,500,000	617,747	11.23%	6,322,477	505,729	8.00%
UTILITY USERS TAX	3,700,000	896,058	24.22%	4,350,000	840,398	19.32%
TRANSIENT OCCUPANCY TAX	400,000			550,000		
PROPERTY TRANSFER TAX	97,000	14,093	14.53%	85,000	15,562	18.31%
FRANCHISE TAX	1,631,134	251,450	15.42%	1,631,134	250,291	15.34%
SALES TAX - PUBLIC SAFETY	260,000	45,075	17.34%	220,000	46,302	21.05%
LICENSES AND PERMITS:						
BUSINESS AND OTHER LICENSES	414,300	175,193	42.29%	492,500	215,327	43.72%
CONSTRUCTION PERMITS	575,000	187,243	32.56%	480,000	199,485	41.56%
REVENUE FROM AGENCIES-TAXES:						
VEHICLE LICENSE FEES	48,000			29,000		
SALES TAX, MEASURE R	100,000					
OTHER TAXES	24,000			25,000		
REVENUE FROM AGENCIES-GRANTS	287,514			167,567		
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY	382,000	97,826	25.61%	443,000	137,697	31.08%
FINES AND FORFEITURES	26,200	3,126	11.93%	32,000	7,574	23.67%
CHARGES FOR SERVICES:						
PLANNING AND ENGINEERING	160,000	68,540	42.84%	115,000	66,913	58.18%
POLICE	411,000	30,353	7.39%	560,000	64,720	11.56%
FIRE	59,000	22,490	38.12%	50,000	43,550	87.10%
LIBRARY	10,000	10	0.10%	40,000	7,802	19.51%
RECREATIONAL	2,540,300	18,968	0.75%	2,763,800	107,009	3.87%
INTERDEPARTMENTAL	2,350,000	706,822	30.08%	2,450,000	643,785	26.28%
OTHER	34,090	9,309	27.31%	61,272	21,973	35.86%
OTHER REVENUES	85,500	15,146	17.71%	80,200	21,724	27.09%
SUBTOTALS	\$ 26,792,038	\$ 3,159,450	11.79%	\$ 28,167,950	\$ 3,195,840	11.35%
OPERATING TRANSFERS	1,213,558	178,486	14.71%	1,221,362	228,959	18.75%
DEBT SERVICE TRANSFERS	223,889	70,886	31.66%	199,134	78,817	39.58%
TOTALS	\$ 28,229,485	\$ 3,408,822	12.08%	\$ 29,588,446	\$ 3,503,615	11.84%

INSURANCE PROCEEDS - LIBRARY (RESTRICTED) \$ 4,853,082

City of Porterville
General Fund Revenues
Quarters Ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019



City of Porterville
General Fund Revenues
Quarter Ended September 30, 2020

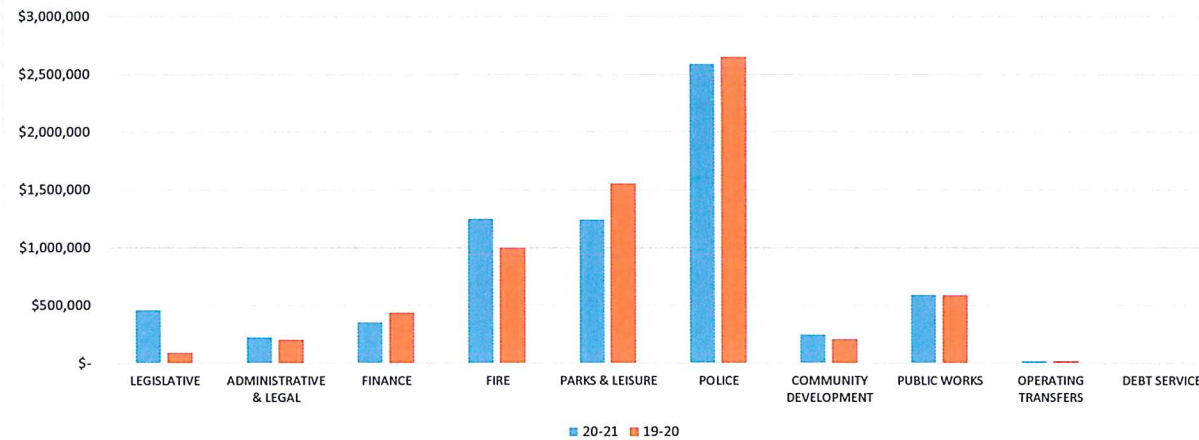


CITY OF PORTERVILLE

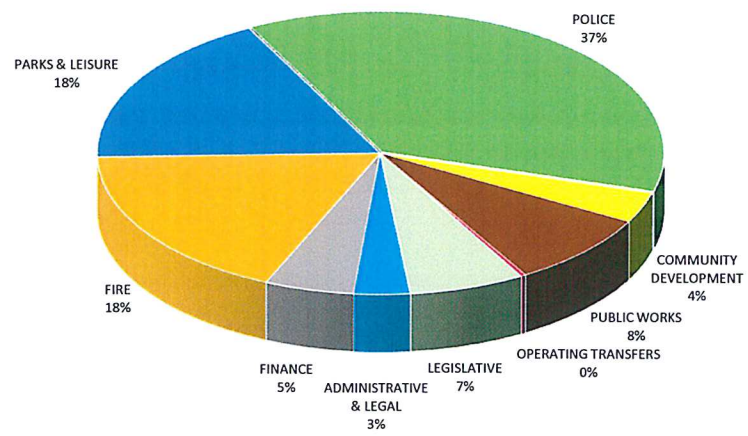
**EXPENDITURE STATUS REPORT - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019**

	2020-2021 AMENDED APPROP	2020-2021 YEAR-TO-DATE EXPEND	% OF APPROP	2019-2020 AMENDED APPROP	2019-2020 YEAR-TO-DATE EXPEND	% OF APPROP
LEGISLATIVE:						
CITY COUNCIL	\$ 222,917	\$ 5,236	2.3%	\$ 222,917	\$ 9,333	4.2%
COMMUNITY PROMOTION	268,955	40,807	15.2%	265,339	82,663	31.2%
EMERGENCY - LIBRARY	-	251,408	-	-	-	-
EMERGENCY - COVID 19	-	163,605	-	-	-	-
ADMINISTRATIVE & LEGAL:						
CITY MANAGER	327,263	76,769	23.5%	320,596	74,267	23.2%
CITY CLERK	270,708	47,940	17.7%	216,969	34,977	16.1%
HUMAN RESOURCES	292,017	77,179	26.4%	318,459	70,896	22.3%
CITY ATTORNEY	225,000	22,613	10.1%	225,000	27,195	12.1%
FINANCE:						
FINANCE & ACCOUNTING	887,389	174,255	19.6%	893,354	214,625	24.0%
INFORMATION SERVICES	505,518	112,362	22.2%	490,049	157,490	32.1%
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES	334,828	70,857	21.2%	351,382	66,102	18.8%
POLICE PROTECTION	11,182,575	2,591,409	23.2%	11,019,642	2,651,710	24.1%
FIRE PROTECTION	4,337,124	1,251,161	28.8%	4,337,124	1,000,522	23.1%
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:						
PLANNING & ZONING	714,732	155,774	21.8%	694,506	122,667	17.7%
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	489,407	91,186	18.6%	473,329	85,787	18.1%
PUBLIC WORKS:						
ENGINEERING & BUILDING	1,398,365	336,658	24.1%	1,208,650	319,313	26.4%
STREET MAINTENANCE	488,720	86,924	17.8%	492,623	86,780	17.6%
SIGNALS, SIGNING & STRIPING	344,010	54,229	15.8%	386,891	61,711	16.0%
STREET LIGHTING	513,563	88,803	17.3%	507,773	91,527	18.0%
STORM DRAINS	87,977	13,772	15.7%	89,693	21,079	23.5%
PARKING LOTS	58,398	11,320	19.4%	56,893	9,457	16.6%
PARKS & LEISURE:						
PARK MAINTENANCE & OPERATION	2,540,373	510,271	20.1%	2,111,795	512,305	24.3%
STREET TREES & PARKWAYS	237,893	48,667	20.5%	218,234	47,485	21.8%
COMMUNITY CENTERS	131,425	5,788	4.4%	255,658	48,250	18.9%
LEISURE SERVICES	318,032	83,480	26.2%	314,811	75,415	24.0%
LEISURE SERVICES - SPECIAL PROG	2,488,308	354,869	14.3%	2,585,888	582,500	22.5%
SWIMMING POOL	166,325	67,301	40.5%	166,525	97,691	58.7%
LIBRARY OPERATIONS	815,013	167,484	20.5%	796,495	180,443	22.7%
SPECIAL PROJECTS	24,855	4,580	18.4%	24,645	10,318	41.9%
SUB TOTALS	29,671,690	\$ 6,966,705	23.5%	29,045,240	6,742,510	23.2%
OPERATING TRANSFERS	79,000	17,250	21.8%	79,000	17,250	21.8%
DEBT SERVICE	1,674,185			1,705,953		
	<u>\$ 31,424,875</u>	<u>\$ 6,983,955</u>	<u>22.2%</u>	<u>\$ 30,830,193</u>	<u>\$ 6,759,760</u>	<u>21.9%</u>

City of Porterville
General Fund Expenditures
Quarters Ended September 30, 2020 September 30, 2019



City of Porterville
General Fund Expenditures
Quarters Ended September 30, 2020

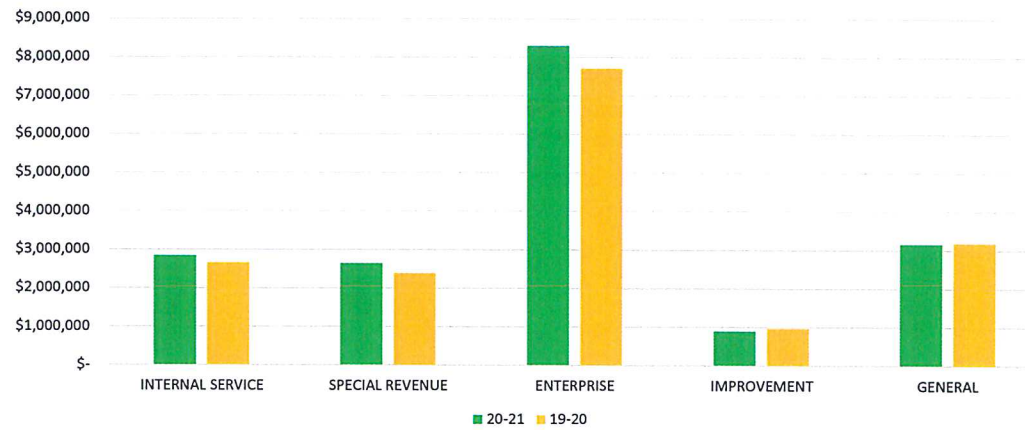


CITY OF PORTERVILLE

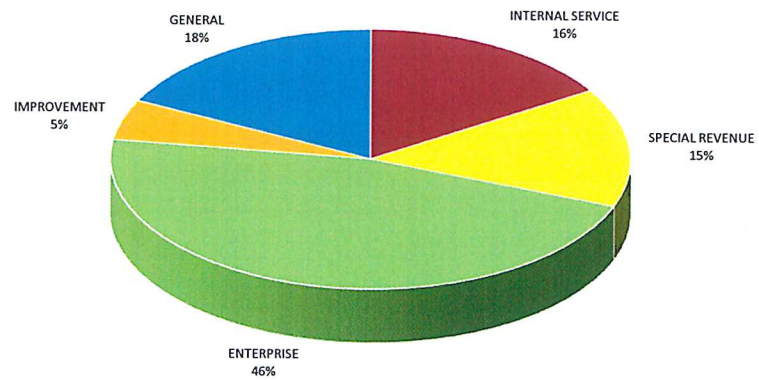
REVENUE STATUS REPORT - ALL OTHER FUNDS
FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

REVENUE SOURCE	2020-2021 ESTIMATED REVENUE	2020-2021 YEAR-TO-DATE REVENUE	% OF ESTIMATE	2019-2020 ESTIMATED REVENUE	2019-2020 YEAR-TO-DATE REVENUE	% OF ESTIMATE
MEASURE H SALES TAX	\$ 3,606,000	\$ 358,757	9.9%	\$ 3,854,047	\$ 327,154	8.5%
MEASURE I SALES TAX	7,032,000	727,591	10.3%	6,665,239	471,886	-
SPECIAL GAS TAX	3,874,813	1,113,106	28.7%	3,615,857	1,075,011	29.7%
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION FUNDS (LTF)	12,443,621	263,722	2.1%	10,884,126	229,976	2.1%
TRAFFIC SAFETY FUND	100,400	12,261	12.2%	120,400	18,034	15.0%
ZALUD ESTATE	4,000	131	3.3%	7,800	2,400	30.8%
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT	1,350,718	13,527	1.0%	834,422	6,562	0.8%
TRANSIT	13,190,646	54,386	0.4%	11,643,953	328,897	2.8%
SPECIAL SAFETY GRANTS	221,401	364	0.2%	241,500	5,589	2.3%
SEWER OPERATING	7,146,596	1,671,671	23.4%	7,142,596	1,699,931	23.8%
REFUSE REMOVAL	6,146,000	1,486,662	24.2%	6,032,500	1,482,457	24.6%
AIRPORT OPERATIONS	1,270,907	910,229	71.6%	1,476,800	481,240	32.6%
GOLF COURSE	165,800	61,902	37.3%	168,500	45,443	27.0%
WATER OPERATING	12,485,233	4,117,960	33.0%	12,469,100	3,674,631	29.5%
RISK MANAGEMENT	7,222,716	1,828,446	25.3%	6,821,402	1,732,771	25.4%
EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	3,788,000	1,019,034	26.9%	3,608,000	925,919	25.7%
LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT	154,753			112,540		
WATER REPLACEMENT	19,096,720	261,428	1.4%	21,037,761	303,762	1.4%
SOLID WASTE RESERVE	1,741,522	229,311	13.2%	1,775,356	244,819	13.8%
SEWER REVOLVING	379,000	129,312	34.1%	337,084	124,540	36.9%
TRANSPORTATION DEVELOPMENT	215,000	61,880	28.8%	210,000	133,326	63.5%
PARK DEVELOPMENT	75,050	34,409	45.8%	50,050	40,802	81.5%
TREATMENT PLANT RESERVE	625,000	280,816	44.9%	583,792	302,110	51.7%
STORM DRAIN DEVELOPMENT	175,000	59,439	34.0%	125,000	84,759	67.8%
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	5,000	517	10.3%	5,000	2,042	40.8%
TOTALS	\$ 102,515,896	\$ 14,696,862	14.3%	\$ 99,822,825	\$ 13,744,061	13.8%

City of Porterville
Revenue by Fund Type
Quarters Ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019



City of Porterville
Revenue by Fund Type
Quarter Ended September 30, 2020

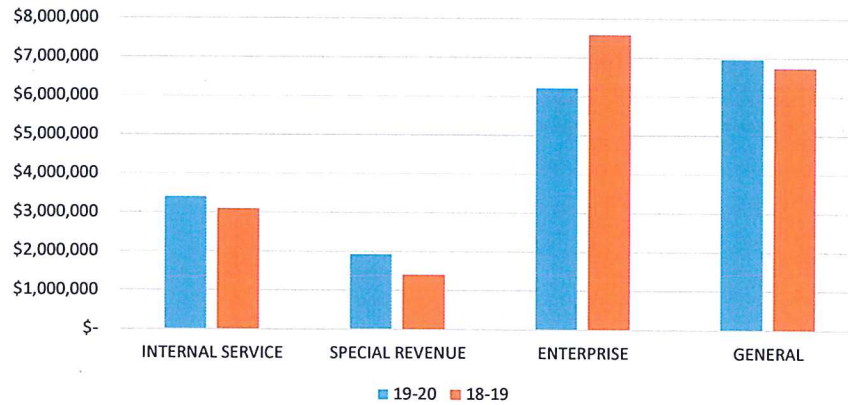


CITY OF PORTERVILLE

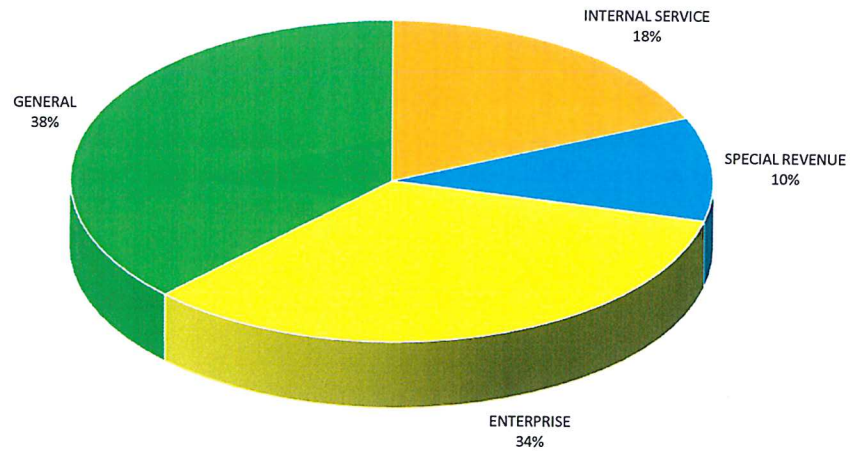
EXPENDITURE STATUS REPORT - ALL OTHER FUNDS
FOR THE QUARTERS ENDED
SEPTEMBER 30, 2020 AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2019

	2020-2021 AMENDED APPROP	2020-2021 YEAR-TO-DATE EXPEND	% OF APPROP	2019-2020 AMENDED APPROP	2019-2020 YEAR-TO-DATE EXPEND	% OF ACTUAL
MEASURE H SALES TAX	\$ 4,037,532	\$ 984,274	24.4%	\$ 3,976,351	\$ 963,593	24.2%
MEASURE I SALES TAX	4,626,184	783,229	16.9%	3,022,750	299,725	9.9%
ZALUD ESTATE	18,455	1,637	8.9%	22,505	6,030	26.8%
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT	831,420	55,684	6.7%	812,415	48,713	6.0%
TRANSIT	13,190,646	997,978	7.6%	11,143,953	2,836,842	25.5%
SPECIAL SAFETY GRANTS	293,803	73,047	24.9%	401,411	64,920	16.2%
SEWER OPERATING	6,528,245	1,351,295	20.7%	6,187,428	1,215,395	19.6%
REFUSE REMOVAL	7,237,196	1,498,618	20.7%	6,467,269	1,460,488	22.6%
AIRPORT	1,368,466	548,979	40.1%	1,362,868	330,601	24.3%
GOLF COURSE	439,313	118,882	27.1%	433,299	99,944	23.1%
WATER OPERATING	8,423,663	1,696,693	20.1%	7,701,806	1,640,410	21.3%
RISK MANAGEMENT	7,559,248	2,643,614	35.0%	6,317,524	2,364,268	37.4%
EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE	3,866,661	760,271	19.7%	3,661,301	736,658	20.1%
LANDSCAPE MAINTENANCE DISTRICT	202,429	31,410	15.5%	159,471	29,518	18.5%
TOTALS	\$ <u>58,623,261</u>	\$ <u>11,545,611</u>	19.7%	\$ <u>51,670,351</u>	\$ <u>12,097,104</u>	23.4%

City of Porterville
Expenditures by Fund Type
Quarters Ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019



City of Porterville
Expenditures by Fund Type
Quarter Ended September 30, 2020



CITY OF PORTERVILLE
INTERIM PERFORMANCE REPORT - MEASURE H
For the Quarters Ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019

	<u>FY 2020-21</u>	<u>FY 2019-20</u>
REVENUES		
Sales Tax - Measure H	\$ 355,289	322,676
Interest	3,468	4,066
Police Services	-	412
Contributions	-	-
Other Revenue	-	-
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>358,757</u>	<u>327,154</u>
EXPENDITURES		
Police Department	405,810	410,167
Fire Department	494,608	399,342
Public Safety Station	9,858	9,728
Library & Literacy	73,998	144,356
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>984,274</u>	<u>963,593</u>
CAPITAL PROJECTS		
Animal Shelter	<u>8,522</u>	-
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS	<u>8,522</u>	-
REVENUE OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ <u><u>(634,039)</u></u>	\$ <u><u>(636,438)</u></u>

CITY OF PORTERVILLE
INTERIM PERFORMANCE REPORT - MEASURE I
For the Quarters Ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019

	<u>FY 2020-21</u>	<u>FY 2019-20</u>
REVENUES		
Sales Tax - Measure I	\$ 705,586	\$ 463,412
Interest	22,005	8,473
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>727,591</u>	<u>471,886</u>
EXPENDITURES		
Police Department	546,699	200,376
Fire Department	236,530	99,349
Streets Program	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>783,229</u>	<u>299,725</u>
CAPITAL PROJECTS		
Grand Ave Connection between 4th and Henrahan	12,003	538
Henderson Ave Reconstruction - 2nd to Plano	40,288	-
Montgomery Ave Reconstruction - Jaye to H	611	506
Pavement Management Program	66,045	-
TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECTS	<u>118,947</u>	<u>1,044</u>
REVENUE OVER/(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	\$ <u>(174,585)</u>	\$ <u>171,117</u>

CITY OF PORTERVILLE
INTERIM PERFORMANCE REPORT - ENTERPRISE FUNDS
For the Quarter Ended September 30, 2020 and September 30, 2019

<u>FUND</u>	<u>REVENUES</u>	<u>EXPENSES</u>	<u>9/30/2020 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)</u>	<u>9/30/2019 NET OPERATING PROFIT (LOSS)</u>
Zalud Estate	\$ 131	\$ (1,637)	\$ (1,506)	\$ (3,630)
Transit	\$ 54,386	\$ (997,978)	\$ (943,592)	\$ (2,507,945)
Sewer Operating	\$ 1,671,671	\$ (1,351,295)	\$ 320,375	\$ 484,536
Solid Waste	\$ 1,486,662	\$ (1,498,618)	\$ (11,956)	\$ 21,969
Airport	\$ 910,229	\$ (548,979)	\$ 361,249	\$ 150,639
Golf	\$ 61,902	\$ (118,882)	\$ (56,980)	\$ (54,501)
Water Operating	\$ 4,117,960	\$ (1,696,693)	\$ 2,421,267	\$ 2,034,220



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Quarterly Investment Portfolio Summary

SOURCE: Finance

COMMENT: This report reflects the investment portfolio of the City of Porterville as of September 30, 2020, and is in compliance with California Government Code Section 27000, etc., Section 53600, etc. and the City of Porterville's Statement of Investment Policy. Investments are selected based on the statutory objectives of safety, liquidity and yield.

Items identified in the summary include portfolio composition, weighted average rate of earnings, weighted average days to maturity, and the percentage of liquid holdings.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council accept the quarterly investment portfolio summary report.

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Portfolio Summary as of September 30, 2020

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:
Maria Bemis, Finance Director

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

CITY OF PORTERVILLE
PORTFOLIO SUMMARY AS OF SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

INVESTMENT OR CUSIP NUMBER	INSTITUTION	PURCHASE PRICE	MARKET VALUE	COUPON INTEREST RATE	PURCHASE DATE	MATURITY DATE	DAYS TO MATURITY
1006	LOCAL AGENCY INVESTMENT FUND	\$ 40,058,587	\$ 40,058,587	0.840%	DAILY	DAILY	1
1007	CSJVRMA INVESTMENT FUND	7,066,878	7,466,776	1.930%	DAILY	DAILY	30
866	TULARE COUNTY INVESTMENT POOL	9,467,304	9,467,304	2.010%	DAILY	DAILY	30
	TULARE COUNTY JUNIOR LIVESTOCK SHOW AND COMMUNITY FAIR	846,537	846,537	4.000%	1/15/2015	7/15/2037	6,132
	CORNERSTONE MAIN PARTNERS, L.P.	2,778,511	2,778,511	2.400%	12/12/2018	11/30/2038	6,635
46625HQJ2	JP MORGAN CHASE & CO NOTE	1,000,000	1,007,470	2.550%	12/28/2016	3/1/2021	152
89236TEC5	TOYOTA MOTOR CRD CORP	1,000,000	1,034,360	2.150%	9/8/2017	9/8/2022	708
037833DE7	APPLE INC NOTE	1,000,000	1,044,700	2.400%	1/16/2018	1/13/2023	835
084670BR8	BERKSHIRE HATHAWAY	1,000,000	1,053,390	2.750%	4/23/2018	3/15/2023	896
06406RAG2	BANK NEW YORK MELLON CORP MTN	1,000,000	1,077,940	3.500%	10/16/2018	4/28/2023	940
90331HNV1	US BANK ASSN MTN	1,000,000	1,079,350	3.400%	11/15/2018	7/24/2023	1,027
48128GL73	JP MORGAN CHASE & CO NOTE	1,000,000	989,940	2.250%	10/31/2019	10/31/2024	1,492
38150AE27	GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP INC	1,000,000	1,000,740	2.000%	3/25/2020	3/25/2025	1,637
06747PML0	BARCLAYS BANK	1,000,000	1,020,350	3.000%	3/17/2020	10/17/2023	1,112
95001DAJ9	WELLS FARGO & CO NOTES	1,000,000	973,840	1.000%	2/29/2020	12/30/2023	1,186
13605WWW7	CANDADIAN IMPERIAL BANK	1,000,000	1,001,790	2.500%	4/28/2020	4/10/2025	1,653
17298CK64	CITIGROUP INC	1,000,000	1,002,570	1.000%	8/28/2020	8/28/2025	1,793
02587DL30	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	246,000	247,230	2.300%	12/23/2015	12/23/2020	84
9497486Z5	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	251,886	1.600%	8/3/2016	8/3/2021	307
06062QXG4	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	247,000	251,982	1.850%	11/23/2016	11/23/2021	419
58733ADT3	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	240,000	246,338	2.100%	1/27/2017	1/27/2022	484
38148PGX9	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	245,000	252,720	2.300%	3/8/2017	3/8/2022	524
857894SK6	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	255,230	2.050%	1/13/2017	1/13/2022	470
71270QQJ8	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	246,000	252,243	2.050%	1/18/2017	1/18/2022	475
8562845Z3	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	246,000	253,326	2.350%	1/26/2017	1/26/2022	483
33767A2G5	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	256,654	2.100%	4/19/2017	4/19/2022	566
55266CVB9	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	256,184	1.950%	4/28/2017	4/28/2022	575
67054NAK9	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	258,315	2.300%	6/21/2017	6/21/2022	629
9819962K6	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	200,000	206,520	2.400%	4/19/2017	4/19/2022	566
795450D36	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	240,000	250,094	2.350%	8/23/2017	8/23/2022	692
06740KKD8	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	247,000	256,124	2.200%	7/12/2017	7/12/2022	650
33715LAP5	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	259,441	2.250%	9/28/2017	9/28/2022	728
62384RAB2	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	259,886	2.300%	10/12/2017	10/12/2022	742
01748DAY2	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	259,662	2.200%	11/3/2017	11/3/2022	764
61747MF63	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	246,000	259,980	2.650%	1/11/2018	1/11/2023	833
22239MAR9	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	263,173	2.600%	2/2/2018	2/2/2023	855
366526AR2	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	263,693	2.650%	2/16/2018	2/16/2023	869
819866AE4	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	264,929	2.800%	3/5/2018	3/6/2023	887
319141KL0	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	245,000	264,504	3.150%	6/6/2018	6/6/2023	979
74934YAH4	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	245,000	264,762	3.150%	6/20/2018	6/20/2023	993
17312QJ26	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	246,000	262,949	2.900%	4/11/2018	4/11/2023	923
25665QAX3	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	246,000	262,984	2.900%	4/13/2018	4/13/2023	925
91435LAG2	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	267,747	3.050%	5/14/2018	5/15/2023	957
080515CQ0	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	246,000	264,553	3.050%	5/16/2018	5/16/2023	958
90348JCW8	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	269,620	3.250%	6/13/2018	6/13/2023	986
74160NGF1	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	269,463	3.200%	6/22/2018	6/22/2023	995
45581EAX9	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	270,324	3.300%	6/30/2018	6/30/2023	1,003
31911QFK6	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	270,412	3.200%	8/10/2018	8/10/2023	1,044
499724AD4	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	271,168	3.250%	8/30/2018	8/30/2023	1,064
64017AAH7	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	245,000	267,560	3.300%	9/19/2018	9/19/2023	1,084
92891CBK7	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	272,842	3.350%	10/16/2018	10/16/2023	1,111
474067AQ8	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	272,867	3.350%	10/19/2018	10/19/2023	1,114
59452WAE8	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	274,027	3.450%	11/9/2018	11/9/2023	1,135
61760ASL4	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	245,000	270,695	3.550%	11/26/2018	11/24/2023	1,150
635573AL2	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	245,000	270,051	3.400%	12/26/2018	12/21/2023	1,177
15118RRHS	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	264,045	1.850%	8/30/2019	8/30/2024	1,430
938828BM1	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	265,501	2.000%	8/30/2019	8/30/2024	1,430
949495BC8	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	259,465	1.750%	2/21/2020	2/21/2023	874
05465DAK4	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	261,114	1.650%	3/26/2020	3/26/2024	1,273
1204	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.700%	4/24/2018	4/24/2023	936

INVESTMENT OR CUSIP NUMBER	INSTITUTION	PURCHASE PRICE	MARKET VALUE	COUPON INTEREST RATE	PURCHASE DATE	MATURITY DATE	DAYS TO MATURITY
1248	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	1.100%	5/8/2020	5/8/2022	585
1281	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.800%	5/14/2018	5/14/2023	956
1282	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	3.000%	6/21/2018	6/21/2023	994
1283	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	1.591%	5/12/2020	5/12/2023	954
1285	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.650%	4/29/2018	4/29/2023	941
1286	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	3.100%	6/25/2018	6/25/2023	998
1298	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.150%	11/4/2015	11/4/2020	35
1300	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.100%	12/8/2015	12/8/2020	69
1301	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.080%	2/4/2016	2/4/2021	127
1302	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.150%	1/11/2016	1/11/2021	103
1303	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.150%	4/19/2016	4/19/2021	201
1304	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.000%	5/19/2016	5/19/2021	231
1305	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.000%	6/3/2016	6/3/2021	246
1306	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	1.935%	10/28/2016	10/28/2021	393
1307	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	1.900%	12/20/2016	12/20/2021	446
1308	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	266,608	266,608	2.000%	1/20/2017	1/20/2022	477
1309	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.150%	2/14/2017	2/14/2022	502
1310	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.100%	5/1/2017	5/2/2022	579
1311	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	2.110%	6/23/2017	6/23/2022	631
1312	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.500%	7/26/2017	7/26/2022	664
1313	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.230%	7/11/2017	7/11/2022	649
1314	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.500%	7/21/2017	7/21/2022	659
1315	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.350%	9/22/2017	9/22/2022	722
1316	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.600%	10/6/2017	10/6/2022	736
1317	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.428%	11/16/2017	11/16/2022	777
1318	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.500%	3/22/2018	3/22/2023	903
1319	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	3.000%	8/3/2018	8/3/2021	307
1320	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.250%	9/12/2018	9/12/2023	1,077
1321	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	1.540%	5/16/2020	5/16/2022	593
1322	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	261,698	261,697	3.150%	11/30/2018	11/30/2020	61
1323	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.150%	10/23/2018	10/23/2021	388
1324	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.350%	1/11/2019	1/11/2024	1,198
1325	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.150%	1/23/2019	1/23/2021	115
1326	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	261,667	261,667	3.500%	1/29/2019	1/29/2024	1,216
1327	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	245,000	245,000	3.500%	2/28/2019	2/28/2024	1,246
1328	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.250%	3/22/2019	3/22/2024	1,269
1329	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.210%	4/9/2019	10/9/2023	1,104
1330	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	248,960	248,960	3.200%	5/24/2019	5/24/2024	1,332
1331	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.100%	5/7/2019	5/7/2024	1,315
1332	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	3.200%	6/4/2019	6/4/2024	1,343
1333	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.960%	7/22/2019	7/22/2024	1,391
1334	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	250,000	250,000	3.050%	7/31/2019	7/31/2024	1,400
1335	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.810%	9/11/2019	9/11/2024	1,442
1336	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.800%	9/17/2019	9/17/2024	1,448
1337	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.700%	11/1/2019	11/1/2024	1,493
1338	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	254,119	254,119	2.720%	10/15/2019	10/15/2024	1,476
1339	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	251,887	251,887	2.250%	12/26/2019	12/26/2024	1,548
1340	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.400%	12/5/2019	12/5/2024	1,527
1341	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.250%	1/8/2020	1/8/2025	1,561
1342	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.250%	1/17/2020	1/17/2025	1,570
1343	CERTIFICATE OF DEPOSIT	249,000	249,000	2.250%	1/24/2020	1/24/2025	1,577
TOTALS		\$ 95,571,756	\$ 96,857,356				

WEIGHTED AVERAGE RATE OF EARNINGS					% OF LIQUID PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS	WEIGHTED AVERAGE DAYS TO MATURITY
ONE YEAR HISTORY				CURRENT		
9/30/2019	12/31/2019	3/31/2020	6/30/2020	9/30/2020		
2.445%	2.410%	2.349%	2.064%	1.727%	59.215%	601

Comments:

Portfolio holdings as of September 30, 2020, are in compliance with the current Investment Policy. With 59.215% of the portfolio being held in liquid instruments, the cash needs of the City will be met. The next portfolio report will be calculated for the fourth calendar quarter ending December 31, 2020, and will be presented during the February 2, 2021 Council meeting.



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Status and Review of Local Emergency: Drought

SOURCE: City Manager's Office

COMMENT: Governor Brown issued Executive Order B-29-15 on Wednesday, April 1, 2015, which established drought-related mandates and restrictions in addition to those already stipulated in previous Executive Orders B-26-14 and B-28-14. Of significance, the Governor directed the State Water Resources Control Board to impose restrictions to achieve a statewide 25% reduction in potable urban water usage through February 28, 2016, in comparison to the amount used in 2013, and with consideration given to per capita usage as a basis. The Governor further directed the Board to impose additional restrictions on commercial, industrial, and institutional properties with significant landscaping (cemeteries, golf courses, parks, schools, etc.), to also achieve a 25% reduction in potable water usage. Also of significance, the Board was directed to prohibit irrigation with potable water outside of newly constructed homes and buildings that is not delivered by drip or micro-spray systems.

On November 13, 2015, Governor Brown issued Executive Order B-36-15, which extends emergency conservation regulations through October 2016, if drought conditions persist through January 2016. On February 2, 2016, the State Water Resources Control Board adopted extended emergency water conservation regulations, to be in effect March 1 through October 31, 2016. The City of Porterville benefited somewhat from the extended regulations as the City's water conservation rate has been reduced from 32% to 26%, due to new water connections that have been made and population served (4%), as well as a new climate adjustment factor that was considered (2%).

On May 9, 2016, Governor Brown issued Executive Order B-37-16 ("Making Water Conservation a California Way of Life"), which directs the State Water Resources Control Board to establish new regulations making permanent the emergency conservation regulations. On May 18, 2016, the State Water Resources Control Board adopted a statewide water conservation approach that replaces the percentage reduction-based water conservation standard with a localized "stress test" approach that mandates urban water suppliers act immediately to ensure at least a three-year supply of water to their customers under continued drought conditions.

On April 7, 2017, Governor Brown issued Executive Order B-40-17, which ended the drought state of emergency in most of California, with the exception of Fresno, Kings, Tulare and Tuolumne counties where emergency water supply

and reliability projects are continuing toward addressing diminishing groundwater supplies. The Order maintains monthly reporting requirements and prohibitions on wasteful practices. It is anticipated that the Governor will end the drought state of emergency in the four remaining counties in the near future.

On May 31, 2018, Governor Brown signed both AB 1668 (Friedman) and SB 606 (Hertzberg), which set permanent overall targets for indoor and outdoor water consumption. The legislation sets an initial limit for indoor water use of 55 gallons per-person per-day in 2022, reducing to 52.5 gallons per-person per-day in 2025, and finally to 50 gallons per-person per-day in 2030. The amount of residential outdoor use is yet-to-be determined, but will allow for varying regional climates. In addition, a standard for water loss due to leak rates in water system pipes will be established. As an urban water provider, the City of Porterville will need to submit its plan for compliance for approval by the State Water Resources Control Board.

At its last meeting on October 20, 2020, the City Council took action in the continued affirmation of the adoption of a Resolution of Declaration of Local Emergency due to local residences within the city having been identified as having wells that are now dry as a result of the drought. Twenty-six (26) residences within the city were determined to have dry wells, for which City staff submitted a Mutual Aid Request to Tulare County OES to initiate the household tank program for identified properties within the city where wells are dry and challenged for permanent connection. The State has committed funding for non-profit agencies to continue drought-related activities, which Self-Help Enterprises has continued the household tank program locally, through State Cleanup and Abatement Account (CAA) emergency funds.

Representatives for the City, County, State (CalOES, DDW, DWR, and SWB) and non-profit partners have continued to meet in support of the long-term permanent water connection project for the entire East Porterville area and the estimated 1,800 expected future connections. DWR identified 423 residential units in the East Porterville area (381 of which are in the City's Urban Development Boundary), that were served by the County's Household Tank Program and desired by the State to be connected to the City's water distribution system as soon as possible. DWR has completed a significant City waterline extension project to permanently connect those 423 residential units to the City's water system (considered Phase I of the project). To provide initial source water for the DWR extension project, CalOES desired to expeditiously connect the new well on Olive Avenue to the City's water system instead of being first equipped as a filling station. Given the new well has an estimated water production value of 800 gallons per minute, as well as a SWB assumed 1.5 gallons per minute per residence, the new well could effectively serve up to 500 single-family residential units. The City indicated its significant interest that the E. Vandalia Avenue area and its eighty (80) residential units be included in the water connection project, to which the State was agreeable.

Given CalOES has paid for the development of the new well, and its connection to the City's water system, the City will be required under "Drought

Redundancy and Resiliency Provisions" to make available to the State up to three million gallons of water per month without charge for emergency purposes.

To proceed with the connection of the new well to the City's water system and the 500 East Porterville and E. Vandalia Avenue residential units, the City Council approved modifications to the Draft Agreement between the City and County at its meeting on April 5, 2016, which the County Board of Supervisors subsequently approved at their meeting on May 10, 2016.

A Memorandum of Understanding between the State, County, and City on the East Porterville permanent water connection project was approved by the Council during a Special Meeting on Tuesday, June 21, 2016, and approved by the Board of Supervisors on Tuesday, June 28, 2016. With the approval of the MOU, the State began the permanent connection of approximately forty (40) homes that are located along existing City water mains. Subsequently, the State officially requested that the City approve the connection of an additional thirty (30) residences as part of the first immediate connections, for up to a total of seventy (70), which the Council approved at its meeting on August 2, 2016.

In regards to the new well's development and connection to the City's water distribution system, the Board of Supervisors awarded the contract for equipping and connecting the new well at their meeting of Tuesday, August 16, 2016, and construction activities commenced the week of October 10, 2016. County staff had previously indicated that the well would be in service and connected to the City's system no later than December 2016, however, the well was operational and connected to the City's water distribution as of Friday, February 17, 2017. Given the delay in the well's completion and connection, DWR requested that the Council consider allowing the connection of residences as they become prepared for connection, to which the Council was receptive, and a Draft MOU Amendment was approved by the Council at its meeting on December 6, 2016, and subsequently approved by the Board of Supervisors at its meeting on December 20, 2016. City staff continues to work with County staff toward the transfer of the well's ownership from the County to the City.

As of Friday, March 31, 2017, the date the State established as the final day for property owners to complete the registration process to participate in the State-funded connection program opportunity, of the 1,017 eligible developed residential properties identified by the State for connection, 722 completed the required Extra-Territorial Services Agreement, leaving 295 developed residential properties non-responsive to this unique connection program, 23 of which were reported as having either dry or diminishing capacity wells. On February 6, 2018, the final residential connection was made of the approximate eligible 800 residences in East Porterville to the City's water system.

City staff continues to coordinate with Self-Help Enterprises and State representatives toward the extension of water mains to serve all residential properties within City limits and the city's periphery that are currently participating in the County's Household Tank Program. The two main areas of

focus are N. Cobb Street (northwest of State Route 65 and Pioneer Avenue), and S. Cloverleaf Street (southeast of State Route 65 and Olive Avenue). The State has maintained its commitment to grant-fund the necessary infrastructure and connection fees, providing an official funding letter to the City on January 18, 2018, which commits up to \$2.81 million in funding until December 31, 2019. The authorization to advertise for bids for the water connection project was approved by the Council at its July 17th meeting, after which DWR reviewed the bid package for compliance and approved in December the package for advertisement. Council authorized award of the construction contract for approximately \$1.82 million at its meeting on January 15, 2019. City staff conducted a pre-construction public outreach meeting with the affected residents on the status of the project on Thursday, April 4, 2019. Council authorized the agreement with Self-Help Enterprises Inc. to provide the private residential connections at its meeting on July 2, 2019, and construction work began on the project. At its meeting on October 1, 2019, the Council accepted the public works segment of the project in the installation of water mains as complete, with Self-Help and CSET continuing to collaborate on the completion of the individual private connections and abandonment of private wells. City staff has recently been made aware that there may be a couple of additional residences whose wells are dry that are located along existing City water mains or may require further extension of water mains. Staff is coordinating with State staff on addressing these new isolated needs.

County OES and the State Division of Drinking Water (DDW) have reported to the City that the Central Mutual Water Company, located south of the city and south of Gibbons Avenue, has had its well run dry and desires an immediate emergency connection to the City's water system to serve the 41 connections currently without water. DDW is wishing to support a financial application to upgrade the small water system to City standards (new water lines, meters ,etc.), and to sponsor an Urban Development Boundary (UDB) Amendment application to Tulare County Local Agency Formation Commission (LAFCO), given this area is currently outside the City's UDB but within the City's Urban Area Boundary (UAB). Given several private wells have run dry in this area, DDW is also attempting to sponsor their connection to the City's water system. For source water capacity for the connections, DWR will include these new connections within the East Porterville water connection capacity development projects. At its Special meeting on August 30th, the City Council directed staff to proceed with the immediate emergency connection of the Central water system, with the permanent connection of the system contingent upon an Agreement with DDW to the sponsorship conditions they have offered. At its meeting on October 1, 2019, the Council directed staff to proceed with the amendment of the UDB to facilitate annexation, which a public meeting with the affected residents was conducted on Wednesday, October 9, 2019. At its meeting on April 21, 2020, the Council conducted a Public Hearing and approved Resolutions of approval of the environmental determination and amendment to the UDB to facilitate annexation.

DDW has also reported to the City that the Del Oro East Plano water system, located on Paul Street (southeast of the intersection of Plano Street and Worth

Avenue), is experiencing problems with its existing well and have implemented severe water restrictions. The East Plano water system serves fourteen (14) residences and approximately 45 people. DDW is wishing to provide financial support to upgrade the small water system to City standards (new water lines, meters ,etc.), and for source water capacity for the connections, DDW would need to either pay appropriate fees and/or develop a capacity development project. The Council is aware that the Del Oro Grandview Gardens water system (north of W. North Grand Avenue) is also experiencing significant issues, and DDW may seek their future consolidation with the City's water system as well.

DDW has further reported to the City that the Beverly Grand Mutual Water Company water system, located north of West North Grand Avenue, is experiencing problems with its existing well and water quality issues, and desires its connection to the City's system to serve the 31 residences the system serves. DDW is wishing to provide financial support to upgrade the small water system to City standards (new water lines, meters ,etc.), and for source water capacity for the connections, DDW has agreed to pay appropriate fees toward developing a capacity development project, which at its meeting of October 3, 2017, the Council approved a purchase agreement with Smee Homes, Inc. for the acquisition of property along the Tule River for the development of a new municipal well. At its meeting of October 1, 2019, the Council approved proceeding with the consolidation of the Beverly Grand water system.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council receive the report of status and review of the Declaration of Local Emergency and determine the need exists to continue said Declaration.

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Resolution 49-2015 - Declaration of Local Emergency
2. City-County Well Agreement
3. Memorandum of Understanding
4. Memorandum of Understanding Draft Amendment
5. SWRCB Letter Dated November 29, 2017
6. DWR Letter Dated January 18, 2018
7. Governor Brown Executive Order

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

John Lollis, City Manager

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

RESOLUTION NO. 49-2015

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF
THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE DECLARING A DROUGHT EMERGENCY
WITHIN THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE

WHEREAS: in response to the ongoing severe drought, the State Water Resources Control Board approved an emergency regulation to ensure water agencies, their customers, and state residents increase water conservation in urban settings or face possible fines or other enforcement; and

WHEREAS: as we enter the fourth year of severe drought, long-term forecasts indicate no relief of the current drought conditions, and suggest a warmer-than-average summer, resulting in increased domestic demand for water; and

WHEREAS: public and private potable water supplies continue to be threatened due to decreasing supplies of groundwater caused by the precipitation deficit and an extended state of groundwater overdraft; and

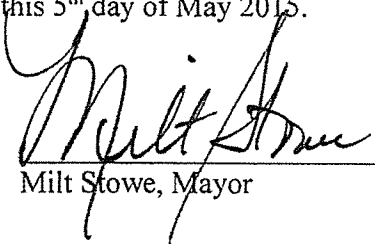
WHEREAS: the long-term ramifications of the current drought will have a significant impact on the city of Porterville and potentially pose a danger to the health and welfare of its residents; and

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED: that the City Council of the City of Porterville does hereby proclaim that, due to drought conditions, a Local Emergency now exists in the city of Porterville and shall remain in effect for the duration of the emergency; and

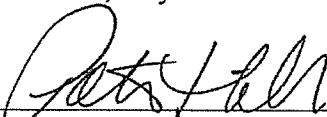
BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED: that the City Council of the City of Porterville requests the Governor and California Department of Water Resources make available California Disaster Assistance Act funding for the State of Local Emergency proclaimed on May 5, 2015, and seek all available forms of Federal assistance, to include a Presidential Declaration of Emergency and Individual Assistance and Public Assistance programs as applicable; and

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED: that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the State Director of the Office of Emergency Services.

PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED this 5th day of May 2015.


Milt Stowe, Mayor

ATTEST:
John D. Lollis, City Clerk


By: Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk

TULARE COUNTY – CITY OF PORTERVILLE WELL AGREEMENT

THIS AGREEMENT is entered into this day of, May 10, 2016, between the COUNTY OF TULARE, referred to as COUNTY, and the CITY OF PORTERVILLE, referred to as CITY, with reference to the following:

- A. WHEREAS, East Porterville/Doyle Colony area properties within the COUNTY's jurisdiction and within the CITY's Urban Development Boundary are experiencing serious water shortages due to the historical drought conditions. Attached hereto as Exhibit 'A' is a map defining the East Porterville/Doyle Colony and Vandalia areas; and
- B. WHEREAS, CITY and COUNTY have been and are collaborating to jointly develop a new municipal water well; and
- C. WHEREAS, COUNTY shall secure complete funding for a new well to be solely owned, operated and maintained by the CITY for the purpose of providing long-term capacity to enable permanent water connections to properties that comply with CITY'S Annexation and Extension of Municipal Services policy, with certain exceptions for specific properties in excess of the maximum lot size. These procedures are defined by two Resolutions, 74-2014 and 19-2016, which are attached hereto as Exhibit 'B'; and
- D. WHEREAS, the COUNTY owns a parcel at the southeast corner of the Tule River and Olive Avenue (APN 240-120-017), represented in Exhibit 'C', and has drilled a municipal supply well, and will equip said well utilizing CITY standards, after which the COUNTY shall convey the land to CITY at a cost of \$1; and
- E. WHEREAS, CITY operates an existing municipal water system, with limited infrastructure already established in the East Porterville/Doyle Colony and Vandalia areas, and has experience and qualifications necessary to provide such services; and
- F. WHEREAS, CITY and COUNTY mutually agree that a regional, collaborative solution to leverage and expand CITY'S municipal water system into the East Porterville/Doyle Colony and Vandalia areas is the most feasible means to address the area's water needs; and
- G. WHEREAS, CITY is willing to enter into this Agreement with COUNTY upon terms and conditions set forth herein; and
- H. WHEREAS, CITY and COUNTY mutually understand that due to the limited resources of the CITY's municipal water system, all future connections must comply with the CITY's Annexation and Extension of Municipal Services policies, with certain exceptions for specific properties in excess of the maximum lot size, attached hereto and made a part thereof as Exhibit 'B'.

ACCORDINGLY, IT IS AGREED:

- 1. **TERM:** This agreement shall become effective as of the date the agreement is fully executed by both agencies.
- 2. **SERVICES TO BE PERFORMED & PAYMENT FOR SERVICES – EQUIPPING MUNICIPAL WELL FACILITY:** Refer to attached Exhibit 'D'.

TULARE COUNTY AGREEMENT NO. 27596

3. **SERVICE TO BE PERFORMED IN PERPETUITY:** The services described below shall be performed in perpetuity upon completion of all tasks enumerated in Exhibit 'D' and upon COUNTY securing the funds for equipping the well to CITY standards and requirements:
- A. CITY shall provide to STATE and/or COUNTY, upon STATE and COUNTY's request, a maximum of three million (3,000,000) gallons of water per month upon integration of the well provided under this Agreement, for the purposes of meeting emergency water needs in COUNTY's jurisdiction. CITY shall not charge COUNTY or STATE for said water.
 - B. CITY shall utilize water produced by the well provided under this Agreement as source capacity for new service connections and agreements in East Porterville/Doyle Colony and Vandalia areas. CITY agrees to provide source water for up to four hundred twenty-three (423) new connections in the East Porterville/Doyle Colony area subject to the CITY'S Annexation and Extension of Municipal Services policies, with certain exceptions for specific properties in excess of the maximum lot size, and up to 80 new connections in the Vandalia area. The 423 new connections noted above are inclusive of those properties immediately adjacent to an existing water main, estimated at 40 parcels, which can be connected to the City's water system immediately upon execution of this agreement and the Memorandum(a) of Understanding between CITY, COUNTY, and STATE. Upon connection to CITY services, the listed properties will be exempt from payment of CITY water impact fees, but will be subject to standard fees, such as, but not limited to, water service and meter installation, unless otherwise financed by STATE or other funding sources, and associated monthly fees. This section shall not be construed to limit additional connections beyond the above referenced 503 properties provided for herein, where CITY provides consumption documentation that determines additional source capacity is available as a result of the connection of this well to CITY's system.
 - C. CITY expressly agrees to own, operate, maintain, repair and otherwise care for the well provided under this Agreement, in order to maintain it in proper working order and to the highest standard, for the duration of the well's useful life.
 - D. COUNTY shall grant the parcel on which the well is located to the CITY by Grant Deed at a cost of \$1 upon formal acceptance of the project. A 50-foot control zone around the well site is a requirement of the State Water Resources Control Board, Drinking Water Program, therefore establishing the minimum parcel size to be conveyed to the CITY. Existing COUNTY infrastructure may encroach through or conflict with the subject parcel and if so, ownership, maintenance, repair and replacement of these facilities shall transition to the City's responsibility by separate maintenance agreement upon acceptance of the project.
 - E. CITY shall not be entitled to compensation by COUNTY, or any State or Federal agency providing funding for the activities enumerated in Exhibit 'D', for any ongoing costs related to owning, operating, maintaining, repairing, or replacing this well. CITY and COUNTY expressly agree that CITY's ongoing compensation for such ongoing costs shall be the use of the well for CITY's use within its water system, unrestricted except as noted in "A"

above. No part of this paragraph shall be construed to limit or restrict in any way CITY's ability to seek any grant funding or collect rates and fees from users of CITY's water system.

- F. All recipients of water are subject to CITY water policies, such as, but not limited to, water conservation and watering schedules. Connections made as noted in "B" above may be subject to further water conservation thresholds as required by the STATE.

4. This Agreement represents the entire agreement between CITY and COUNTY as to its subject matter and no prior oral or written understanding shall be of any force or effect. No part of this Agreement may be modified without the written consent of both parties.

5. Except as may be otherwise required by law, any notice to be given shall be written and shall be either personally delivered, sent by facsimile transmission or sent by first class mail, postage prepaid and addressed as follows:

COUNTY: County Administrative Officer/Clerk of the Board
of Supervisors of the County of Tulare
Administrative Building
2800 W. Burrel Avenue
Visalia, CA 93291

(Fax No.: (559) 733-6318 / Phone No. (559) 636-5005)

CITY: City Manager
291 N. Main St.
Porterville, CA 93257

(Fax No.: (559) 715-4013/ Phone No. (559) 782-7466)

Notice delivered personally or sent by facsimile transmission is deemed to be received upon receipt. Notice sent by first class mail shall be deemed received on the fourth day after the date of mailing. Either party may change the above address by giving written notice pursuant to this paragraph.

6. This Agreement reflects the contributions of both parties and accordingly the provisions of Civil Code section 1654 shall not apply to address and interpret any uncertainty.
7. Unless specifically set forth, the parties to this Agreement do not intend to provide any other party with any benefit or enforceable legal or equitable right or remedy.
8. This Agreement shall be interpreted and governed under the laws of the State of California without reference to California conflicts of law principles. This Agreement is entered into and shall be performed in Tulare County, California. CITY waives the removal provisions of California Code of Civil Procedure Section 394.
9. The failure of either party to insist on strict compliance with any provision of this Agreement shall not be considered a waiver of any right to do so, whether for that breach or any subsequent breach. The acceptance by either party or either performance or payment shall not be considered to be a waiver of any preceding breach of the Agreement by the other party.
10. The Recitals and the Exhibits to this Agreement are fully incorporated into and are integral parts of this Agreement.

11. This Agreement is subject to all applicable laws and regulations. If any provision of this Agreement is found by any court of other legal authority, or is agreed by the parties, to be in conflict with any code or regulation governing its subject, the conflicting provision shall be considered null and void. If the effect of nullifying any conflicting provision is such that a material benefit of the Agreement to either party is lost, the Agreement may be terminated at the option of the affected party. In all other cases the remainder of the Agreement shall continue in full force and effect.
12. Each party agrees to execute any additional documents and to perform any further acts which may be reasonably required to affect the purposes of this Agreement.
13. CITY expressly agrees that it will not discriminate in employment or in the provision of services on the basis of any characteristic or condition upon which discrimination is prohibited by state or federal law or regulation.
14. Insurance
15. Permit
16. Dispute Resolution: If a dispute arises out of or relating to this Agreement, or the breach thereof, and if said dispute cannot be settled through negotiation, the parties agree first to try in good faith to settle the dispute by non-binding mediation before resorting to litigation or some other dispute resolution procedure, unless the parties mutually agree otherwise. The mediator shall be mutually selected by the parties, but in case of disagreement, the mediator shall be selected by lot from among two nominations provided by each party. All costs and fees required by the mediator shall be split equally by the parties, otherwise each party shall bear its own costs of mediation. If mediation fails to resolve the dispute within 30 days, either party may pursue litigation to resolve the dispute.
17. Indemnification: CITY shall hold harmless, defend and indemnify COUNTY, its agents, officers and employees from and against any liability, claims, actions, costs, damages or losses of any kind, including death or injury to any person and/or damage to property, including COUNTY property, arising from, or in connection with, the performance by CITY or its agents, officers and employees under this Agreement. This indemnification specifically includes any claims that may be made against COUNTY by any taxing authority asserting that an employer-employee relationship exists by reason of this Agreement, and any claims made against COUNTY alleging civil rights violations by CITY under Government Code sections 12920 et seq. (California Fair Employment and Housing Act), and any fines or penalties imposed on COUNTY for CITY's failure to provide form DE-542, when applicable. This indemnification obligation shall continue beyond the term of this Agreement as to any acts or omissions occurring under this Agreement or any extension of this Agreement.

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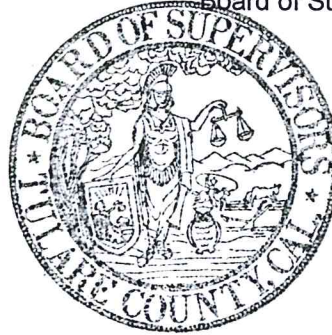
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THE PARTIES, having read and considered the above provisions, indicate their agreement by their authorized signatures below.

COUNTY OF TULARE

BY Mike Ennis
Mike Ennis Chairman,
Board of Supervisors



ATTEST: Michael C. Spata,
County Administrative Officer/Clerk of the Board
of Supervisors of the County of Tulare

By Danisa A. Ybana
Deputy Clerk

Approved as to Form
County Counsel

By M. Grice for LMT
Deputy 20151902

CITY OF PORTERVILLE

BY Milt Stowe
Milt Stowe, Mayor

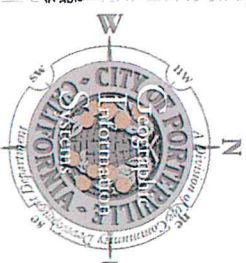
ATTEST:
City Clerk of the City of Porterville

BY J. L. Lolis
John Lolis, City Manager

Approved as to Form

BY [Signature]
City Attorney

EXHIBIT 'A'



 East Porterville Project Boundary

Parcels Within Project Boundary Area (1,776)

CityLimits

UDB

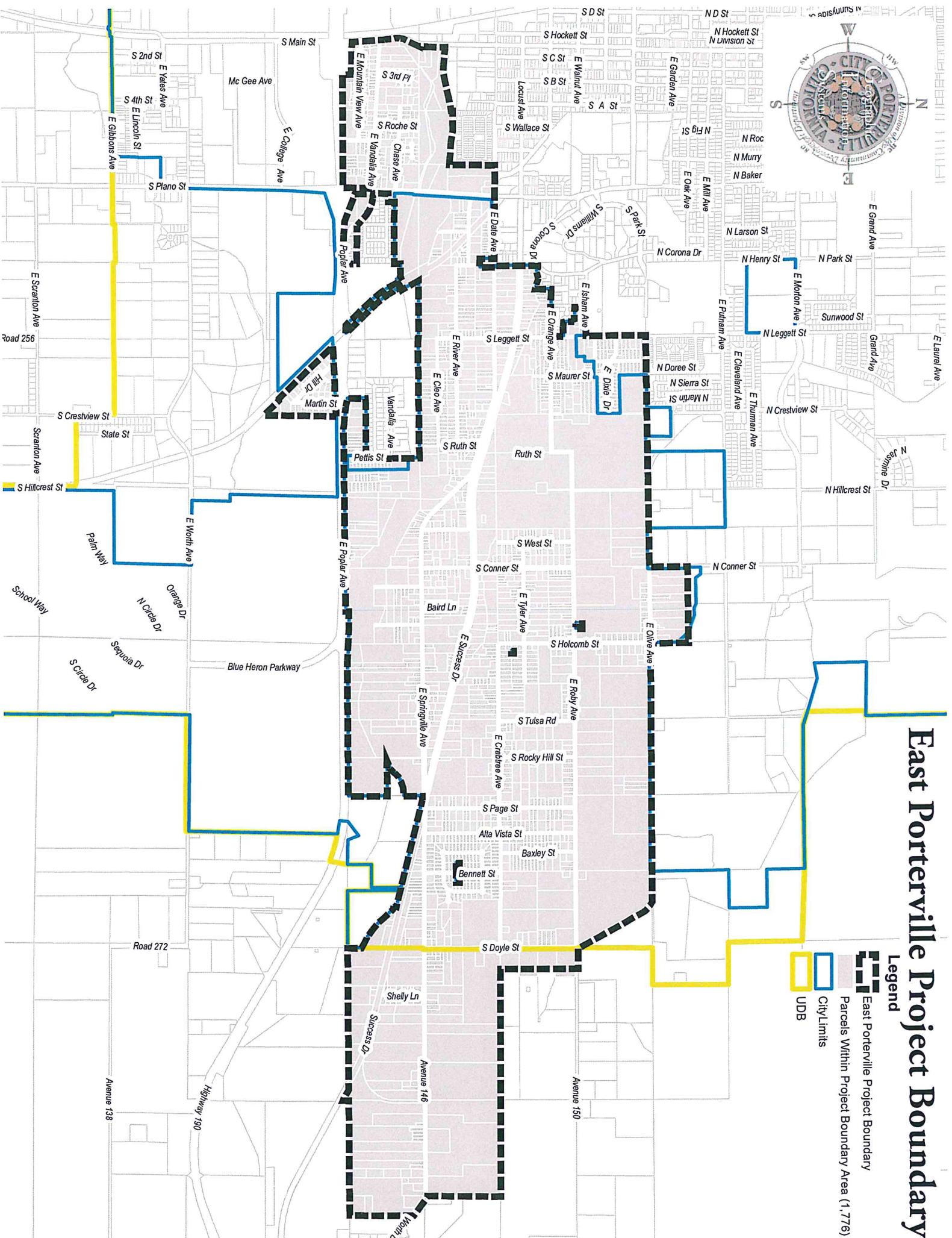


EXHIBIT 'B'

RESOLUTION NO. 74 -2014

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE DEFINING OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES FOR ANNEXATIONS AND MUNICIPAL SERVICES

WHEREAS: The City of Porterville established a policy concerning annexation and provision of municipal services in 1986, noting that “the City, in order to grow for reasons of economies of scale and quality of services must expand its boundaries within reason, generally encourages the owners of properties contiguous to the city of Porterville to annex to said City of Porterville”; and

WHEREAS: Since 1990, the population of the city of Porterville has increased 53% according to the California Department of Finance, and the land area of the city proper has increased by 38% according to City annexation records; and

WHEREAS: The City of Porterville accepts its responsibility to provide municipal services to those residents, businesses, and other land uses within the limits of the city. The City of Porterville has taken the position that the costs of all physical improvements within the city have been paid by property owners, and other taxes derived in the city, and, therefore, these same people should not be required to bear the expense of additional physical improvements needed to serve newly annexed areas.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the City Council of the City of Porterville does hereby define the following objectives related to annexations and municipal services:

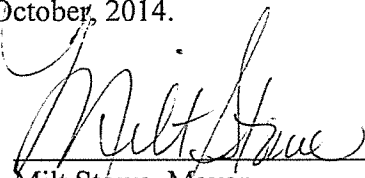
1. To promote orderly development while discouraging urban sprawl, preserving open space and prime agricultural lands, and efficiently extending government services.
2. To honor the City’s fundamental responsibility to provide efficient and sustainable public services to the inhabitants of the city, and where appropriate, to provide those services beyond the limits of the city within the Urban Development Boundary, and only in extreme cases to those properties beyond the Urban Development Boundary within the Urban Area Boundary.
3. To provide for land development and growth in a manner consistent with the General Plan, particularly as it relates to land use and circulation.
4. To consider an application upon its own merits, and identify what benefits would accrue to the City as an agency and service provider, to the residents of the city of Porterville, and to the applicant.
5. To identify the problems involved in any proposal considered for annexation or request for extra-territorial services and resolve them in the manner most beneficial to the properties within the city of Porterville.
6. To develop factual information to permit informed discussion between City representatives and property owners/residents of unincorporated territories.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED, that the City Council of the City of Porterville does hereby establish the following policies for consideration of annexations and municipal services:

1. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville to consider annexation proposals only within the Urban Development Boundary, which is defined as the City of Porterville Annexation Boundary, as adopted by Tulare County Local Area Formation Commission (LAFCo).

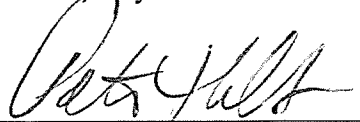
2. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville to consider extra-territorial service requests primarily within the Urban Development Boundary, which is defined as the City of Porterville Annexation Boundary, as adopted by Tulare County LAFCo.
3. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville, only where necessary in order to respond to an existing or impending threat to public health or safety of affected residents, to consider extra-territorial service requests within the Urban Area Boundary, as adopted by City Council and identified on the City of Porterville Zoning Map.
4. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville to consider annexation proposals and extra-territorial service requests in a manner consistent with the policies and regulations adopted by the Tulare County LAFCo and the State of California, as applicable.
5. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville to discourage single-family one (1) lot annexation proposals that may have an adverse fiscal impact on the City of Porterville.
6. It shall be the policy of the City Council that territory shall not be annexed to the city of Porterville, which as a result of such annexation, unincorporated territory is completely surrounded, or substantially surrounded by the city of Porterville.
7. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville that annexation proposals shall be in conformance with the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Act of 2000, as amended.
8. It shall be the policy of the City Council to consider each petition/consent for annexation upon its relationship to what economic benefits will accrue to the City of Porterville, and to the area residents/property owners.
9. It shall be the policy of the City Council that the costs of all physical improvements will be borne by the property owners/resident or developer.
10. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville to maintain the viability of agricultural productivity; i.e. protecting and conserving as much agricultural land as possible in the area surrounding the Porterville community.
11. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville that the applicant for annexation present proposals to the Project Review Committee and explain the particulars of the area under consideration for possible annexation, including a plan for services.
12. It shall be the policy of the City of Porterville to consider any requests for annexation or extra-territorial services in a manner consistent with the procedures adopted by resolution of the City Council.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 21st day of October, 2014.


Milt Stowe, Mayor

ATTEST:

John D. Lollis, City Clerk

By: 
Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
CITY OF PORTERVILLE) SS
COUNTY OF TULARE)

I, JOHN D. LOLLIS, the duly appointed City Clerk of the City of Porterville do hereby certify and declare that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the resolution passed and adopted by the Council of the City of Porterville at regular meeting of the Porterville City Council duly called and held on the 21st day of October, 2014.

THAT said resolution was duly passed, approved, and adopted by the following vote:

Council:	REYES	WARD	STOWE	HAMILTON	GURROLA
AYES:	X		X	X	X
NOES:		X			
ABSTAIN:					
ABSENT:					

JOHN D. LOLLIS, City Clerk


By: Luisa M. Zavala, Deputy City Clerk

RESOLUTION 19-2016

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE
ESTABLISHING PROCEDURES FOR ANNEXATIONS AND EXTENSION OF
MUNICIPAL SERVICES

WHEREAS: On October 21, 2014, the City Council of the City of Porterville adopted two resolutions that defined objectives and policies, and established procedures for annexations and municipal services, respectively; and

WHEREAS: The on-going, severe drought of the past few years has created a situation where hundreds of parcels in the East Porterville area are experiencing dry wells, or wells of substandard water quality. State and regional agencies have come together with the City to identify and develop a long-term solution to this crisis, which will involve a significant infrastructure project to allow extension of municipal water services to the area. Not all parcels within the subject area meet the mandatory findings for extra-territorial service agreements as identified in the City's current procedures.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that the City Council of the City of Porterville does hereby amend existing procedures to submit application for municipal services, and to have said application(s) processed as outlined in Exhibit "A", attached. The exemption identified for the East Porterville Feasibility Study Project Area will apply to the area represented in Exhibit "B".

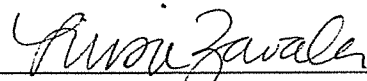
PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 19th day of April, 2016.



Milt Stowe, Mayor

ATTEST:

John D. Lollis, City Clerk

BY 

Luisa Zavala, Deputy City Clerk

All properties requesting annexation or extraterritorial services are subject to the procedures established below unless otherwise stated. Compliance with City of Porterville procedures does not guarantee approval by LAFCo of annexations or extra-territorial service agreements. Upon request for an annexation or extraterritorial services request, staff will evaluate whether the applicant's property is within the City's Urban Development Boundary or Urban Area Boundary and explain the process.

ANNEXATION APPLICATION PROCEDURE

1. A complete annexation application packet includes: fees, an Irrevocable Agreement to Annex, information as needed to define a deed restriction specific to land use and zoning, Application for Annexation, and other materials as required with those applications respectively.
2. On receipt of an application as outlined above, all materials will be considered by the Project Review Committee, who will coordinate in a pre-consultation process with LAFCO staff and the County Public Works Department for review and recommendation.
3. During review by the Project Review Committee of the necessary application and data, staff will prepare a report and findings on all aspects of the proposed action(s).
4. An environmental document will be prepared pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA), reviewing the potential environmental effect of the proposed activities. The Zoning Administrator will make an initial determination of the level of environmental review required.
5. After proper noticing, a public hearing will be held for the City Council to hear comments related to the project at a regularly scheduled meeting. The Council will authorize staff to initiate the application with LAFCo. Documents will be filed in accordance with the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Act of 2000, as amended, and submitted to the Local Agency Formation Commission for its review, recommendation and action.
6. On consummation by the City Council, the City Clerk shall submit the necessary materials to the State Board of Equalization with the appropriate acreage fees, which are paid by the Applicant.
7. In the event the annexation fails, either by dissenting votes of the City Council or at hearing at LAFCo, the City Council may approve an extraterritorial service agreement within the Urban Development Boundary, subject to conditions identified in the deed restriction.

ANNEXATION EXEMPTION PROCEDURE

Where a certain property meets all of the following criteria, they may proceed with an Extraterritorial Service Agreement for water or storm-water drainage without first attempting annexation, subject to the conditions of Extraterritorial Service Agreements as defined below.

1. Previously developed single family residences on parcels 24,999 square feet or smaller, OR a school developed by a State funded school district.
2. The parcel requesting services must be immediately adjacent to a municipal main providing the requested service, or the property owner shall provide for the extension of the main line to City standards at their expense.

EXTRATERRITORIAL SERVICES APPLICATION PROCEDURE

Extraterritorial Service connections may be made subject to the following conditions. Note specific parameters and the required findings for connections in the Urban Development Boundary and the Urban Area Boundary.

1. Application: A complete extraterritorial services application packet includes: fees, an Irrevocable Agreement to Annex, information as needed to define a deed restriction specific to land use and zoning, and other materials as required with those applications respectively.
2. General Plan Consistency:
 - a. Proposed Uses and Improvements: Service connections are to be withheld from proposed uses and improvements that would not be consistent with the adopted Land Use Element of the Porterville Area General Plan and the City of Porterville General Plan.
 - b. Existing Uses and Improvements: Service connections to existing uses and improvements which are not consistent with the adopted Land Use Element of the Porterville Area General Plan and the City of Porterville General Plan shall be considered at the discretion of the City Council, and may be subject to other restrictions.
3. Agreements and covenants:
 - a. A deed restriction specific to land use and zoning must be approved by the property owner and the City Council, and recorded with the County of Tulare upon the property, at the applicant's cost.
 - b. An irrevocable agreement to annex must be signed by the property owner and recorded with the County of Tulare upon the property, at the applicant's cost.
4. Time limitations: The City Manager or his designee, or the City Council may condition the approval of applications for service connections by establishing a time frame within which connections must be made to avoid re-application.
5. Improvement Plans: Applications for service connections, which necessitate the extension of one or more municipal facilities to property in order to make such connections, shall be conditioned by the City Manager or his designee, or the City Council to require that Construction Drawings of the intended public improvements be submitted to the City Engineer for plan check and approval. Costs incurred for the preparation of improvement plans, and certain off-site construction and/or installation costs related to extending facilities, shall be the responsibility of the applicant.
6. Fees: Prior to the issuance of a Connection Permit, payment must be made to the City of Porterville of all fees pertinent to the respective service connection, or connections, approved by the City Manager or his designee, or the City Council.

Within the Urban Development Boundary:

For connection of water or storm-water facilities, the requesting party must fully fund the extension of infrastructure if it does not already exist in order to connect. The City of Porterville Wastewater Facility is a regional facility and as such, an extraterritorial service request cannot be denied; however, the requesting party must fund a fair share of the extension of infrastructure if it does not already exist in order to connect. Contract services for police, fire, or building inspection services shall be approved by resolution of the City Council.

For connection of water or storm-water facilities, the following findings must be made in order for the Council approve an extraterritorial service connection:

- That the subject property is a previously developed single family residence on a parcel 24,999 square feet or smaller, OR a school developed by a State funded school district.
- That failure to connect to municipal services would result in a threat to public health or safety of affected residents.
- That connection of the subject property would not result in a negative impact to the City of Porterville water and/or storm-water system.
- That the subject property is not within an island as defined by Tulare LAFCo.
- That an attempt to annex the subject site is not realistic given current city limit boundaries. Specifically, the parcel is too far removed from the city limit, and/or the number and valuation of adjacent parcels would result in a failed annexation effort.

Within the Urban Area Boundary:

For connection of water or storm-water facilities, the requesting party must fully fund the extension of infrastructure if it does not already exist in order to connect. The City of Porterville Wastewater Facility is a regional facility and as such, an extraterritorial service request cannot be denied; however, the requesting party must fund a fair share of the extension of infrastructure if it does not already exist in order to connect. Contract services for police, fire, or building inspection services shall be approved by resolution of the City Council.

For connection of water or storm-water facilities, the following findings must be made in order for the Council approve an extraterritorial service connection:

- That the subject property is a previously developed single family residence on a parcel 24,999 square feet or smaller, OR a school developed by a State funded school district.
- That failure to connect to municipal services would result in a threat to public health or safety of affected residents.
- That connection of the subject property would not result in a negative impact to the City of Porterville water and/or storm-water system.

EXEMPTIONS AND EXCEPTIONS

1. PVPUD: Connections to Porterville Regional Sewage Treatment Facilities serving uses and improvements to property within the boundaries and jurisdiction of the Porter Vista Public Utility District (PVPUD) are exempted from application to the City of Porterville. Interested parties should contact the PVPUD for information on connection requirements and fees pertaining

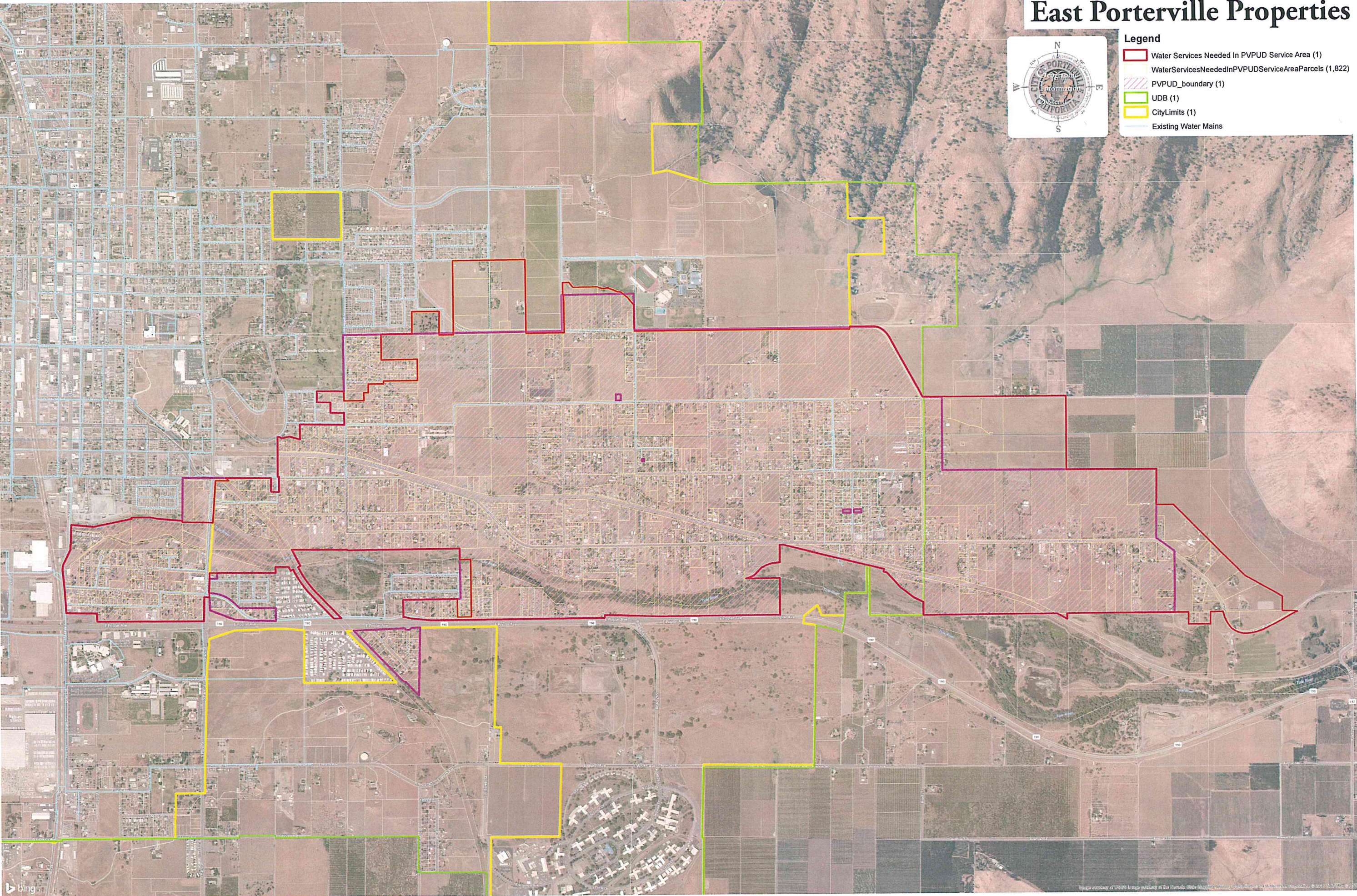
to sewer services. This exemption does not apply to requests for connection to Municipal Water and/or Master Storm Drain Facilities.

2. PRIOR APPROVALS: Porterville City Council approval of requests for connection to Regional Sewage Treatment, Municipal Water and/or Master Storm Drain Facilities as authorized prior to the adoption and effective date of the respective policies set forth herein shall remain valid and in force according to the terms and conditions initially specified at the time of approval, and re-application will not be required.

3. PROPERTIES WITHIN THE EAST PORTERVILLE FEASIBILITY STUDY PROJECT AREA: The California State Water Resources Control Board, in coordination with the Department of Water Resources Drought Task Force, is charged with preparing a feasibility study to define a long-term solution to the water related issues in East Porterville. Properties within that boundary would be permitted to apply for connection, whether in association with DWR, SWRCB, or at a later date, on their own. Such connections would be subject to the mandatory findings as outlined in this procedure, with the following exceptions:

- Rather than require that the subject property be a developed single-family residence on a parcel 24,999 square feet or smaller, neither the land use nor the parcel size would be restricted neither the land use nor the parcel size would be restricted for legal and legal non-conforming structures and land uses existing as of April 29, 2016.
- Further, properties within certain islands in the EPFS Project Area would not be required to annex prior to connection. This exception does not limit the City of Porterville's authority to pursue annexation in the future, but rather waives the requirement that annexation must be approved prior to connection.

East Porterville Properties



STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
CITY OF PORTERVILLE) SS
COUNTY OF TULARE)

I, JOHN D. LOLLIS, the duly appointed City Clerk of the City of Porterville do hereby certify and declare that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the resolution passed and adopted by the Council of the City of Porterville at regular meeting of the Porterville City Council duly called and held on the 19th day of April, 2016.

THAT said resolution was duly passed, approved, and adopted by the following vote:

Council:	REYES	WARD	STOWE	HAMILTON	GURROLA
AYES:	X	X	X	X	
NOES:					
ABSTAIN:					
ABSENT:					X

JOHN D. LOLLIS, City Clerk

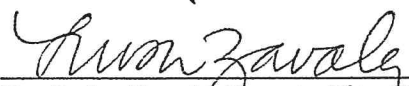

By: Luisa Zavala, Deputy City Clerk

EXHIBIT 'C'



EXHIBIT 'D'

Scope of Work

Task	Description	Cost
1.2	Prepare Well Drilling Plans, Specifications, and Estimates	\$468.00
3.2	Prepare Well Equipping Plans, Specifications, and Estimates	\$1,526.00
5	Ph. 1 Preconstruction Meeting	\$1,357.43
Total:		\$3,351.43

Consulting Engineering work will be reimbursed directly to Dee Jaspar & Associates under Tulare County Agreement No. 1276, including the following Tasks:

Task 4.1	Project Evaluations and Field Surveying	\$58,326.00
Task 4.2	Prepare Well Equipping Plans, Specifications, and Estimates	\$30,000.00
Task 4.3	Prepare and Assist with SCE Application & Telephone Service	\$5,000.00
Task 4.4	SCE Costs	\$15,000.00
Total:		\$108,326.00

Discussion Draft

Subject to Additional Review and Modification by the Parties

Porterville MOU
Draft 2
June 15, 2016
PortervilleEmergencyMOU061516



Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

Regarding the Provisions of Emergency Water Supplies to East Porterville

by the California Department of Water Resources (DWR), California Office of Emergency

Service (OES), the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB),

the County of Tulare (County), and City of Porterville (Porterville),

which are collectively known as the “Parties”

Recitals

Whereas, some residents living in an unincorporated area of Tulare County, commonly known as “East Porterville,” have experienced loss of adequate water supply to their homes and properties as a result of severe drought conditions, which has caused significant hardship for the residents;

Whereas, Governor Edmund G. Brown Junior has directed all State agencies to assist these residents who are in need of water supplies with emergency and long-term assistance;

Whereas, Governor Edmund G. Brown Junior signed Assembly Bill 685 in 2012, adding Water Code section 106.3, which recognizes that every human being has the right to safe, clean, affordable, and accessible water adequate for human consumption, cooking, and sanitary purposes, and which requires all relevant state agencies to consider this right when revising, adopting, or establishing pertinent policies, regulations, and grant criteria;

Whereas, the Parties have provided emergency water supplies to some residents of East Porterville that are without an adequate household water supply;

Whereas, the Parties to this MOU seek an emergency and long-term solution to the lack of adequate household water supply by developing and providing continuous water supplies to these residents;

Whereas, East Porterville is located east and adjacent to Porterville, which has an existing municipal water system that serves residents within the incorporated area of Porterville;

Whereas, some of the residents of East Porterville without an adequate household water supply could be connected to Porterville's municipal water system provided certain arrangements and projects are carried out by the Parties;

Whereas, Vandalia is a neighborhood located within Porterville, and some Vandalia residents lack adequate household water supply and these households could be connected to Porterville's municipal water system;

Whereas, the Parties have met and have discussed alternative plans and projects that would provide an emergency water supply from Porterville to some residents of East Porterville and Vandalia in an expeditious manner;

Whereas, to advance these projects, DWR has provided funding, as reflected in the agreement between DWR and Tulare attached as Exhibit 1, for a municipal well designated as "Well C1" located in Tulare County that ultimately could be used to supply water to these residents of East Porterville;

Whereas, the SWRCB has also provided funding for Well C1, as reflected in the agreement between the SWRCB and the County attached as Exhibit 2;

Whereas, the County and Porterville intend to execute an agreement, a draft of which is attached as Exhibit 3, that will connect Well C1 to Porterville's municipal water system and that will provide for an adequate household water supply for some residents of East Porterville; and

Whereas, the Parties have reached an understanding on how best to implement the project alternative that will provide an adequate household water supply to some residents of East Porterville and Vandalia, and alleviate the hardships in an expeditious, cost-effective manner.

Understanding

A. Description of Emergency Project and Long-Term Plan

1. The purpose of this MOU is to set forth in writing the intentions of the Parties of how best to move forward with plans to complete an emergency water supply project (Project) to some residents in the East Porterville and Vandalia areas, which are represented in Exhibit 4. (Map showing East Porterville and Porterville). The goal of the Project is to provide an adequate household water supply to some of the residents and properties in these areas that do not have one presently, and to end the need of the Parties to provide temporary water supplies to those residents through tanks and bottles.

2. The Parties intend to develop the Project in two phases. Phase 1 will make municipal water connections to the properties in East Porterville that have dry wells and are adjacent to Porterville's existing municipal water distribution system. It is estimated that this phase will serve 40 properties with dry wells that are currently receiving temporary household water supplies.

3. The Parties intend that Phase 2 of the Project will provide municipal water supply to approximately 500 properties in East Porterville and in Vandalia that have dry wells or otherwise lack an adequate source of water and have not been connected by Phase 1. In order to complete Phase 2, the residents of these properties will likewise need to connect to Porterville's municipal water system.

4. As soon as possible, Porterville and DWR will undertake Phase 1 of the Project and connect the properties in East Porterville that are adjacent to Porterville's existing municipal water distribution system. These connections will be accomplished as described in Water Installation Diagram attached as Exhibit 5 and based on the cost estimate, which is attached as Exhibit 6. In order to make these connections, a property owner desiring to receive public water supply will need to execute the Extraterritorial Service Agreement, a sample of which is attached as Exhibit 7, and the SWRCB's Water Connection Agreement, a sample of which is attached as Exhibit 8. Necessary signatures and agreements with property owners will be sought through SWRCB's outreach carried out with the assistance of all Parties to this MOU.

5. The Parties intend that Well C1 will be used to provide the emergency water supply in Phase 2 to about 500 properties without adequate household water supplies. The Parties presently understand that there are about 423 properties in East Porterville and approximately 80 properties in Vandalia where connections may be needed to provide emergency water supplies.

6. The Parties have created a Technical Workgroup consisting of engineers and planners, which work cooperatively on the technical issues described in this MOU. Based on recommendations of the Technical Workgroup, the Parties intend to provide the emergency water supply contemplated by this MOU.

7. The Parties intend to develop a Long-Term Water System Plan (Long-Term Plan) for the East Porterville area, which will serve other residents in the area besides those served by the Project. The Parties intend that the Project will be designed consistent with the Long-Term Plan to ensure that all water facilities constructed as part of the Project will be incorporated into the facilities ultimately developed through the Long-Term Plan. The first work product produced by the Technical Workgroup will be a Feasibility Study for the Long-Term Plan. The outline of the Feasibility Study is attached as Exhibit 9.

8. The Parties intend to use best efforts to complete both phases of the Project by December 31, 2016. The completion date of the Long-Term Plan is dependent on the completion of the Feasibility Study carried out by Technical Workgroup and on Porterville and/or the County applying for and securing sufficient funding from the SWRCB or from other sources. The Parties desire to complete the Long-Term Plan as expeditiously as possible.

B. Project Contributions of the Parties

9. Working in cooperation with the other Parties and the Technical Workgroup, DWR will prepare all environmental compliance for the Project, and design and construct the Project, both Phases 1 and 2. DWR will provide funding for Phases 1 and 2 of the Project through Emergency Drought Funding. DWR intends to serve as California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) lead agency for the Long-Term Plan and will prepare any necessary CEQA documentation and any other necessary environmental review documents, unless the Feasibility Study recommends another lead agency.

10. SWRCB will provide the community outreach to assist in obtaining necessary property owner acceptance before proceeding with Project. SWRCB will also work with Porterville and/or County to secure funding of the Long-Term Plan. SWRCB will provide certain reviews and approvals for the permitting of the Project and the Long-Term Plan.

11. OES will coordinate all of the State's efforts under the Governor's Drought Task Force in the Project area and will be provided at no cost by Porterville up to 3,000,000 gallons of emergency water per month as needed as a result of this MOU and the agreement that Porterville and the County are in the process of considering for execution, a draft of which is attached as Exhibit 3, with regard to the Well C1.

12. Porterville will provide the needed water service to the residents of East Porterville without an adequate household water supply after they are connected to Porterville's municipal water system as described in the Project. The water service will be accomplished per the Extraterritorial Service Agreement, which requires that property owners served pay the monthly water bill. DWR is funding the residents' connection to the Project, and as a result, some of the normal connection fees will be waived provided that connection is made during Phase 1 or Phase 2. Porterville will install the water meters for each connection, which will be paid for by DWR.

13. The County intends to execute an agreement with Porterville that is consistent with this MOU and Exhibit 3, which will allow Well C1 to serve as a water supply for the Project. The County will inspect the work of the Project and the property connections at no cost to the residents.

14. The Parties to the MOU will cause the removal of all temporary water tanks from the properties upon completion of the Project and the appurtenances necessary for the receipt of municipal water service. The work for removing the water tanks will be carried out by the County under an agreement between the County and OES.

C. General Provisions

15. The Parties intend to use their best efforts to carry out this MOU. This MOU is not a binding agreement, and is not intended to create contractual rights and remedies among the Parties. However, the Parties have entered into and intend to enter into certain binding agreements in the future necessary to develop and complete the Project and the Long-Term Plan.

16. This MOU will become effective upon the signature of the all Parties. The MOU will terminate on December 31, 2016, unless extended by all of the Parties in writing.

[Signatures on following page]

This MOU has been executed by:

California Department of Water Resources

State Water Resources Control Board

California Office of Emergency Services

County of Tulare

City of Porterville

List of Exhibits

1. DWR and Tulare County Executed Well C1 Agreement
2. SWRCB and County Executed Well C1 Agreement (Water Board Grant #D-15-11-902)
3. ~~County and~~County and Porterville Draft Well Agreement
4. Map of East Porterville
5. Household Water Service Installation Diagram
6. Household Water Service Cost Estimate
7. Sample Extraterritorial Service Agreement
8. Sample SWRCB Water Connection Agreement
9. Draft Emergency Project Feasibility Study



Amendment No. 1

To the East Porterville Water Supply Project

Memorandum of Understanding (MOU)

Regarding the Provisions of Emergency Water Supplies to East Porterville
by the California Department of Water Resources (DWR), California Office of
Emergency Service (OES), the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB),
the County of Tulare (County), and City of Porterville (Porterville),
which are collectively known as the "Parties"

This Amendment No.1 to the MOU is made this 7th day of November, 2016. As described below, this Amendment No.1 recognizes the MOU is still in effect, modifies certain sections of this MOU, and adds new sections to the MOU.

Recitals

Whereas, some residents living in an unincorporated area of Tulare County, commonly known as "East Porterville," have experienced loss of adequate water supply to their homes and properties as a result of severe drought conditions, which has caused significant hardship for the residents;

Whereas, Governor Edmund G. Brown Junior has directed all State agencies to assist these residents who are in need of water supplies with emergency and long-term assistance;

Whereas, the Parties to this MOU seek an emergency and long-term solution to the lack of adequate household water supply by developing and providing continuous water supplies to these residents;

Whereas, to advance these projects, DWR and the SWRCB have provided funding, as reflected in Exhibits 1 and 2, for a municipal well designated as "Well C1" located in Tulare County that ultimately could be used to supply water to these residents of East Porterville;

Whereas, the Parties have reached an understanding on how best to implement the project alternative that will provide an adequate household water supply to some residents of East Porterville and Vandalia, and alleviate the hardships in an expeditious, cost-effective manner:

Whereas, the purpose of this amendment is to clarify some sections of the MOU and to add several new sections.

NOW THEREFORE, IT IS MUTUALLY AGREED that the following changes are hereby made to the MOU:

1. Section A (2) is amended to read as follows:

The Parties intend to develop the Project in two phases. Phase 1 will make municipal water connections to the properties in East Porterville and Vandalia that have dry wells and/or water tanks. It is estimated that this phase will serve approximately 300 properties.

2. Section A (3) is amended to read as follows:

The Parties intend that Phase 2 of the Project will provide municipal water supply to approximately 800 properties in East Porterville by connecting them to the City of Porterville's water system. The total number of homes eligible for this Project is approximately 1,100.

3. Section A (5) is amended to read as follows:

The Parties intend that Well C1 will be used to provide the initial water supply. The Parties acknowledge the delay in Well C1 completion. To mitigate the effects of this on the residents of East Porterville, the City of Porterville will allow connections of homes as they become prepared for connection. These early connections will be beyond the initial 70 connections (previously 40 connections) agreed to, given the availability of capacity during the winter months. However, these additional connections to the City's water system will cease on March 1, 2017, if Well C1's connection to the City's water system is not completed by then.

4. Sections A (7) b-f shall be added and made part of this MOU:

7 (a). The Parties intend to develop a Long-Term Water System Plan (Long-Term Plan) for the East Porterville area, which will serve other residents in the area besides those served by the Project. The Parties intend that the Project will be designed consistent with the Long-Term Plan to ensure that all water facilities constructed as part of the Project will be incorporated into the facilities ultimately developed through the Long-Term Plan. The first work product produced by the Technical Workgroup will be a Feasibility Study for the Long-Term Plan. The outline of the Feasibility Study is attached as Exhibit 9.

(b). The East Porterville Water Supply Project Hydraulic Analysis Report ("Hydraulic Analysis Report," which is attached as Exhibit 10) determined that the water supply capacity required to serve all eligible residents of East Porterville is 1,435 gallons per minute (gpm). This capacity shall be based on the sustainable yield of the wells which is defined as 75 percent of the initial design capacity. Since Well C1 has a sustainable yield of 600 gpm, the Parties agree that the State will fund the construction and equipping of additional wells to provide the 835 gpm shortfall.

(c). Based on the Hydraulic Analysis, a 700,000 gallon water storage tank is required to serve the residents of East Porterville. However, based on Porterville's master plan recommendations, a 1.2 million-gallon storage tank is required for the City's buildout. The Parties therefore intend to construct a 1.2 million-gallon storage tank with cost sharing between the State and the City. The State will fund the cost of a 700,000 gallon tank required for the Project and the City of Porterville will fund the cost of the additional 500,000 gallons of storage required for the City's future use as contained in its master plan. The cost-sharing shall be proportional to the tank capacity being funded.

(d). The Parties intend to upgrade the existing Henderson-Plano Booster Pump Station and the Granite Hills Intertie which would facilitate water supply to the East Pressure Zone which serves East Porterville. The State will fund the construction of one booster pump rated at 2,100

gpm along with a variable frequency drive and the Granite Hills Intertie. The City will fund the replacement of its two existing pumps along with associated variable frequency drives as part of Phase 2 of the Project. These two pumps are more than 30-years old and their replacement will enable the City's water system to operate more efficiently and in a cost-saving manner.

(e). The Parties further agree that a booster pump station of capacity 1,670 gpm is required to convey water from the West Pressure Zone, where the new wells will be located, to the Central Pressure Zone for onward conveyance to East Porterville. The State will fund the construction of this booster pump station.

(f). Given that Well C1 has an estimated sustainable yield of 600 gpm, as well as a unit demand of 0.833 gpm per home connection based on the Hydraulic Analysis , Well C1 could effectively serve up to 720 households . The Parties agree that home connections for Phase 2 of the Project can begin as soon as Well C1 is connected to the City's water system, and the Henderson-Plano Booster Pump Station upgrade and the Granite Hills Intertie are completed. These home connections shall cease when the capacity of Well C1 is exceeded. Thereafter, additional home connections will be made after the construction of additional wells or if City staff determines that the water system can support additional home connections.

5. Section (C) 16 is amended to read as follows:

16. This MOU will become effective upon the signature of the all Parties. The MOU will terminate on June 30, 2018, unless extended by all Parties in writing.

6. The list of the Exhibits at the end of MOU is amended to read as follows:

1. DWR and Tulare County Executed Well C1 Agreement
2. SWRCB and County Executed Well C1 Agreement (Water Board Grant #D-15-11-902)
3. County and Porterville Draft Well Agreement
4. Map of East Porterville
5. Household Water Service Installation Diagram
6. Household Water Service Cost Estimate
7. Sample Extraterritorial Service Agreement
8. Sample SWRCB Water Connection Agreement
9. Draft Feasibility Study for the Long-Term Plan
10. East Porterville Water Supply Project Hydraulic Analysis Report

This MOU has been executed by:

California Department of Water Resources

State Water Resources Control Board

California Office of Emergency Services

City of Porterville

County of Tulare



EDMUND G. BROWN JR.
GOVERNOR

MATTHEW RODRIGUEZ
SECRETARY FOR
ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

State Water Resources Control Board

NOV 29 2017

The Honorable Milt Stowe
Mayor of City of Porterville
291 North Main Street
Porterville, CA 93257

RECEIVED

DEC 04

CITY OF PORTERVILLE
CITY MANAGER

Dear Mayor Stowe:

The Department of Water Resources and the State Water Resources Control Board are requesting an increase to the number of household connections from 720 to 800 to the City of Porterville (City) water system, prior to the completion of the East Porterville Emergency Water Supply Project – Phase 2 (Project). The construction of all facilities is estimated to be completed by June 2019.

According to Section A(7)(f) of Amendment No. 1 to the Project's Memorandum of Understanding (MOU), the estimated sustainable yield of Well C1 is 600 gallons per minute (gpm) and therefore will serve up to 720 households. Our current projections show that approximately 800 households will need to be connected by the end of 2017.

Our current plans are to drill two additional wells which would add more than 835 gpm of sustainable yield to the City's water supply, pending land acquisition by the City. Further, our calculations indicate that Well C1 is currently capable of producing 800 gpm in the interim, which can support a total of 960 households in the short term. It is our hope that the City will complete acquisition of the properties needed to drill the two additional wells in a timely manner to ensure that the City's water supply does not become stressed.

We look forward to hearing favorably from you and thank you for your continued support in providing safe drinking water to the residents of East Porterville.

Sincerely,


James Maughan, Assistant Deputy Director
Division of Financial Assistance

cc: See next page

DEPARTMENT OF WATER RESOURCES

SOUTH CENTRAL REGION OFFICE
3374 EAST SHIELDS AVENUE, ROOM 3
FRESNO, CA 93726-6913



January 18, 2018

Mr. Michael K. Reed
Public Works Director
City of Porterville
291 North Main Street
Porterville, California 93257

RECEIVED

JAN 22 2018

City of Porterville
Public Works Dept

Approval of Funding from Local Assistance Funds to the City of Porterville for the
County Areas Water Supply Project

Dear Mr. Reed:

Your request for funds to accomplish the city of Porterville's scope of work to connect drought-impacted households in seven Tulare County areas bounded by the city has been approved. The approved funding is not to exceed the amount of \$2,812,946.00. The term of the funding is from January 18, 2018, to December 31, 2019.

The purpose of this funding is for the city of Porterville to effectuate the connection of the drought-impacted homes in seven county areas to the city's water distribution system. The project comprises water main extensions, home connections, and well destructions. These homes have been identified as having private residential wells, and the homeowners have voluntarily elected to join the project. As part of their election to participate in the project, the homeowners have consented to having their groundwater wells destroyed.

A grant agreement is being developed and will be sent to you for approval. You are allowed to start incurring costs from January 18, 2018. No reimbursement will be issued until the contract agreement is executed.

If you have any questions or need additional information regarding the agreement, please contact Steve Doe by email at Steve.Doe@water.ca.gov or by phone at (559) 230-3348.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Kevin Faulkenberry'.

Kevin Faulkenberry, Chief
South Central Region Office

Executive Department

State of California

EXECUTIVE ORDER B-40-17

WHEREAS California has endured a severe multi-year drought that has threatened the water supplies of communities and residents, devastated agricultural production in many areas, and harmed fish, animals and their environmental habitats; and

WHEREAS Californians responded to the drought by conserving water at unprecedented levels, reducing water use in communities by more than 22% between June 2015 and January 2017; and

WHEREAS the State Water Resources Control Board, the Department of Water Resources, the Department of Fish and Wildlife, the Office of Emergency Services, and many other state agencies worked cooperatively to manage and mitigate the effects of the drought on our communities, businesses, and the environment; and

WHEREAS the State provided 66,344,584 gallons of water to fill water tanks for communities suffering through drought-related water shortages, outages, or contamination, and provided emergency assistance to drill wells and connect communities to more robust water systems; and

WHEREAS the State took a number of important actions to preserve and protect fish and wildlife resources, including stream and species population monitoring, fish rescues and relocations, infrastructure improvements at trout and salmon hatcheries, and infrastructure to provide critical habitat for waterfowl and terrestrial animals; and

WHEREAS the State established a Statewide Water Efficiency and Enhancement Program for agricultural operations that provides financial assistance for the implementation of irrigation systems that save water; and

WHEREAS water content in California's mountain snowpack is 164 percent of the season average; and

WHEREAS Lake Oroville, the State Water Project's principal reservoir, is 101 percent of average, Lake Shasta, the federal Central Valley Project's largest reservoir, is at 110 percent of average, and the great majority of California's other major reservoirs are above normal storage levels; and

WHEREAS despite winter precipitation, the effects of the drought persist in areas of the Central Valley, including groundwater depletion and subsidence; and

WHEREAS our changing climate requires California to continue to adopt and adhere to permanent changes to use water more wisely and to prepare for more frequent and persistent periods of limited water supply; and

WHEREAS increasing long-term water conservation among Californians, improving water use efficiency within the State's communities and agricultural production, and strengthening local and regional drought planning are critical to California's resilience to drought and climate change.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, EDMUND G. BROWN JR., Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the Constitution and statutes of the State of California, do hereby **TERMINATE THE JANUARY 17, 2014 DROUGHT STATE OF EMERGENCY** for all counties in California except the Counties of Fresno, Kings, Tulare, and Tuolumne.

I FURTHER ORDER THAT:

1. The orders and provisions contained in my April 25, 2014 Emergency Proclamation, as well as Executive Orders B-26-14, B-28-14, B-29-15, and B-36-15 are rescinded.
2. The orders and provisions contained in Executive Order B-37-16, **Making Water Conservation a California Way of Life**, remain in full force and effect except as modified by this Executive Order.
3. As required by the State Emergency Plan and Government Code section 8607(f), the Office of Emergency Services, in coordination with other state agencies, shall produce an after-action report detailing the State's response to the drought and any lessons learned in carrying out that response.

MAINTAINING CONSERVATION AS A WAY OF LIFE

4. The State Water Resources Control Board (Water Board) shall continue development of permanent prohibitions on wasteful water use and requirements for reporting water use by urban water agencies, and to provide a bridge to those permanent requirements, shall maintain the existing emergency regulations until they expire as provided by the Water Code. Permanent restrictions shall prohibit wasteful practices such as:
 - Hosing off sidewalks, driveways and other hardscapes;
 - Washing automobiles with hoses not equipped with a shut-off nozzle;
 - Using non-recirculated water in a fountain or other decorative water feature;
 - Watering lawns in a manner that causes runoff, or within 48 hours after measurable precipitation; and
 - Irrigating ornamental turf on public street medians.
5. The Water Board shall rescind those portions of its existing emergency regulations that require a water supply stress test or mandatory conservation standard for urban water agencies.

6. The Department of Water Resources (Department) shall continue work with the Water Board to develop standards that urban water suppliers will use to set new urban water use efficiency targets as directed by Executive Order B-37-16. Upon enactment of legislation, the Water Board shall adopt urban water use efficiency standards that include indoor use, outdoor use, and leaks as well as performance measures for commercial, industrial, and institutional water use. The Department shall provide technical assistance and urban landscape area data to urban water suppliers for determining efficient outdoor use.
7. The Water Board and the Department shall continue to direct actions to minimize water system leaks that waste large amounts of water. The Water Board, after funding projects to address health and safety, shall use loans from the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund to prioritize local projects that reduce leaks and other water system losses.
8. The Water Board and the Department shall continue to take actions to direct urban and agricultural water suppliers to accelerate their data collection, improve water system management, and prioritize capital projects to reduce water waste. The California Public Utilities Commission is requested to work with investor-owned water utilities to accelerate work to minimize leaks.
9. The Water Board is further directed to work with state agencies and water suppliers to identify mechanisms that would encourage and facilitate the adoption of rate structures and other pricing mechanisms that promote water conservation.
10. All state agencies shall continue response activities that may be needed to manage the lingering drought impacts to people and wildlife. State agencies shall increase efforts at building drought resiliency for the future, including evaluating lessons learned from this current drought, completing efforts to modernize our infrastructure for drought and water supply reliability, and shall take actions to improve monitoring of native fish and wildlife populations using innovative science and technology.

CONTINUED DROUGHT RESPONSE IN FRESNO, KINGS, TULARE, AND TUOLUMNE COUNTIES

11. The Water Board will continue to prioritize new and amended safe drinking water permits that enhance water supply and reliability for community water systems facing water shortages or that expand service connections to include existing residences facing water shortages.
12. The Department and the Water Board will accelerate funding for local water supply enhancement projects and will continue to explore if any existing unspent funds can be repurposed to enable near-term water conservation projects.
13. The Water Board will continue to work with local agencies to identify communities that may run out of drinking water, and will provide technical and financial assistance to help these communities address drinking water

shortages. It will also identify emergency interconnections that exist among the State's public water systems that can help these threatened communities. The Department, the Water Board, the Office of Emergency Services, and the Office of Planning and Research will work with local agencies in implementing solutions to those water shortages.

14. For actions taken in the Counties of Fresno, Kings, Tulare, and Tuolumne pursuant to directives 11–13, the provisions of the Government Code and the Public Contract Code applicable to state contracts, including, but not limited to, advertising and competitive bidding requirements, as well as Division 13 (commencing with section 21000) of the Public Resources Code and regulations adopted pursuant to that Division, are hereby suspended. These suspensions apply to any actions taken by state agencies, and for actions taken by local agencies where the state agency with primary responsibility for implementing the directive concurs that local action is required, as well as for any necessary permits or approvals required to complete these actions.
15. California Disaster Assistance Act Funding is authorized until June 30, 2017 to provide emergency water to individuals and households who are currently enrolled in the emergency water tank program.
16. State departments shall commence all drought remediation projects in Fresno, Kings, Tulare, and Tuolumne Counties within one year of the date of this Executive Order.

This Executive Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 7th day of April 2017.


EDMUND G. BROWN JR.
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State





CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Vacation of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue

SOURCE: Engineering and Project Management

COMMENT: This is the time and place set for the Public Hearing on the proposed vacation of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue as shown on Parcel Map No. 4343. The Tule River Economic Development Corporation (TREDC) owns all the adjacent land and has submitted a request to begin the vacation process.

The TREDC is in the process of developing the adjacent properties. In order for development to be processed, the subject streets must be vacated. The TREDC plans to construct a casino, hotel, and convention center. The development will provide new access onto the site and the needed emergency access within and through the subject site.

Vacating the streets will not affect other agencies or other utility companies. In addition to the vacation process, the City will require parcel merger(s) to occur prior to or simultaneously with the recording of the street abandonment. According to representatives from TREDC, all parcels will be merged into one, but applications have not yet been received. The parcel merger(s) shall occur in a manner consistent with the Porterville Municipal Code, General Plan, and all other applicable laws. No easement will be required by the City of Porterville to be reserved.

RECOMMENDATION: That City Council:

1. Adopt the draft Resolution of Vacation of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue located on Parcel Map No. 4343; and
2. Authorize the City Clerk to record the Resolution of Vacation.

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Draft Resolution
2. Exhibit A: Legal Description
3. Exhibit B1: Street Vacation Map
4. Exhibit B2: Storm Drain Easement Vacation Map
5. Exhibit B3: Sewer and Water Easement Vacation Map
6. Parcel Map No. 4343

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Javier Sanchez, Engineering & Project Management Director

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

RESOLUTION NO. - 2020

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE
ORDERING VACATION OF YOWLUMNE AVENUE, YAUDANCHI STREET, AND
WUKCHUMNI AVENUE RELATED TO PARCEL MAP NO. 4343

WHEREAS, on September 22, 2020, Tule River Economic Development Corporation (TREDC) formally requested the City to commence with street abandonment proceedings for Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue as shown on Parcel Map No. 4343;

WHEREAS, TREDC has paid all applicable City fees for said abandonment;

WHEREAS, Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue are developed streets intended to serve several parcels located adjacent to TREDC's development project;

WHEREAS, TREDC owns all the land fronting Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue on Parcel Map No. 4343; and

WHEREAS, TREDC will record a parcel merger(s) to removal all existing parcels prior to or simultaneously with the street abandonment. The parcel merger(s) shall occur in a manner consistent with the Porterville Municipal Code, General Plan, and all other applicable laws; and

WHEREAS, the City Council has the authority to vacate Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue encumbering Parcel Map No. 4343; and

WHEREAS, the City currently has existing utilities within Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue and utility easements across several parcels, but will not be reserving rights to said utilities and easements within Parcel Map No. 4343;

WHEREAS, the City contacted AT&T, Charter Communications, Southern California Edison, and Southern California Gas Company informing them of the proposed vacation of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue. Neither AT&T, Charter Communications, Southern California Edison, nor Southern California Gas Company have existing utilities within Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue.

WHEREAS, by Resolution No. 79-2020, passed on October 6th 2020, the Council of the City of Porterville declared its intention to vacate Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue, generally located between West Street and the airport, hereinafter more particularly described, and set the hour of 6:30 p.m. on the

3rd day of November, 2020, in the Council Chambers of said City as the time and place for hearing all persons objecting to the proposed vacation; and

WHEREAS, such public hearing has been held at said time and place, and there were no protests, oral or written, to such vacation;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED by the City Council of the City of Porterville as follows:

SECTION 1: The Council hereby finds, from all the evidence submitted, that the vacation of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue, hereinafter described are unnecessary for present or prospective use, and the City Council hereby makes its order vacating said Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue, which is described in the legal description and shown on the map attached hereto, marked Exhibit "A" Legal Description and Exhibits "B1", "B2", and "B3" Maps of all vacations and by reference made a part hereof.

SECTION 2: City staff shall verify that the City Clerk shall cause a copy of this resolution to be recorded in the office of the County Recorder of Tulare County, California.

SECTION 3: The City Clerk shall certify to the passage and adoption of this resolution and it shall thereupon take effect and be in force not sooner than the completion of any and all associated parcel merger(s) necessary to ensure compliance of all parcels with the Porterville Municipal Code, General Plan, and all other applicable laws.

PASSED, ADOPTED AND APPROVED this 3rd November, 2020.

Martha A. Flores, Mayor

ATTEST:
John D. Lollis, City Clerk

By: _____
Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk

EXHIBIT "A"

Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue and Public Utility Easement Vacation – Tule River Economic Development

That portion of Yowlumne Avenue, Yaudanchi Street, and Wukchumni Avenue as shown on a Parcel Map, filed in Book 44 of Official Records, at page 47, in the Office of the County Recorder of said County, situated in the South half of the Northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 22 South, Range 27 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, in the City of Porterville, County of Tulare, State of California, more particularly described as follows:

Streets

BEGINNING AT the northwest corner of parcel 1 as shown on Parcel Map 4343;

THENCE, along the west line of said parcel 1, said point being on the westerly right of way line of West Road, South $00^{\circ} 33' 55''$ West, a distance of 229.49 feet; to the beginning of a curve concave northeasterly, having a radius of 30.00 feet, a central angle of $90^{\circ} 58' 00''$, and an arc length of 47.63 feet; said point also being the **TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING**;

THENCE, southwesterly along said curve a distance of 47.63;

THENCE, South $89^{\circ} 35' 55''$ West, a distance of 786.88 feet; to the beginning of a curve concave northwesterly, having a radius of 50.00 feet, a central angle of $25^{\circ} 01' 58''$, and an arc length of 21.85 feet;

THENCE, northeasterly along said curve a distance of 21.85, to the beginning of a reverse curve concave southwesterly, having a radius of 50.00 feet, a central angle of $141^{\circ} 01' 56''$, and an arc length of 123.07 feet;

THENCE, northeasterly along said curve a distance of 123.07, to the beginning of a reverse curve concave southeasterly, having a radius of 50.00 feet, a central angle of $25^{\circ} 01' 58''$, and an arc length of 21.85 feet;

THENCE, southwesterly along said curve a distance of 21.58;

THENCE, South $00^{\circ} 33' 55''$ West, a distance of 474.66 feet, to the beginning of a curve concave northeasterly, having a radius of 50.00 feet, a central angle of $25^{\circ} 01' 58''$, and an arc length of 21.85 feet;

THENCE, southeasterly along said curve a distance of 21.58, to the beginning of a reverse curve concave northwesterly, having a radius of 50.00 feet, a central angle of $139^{\circ} 05' 56''$, and an arc length of 121.39 feet;

THENCE, southwesterly along said curve a distance of 121.39, to the beginning of a reverse curve concave southwesterly, having a radius of 50.00 feet, a central angle of $25^{\circ} 01' 58''$, and an arc length of 21.85 feet;

THENCE, southwesterly along said curve a distance of 21.58;

THENCE, North 89° 35'55" East, a distance of 789.26 feet; to the beginning of a curve concave southeasterly, having a radius of 30.00 feet, a central angle of 89° 02' 00", and an arc length of 46.62 feet;

THENCE, southwesterly along said curve a distance of 46.62, to a point of tangency along the westerly right of way line of West Road;

THENCE, along the prolongation of said westerly right of way line, North 00° 33'55" East, a distance of 120.02, to the beginning of a curve concave southeasterly, having a radius of 30.00 feet, a central angle of 90° 58' 00", and an arc length of 47.63 feet;

THENCE, southeasterly along said curve a distance of 47.63 feet;

THENCE, South 89° 35'55" West, a distance of 780.98 feet; to the beginning of a curve concave northwesterly, having a radius of 30.00 feet, a central angle of 89° 02' 00", and an arc length of 46.62 feet;

THENCE, northeasterly along said curve a distance of 46.62 feet;

THENCE, North 00° 33'55" East, a distance of 459.99, to the beginning of a curve concave southwesterly, having a radius of 30.00 feet, a central angle of 90° 58' 00", and an arc length of 47.63 feet;

THENCE, northwesterly along said curve a distance of 47.63 feet;

THENCE, North 89° 35'55" East, a distance of 780.98 feet; to the beginning of a curve concave southeasterly, having a radius of 30.00 feet, a central angle of 89° 02' 00", and an arc length of 46.62 feet;

THENCE, southwesterly along said curve a distance of 46.62 feet, to a point of tangency along the westerly right of way line of West Road;

THENCE, along the prolongation of said westerly right of way line, North 00° 33'55" East, a distance of 120.02, said point also being the **TRUE POINT OF BEGINNING**.

Containing 141,903.57 square feet.

Vacation Public Utility Easement

An easement for storm drain in that portion of the Parcel Map, filed in Book 44 of Official Records, at page 47, in the Office of the County Recorder of said County, situated in the South half of the Northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 22 South, Range 27 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, in the City of Porterville, County of Tulare, State of California, more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING AT the southeast corner of parcel 3 as shown on Parcel Map 4343;

The West 15 feet of the North 00° 35'55" east, a distance of 260.00 feet; to the northerly right of way line said parcel 3.

An easement for sewer and water line situated in that portion of the Parcel Map, filed in Book 44 of Official Records, at page 47, in the Office of the County Recorder of said County, situated in the South half of the Northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 22 South, Range 27 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, in the City of Porterville, County of Tulare, State of California, more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING AT the southwest corner of parcel 5 as shown on Parcel Map 4343;

The South 20 feet of the North 33° 11'35" East, a distance of 310.82 feet; to the northerly right of way line said parcel 5, then along the northerly right of way line of parcel 5, North 33° 11'35" East, a distance of 445.00 feet;

An easement for water line situated in that portion of the Parcel Map, filed in Book 44 of Official Records, at page 47, in the Office of the County Recorder of said County, situated in the South half of the Northeast quarter of Section 8, Township 22 South, Range 27 East, Mount Diablo Base and Meridian, in the City of Porterville, County of Tulare, State of California, more particularly described as follows:

BEGINNING AT the southwest corner of parcel 8 as shown on Parcel Map 4343;

The West 15 feet of the North 00° 35'55" east, a distance of 261.87 feet; to the northerly right of way line said parcel 8.

END OF DESCRIPTION

This real property description has been prepared by me, or under my direction, in conformance with the Professional Land Surveyor's Act.

Signature: _____
Licensed Land Surveyor (RCE 23042 – Exp 12-31-21)

Date: _____

STREET VACATION

STREET VACATIONS OF YOWLUMNE AVENUE, YAUDANCHI STREET AND WUKCHUMNI AVENUE AS DEDICATED PER PARCEL MAP NO. 4343, RECORDED IN BOOK 44 AT PAGE 47, T.C.R. SITUATED IN THE SOUTH HALF OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SECTION 8, TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, MOUNT DIABLO BASE AND MERIDIAN, IN THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE, COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

AREA OF STREETS TO BE VACATED 141,904 SQUARE FEET 3.26 ACRES

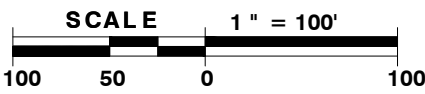
LEGEND

ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANCES ARE RECORD PER PARCEL MAP 4343 OR DERIVED THEREOF

↖ LOT NUMBER PER PARCEL MAP 4343



N O R T H



Curve Table				
Curve #	Length	Radius	Delta	Tangent
C1	46.62	30.00	89°02'	29.50
C2	21.85	50.00	25°02'	11.10
C3	121.39	50.00	139°06'	134.08
C4	21.85	50.00	25°02'	11.10
C5	21.85	50.00	25°02'	11.10
C6	123.07	50.00	141°02'	141.32
C7	21.85	50.00	25°02'	11.10
C8	47.63	30.00	90°58'	30.51
C9	46.62	30.00	89°02'	29.50
C10	47.63	30.00	90°58'	30.51
C11	46.62	30.00	89°02'	29.50
C12	47.63	30.00	90°58'	30.51



EASEMENT VACATION

EASEMENT FOR DRAINAGE FACILITIES ACROSS PARCEL 3 AS DEDICATED TO THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE PER PARCEL MAP NO. 4343, RECORDED IN BOOK 44 AT PAGE 47, T.C.R. SITUATED IN THE SOUTH HALF OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SECTION 8, TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, MOUNT DIABLO BASE AND MERIDIAN, IN THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE, COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

AREA OF EASEMENT TO BE VACATED 3,900 SQUARE FEET 0.09 ACRE

LEGEND

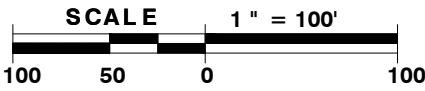
ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANCES ARE RECORD PER PARCEL MAP 4343 OR DERIVED THEREOF



LOT NUMBER PER PARCEL MAP 4343



N O R T H



EASEMENT VACATION

EASEMENT VACATIONS FOR SEWER AND WATER FACILITIES ACROSS PARCELS 5 AND 8 DEDICATED TO THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE PER PARCEL MAP NO. 4343, RECORDED IN BOOK 44 AT PAGE 47, T.C.R. SITUATED IN THE SOUTH HALF OF THE NORTHEAST QUARTER OF SECTION 8, TOWNSHIP 22 SOUTH, RANGE 27 EAST, MOUNT DIABLO BASE AND MERIDIAN, IN THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE, COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

AREA OF EASEMENTS TO BE VACATED 18,854 SQUARE FEET 0.43 ACRE

LEGEND

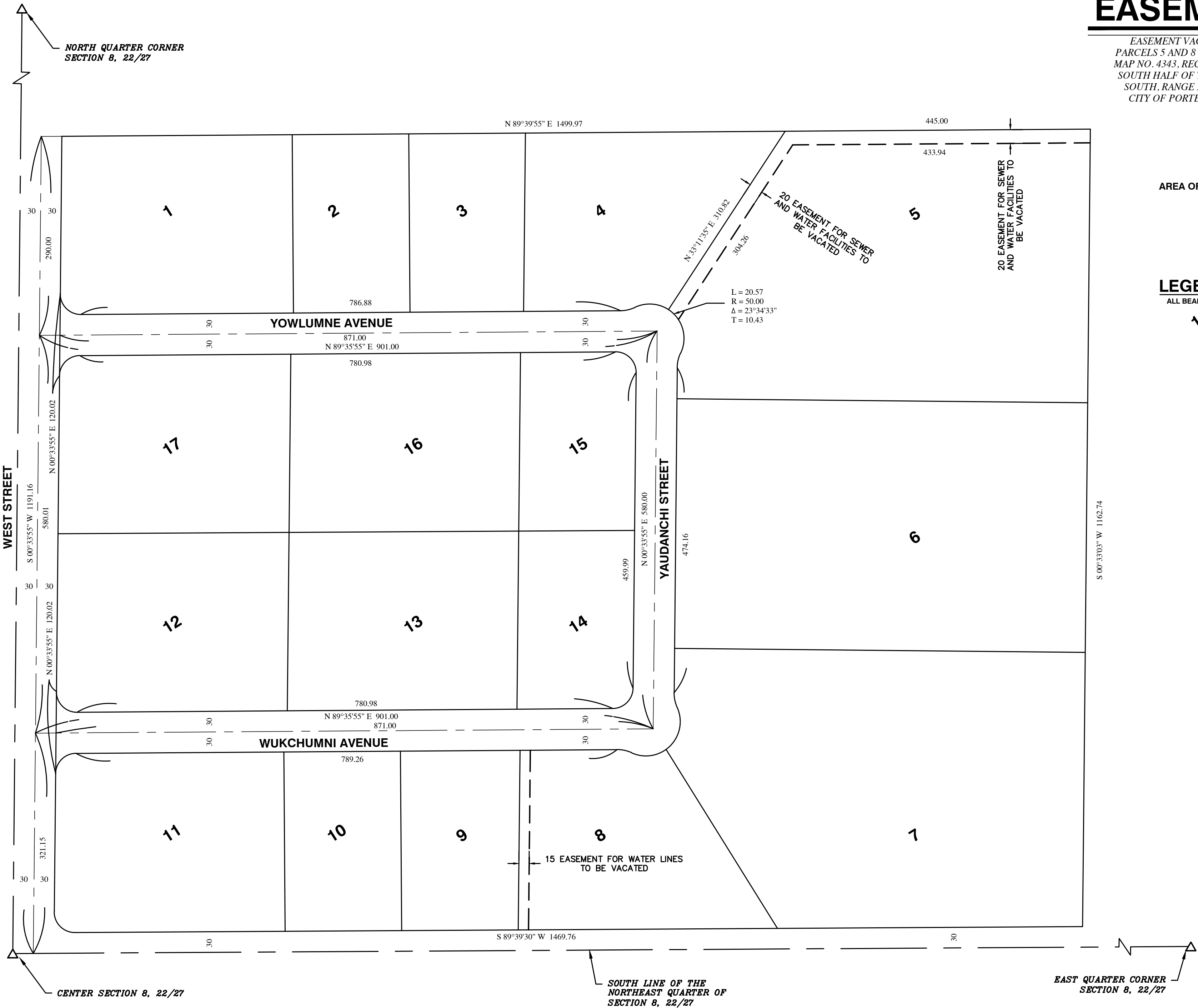
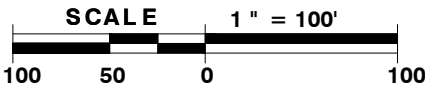
ALL BEARINGS AND DISTANCES ARE RECORD PER PARCEL MAP 4343 OR DERIVED THEREOF



LOT NUMBER PER PARCEL MAP 4343



N O R T H



"For Certificate
of Correction"
Doc. No. 1999-0061851
Date August 12, 1999

"For Certificate
of Correction"
Doc. No. 1999-0041612
Date June 1, 1999

47

TPM 6-92

PARCEL MAP NO. 4343

BEING A DIVISION OF PARCEL ONE OF P.M. No. 3824 AS PER MAP RECORDED IN BOOK 39, PAGE 27 OF MAPS, T.C.R., SITUATED IN THE SOUTH/2 OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4 OF SECTION 8, T.22S., R.27E., M.D.B. & M., IN THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE, COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

for:

Tule River Economic
Development Corp.
837 NORTH MAIN STREET
PORTERVILLE, CALIFORNIA 93257

by:

JAMES WINTON & ASSOCIATES
150 WEST MORTON AVENUE
PORTERVILLE, CALIFORNIA 93257

SURVEYOR'S STATEMENT

THIS MAP WAS PREPARED BY ME OR UNDER MY DIRECTION AND IS BASED UPON A FIELD SURVEY IN CONFORMANCE WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT AND LOCAL ORDINANCE AT THE REQUEST OF T.R.E.D.C. ON JULY 27, 1999. I HEREBY STATE THAT THIS PARCEL MAP SUBSTANTIALLY CONFORMS TO THE APPROVED OR CONDITIONALLY APPROVED TENTATIVE MAP, IF ANY, ALL MONUMENTS ARE OF THE CHARACTER AND OCCUPY THE POSITIONS INDICATED AND ARE SUFFICIENT TO ENABLE THE SURVEY TO BE RETRACED.

CITY ENGINEER'S STATEMENT

THIS MAP CONFORMS WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE SUBDIVISION MAP ACT AND LOCAL ORDINANCE.

DATED: 1-8-1999

PLANNING DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT

I HEREBY STATE ON BEHALF OF THE PARCEL MAP COMMITTEE THAT THIS FINAL PARCEL MAP CONFORMS TO THE APPROVED TENTATIVE PARCEL MAP No. 6-92

DATED: JANUARY 8, 1999

COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER'S STATEMENT

I, MIKE COFFIELD ACTING COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER-CLERK OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS OF THE COUNTY OF TULARE, DO HEREBY STATE THAT SAID BOARD OF SUPERVISORS HAS APPROVED THE PROVISIONS MADE FOR THE PAYMENT OF TAXES AS PROVIDED IN DIVISION 2 OF TITLE 7 OF THE GOVERNMENT CODE OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

DATED: Feb. 12, 1999

RECORDER'S STATEMENT

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99-010266

FEE PAID: \$8.00

FILED THIS 17th DAY OF FEBRUARY, 1999, AT 8:00 AM IN BOOK 44
OF PARCEL MAPS, AT PAGE 47 AT THE REQUEST OF CHICAGO TITLE CO.

GREGORY B. HARDCASTLE, Tulare County Assessor/Clerk-Recorder

CITY CLERK'S STATEMENT

THIS IS TO STATE THAT AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE HELD ON THE 13th DAY OF JAN, 1999, AN ORDER WAS DULY AND REGULARLY MADE AND ENTERED APPROVING THIS MAP, VEHICULAR ACCESS RIGHTS AND EASEMENTS AND ACCEPTING, SUBJECT TO IMPROVEMENTS, ON BEHALF OF THE PUBLIC THE STREET DEDICATION AS SHOWN AND INDICATED WITHIN THE BOUNDARIES OF THE SUBDIVISION SHOWN UPON THIS MAP.

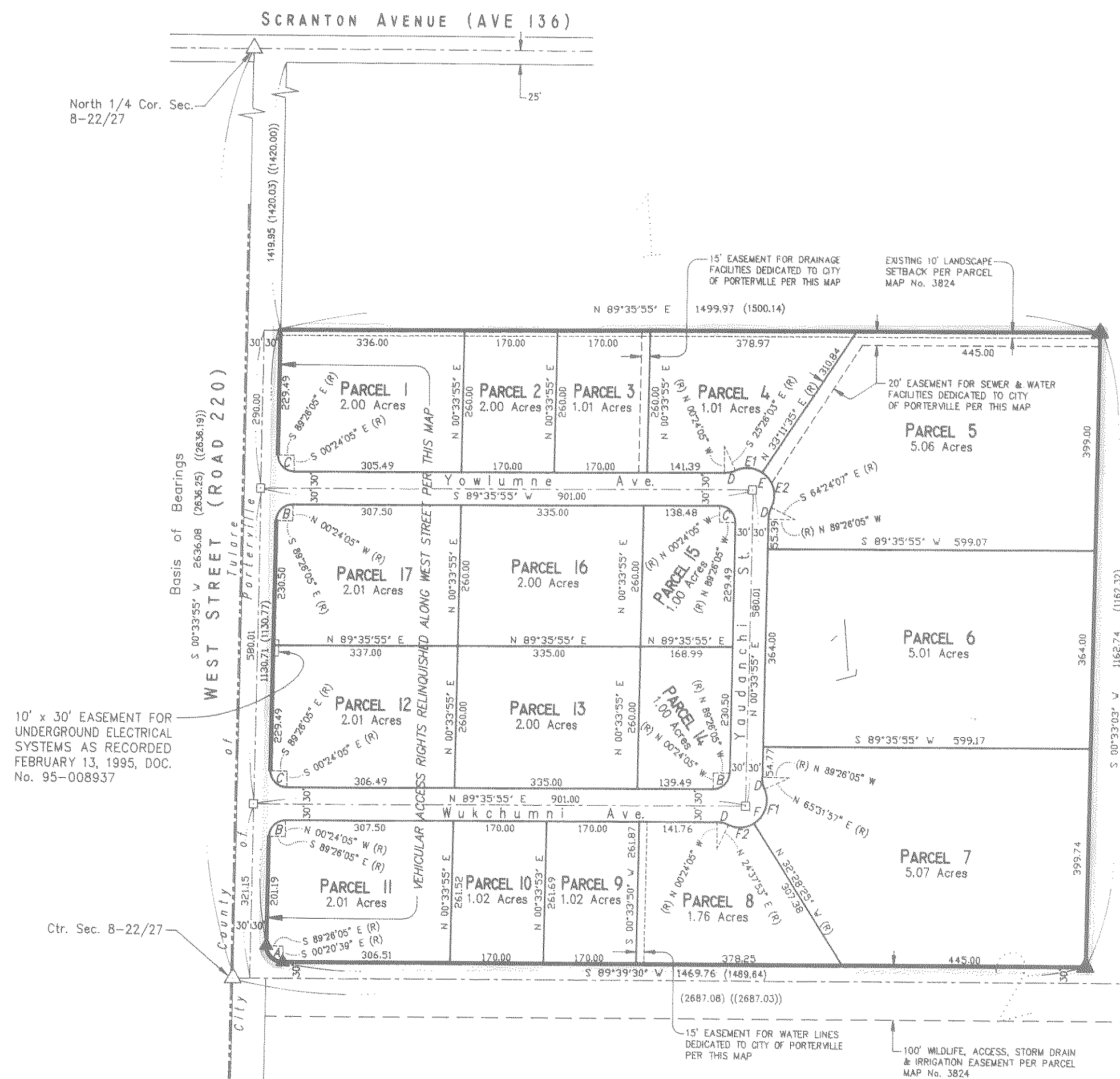
WITNESS MY HAND AND OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE THIS 8th DAY OF JAN, 1999

OWNER'S STATEMENT

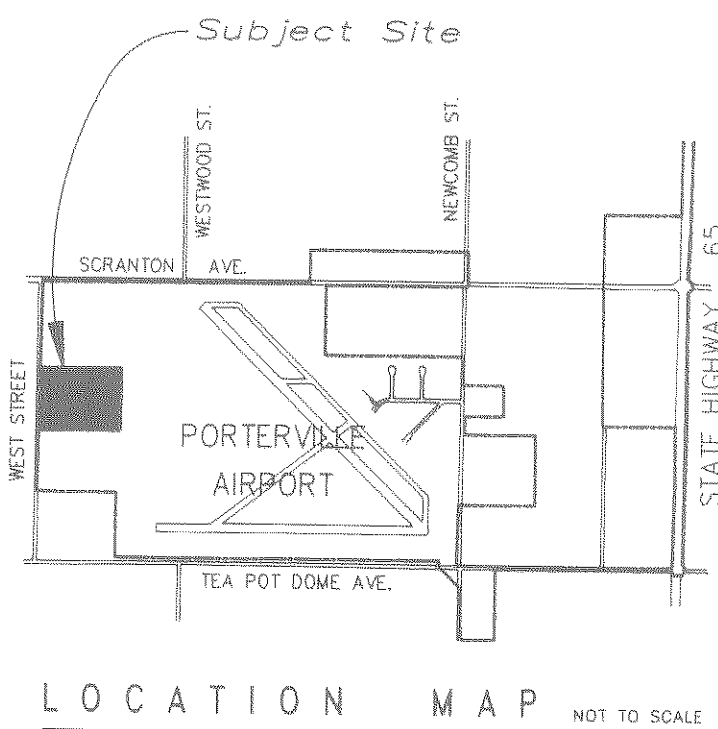
WE HEREBY STATE THAT WE ARE THE OWNERS OF, OR HAVE SOME RIGHT, TITLE OR INTEREST IN AND TO, THE REAL PROPERTY SHOWN ON THIS PARCEL MAP AND THAT WE ARE THE ONLY PERSONS WHOSE CONSENT IS NECESSARY FOR THE MAKING AND FILING OF SAID PARCEL MAP AS SHOWN WITHIN THE BLUE BORDER LINES HEREON. WE CONSENT TO THE RECORDING OF SAID MAP AND HEREBY OFFER TO DEDICATE TO PUBLIC USE THE STREET RIGHTS OF WAYS, AND THE EASEMENTS AND VEHICULAR ACCESS RIGHTS RELINQUISHMENTS, SHOWN HEREON AS A DEDICATION TO THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE.

Tule River Economic Development Corp.

BY: Richard M. McDarment Sr.
RICHARD M. MCDARMENT SR.
VICE CHAIRMAN
TULE RIVER TRIBAL COUNCIL



- ### LEGEND
- ALL DISTANCES SHOWN ARE IN FEET AND DECIMALS THEREOF, UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED.
- ▲ FD. 3/4" I.P. TAGGED R.C.E. 20186 PER PARCEL MAP No. 3824
 - △ FD. B.C. MONUMENT IN MONUMENT WELL PER PARCEL MAP No. 3824
 - SET CITY OF PORTERVILLE STANDARD STREET MONUMENT
 - SET 3/4" I.P. TAGGED R.C.E. 16094 AT ALL LOT CORNERS U.O.N.
 - RECORD DISTANCE PER PARCEL MAP No. 3824
 - RECORD DISTANCE PER PARCEL MAP No. 2881, R/M 29/82
 - PARCEL No'S. PER PARCEL MAP No. 2881
 - PARCEL No'S. PER PARCEL MAP No. 3824



East 1/4 Corner
Section 8-22/27;
Mon. not searched for

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF TULARE

ON January 30, 1999, BEFORE ME, Donna Shamley, a Notary Public,
PERSONALLY APPEARED RICHARD M. MCDARMENT SR.
☒ PERSONALLY KNOWN TO ME - OR - ☐ PROVED TO ME ON THE BASIS OF SATISFACTORY EVIDENCE
TO BE THE PERSONS WHOSE NAMES I/S. SUBSCRIBED TO THE WITHIN INSTRUMENT AND
ACKNOWLEDGED TO ME THAT THEY EXECUTED THE SAME IN THEIR AUTHORIZED CAPACITIES,
AND THAT BY THEIR SIGNATURES ON THE INSTRUMENT THE PERSONS, OR THE ENTITY UPON
BEHALF OF WHICH THE PERSONS ACTED, EXECUTED THE INSTRUMENT.

WITNESS MY HAND AND OFFICIAL SEAL.

Donna Shamley DONNA SHAMLEY
SIGNATURE PRINT NAME

COUNTY OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: Tulare

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: SEPT. 22, 1999

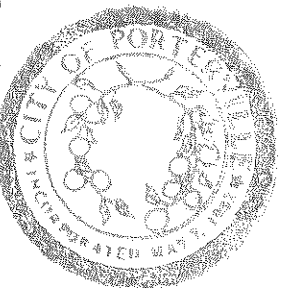
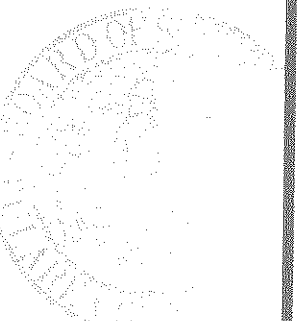
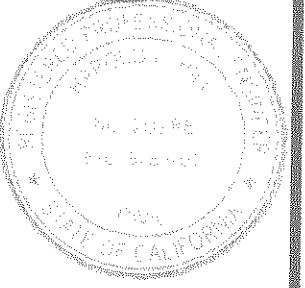
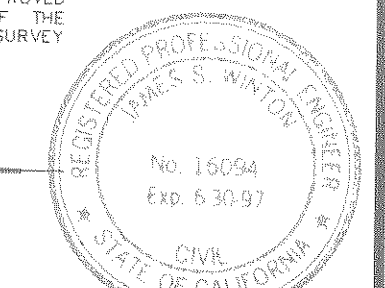
CURVE DATA			
	R	Δ	L
A	30.00	90°54'34"	47.60
B	30.00	89°02'00"	46.62
C	30.00	90°58'00"	47.63
D	50.00	25°01'58"	21.85
E	50.00	141°01'56"	123.07
E1	50.00	58°37'38"	51.16
E2	50.00	82°24'18"	71.92
F	50.00	139°05'56"	121.39
F1	50.00	81°59'38"	71.55
F2	50.00	57°06'18"	49.83

BASIS OF BEARINGS

THE WEST LINE OF THE NORTHEAST 1/4
OF SECTION 8-22/27 TAKEN AS:

N 00°33'55" E

PER PARCEL MAP No. 3824, R/M 39/27



95870
2-22-99



1999-0041612

RECORDING REQUESTED BY
AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

JAMES WINTON & ASSOCIATES
150 W. MORTON AVE.
PORTERVILLE, CA 93257

Recorded
Official Records
County Of
Tulare
GREGORY B. HARDCASTLE
Recorder

REC FEE 10.00

08:01AM 01-Jun-1999

NB
Page 1 of 2

WHEN RECORDED POST TO MAP
LISTED BELOW

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

STATE OF CALIFORNIA }
COUNTY OF TULARE } S.S.

JAMES S. WINTON, being duly sworn, deposes and says:
(Name of Engineer or Surveyor)

That the following correction to Parcel Map No. 4343, as filed in Book 44 of Parcel Maps, at Page 47, in the Office of the Recorder are made by me, in accordance with Section 66469 of Subdivision Map Act:

The area of Parcel 2 shown as 2.00 acres should be 1.01 acres.

Date: May 20, 1999

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF TULARE

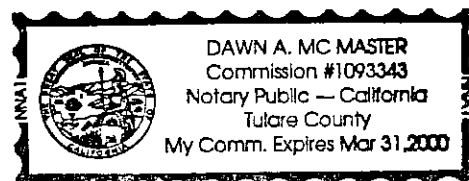


James S. Winton
JAMES S. WINTON, RCE 16094

On May 20, 1999, before me, Dawn A. McMaster
personally appeared JAMES S. WINTON, personally known to me or proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to the within instrument and acknowledgment to be that he/she/they executed the same in his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Dawn A. McMaster
Signature of Notary



Listed below are the present fee owners of the property affected by the correction or addition:

Tule River Economic Development Corporation

CERTIFICATE OF CITY ENGINEER

This is to certify the above Certificate of Correction has been examined for compliance with Section 66469 of the Subdivision Map Act.

Date: 5 - 24 - 99

Harold L. Hill
CITY ENGINEER
CITY OF PORTERVILLE



1999-0061851

2
N

RECORDING REQUESTED BY
AND WHEN RECORDED MAIL TO:

JAMES WINTON & ASSOCIATES
150 W. MORTON AVE.
PORTERVILLE, CA 93257

Recorded
Official Records
County Of
Tulare
GREGORY B. HARDCASTLE
Recorder

REC FEE 10.00

09:01AM 12-Aug-1999 NC
Page 1 of 2

WHEN RECORDED POST TO MAP
LISTED BELOW

SPACE ABOVE THIS LINE FOR RECORDER'S USE

CERTIFICATE OF CORRECTION

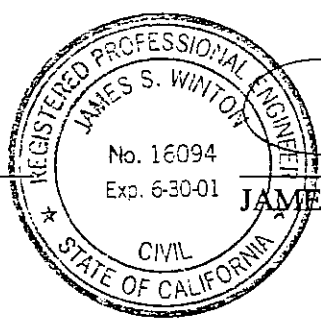
STATE OF CALIFORNIA }
COUNTY OF TULARE } S.S.

JAMES S. WINTON, being duly sworn, deposes and says:
(Name of Engineer or Surveyor)

That the following correction to Parcel Map No. 4343, as filed in Book 44 of Parcel
Maps, at Page 47, in the Office of the Recorder are made by me, in accordance with
Section 66469 of Subdivision Map Act:

The area of Parcel 4 shown as 1.01 acres should be 1.75 acres.

Date: July 30, 1999



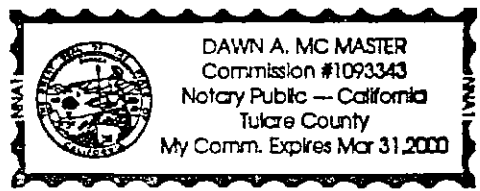
[Signature]
JAMES S. WINTON, RCE 16094

STATE OF CALIFORNIA
COUNTY OF TULARE

On July 30, 1999, before me, Dawn A. McMaster
personally appeared JAMES S. WINTON, personally known to me or proved to
me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) whose name(s) is/are subscribed to
the within instrument and acknowledgment to be that he/she/they executed the same in
his/her/their authorized capacity(ies), and that by his/her/their signature(s) on the instrument the
person(s), or the entity upon behalf of which the person(s) acted, executed the instrument.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Dawn A. McMaster
Signature of Notary



Listed below are the present fee owners of the property affected by the correction or addition:

Tule River Economic Development Corporation

CERTIFICATE OF CITY ENGINEER

This is to certify the above Certificate of Correction has been examined for compliance with Section 66469 of the Subdivision Map Act.

Date: 8-2-99

Harold L. Hill
CITY ENGINEER
CITY OF PORTERVILLE





CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Second Reading - Ordinance No. 1877 - Approving Zone Change (PRC 2020-020-Z) from RS-1 (Very Low Density Residential) to RS-2 (Low Density Residential)

SOURCE: Administrative Services

COMMENT: Ordinance No. 1877, An Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Porterville Approving Zone Change (PRC 2020-020-Z) from RS-1 (Very Low Density Residential) to RS-2 (Low Density Residential), was adopted on October 20, 2020, and has been printed.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council give Second Reading to Ordinance 1877, waive further reading, and adopt said Ordinance.

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Ordinance No. 1877

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Patrice Hildreth, Deputy City Manager

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

ORDINANCE NO. 1877

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE APPROVING ZONE CHANGE (PRC 2019-020-Z) FROM RS-1 (VERY LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL) TO RS-2 (LOW DENSITY RESIDENTIAL) FOR THAT 11.5± ACRE SITE LOCATED GENERALLY AT THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF LINDA VISTA AVENUE AND NEWCOMB STREET

WHEREAS: The City Council of the City of Porterville at its regularly scheduled meeting of October 6, 2020, conducted a public hearing to approve findings and consider Zone Change (PRC 2019-020) being a change in zone from RS-1 (Very Low Density Residential) to RS-2 (Low Density Residential) for one parcel, totaling 11.5± acres, to support the project located on the west side of Newcomb Street, south of Linda Vista Avenue, identified as APN 243-130- 042; and

WHEREAS: At the conclusion of the public hearing, the City Council moved to continue the item to the meeting of October 20, 2020 to allow for additional deliberation; and

WHEREAS: The City Council of the City of Porterville determined that the proposed Zone Change (PRC 2019-020) is consistent with the guiding and implementation policies of the adopted 2030 General Plan; and

WHEREAS: On October 20, 2020, the City Council approved a Mitigated Negative Declaration of environmental impact for the proposed project; and

WHEREAS: The City Council made the following findings that the proposed project will advance the goals and objectives of and is consistent with the policies of the General Plan and any other applicable plan that the City has adopted.

- a. The project supports and complies with the following General Plan guiding policies:
 - LU-G-1: Promote a sustainable, balanced land use pattern that responds to existing needs and future needs of the City.
 - LU-G-3: Promote sustainability in the design and development of public and private development projects.
 - LU-G-5: Ensure that new development pays for the public facilities and infrastructure improvements required to meet the demands resulting from that growth.
 - PSCF-G-1: Establish and maintain a high-quality, enjoyable, and attractive park system for the entire community.
 - PSCF-G-2: Provide park and recreation facilities within close proximity to residents they are intended to serve.
 - C-G-1: Promote safe and efficient vehicular circulation
- b. Development of the site as proposed would be subject to the City's development standards.

- d. The subject Zone Change will not create adverse environmental impacts on the adjacent neighborhood when standards of the Development Ordinance and General Plan are applied to the subsequent development project.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED: That the City Council of the City of Porterville does ordain as follows:

Section 1: That the following described property in the City of Porterville, County of Tulare, State of California, known as Zone Change PRC 2019-020, is hereby rezoned from RS-1 (Very Low Density Residential) to RS-2 (Low Density Residential), pursuant to Section 2 below, for the parcel described herein as Assessor's Parcel Numbers 243-130-042 located generally at the southwest corner of Linda Vista Ave. and Newcomb St.; and

Section 2: It is further ordained that all records of the City of Porterville, together with the official zoning map of the City of Porterville, shall be changed to show the above described real property is rezoned from RS-1 (Very Low Density Residential) to RS-1 (Low Density Residential) for the parcel described above, more particularly shown on the attached map as Exhibit "A".

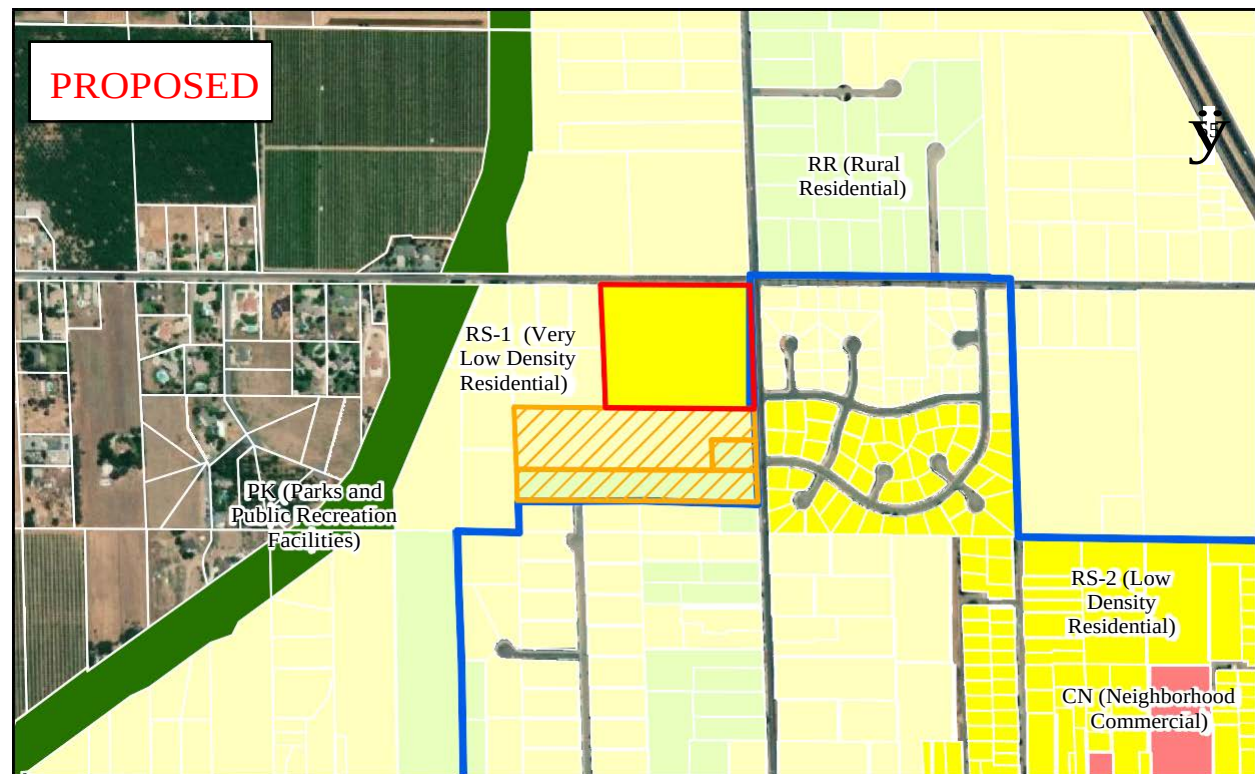
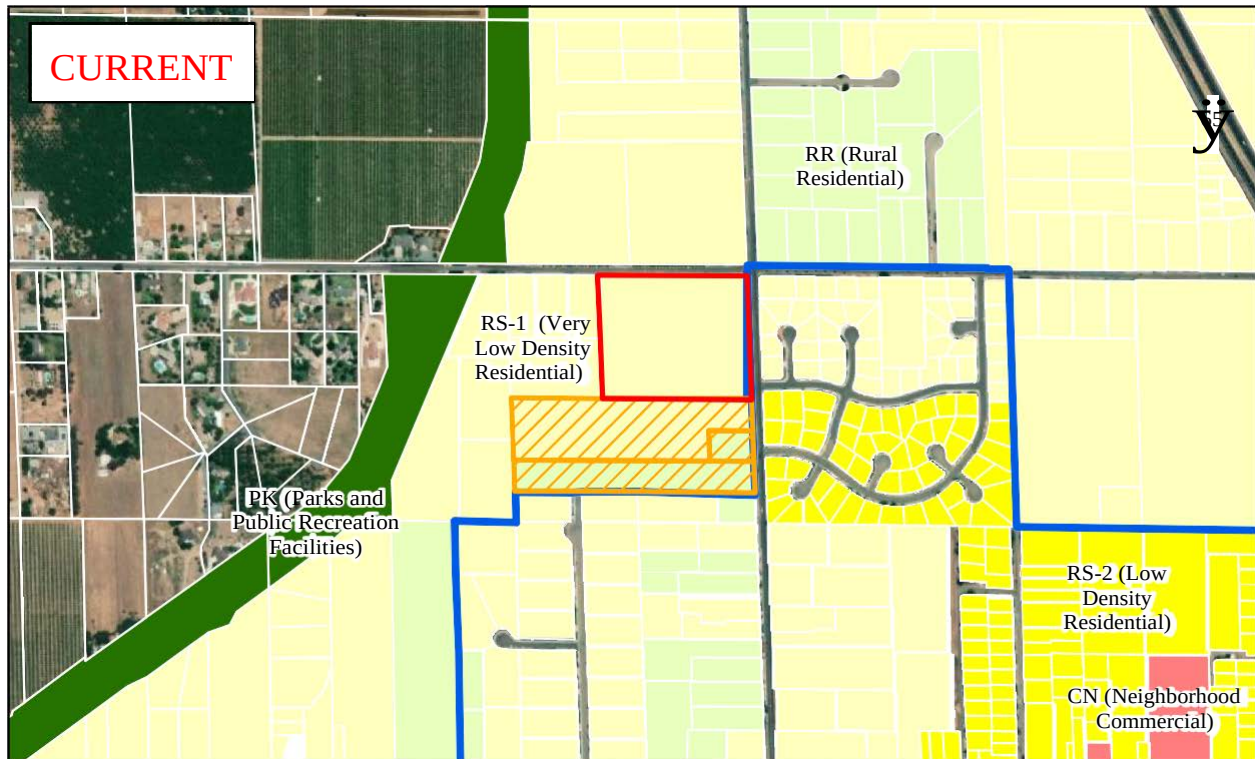
PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 3rd day of November, 2020.

Martha A. Flores, Mayor

ATTEST:
John D. Lollis, City Clerk

By: _____
Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk

Zoning PRC 2019-020



Citrus Blossom TSM
@ SWC of Linda Vista Ave.
and Newcomb St

1 in = 1,000 feet

- Annexation
- UBD Change
- City Limits





CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Review of Cannabis Business Operating Permit Application Scores

SOURCE: City Attorney

COMMENT In accordance with the procedures established by City Council via the approved Request
: for Proposals and recommendations received from the Cannabis Ad Hoc Committee, review and analysis of the proposals is complete.

As authorized by the Council, its third party reviewer, HdL reviewed the proposals on the basis of set criteria, including the applicants' 1) business operations plan and statement of qualifications; 2) verifiable detailed description of person and type of resources, including financial resources, committed to implement their respective proposals; 3) summary of security practices; 4) local ownership program; and 5) proposed schedule.

At its special meeting on October 22, 2020, the Council conducted interviews of the qualifying RFP applicants for the two available Cannabis Business Operating Permits. The Council determined that it would conduct these interviews without any knowledge as to how each applicant had been scored by the third party reviewer. The order of interviews was chosen via lottery, and the teams interviewed in the following order:

Haven
Uncle Green
Culture Cannabis Club
Element 7
Tule River Economic Development Corporation
Bloom Farms

Applicants conducted fifteen (15) minute uninterrupted narrated presentation, with a fifteen (15) minute question and answer period. One additional question was added to this period as follows: "Please identify what COVID measures your business will provide to protect the safety and health of your employees and customers. What control measures will be put in place to eliminate or reduce COVID exposures?"

As also authorized by the Council, each Member of Council could award up to five (5) points to each applicant for their interview presentation and answers, with a maximum of twenty-five (25) points available to award each applicant. The Council adopted a point scale based on the following:

1 to 2 points Applicant failed to adequately response to Council's questions
3 to 4 points Applicant's response to Council's questions met expectations
5 points Applicant's response to Council's questions was exceptional and far exceed

Item No. 9.

expectations

As agreed at the beginning of the special meeting, each Member of Council provided their individual scores to the City Attorney via email at the conclusion of the interviews no later than one half hour after the end of the meeting.

The following table illustrates the breakdown and overall scores for all of the applicants who submitted completed applications to the City, including one application that did not meet the minimum scoring criteria to be considered for interviews:

	Third Party Reviewer	Mayor Flores	Vice Mayor Reyes	Council member Stowe	Council member Penaloza	Council member Gurrola	Total
Haven	78	4	3	5	4	4	98
Uncle Green	75.6	3	2	3	3.5	3	90.1
Culture Cannabis Club	71	4	5	4	4.5	5	93.5
Element 7	73	4	2	5	5	3	92
TREDC	65	3	3	3	4	5	83
Bloom Farms	68	4	1	2	4.5	4	83.5
Central CA Cannabis	51	-	-	-	-	-	51

The two highest ranking overall scores are Haven Porterville, with an overall score of 98, and Culture Cannabis Club, with an overall score of 93.5.

Haven #7 LLC dba "Haven Porterville's" proposed location in Porterville is 1 West Morton Avenue (formerly Letsinger Real Estate Center). The local business owner is Hussain Rayani, and the operators are Michael and Mark Simonian.

Coast to Coast Caregivers Corp dba "Culture Cannabis Club's" proposed location is 230-232 North Main Street, The local property and business owner is Jovita Franklin, who is proposed to operate the business with Christopher Fancy.

RECOMMENDATION: Based on the overall scoring, staff recommends that the City Council begin negotiations of a Development Agreement with Haven Porterville and Culture Cannabis Club, or provide further direction as determined.

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Haven
2. Culture Cannabis Club

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

Executive Summary

Haven dispensaries are a safe space to explore, discover and experience all things cannabis. Haven provides the most enjoyable cannabis buying experience through moments of authenticity, wellness and exploration.

Owners / Qualifications

- **Local Owner** - Hussain Rayani 30+ year resident and local business owner.
- **Operations Team** - 40 collective years of cannabis business operations experience.
 - o Michael & Mark Simonian currently operate 5 additional Haven locations in Southern California. Their experience includes:
 - Overseeing the day-to-day operations
 - Hiring, properly training, and overseeing staff
 - Managing all legal compliance
 - Implementing all safety and security procedures
 - Drafting and adhering to budgets
 - Overseeing inventory control

Understanding & Approach

COMMUNITY INTEGRATION PLAN

- **Community Relations**
 - o Letter campaign / Community surveys
 - o Door-to-door canvassing / Open house
 - o 24 -hour community liaison
- **Community Benefit Plan**
 - o 100% local hire
 - o Volunteer hours
 - o Donation drives
 - o Monetary donations
- **Community Partnership Plan**
 - o Source local services
 - o Neighborhood customer discount program

Business Operations

HAVEN'S MISSION

Haven's mission, to provide the most enjoyable cannabis buying experience, made through moments of authenticity, wellness and exploration is achieved in each of Haven's locations.

- **Marketing / Advertising**
 - o SEO, social media, email, text, loyalty program
- **Product Procurement**
 - o Strict vetting process, proper testing required
 - o Sativa, Indica, hybrid strains
 - o 130 brands and over 1100 products
- **Labor and Employment**
 - o Employee Training
 - 5-10 day thorough on-site training
 - o Wages / Benefits
 - At least \$15 p/h & full benefits
- **3 Point Education Plan**
 - o Employee, customer, community education opportunities - year round
 - o In-store, on-line, telephonic, printed resources
- **Standard Operating Procedures**
 - o Product Quality Control, Packaging, Labeling
 - o Enhanced Product Safety
 - o Product Recall
 - o Testing
 - o Track & Trace / POS Software
 - o Odor Control / Waste Management
 - o Environmentally Conscious Business

Safety / Security

- **Safety Plan**
 - o Emergency preparedness; Fire safety and evacuation plans & drills; Accident/incident reporting; Employee training & response procedures; Hazard communication requirements.
- **Security Plan**
 - o Security guard services; 25 camera surveillance / Intrusion detection & alarm system; Cash handling & transportation plan; Inventory control & product security; Ingress/Egress access control; Perimeter security; Extensive employee training.

Budget / Funding / Taxes

- **Start-up Budget**
 - o \$642K
 - Design, vaults, exterior, interior, fixtures, IT
- **Gross Revenue**
 - o Year 1 - \$2.25M
 - o Year 2 - \$2.7M
 - o Year 3 - \$3.25M
- **Tax Revenue**
 - o Year 1 - \$102K
 - o Year 2 - \$123K
 - o Year 3 - \$147K
- **Available Funding**
 - o \$2.4 Cash Available; \$2.7< in Real Estate Assets

Exterior Rendering

Current



Renovations

Replace upper-exterior facade with travertine stone ▪ Replace stone on columns with natural eco-friendly stone ▪ Replace signage ▪ Increase lighting around exterior of building and in lot ▪ Install opaque window film to limit view of interior ▪ Resurface parking lot

Proposed



Location: 1 West Morton Ave. ▪ **Sq.ft.** 3,750 ▪ **Parking:** 20 spaces ▪ **Zone:** Downtown Retail North ▪ **Sensitive Uses:** None

Floor Plan Description

Interior Designed to Provide a Serene and Welcoming Shopping Experience

- Utilization of neutral, fresh color pallet
- Discretely designed to maximize security features
- Ample lobby seating
- Open floor plan
- Electronic education portals
- 2:1 customer to employee ratio

Floor Plan Details

- Secured reception / check-In area
- Large, open retail sales floor
- Ample non-cannabis storage space
- Relaxing employee break area
- Large janitorial closet / storage
- Secured product vault
- Secured vendor transaction area
- Custom display cabinets and shelving, including free standing, secured, flower display



CULTURE

EXECUTIVE OVERVIEW



CHRIS FRANCY



JOVITA CASTANEDA



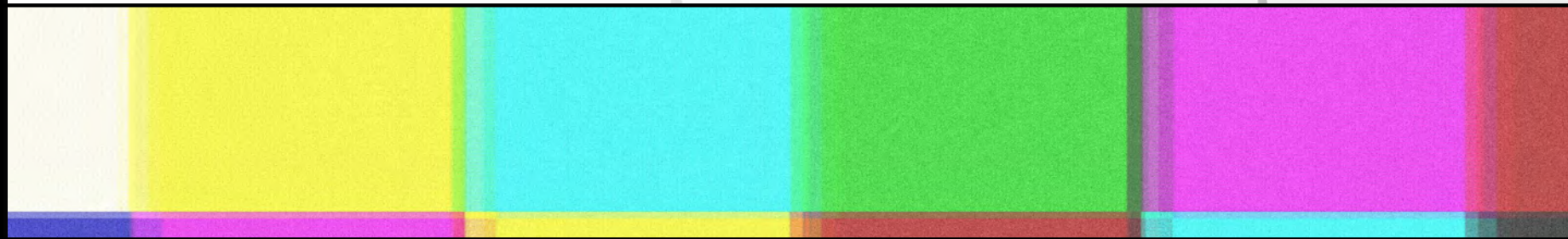
DEVON JULIAN

CANNABIS RETAIL EXPERIENCE
LOCAL ENTERPRISE
SCALING FOR GROWTH
FULL FINANCIAL TRANSPARENCY
SOCIAL EQUITY
EQUALITY
YOUTH EDUCATION
DRUG PREVENTION
JOB CREATION
INDUSTRY TRAINING
↑ WAGES

\$ 7+ MILLION REVENUE

COMMUNITY SERVICE

JOBS





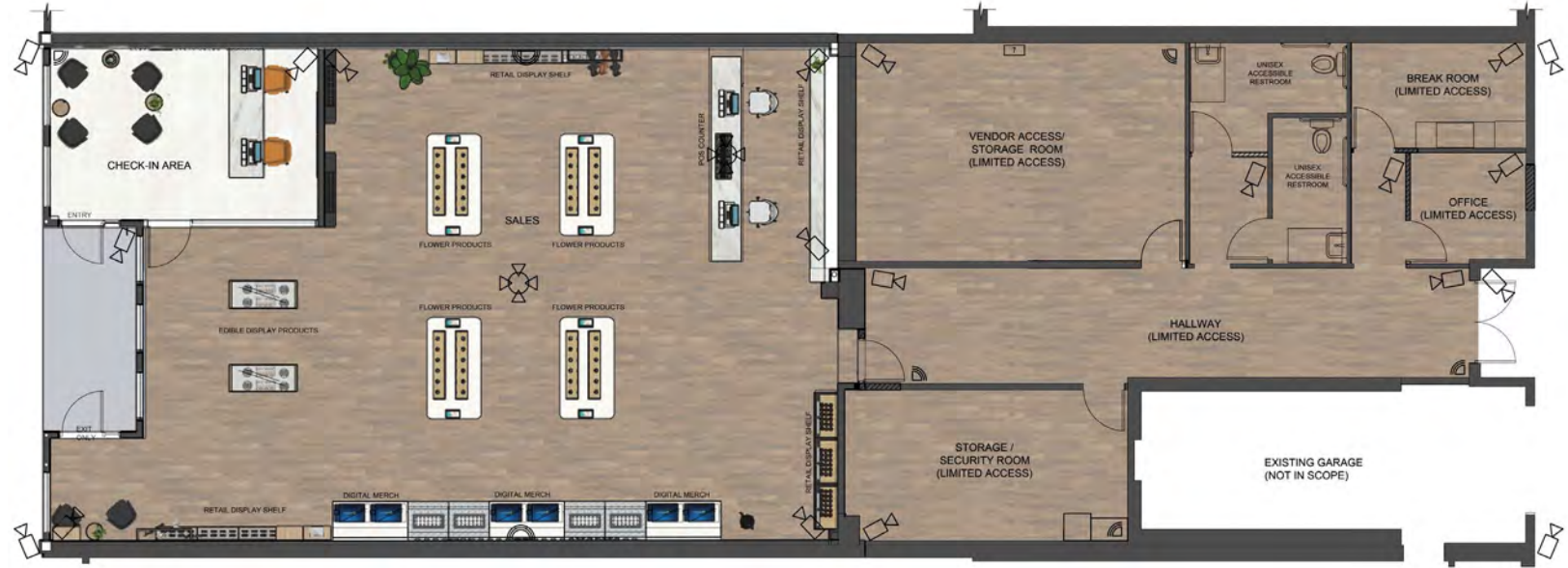
CULTURE

COLLECTIVELY UNDERSTAND LOCAL NEEDS TO TEACH THROUGH UNITY AND RESPECT FOR EVERYONE

CULTURE



CULTURE LONG BEACH DESIGN





CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Emergency Services Therapy Dog Program

SOURCE: Fire

COMMENT: Public safety personnel are tasked with handling the most high-risk, urgent and dangerous events in the community on a daily basis. They respond routinely to events most people never experience firsthand including catastrophic fires, horrific accident scenes, suicides, murders, violence committed against children, sexual offenses, families affected by death, violent individuals, noncompliant suspects, and the constant potential for violence, injury, and risk to safety and security. Further, there is a stigma associated with seeking help in the public safety culture, which creates a barrier to most seeking help and results in emotional and behavioral issues going unacknowledged and untreated, thus driving heightened risk for public safety personnel and the community. Although incredibly resilient to the daily challenges they face, the need for public safety personnel to relax and decompress after a critical incident is essential.

Staff continues to evaluate both existing and newly-developed programs to determine if a differing resource or program is available that may better meet the needs of public safety personnel. One such resource staff has recently become aware of is Emergency Service Therapy Dogs. Unlike service dogs which perform tasks for their disabled owners, or emotional support dogs which provide therapeutic benefits to owners with diagnosed mental or emotional disabilities, therapy dogs offer comfort to various people at the direction of their handler. Emergency Service Therapy Dogs could offer comfort to members of the City's Fire and Police Departments, and, when applicable and appropriate, members of the public who have endured an incident to which the Departments have responded.

The Fire Chief has an interest in establishing the Emergency Service Therapy Dog program in the City, serving as the qualified handler in support of the City's Fire and Police Departments personnel, as well as to members of the community that may be impacted by critical incidents.

A strict interpretation of Chapter 5 of the Municipal Code would not allow therapy dogs to be housed or to visit public facilities, even as associated with a program approved by an internal City policy. Accordingly, staff requests that Council consider the proposed Program and corresponding modifications to the City's Municipal Code concerning therapy dogs in public facilities.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council consider the Emergency Services Therapy Dog Program in support of the City's public safety personnel, and potential modification of Municipal Code.

ATTACHMENTS: 1. Sentinel Service Dog Program
2. Draft Modified Ordinance

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager



Sentinel Dog Program Overview

Our Sentinel Dog Program is our flagship program. We have have two primary focuses within our Sentinel Dog Program, providing Sentinel Service Dogs for our Wounded Warriors, & providing hybrid Facility/Therapy Dogs for First Responder Departments. Read more below!



VETERANS:

This program is aimed to assist Military Veterans with their disabilities AT NO CHARGE. We will provide you with a Sentinel Service Dog for FREE!

The only requirements for this program are the following:

1. You are a Veteran
2. You have a disability of some kind (please ask us if you are not sure!)
3. You can provide a DD-214
4. Your Doctor can provide a note recommending a Sentinel Service Dog for you
5. You are willing to do some of the work!

Please note, if you have a dog already that you want to become your Sentinel Service Dog, we will evaluate your dog at no charge. If your dog has suitable traits to possibly become a Service Dog we will assist with the training free of charge!

At this time we are primarily assisting California based Veterans, but please contact us if you need help no matter where you are!



FIRST RESPONDERS:

This program is aimed to assist First Responder Departments AT NO CHARGE.

The only requirements for this program are the following:

1. You are a First Responder
2. Your department is supportive of this idea (please ask us if you are not sure!)

3. You are willing to do some of the work!

Please note, if you have a dog already that you want to become your Service or Facility Dog, we will evaluate your dog at no charge. If your dog has suitable traits to possibly become a Service or Facility Dog we will assist with the training free of charge!



Contact Us Today!

866-382-9917

info@californiaservicedogacademy.org

[Donate](#) [Contact Us](#) [Privacy Policy](#)

Copyright © **California Service Dog Academy** | Powered by **Bloolee**

ORDINANCE NO. ____-2020

AN ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE
AMENDING ARTICLE III OF CHAPTER 5 OF THE PORTERVILLE MUNICIPAL CODE

WHEREAS: Regular exposure to traumatic events negatively impacts public safety employees. Recognition of these impacts has increasingly become a focus as a variety of methods to mitigate and reverse potential cases of Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder associated with safety employees have been found to be highly effective; and

WHEREAS: Unlike service dogs, which perform tasks for their disabled owners, or emotional support dogs, which provide therapeutic benefits to owners with diagnosed mental or emotional disabilities, therapy dogs offer comfort to various people at the direction of their handler. Emergency Service Therapy Dogs would offer comfort to members of the Fire Department, and, when applicable and appropriate, members of the public who have endured an incident to which the Fire Department has responded; and

WHEREAS: The strict interpretation of Chapter 5 of the Municipal Code would not allow therapy dogs to be housed or to visit public facilities, even as associated with a program approved by an internal policy; and

WHEREAS: A new Emergency Service Therapy Dog program will soon be established within the Fire Department to provide support to members of the local public safety community, as well as to members of the community that may be impacted by a traumatic event; and

WHEREAS: This modification of language does not have the capacity to lead to physical environmental effects, either directly or indirectly, and is therefore not subject to the California Environmental Quality Act.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT ORDAINED: That the City Council of the City of Porterville does ordain as follows:

Section 5-3.4, Animals in City Buildings and vehicles, Subsection A, of Chapter 5 of the Porterville Municipal Code, is hereby amended as follows:

A. It shall be unlawful for any person charged with the care of any animal or animals to cause or permit such animal to enter or remain in city owned or city managed buildings other than a building used for the purpose of care, detention, control, or treatment of animals, or a building used for training classes, shows, or exhibitions. This subsection shall not apply to persons using service

animals, nor to dogs utilized by a public safety agency as a part of an Emergency Service Therapy Dog Program.

PASSED, APPROVED AND ADOPTED this 3rd day of November, 2020.

By: _____
Martha A. Flores, Mayor

ATTEST:

John D. Lollis, City Clerk

By: _____
Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Provision of Local Mosquito Abatement Services

SOURCE: City Manager's Office

COMMENT: During Other Matters of the City Council's meeting on August 18, 2020, Mayor Flores requested that the Council consider the provision of local mosquito abatement services. Pursuant to the City Council Procedural Handbook, at its meeting on September 1, 2020, the Council considered Mayor Flores's request on the Consent Calendar and approved its consideration as a Scheduled Matter at the Council's next regular meeting on September 15, 2020. From discussion at its meeting on September 15, 2020, the Council directed that the subject be scheduled again for further discussion on or before its meeting of November 17, 2020.

As previously reported to Council, predominantly the western portion of Tulare County is covered by existing abatement districts, including the Delta Vector Control District to the north, the Tulare Mosquito Abatement District centrally, and the Delano Mosquito Abatement District to the south. Generally, the eastern portion of the county from the city of Lindsay to the north to the unincorporated community of Terra Bella to the south is without mosquito abatement services, including the city of Porterville.

Given the lack of mosquito abatement services in the eastern portion of Tulare County and consistent local resident inquiries for service, the Tulare Mosquito Abatement District (TMAD) undertook a local resident survey in 2011 to gauge property owner interest in approving the annexation of the unserved areas, which TMAD determined at that time that there was not sufficient local property owner interest in annexation to proceed with the required Proposition 218 ballot initiative and establishing the new property-based tax for service based upon a simple majority vote. TMAD previously provided a presentation from the 2011 survey effort, which reflects the levels of support expressed by the various property owner types.

In their composition, mosquito abatement districts do not assess property-based taxes as a flat tax, but rather weighted based upon the combination of the type and size of the property, as well as the number of dwelling units, which is reflected as well in how ballots are weighted in the required Proposition 218 property tax approval process. As a correction to the earlier report, the annexation or formation of an abatement district would not affect City property tax revenues, as the additional assessment would be in support of a new special district and not included in the one percent ad valorem property tax calculation.

Due to the recent emergence of a new type of aggressive mosquito (*Aedes Aegypti*, also known as the Yellow Fever Mosquito) that is severely impacting the provision of services, TMAD reached out to the City of Porterville, as well as the Delta Vector Control District to the City of Lindsay, in the hopes of again engaging in the potential for annexation of the eastern portions of Tulare County into the existing abatement districts.

At its meeting on September 15, 2020, TMAD staff reported to the Council that the new mosquito is proving difficult to manage with traditional abatement efforts due to its unique breeding habitat, desiring very small volumes of standing water (e.g. landscape irrigation control boxes, potted plants, gutter puddles, etc.) as opposed to traditional larger bodies of water (e.g. green swimming pools, storm drain basins, etc.). TMAD staff reported that currently the best practice in abating the new mosquito is individual property reviews to identify and mitigate small standing pools of water, as well as avoiding the overwatering of landscaping.

At its meeting on September 15, 2020, the Council directed that outreach be made with both the County and the City of Lindsay in regards to the potential annexation for mosquito abatement services. On October 7, 2020, Mayor Flores and City staff met virtually with County Supervisor Townsend and County staff in discussion of the prospects of the broader Porterville area forming a new mosquito abatement district or being annexed into TMAD. Given the current uncertainty of traditional abatement methods managing the new mosquito type and lack of special district funding, the discussion focused on developing collaborative agency messaging and promoting the education of property owners in support of individual abatement. The discussion also included how local youth could become involved in education and mitigation efforts, perhaps engaging the local high school Academy's and Pathways in designing and producing mitigation devices (e.g. bat houses, yeast traps, etc.).

City and TMAD staff have continued to coordinate, which TMAD staff would welcome the opportunity to coordinate with the City in promoting individual property owner abatement efforts and assisting with on-call services if requested. City staff currently implements mitigation efforts of its storm drain system, including the use of mosquitofish in storm drain basins and chlorine tablets in drainage inlets. Given an emphasis in avoiding landscape overwatering as a mitigation measure, City staff would appreciate the opportunity to enhance its water conservation messaging to include mosquito prevention, as well as code enforcement efforts in addressing water waste.

Reported again for informational purposes, the TMAD has estimated that the provision of services to the city of Porterville proper is currently estimated at \$250,000 annually, generally for services during mosquito season (May - October), though the cost may likely increase in the future due to the emergence of the mosquito type that is prompting significant increases in request for services.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council consider the provision of local mosquito abatement services, and provide direction as deemed appropriate.

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Tulare Mosquito Abatement District Letter: August 21, 2020
2. Tulare Mosquito Abatement District 2011 Annexation Survey Presentation
3. Tulare County Mosquito Abatement Service Areas Map
4. California Health and Safety Code - Mosquito Abatement and Vector Control Districts

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

BOARD OF TRUSTEES

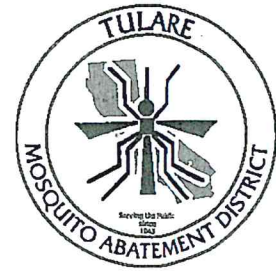
Pat Nunes
City of Tulare
Robert Uchita
County of Tulare
Robert Clark
County of Tulare
Stan Creelman
County of Tulare
Charlie Pitigliano
County of Tulare
Charles Mayer
City of Visalia

TULARE MOSQUITO ABATEMENT DISTRICT

District Headquarters: Mefford Field - Tulare
6575 Dale Fry Rd Tulare, CA 93274
PH (559) 686-6628 FAX (559) 686-2013
Email: TulareMosquito@gmail.com
www.tularemosquito.com

GENERAL MANAGER

John Avila



RECEIVED

AUG 21 2020

**CITY OF PORTERVILLE
CITY MANAGER**

City of Porterville
John Lollis, City Manager
291 N. Main
Porterville, CA 93257

Dear Mr. Lollis

I'm the manager of the Tulare Mosquito Abatement District. I'm not sure if you were with the City of Porterville's administration back in 2009-2011 but at that time we attempted to incorporate the City of Porterville along with Springville, Strathmore and Lindsay into our District. As you may know these cities and communities are without service.

Instead of putting the measure straight to ballot and spending the enormous costs involved in that, we partnered with a consulting firm and ran a sample ballot in those areas to find out how people felt about spending the few extra dollars per year from their property taxes to receive service. The results came back about 52% in favor (overall). Our Board of Directors made the decision to not invest in going straight to ballot from there, the consulting firm suggested that it would not be wise to proceed as well.

Since then there has been a considerable change in the world of mosquitoes here locally. There is now the presence of "Aedes Aegypti", also known as the Yellow Fever Mosquito. Aegypti is also capable of transmitting Zika, Dengue Fever and Chikungunya Disease. This mosquito began its presence in Southern California approximately ten years ago. Delta Vector in Visalia found their first Aegypti in the city of Exeter in 2014 and here in Tulare we found our first sign in 2017. It continues to spread to northern California as far as Placer County.

The pattern for all cities and communities finding this mosquito has been uniform, two or three years after first discovering the mosquito it spreads across the districts in uncontrollable fashion exhausting District resources beyond measure. Besides being capable of transmitting the above said diseases, this mosquito is most prolific as an annoying pest preferring the blood of people over birds and other animals. It's known as a "container-breeding" mosquito, laying its eggs inside small containers, preferably plants and plant dishes. It will lay its eggs in something as small as an upturned bottle cap collecting sprinkler and/or rainwater.

Last year, in 2019, it had spread over the entire city of Tulare and caused a 500% increase in service requests. It's a game changer in our world of mosquito control, the most effective measure of control is education. The City of Visalia, covered by Delta Vector Control, has seen a dramatic increase of mosquito activity and service requests are up considerably as well.

The reason for my contact is that I believe it is time to once again make an attempt to incorporate the City of Porterville. We have received a considerable amount of phone calls from the community and there is nothing we can do, we have our hands full trying satisfying the needs our own constituents. The best we've been able to do is to educate each caller letting them know what they can do to control the adult mosquito population.

It has become obvious to both of our Districts that the Aegypti mosquito has begun to make its presence in these communities already, based on the information and description of the caller's issues they're having. If nothing is done in getting people on board, these cities and towns will have huge mosquito populations and as the mosquito spreads the costs for the cities and health departments will be at astronomical proportions just to get a handle on things.

Delta Vector Control District is also interested in incorporating the City of Lindsay and community of Strathmore. The time to act is now but without the support of City and community leaders we cannot be successful in attempting to incorporate these towns. Our two Districts intentions are to team up together and start doing the footwork required to get citizens on board with mosquito abatement. We need the support of the City Managers, Mayors and any other staffers who could help us "connect" with the community, whether that be at Council meetings or community events to educate the citizens on what's at stake and how important this is to the safety and welfare of all who live in these communities.

Of course, I understand given the current health crisis our State and Counties are experiencing, it will certainly impede efforts to do much "ground" work however we are looking at proposing a measure on a ballot at least a year from now or better. Both myself and Dr Debboun (Delta Vector's Manager) want to get the conversation going now so that when the time presents itself to allow for social interaction, we will be prepared moving forward.

Please feel free to reach out to me via our email address or phone number.

Best Regards,



John Avila
General Manager

Cc: Dr. Mustapha Debboun/General Manager
Delta Vector Control District
PO Box 310 Visalia, CA 93279
PH 559-732-8606

Tulare Mosquito Abatement District Survey and Opinion Research Findings

March 8, 2011

**John W. Bliss, P.E.
Maria Garcia-Adarve**



4745 Mangels Blvd
Fairfield, CA 94534
707-430-4300
www.sci-cg.com

Survey Objectives

- Identify property owners' support, desires and priorities regarding new proposed services to be provided by the Tulare Mosquito Abatement District
- Measure the level of support for a local funding measure to expand mosquito control services to areas in eastern Tulare County, outside current District boundaries, that do not receive any mosquito control services

Methodology, part 1

- Benefit assessment analysis and estimates, including proposed assessments for each property type
- The survey tested an annual rate of \$16.00 per single family home, with tiered rates for other property types

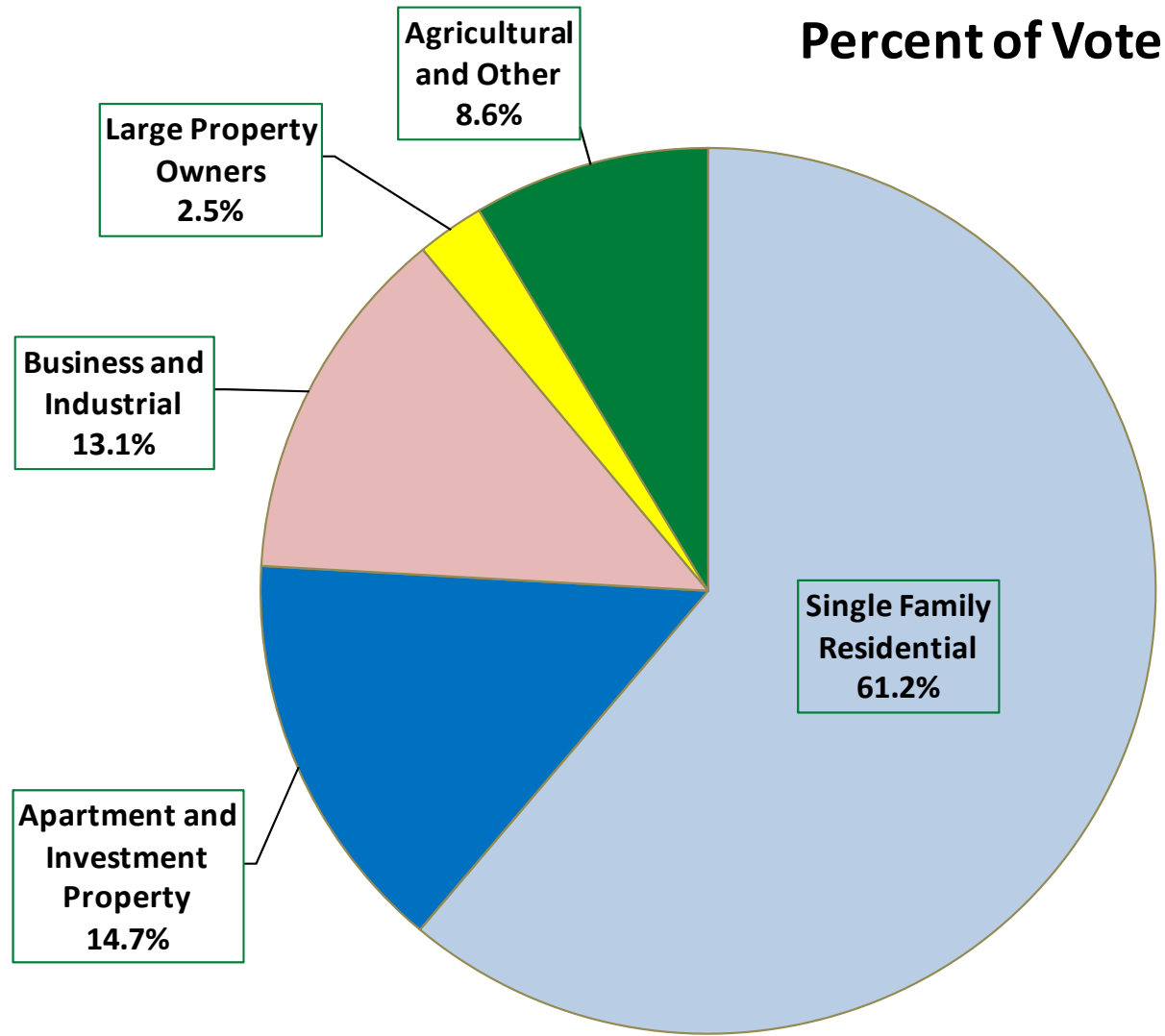
Methodology, part 2

- Mailed survey to about 15,000 property owners using randomized, stratified samples
- Surveys mailed on January 14 and returned up to February 23, 2011 (6 weeks)
- 2,298 respondents = 15.3% return rate and margin of error of $\pm 1.99\%$
- Results include all types of property owners and are adjusted to reflect weighted ballot features of a benefit assessment
- Special analysis by zone

Benefit Assessment Overview

- Decided by all Property Owners in a mailed ballot proceeding, including business, apartment, and other property owners
- All returned ballots are counted
- Requires weighted majority of returned ballots
- Assessments are based on type of property, size, and dwelling units (this is not a flat-rate parcel tax)
- Common local funding option for Mosquito and Vector Control Districts

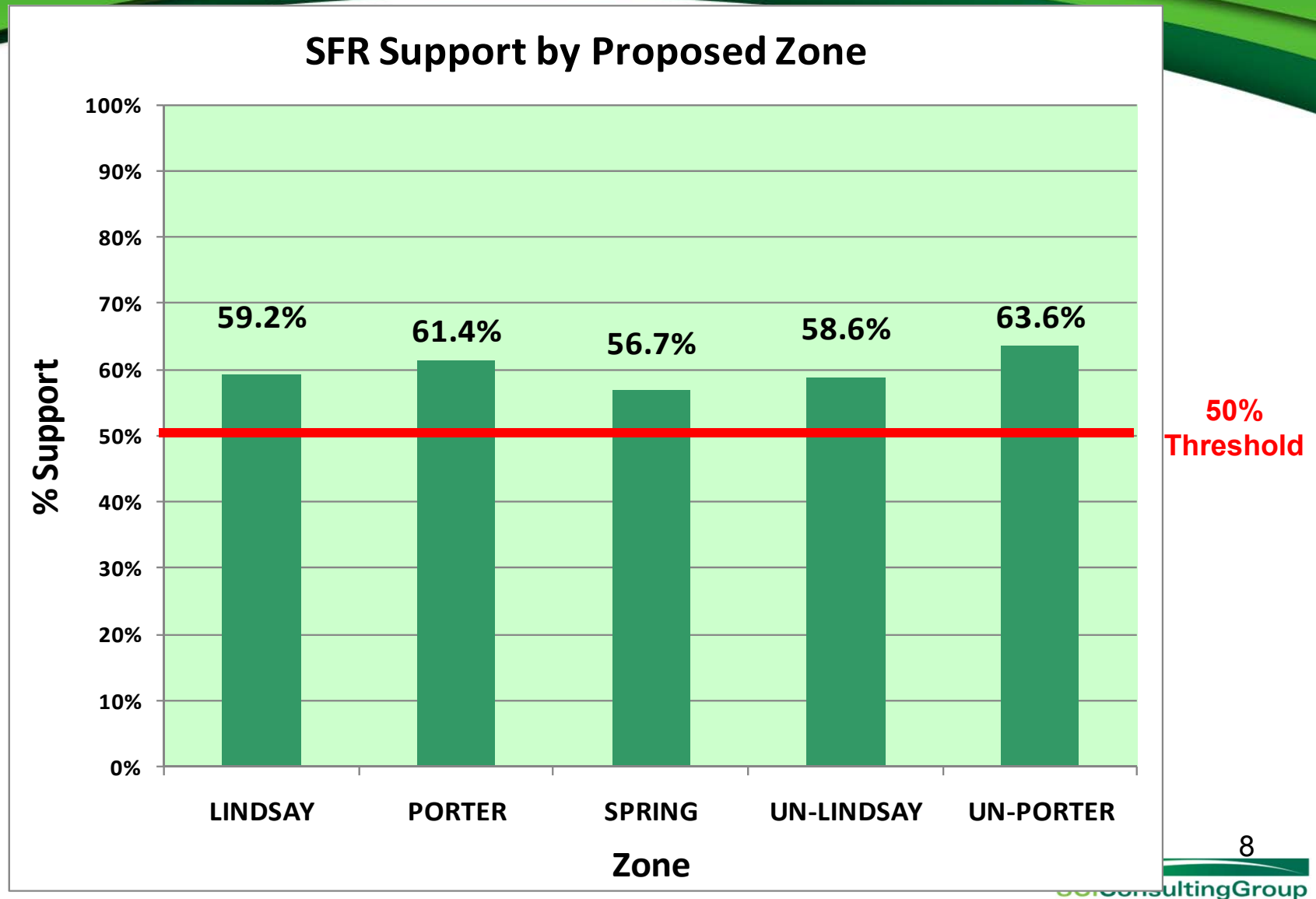
Weighted Assessment “Votes” by Property Type



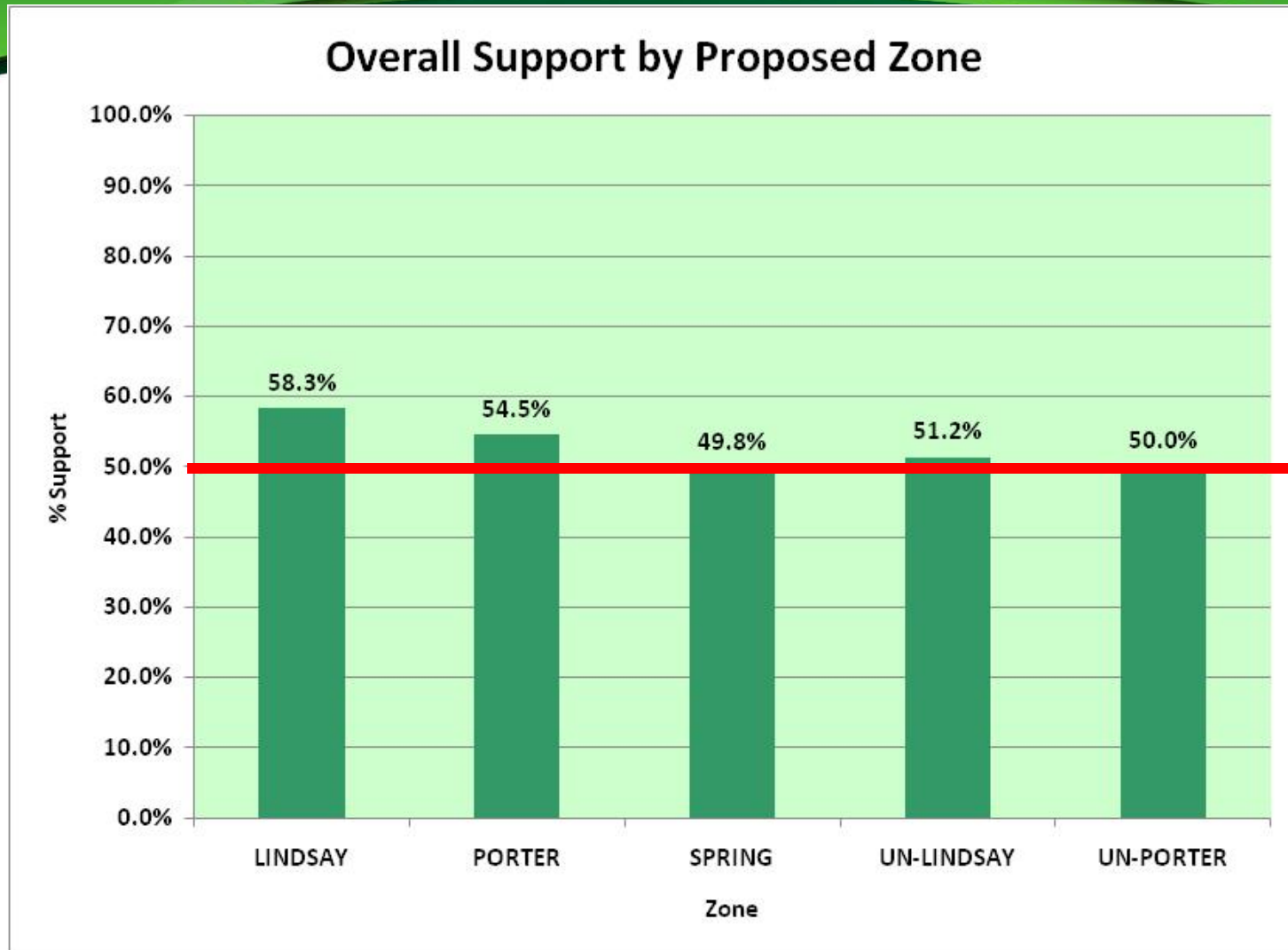
Support by Property Use

Property Type	Percent of Vote	Weighted Support
Single Family Residential	61.2%	58.1%
Apartment and Investment Property	14.7%	41.6%
Business and Industrial	13.1%	37.1%
Large Property Owners	2.5%	26.6%
Agricultural and Other	8.6%	39.1%
Total	100.0%	50.7%

Single Family Homeowners – Support by Zone



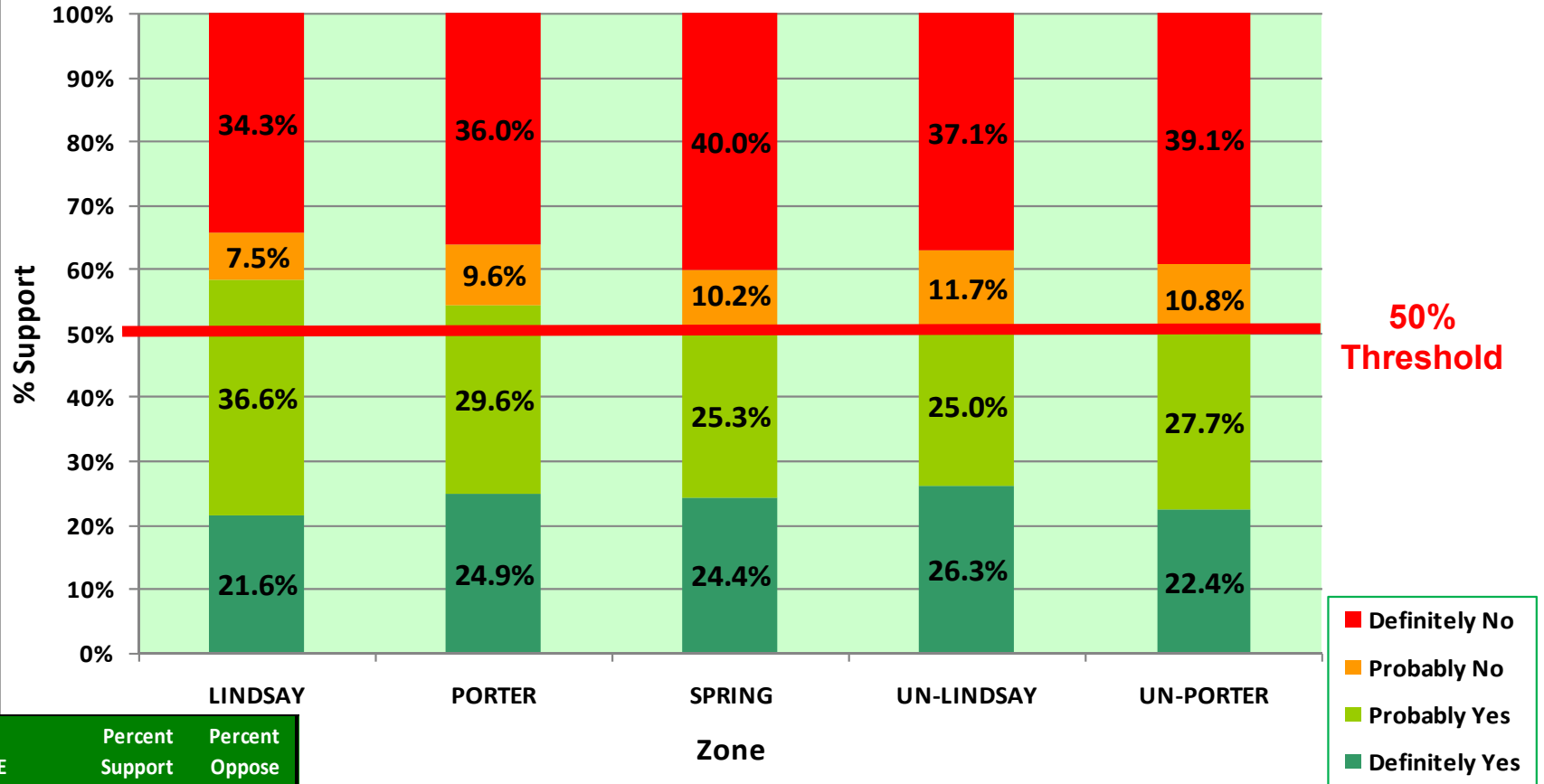
Overall Property Owner Support by Zone



**50%
Threshold**

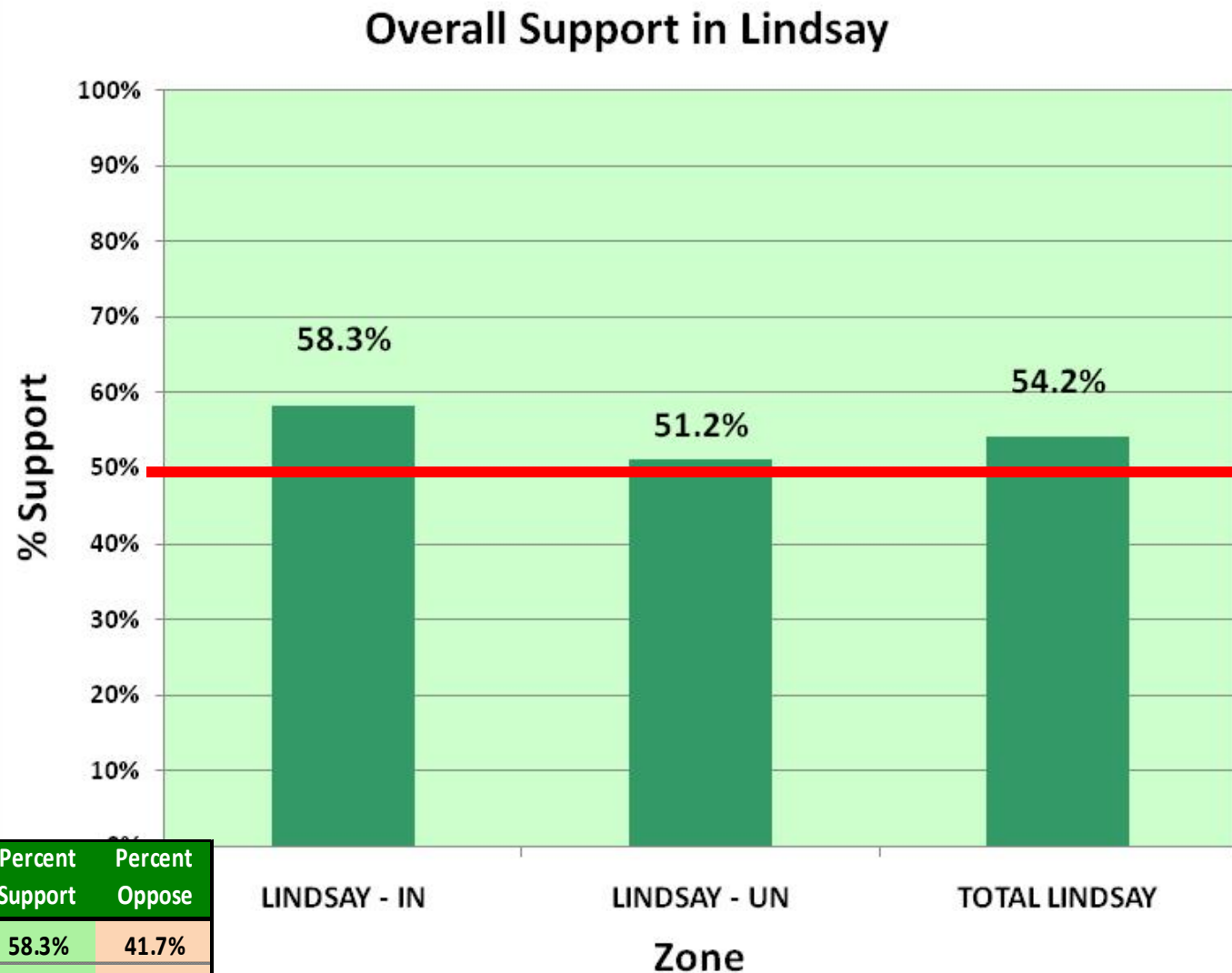
Overall Property Owner Support by Zone

Detailed Overall Support by Proposed Zone



ZONE	Percent Support	Percent Oppose
LINDSAY	58.3%	41.7%
PORTER	54.5%	45.5%
SPRING	49.8%	50.2%
UN-LINDSAY	51.2%	48.8%
UN-PORTER	50.0%	50.0%

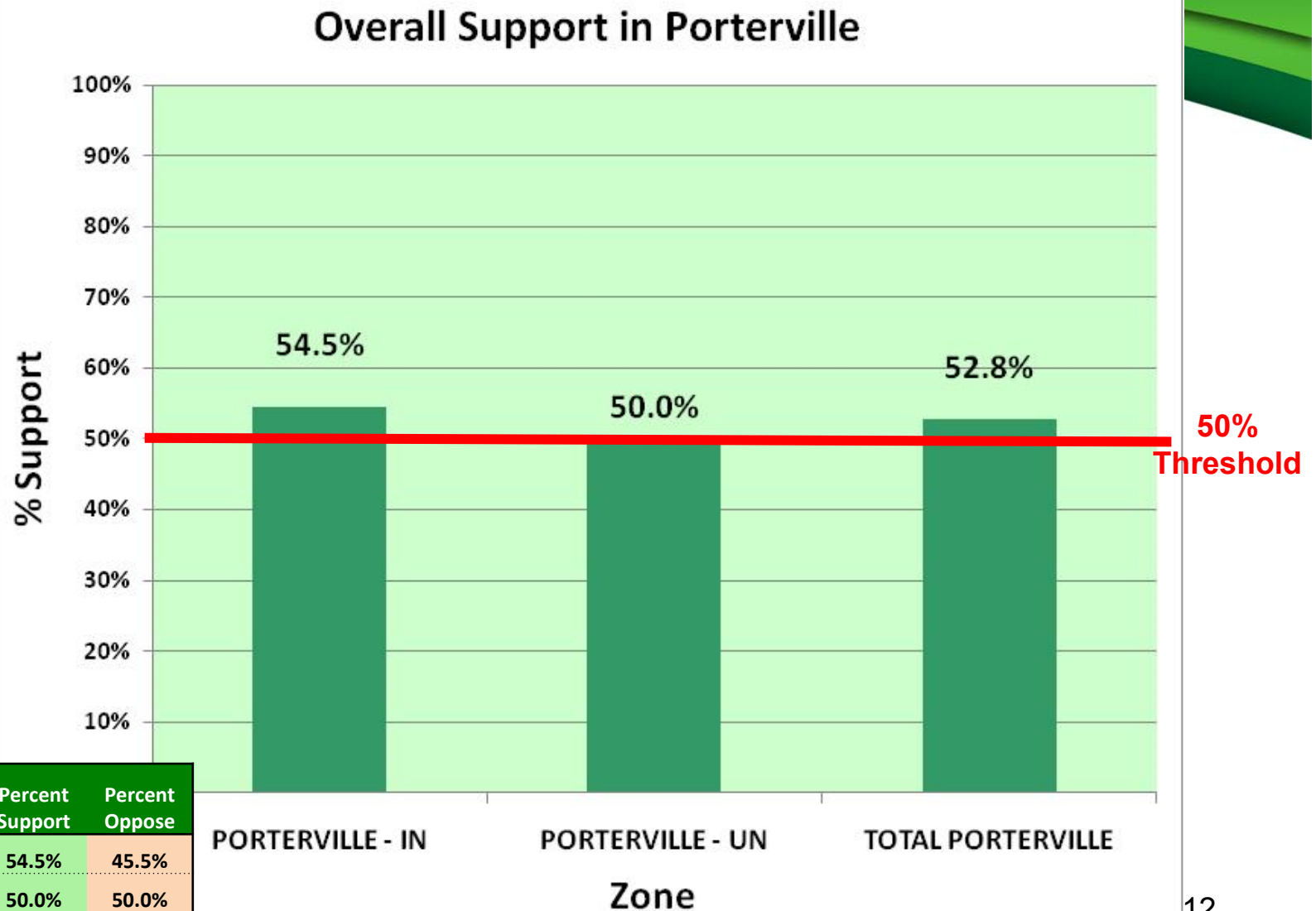
Overall Property Owner Support in Lindsay



ZONE	Percent Support	Percent Oppose
LINDSAY - IN	58.3%	41.7%
LINDSAY - UN	51.2%	48.8%
TOTAL LINDSAY	54.2%	45.8%

**50%
Threshold**

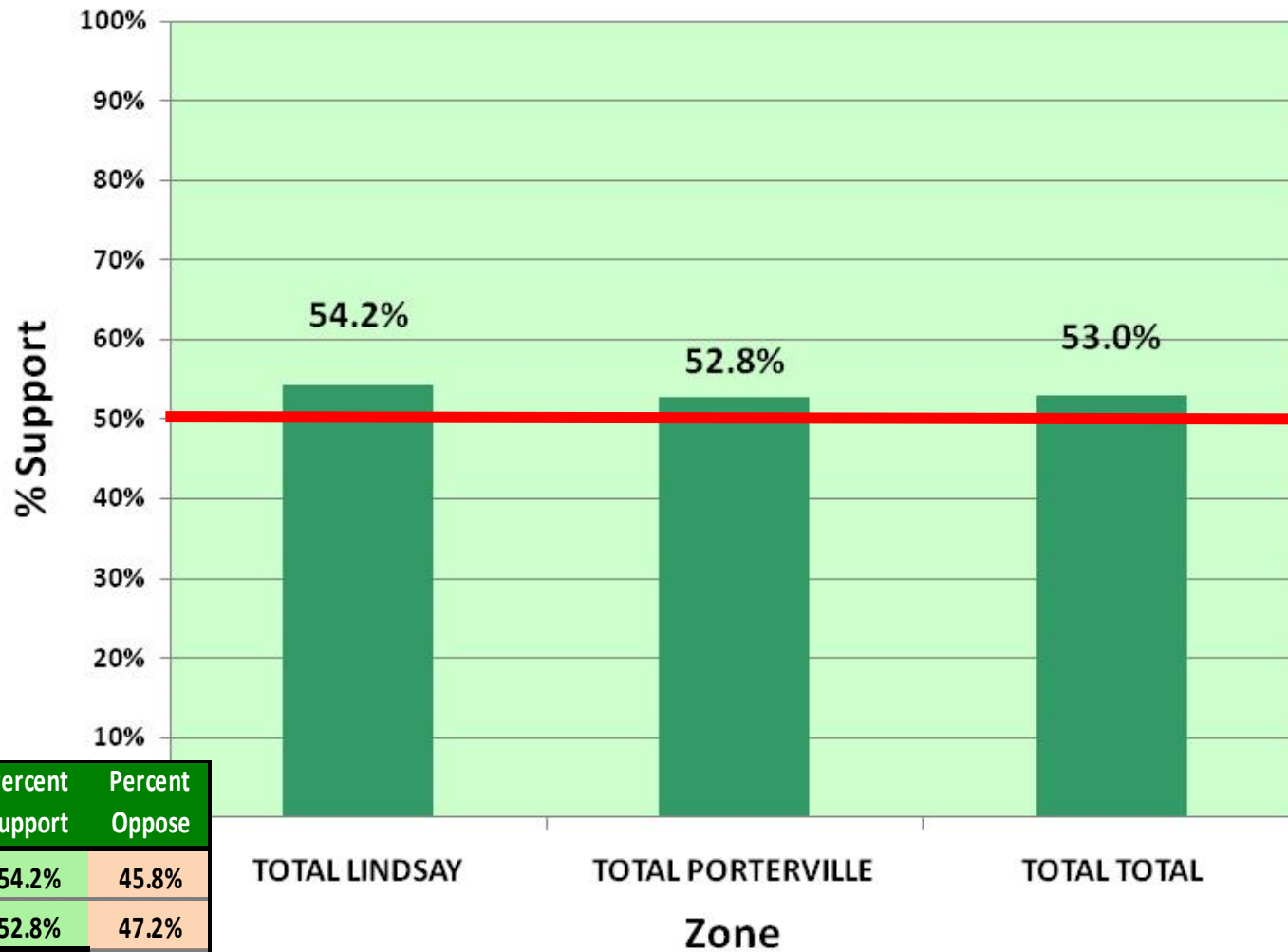
Overall Property Owner Support in Porterville



ZONE	Percent Support	Percent Oppose
PORTERVILLE - IN	54.5%	45.5%
PORTERVILLE - UN	50.0%	50.0%
TOTAL PORTERVILLE	52.8%	47.2%

Overall Property Owner Support

Overall Support in East County (except S'ville)

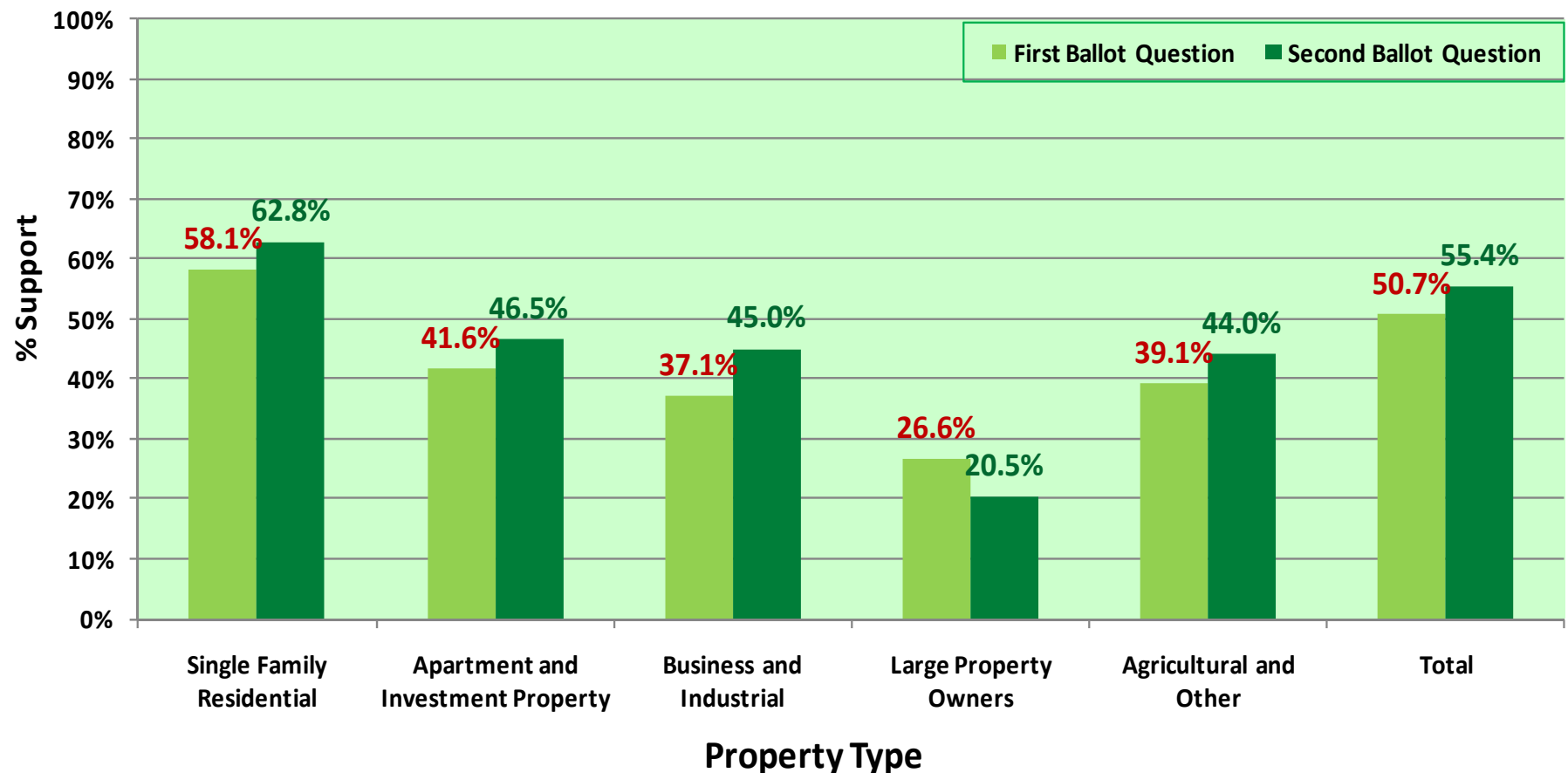


ZONE	Percent Support	Percent Oppose
TOTAL LINDSAY	54.2%	45.8%
TOTAL PORTERVILLE	52.8%	47.2%
TOTAL TOTAL	53.0%	47.0%

Support by Property Owner Type

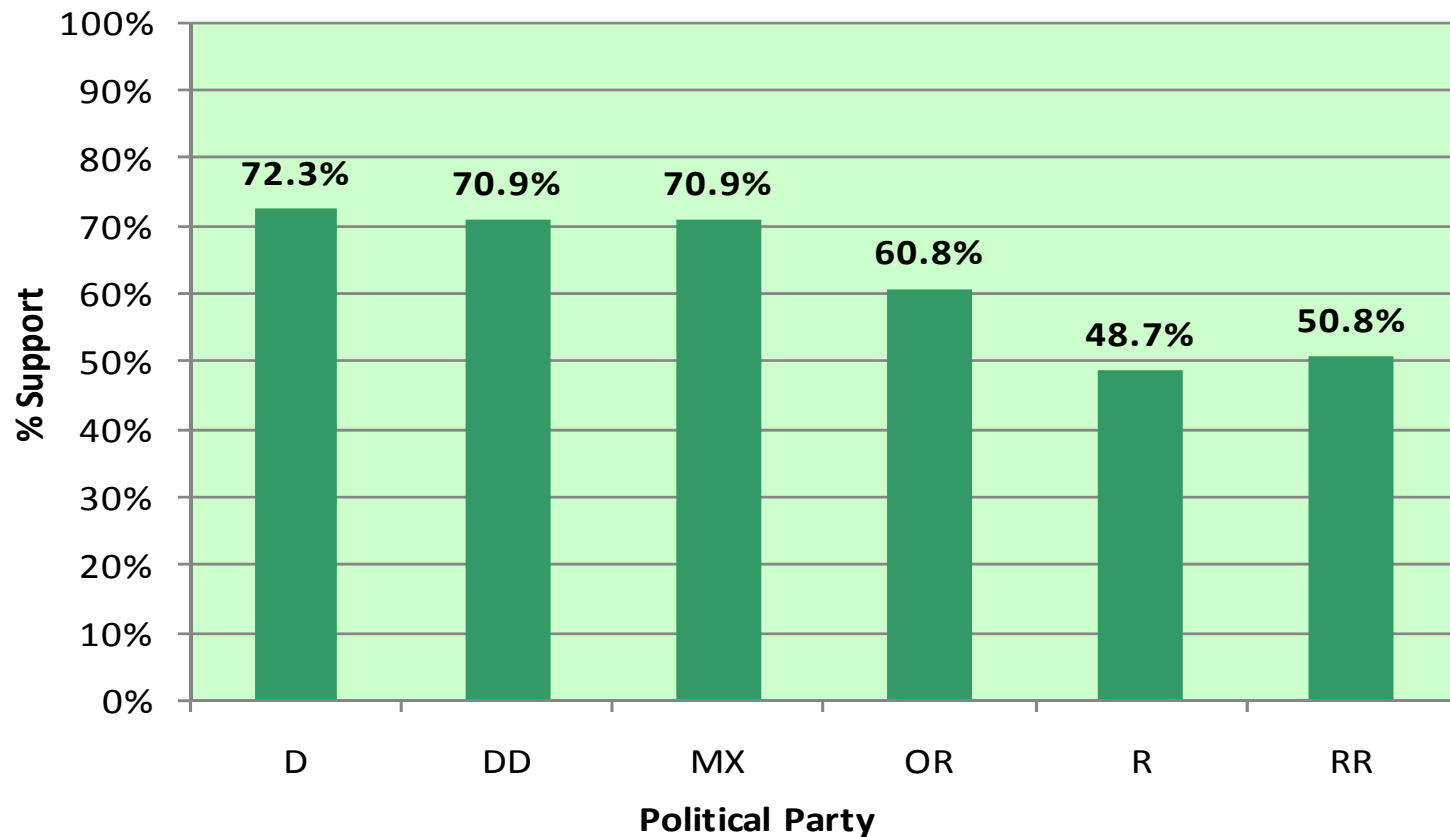
First Survey Question vs. Second Survey Question (blended for all zones)

First Ballot Question versus Second Ballot Question



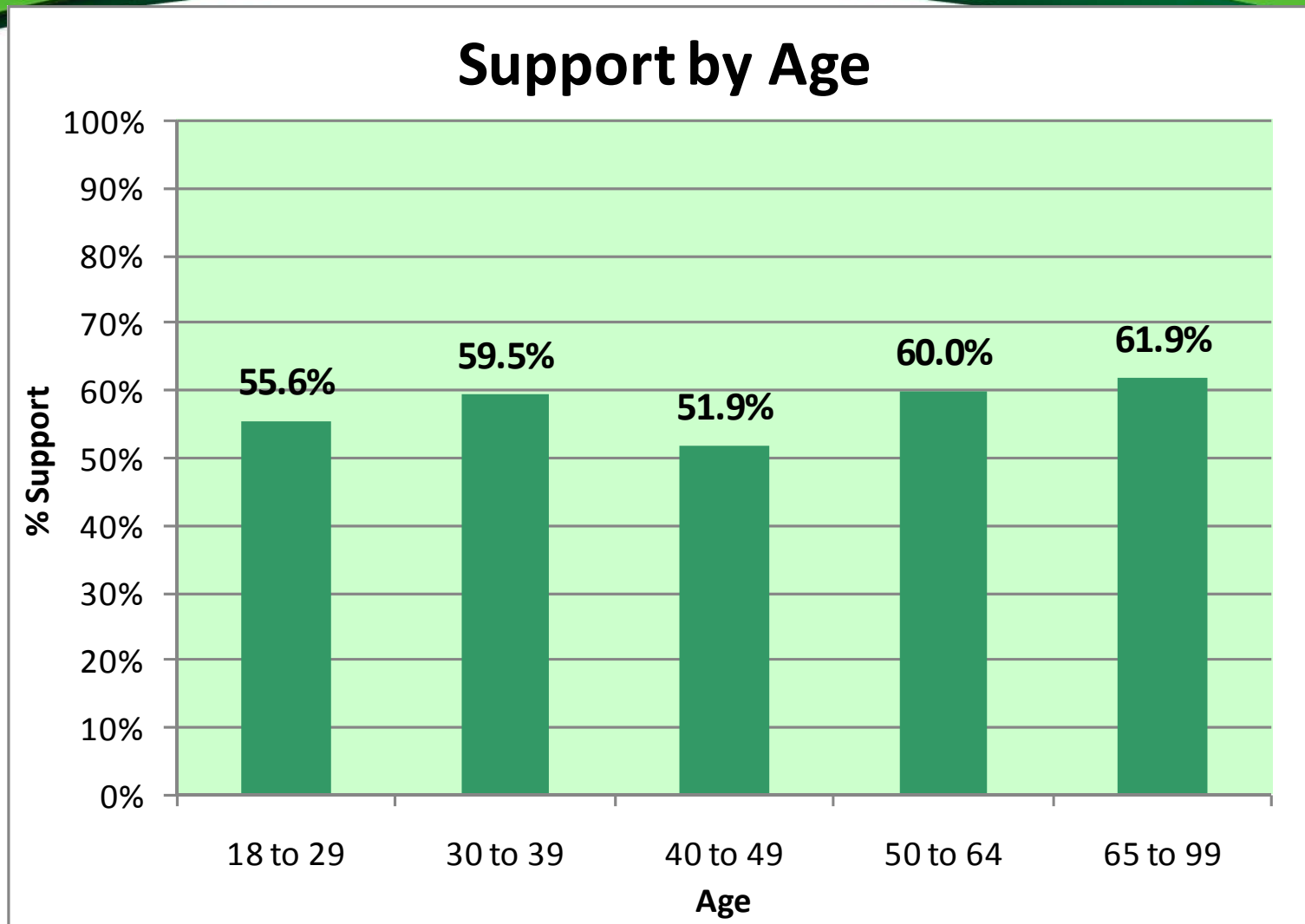
Support by Political Party (blended for all zones)

Support by Political Party and Rate



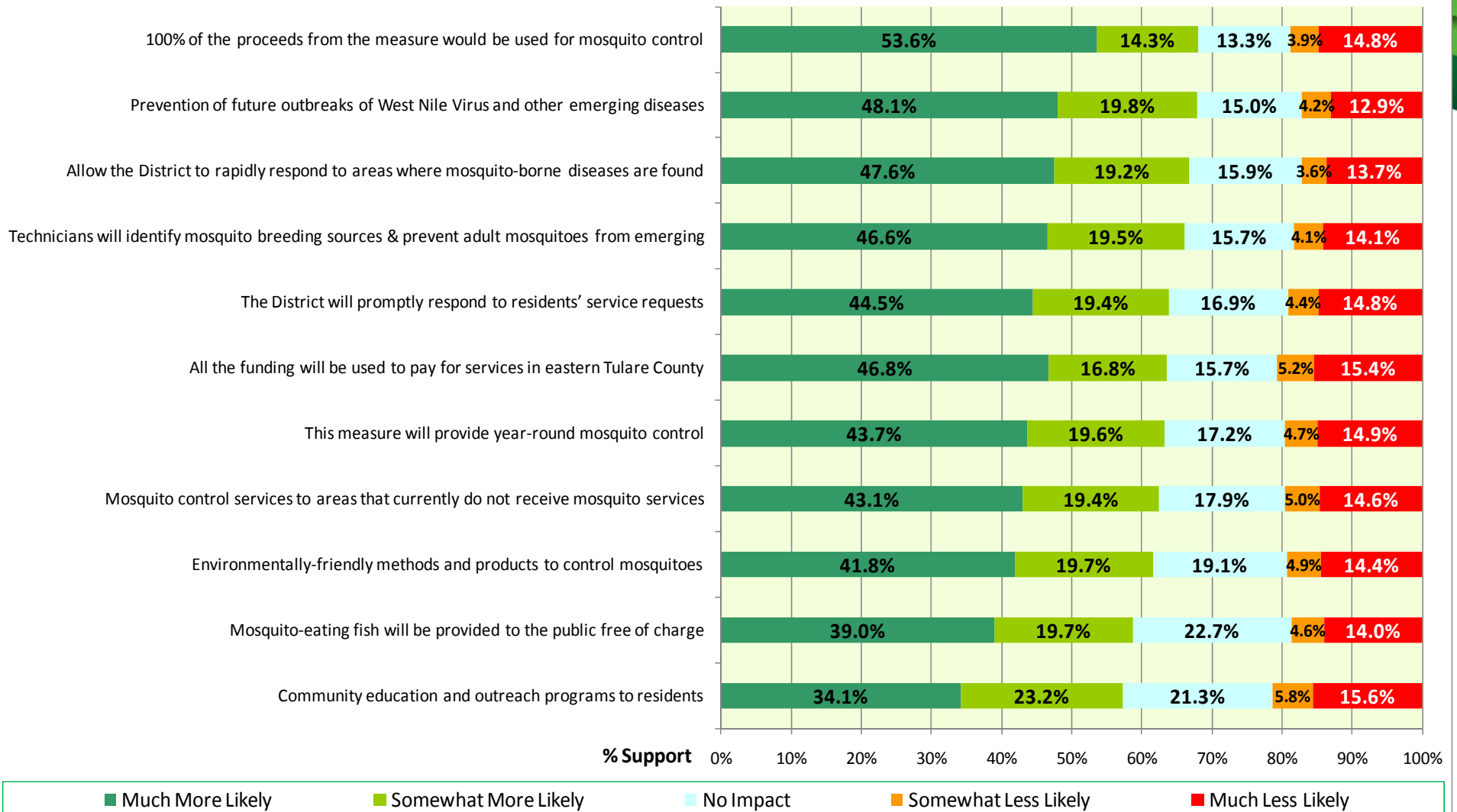
D =	One Democrat in Household	3%
DD =	Two Democrats in Household	10%
MX =	One Dem & One Rep in Household	7%
OR =	Other Political Parties in Household	60%
R =	One Republican in Household	4%
RR =	Two Republicans in Household	15%

Support by Age (blended for all zones)



Service Priorities - Most Popular Projects

Detailed Support by Projects and Issues for All Respondents



Summary of Findings

- Property owners in eastern Tulare County are undecided on support of a funding measure to control mosquitoes, vectors and the diseases they carry, at \$16.00.
- Overall support for Springville and Total Porterville is low
- Support from low propensity and non-registered voters is very low. (Hi-Prop = 65% whereas Low-Pro = 57% and Non-Registered = 52% support)
- Support from local government owners is critical
- Priorities are:
 - ✱ Strong fiscal controls - 100% of the proceeds to be used for mosquito control
 - ✱ Prevent outbreak of WNV and other diseases
 - ✱ Rapid response to areas where diseases are found
 - ✱ Identify breeding sources and prevent adult mosquitoes from emerging

Recommendations

- Well crafted and communicated local funding measure to control mosquitoes, vectors and the diseases they carry can be successful in eastern Tulare County
- Rate should be at or below \$16.00 per year for most home owners
- Educational outreach, to increase understanding of need for a local funding measure and the importance of the District's services is crucial
- Include all possible accountability and oversight provisions
- **Next steps: implement a long term educational outreach approach:**
 - * Implement a broad-based messaging plan to increase understanding of the need and benefits from the proposed NEW mosquito, vector and disease control services – particularly to “less active citizens”
 - * Build a coalition of supporters, to include business and apartment owners, elected officials, community leaders and other stakeholders
 - * Conduct targeted educational outreach to local government, larger business, industrial, and apartment owners

Legend

Tulare MAD

Kings MAD

Delta VCD

Delano MAD

ConsolidatedMAD

FresnoMVCD

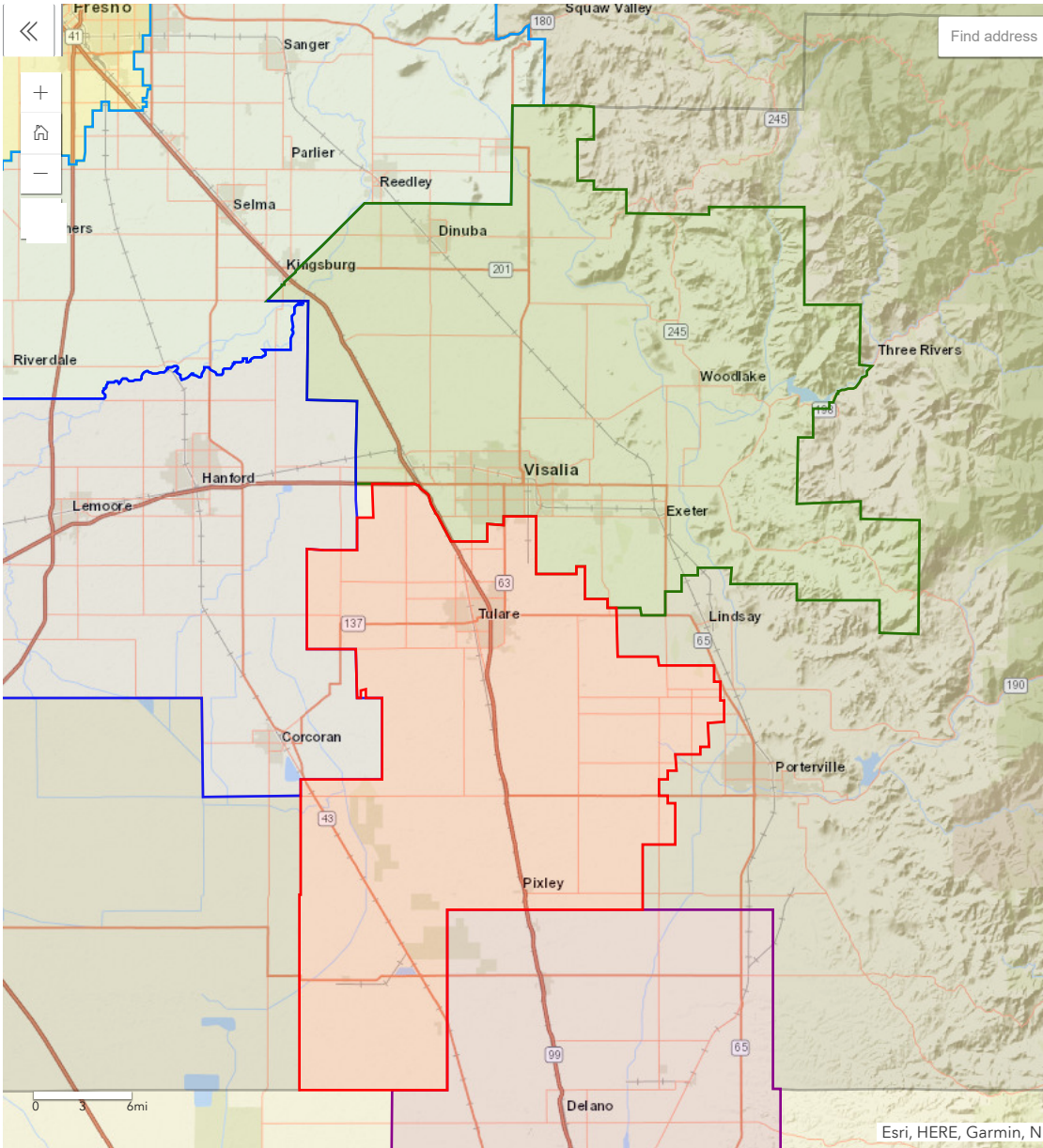
FresnoWestside MAD

CoalingaHuron MAD

Madera MAD

NO Service

Details



CALIFORNIA HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE

CHAPTER 1. MOSQUITO ABATEMENT AND VECTOR CONTROL DISTRICTS

Article 1. General Provisions

2000. This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the Mosquito Abatement and Vector Control District Law.

2001. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:

- (1) California's climate and topography support a wide diversity of biological organisms.
 - (2) Most of these organisms are beneficial, but some are vectors of human disease pathogens or directly cause other human diseases such as hypersensitivity, envenomization, and secondary infections.
 - (3) Some of these diseases, such as mosquitoborne viral encephalitis, can be fatal, especially in children and older individuals.
 - (4) California's connections to the wider national and international economies increase the transport of vectors and pathogens.
 - (5) Invasions of the United States by vectors such as the Asian tiger mosquito and by pathogens such as the West Nile virus underscore the vulnerability of humans to uncontrolled vectors and pathogens.
- (b) The Legislature further finds and declares:
- (1) Individual protection against the vectorborne diseases is only partially effective.
 - (2) Adequate protection of human health against vectorborne diseases is best achieved by organized public programs.
 - (3) The protection of Californians and their communities against the discomforts and economic effects of vectorborne diseases is an essential public service that is vital to public health, safety, and welfare.
 - (4) Since 1915, mosquito abatement and vector control districts have protected Californians and their communities against the threats of vectorborne diseases.
- (c) In enacting this chapter, it is the intent of the Legislature to create and continue a broad statutory authority for a class of special districts with the power to conduct effective programs for the surveillance, prevention, abatement, and control of mosquitoes and other vectors.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that mosquito abatement and vector control districts cooperate with other public agencies to protect the public health, safety, and welfare. Further, the Legislature encourages local communities and local officials to adapt the powers and procedures provided by this chapter to meet the diversity of their own local circumstances and responsibilities.

2002. As used in this chapter:

- (a) "Abate" means to put an end to a public nuisance, or to reduce the degree or the intensity of a public nuisance.
- (b) "Board of trustees" means the legislative body of a district.
- (c) "City" means any city, whether general law or chartered, including a city and county, and including any city the name of which includes the word "town."

California Health and Safety Code

- (d) "Control" means to prevent or reduce vectors.
 - (e) "Department" means the State Department of Health Services. (f) "District" means any mosquito abatement and vector control district created pursuant to this chapter or any of its statutory predecessors.
 - (g) "Principal county" means the county having all or the greater portion of the entire assessed value, as shown on the last equalized assessment roll of the county or counties, of all taxable property within a district at the time of formation.
 - (h) "Property" means land and improvements, and includes water.
 - (i) "Public agency" means any state agency, board, or commission, including the California State University and the University of California, any county, city and county, city, regional agency, school district, special district, redevelopment agency, or other political subdivision.
 - (j) "Public nuisance" means any of the following:
 - (1) Any property, excluding water that has been artificially altered from its natural condition so that it now supports the development, attraction, or harborage of vectors. The presence of vectors in their developmental stages on a property is prima facie evidence that the property is a public nuisance.
 - (2) Any water that is a breeding place for vectors. The presence of vectors in their developmental stages in the water is prima facie evidence that the water is a public nuisance.
 - (3) Any activity that supports the development, attraction, or harborage of vectors, or that facilitates the introduction or spread of vectors.
 - (k) "Vector" means any animal capable of transmitting the causative agent of human disease or capable of producing human discomfort or injury, including, but not limited to, mosquitoes, flies, mites, ticks, other arthropods, and rodents and other vertebrates.
 - (l) "Voter" means a voter as defined by Section 359 of the Elections Code.
- 2003.
- (a) This chapter provides the authority for the organization and powers of mosquito abatement and vector control districts. This chapter succeeds the former Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2200) as added by Chapter 60 of the Statutes of 1939, as subsequently amended, and any of its statutory predecessors.
 - (b) Any mosquito abatement and vector control district formed pursuant to the former Chapter 5 (commencing with Sect. 2200) or any of its statutory predecessors that was in existence on January 1, 2003, shall remain in existence as if it had been organized pursuant to this chapter. Any zone of a mosquito abatement and vector control district formed pursuant to former Section 2291 to former Section 2291.4, inclusive, and any of their statutory predecessors that was in existence on January 1, 2003, shall remain in existence as if it had been formed pursuant to this chapter.
 - (c) Any indebtedness, special tax, benefit assessment, fee, election, ordinance, resolution, regulation, rule, or any other action of a district taken pursuant to the former Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 2200) or any of its statutory predecessors that was taken before January 1, 2003, shall not be voided solely because of any error, omission, informality, misnomer, or failure to comply strictly with this chapter.
2004. This chapter is necessary to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and shall be liberally construed to effectuate its purposes.

California Health and Safety Code

2005. If any provision of this chapter or the application of any provision of this chapter in any circumstance or to any person, city, county, special district, school district, the state, or any agency or subdivision of the state, including the California State University and the University of California, is held invalid, that invalidity shall not affect other provisions or applications of this chapter that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application of the invalid provision, and to this end the provisions of this chapter are severable.

2006. (a) Any action to determine the validity of either the organization, or any action, of a district shall be brought pursuant to Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 860) of Title 10 of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
- (b) Any judicial review of an action taken pursuant to this chapter shall be conducted pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 1084) of Title 1 of Part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure.
2007. (a) Except as provided in this section, territory, whether incorporated or unincorporated, whether contiguous or noncontiguous, may be included in a district. Territory that is already within a mosquito abatement and vector control district formed pursuant to this chapter may not be included within another mosquito abatement and vector control district.
- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the Cortese-Knox-Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000, Division 3 (commencing with Section 56000) of Title 5 of the Government Code, shall govern any change of organization or reorganization of a district. In the case of any conflict between that division and this chapter, the provisions of this chapter shall prevail.
- (c) A district shall be deemed an "independent special district," as defined by Section 56044 of the Government Code.

Article 2. Formation

2010. A new district may be formed pursuant to this article.

2011. (a) A proposal to form a new district may be made by petition. The petition shall do all of the things required by Section 56700 of the Government Code. In addition, the petition shall:
- (1) Set forth the methods by which the district will be financed, including, but not limited to, special taxes, special benefit assessments, and fees.
 - (2) Propose a name for the district.
 - (3) Specify the size of the initial board of trustees and the method of their appointment.
- (b) The petitions, the proponents, and the procedures for certifying the sufficiency of the petitions shall comply with Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 56700) of Part 3 of Division 3 of Title 5 of the Government Code. In the case of any conflict between Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 56700) of Part 3 of Division 3 of Title 5 of the Government Code and this article, the provisions of this article shall prevail.
- (c) The petition shall be signed by not less than 25 percent of the registered voters residing in the area to be included in the district, as determined by the local agency formation commission.

2012. (a) Before circulating any petition, the proponents shall publish a notice of intention that includes a written statement not to exceed 500 words in length, setting forth the reasons for forming the district and the methods by which the district will be financed. The notice shall be published pursuant to Section 6061 of the Government Code in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the territory proposed to be included in the district. If the territory proposed to be included in the district is located in more than one county, publication of the notice shall be made in at least one newspaper of general circulation in each of the counties.
- (b) The following shall be signed by a representative of the proponent, and shall be in substantially the following form:

"Notice of Intent to Circulate Petition

"Notice is hereby given of the intention to circulate a petition proposing to form the _____ (name of the district). The reasons for forming the proposed district are: _____. The method(s) by which the proposed district will be financed are: _____."

- (c) Within five days after the date of publication, the proponents shall file with the executive officer of the local agency formation commission of the principal county a copy of the notice together with an affidavit made by a representative of the newspaper in which the notice was published certifying to the fact of the publication. (d) After the filing required pursuant to subdivision (c), the petition may be circulated for signatures.
2013. (a) A proposal to form a new district may also be made by the adoption of a resolution of application by the legislative body of any county or city that contains the territory proposed to be included in the district. Except for the provisions regarding the signers, signatures, and the proponents, a resolution of application shall contain all of the matters required for inclusion in a petition in Section 2011.
- (b) Before adopting a resolution of application, the legislative body shall hold a public hearing on the resolution. Notice of the hearing shall be published pursuant to Section 6061 of the Government Code in one or more newspapers of general circulation within the county or city. At least 20 days before the hearing, the legislative body shall give mailed notice of its hearing to the executive officer of the local agency formation commission of the principal county. The notice shall generally describe the proposed formation of the district and the territory proposed to be included in the district.
- (c) At the hearing required by subdivision (b), the legislative body shall give any person an opportunity to present his or her views on the resolution.
- (d) The clerk of the legislative body shall file a certified copy of the resolution of application with the executive officer of the local agency formation commission of the principal county.
2014. (a) Once the proponents have filed a sufficient petition or a legislative body has filed a resolution of application, the local agency formation commission shall proceed pursuant to Part 3 (commencing with Section 56650) of Division 3 of Title 5 of the Government Code.
- (b) If the local agency formation commission approves the proposal for the formation of a district, then, notwithstanding Section 57007 of the Government Code, the

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commission shall proceed pursuant to Part 4 (commencing with Section 57000) of Division 3 of Title 5 of the Government Code.

- (c) Notwithstanding Section 57075 of the Government Code, the local agency formation commission shall take one of the following actions:
 - (1) If a majority protest exists in accordance with Section 57078 of the Government Code, the commission shall terminate proceedings.
 - (2) If no majority protest exists, the commission shall either:
 - (A) Order the formation without an election.
 - (B) Order the formation subject to the approval by the voters of a special tax or the approval by the property owners of a special benefit assessment.
- (d) If the local agency formation commission orders the formation of a district pursuant to subparagraph (B) of paragraph (2) of subdivision (c), the commission shall direct the board of supervisors to direct county officials to conduct the necessary elections on behalf of the proposed district.

Article 3. Boards of Trustees and Officers

2020. A legislative body of at least five members known as the board of trustees shall govern every district. The board of trustees shall establish policies for the operation of the district. The board of trustees shall provide for the faithful implementation of those policies which is the responsibility of the employees of the district.

2021. Within 30 days after the effective date of the formation of a district, a board of trustees shall be appointed as follows:

- (a) In the case of a district that contains only unincorporated territory in a single county, the board of supervisors shall appoint five persons to the board of trustees.
- (b) In the case of a district that is located entirely within a single county and contains both incorporated territory and unincorporated territory, the board of supervisors may appoint one person to the board of trustees, and the city council of each city that is located in whole or in part within the district may appoint one person to the board of trustees. If those appointments result in a board of trustees with less than five trustees, the board of supervisors shall appoint enough additional persons to make a board of trustees of five members.
- (c) In the case of a district that contains only unincorporated territory in more than one county, the board of supervisors of each county may appoint one person to the board of trustees. If those appointments result in a board of trustees with less than five persons, the board of supervisors of the principal county shall appoint enough additional persons to make a board of trustees of five members.
- (d) In the case of a district that is located in two or more counties and contains both incorporated territory and unincorporated territory, the board of supervisors of each county may appoint one person to the board of trustees, and the city council of each city that is located in whole or part within the district may appoint one person to the board of trustees. If those appointments result in less than five persons, the board of supervisors of the principal county shall appoint enough additional persons to make a board of trustees of five members.

2022. (a) Each person appointed by a board of supervisors to be a member of a board of trustees shall be a voter in that county and a resident of that portion of the county that is within the district.

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- (b) Each person appointed by a city council to be a member of a board of trustees shall be a voter in that city and a resident of that portion of the city that is within the district.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of law including the common law doctrine that precludes the simultaneous holding of incompatible offices, a member of a city council may be appointed and may serve as a member of a board of trustees if that person also meets the other applicable qualifications of this chapter.
 - (d) It is the intent of the Legislature that persons appointed to boards of trustees have experience, training, and education in fields that will assist in the governance of the districts.
 - (e) All trustees shall exercise their independent judgment on behalf of the interests of the residents, property owners, and the public as a whole in furthering the purposes and intent of this chapter. The trustees shall represent the interests of the public as a whole and not solely the interests of the board of supervisors or the city council that appointed them.
- 2023.
- (a) The initial board of trustees of a district formed on or after January 1, 2003, shall be determined pursuant to this section.
 - (b) The persons appointed to the initial board of trustees shall meet on the first Monday after 45 days after the effective date of the formation of the district.
 - (c) At the first meeting of the initial board of trustees, the trustees shall classify themselves by lot into two classes, as nearly equal as possible. The term of office of the class having the greater number shall expire at noon on the first Monday in January that is closest to the second year from the appointments made pursuant to Section 2021. The term of office of the class having the lesser number shall expire at noon on the first Monday in January that is closest to the first year from the appointments made pursuant to Section 2021.
- 2024.
- (a) Except as provided in Section 2023, the term of office for a member of the board of trustees shall be for a term of two or four years, at the discretion of the appointing authority. Terms of office commence at noon on the first Monday in January.
 - (b) Any vacancy in the office of a member appointed to a board of trustees shall be filled pursuant to Section 1779 of the Government Code. Any person appointed to fill a vacant office shall fill the balance of the unexpired term.
- 2025.
- (a) Under no circumstances shall a board of trustees consist of less than five members. Except as provided in Section 2026, the number of members who represent the unincorporated territory of a county may not exceed five members.
 - (b) A board of trustees may adopt a resolution requesting the board of supervisors of any county that contains territory within the district to increase or decrease the number of members of the board of trustees who represent the unincorporated territory of that county within the district. The resolution shall specify the number of members and the areas of the unincorporated territory for which the board of trustees requests the increase or decrease.
 - (c) Within 60 days of receiving a resolution adopted pursuant to subdivision (b), the board of supervisors shall order the increase or decrease in the number of members of the board of trustees, consistent with the board of trustees' resolution.
 - (d) If the board of supervisors orders an increase in the number of members of the board of trustees, the board of supervisors shall appoint a person or persons to the board of trustees and specify their term of office, consistent with the requirements

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of this chapter. If the board of supervisors orders a decrease in the number of members of the board of trustees, the board of supervisors shall designate the trustee or trustees whose office shall be eliminated at the termination of the trustee's current term of office. Any trustee whose office is designated to be eliminated shall continue to serve until his or her term of office expires.

2026. (a) A local agency formation commission, in approving either a consolidation of districts or the reorganization of two more districts into a single district, may, pursuant to subdivisions (k) and (n) of Section 56886 of the Government Code, change the number of members on the board of trustees of the consolidated or reorganized district, provided that the resulting number of trustees shall be an odd number but not less than five.
- (b) Upon the expiration of the terms of the members of the board of trustees of the consolidated or reorganized district whose terms first expire following the effective date of the consolidation or reorganization, the total number of members on the board of trustees shall be reduced until the number equals the number of members determined by the local agency formation commission.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (b) of Section 2024, in the event of a vacancy on the board of trustees of the consolidated or reorganized district at a time when the number of members of the board of trustees is greater than the number determined by the local agency formation commission, the vacancy shall not be filled and the membership of the board of trustees shall be reduced by one member.
2027. (a) At the first meeting of the initial board of trustees of a newly formed district, and in the case of an existing district at the first meeting in January every year or every other year, the board of trustees shall elect its officers.
- (b) The officers of a board of trustees are a president and a secretary. The president shall be a trustee. The secretary may be either a trustee or a district employee. A board of trustees may create additional officers and elect members to those positions. No trustee shall hold more than one office.
- (c) Except as provided in Section 2077, the county treasurer of the principal county shall act as the district treasurer. The county treasurer shall receive no compensation for the receipt and disbursement of money of the district.
2028. A board of trustees shall meet at least once every three months. Meetings of the board of trustees are subject to the provisions of the Ralph M. Brown Act, Chapter 9 (commencing with Section 54950) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.
2029. (a) A majority of the board of trustees shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business.
- (b) Except as otherwise specifically provided to the contrary in this chapter, a recorded vote of a majority of those trustees present and voting is required on each action.
- (c) The board of trustees shall act only by ordinance, resolution, or motion.
- (d) The board of trustees shall keep a record of all of its acts, including financial transactions.
- (e) The board of trustees shall adopt rules for its proceedings.
2030. (a) The members of the board of trustees shall serve without compensation.

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- (b) The members of the board of trustees may receive their actual and necessary traveling and incidental expenses incurred while on official business. In lieu of paying for actual expenses, the board of trustees may by resolution provide for the allowance and payment to each trustee a sum not to exceed one hundred dollars (\$100) per month for expenses incurred while on official business. A trustee may waive the payments permitted by this subdivision.
- (c) Notwithstanding subdivision (a), the secretary of the board of trustees may receive compensation in an amount determined by the board of trustees.

Article 4. Powers

2040. Within the district's boundaries or in territory that is located outside the district from which vectors and vectorborne diseases may enter the district, a district may do all of the following:

- (a) Conduct surveillance programs and other appropriate studies of vectors and vectorborne diseases.
- (b) Take any and all necessary or proper actions to prevent the occurrence of vectors and vectorborne diseases.
- (c) Take any and all necessary or proper actions to abate or control vectors and vectorborne diseases.
- (d) Take any and all actions necessary for or incidental to the powers granted by this chapter.

2041. A district shall have and may exercise all rights and powers, expressed or implied, necessary to carry out the purposes and intent of this chapter, including, but not limited to, all of the following powers:

- (a) To sue and be sued.
- (b) To acquire by purchase, eminent domain, or other lawful means, any real property within the district or any personal property that may be necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and intent of this chapter.
- (c) To sell, lease, or otherwise dispose of any real or personal property. Every sale of property shall be to the highest bidder. The board shall publish notice of the sale pursuant to Section 6066 of the Government Code. A board of trustees may exchange equivalent properties if the board determines that the exchange is in the best interests of the district.
- (d) To donate any surplus real or personal property to any public agency or nonprofit organization.
- (e) To purchase the supplies and materials, employ the personnel, and contract for the services that may be necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and intent of this chapter.
- (f) To build, repair, and maintain on any land the dikes, levees, cuts, canals, or ditches that may be necessary or proper to carry out the purposes and intent of this chapter.
- (g) To contract to indemnify or compensate any property owner for any injury or damage necessarily caused by the use or taking of real or personal property for dikes, levees, cuts, canals, or ditches.
- (h) To engage necessary personnel, to define their qualifications and duties, and to provide a schedule of compensation for the performance of their duties.
- (i) To engage counsel and other professional services.
- (j) To adopt a seal and alter it at pleasure.

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- (k) To provide insurance pursuant to Part 6 (commencing with Section 989) of Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code.
- (l) To participate in, review, comment, and make recommendations regarding local, state, or federal land use planning and environmental quality processes, documents, permits, licenses, and entitlements for projects and their potential effects on the purposes and intent of this chapter.
- (m) To take any and all actions necessary for, or incidental to, the powers expressed or implied by this chapter.

2042. When acquiring, improving, or using any real property, a district shall comply with Article 5 (commencing with Section 53090) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5, and Article 7 (commencing with Section 65400) of Chapter 1 of Division 1 of Title 7 of the Government Code.

- 2043.
- (a) A district shall have perpetual succession.
 - (b) A board of trustees may, by a two-thirds vote of its total membership, adopt a resolution to change the name of the district. The name shall contain the words "mosquito abatement district," "vector control district," "mosquito and vector control district," "mosquito control district," or "vector management district." The resolution shall comply with the requirements of Chapter 23 (commencing with Section 7530) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code. Within 10 days of its adoption, the board of trustees shall file a copy of its resolution with the Secretary of State, the county clerk, the board of supervisors, and the local agency formation commission of each county in which the district is located.
 - (c) Unless another provision of law requires a longer retention period, a district may destroy or otherwise dispose of any paper or electronic document filed with, or submitted to, the district after one year unless the board of trustees determines that there is a need for its retention. In determining whether there is a need for retaining a document, the board of trustees shall consider future public need, the effect on statutes of limitation, and historical significance.

- 2044.
- (a) A district may cooperate with any public agency or federal agency to carry out the purposes and intent of this chapter. To that end, a district may enter into agreements with those other public agencies or federal agencies to take any and all actions necessary or convenient for carrying out the purposes and intent of this chapter.
 - (b) A district may jointly acquire, construct, improve, maintain, and operate any facilities, projects, or programs with any other public agency or federal agency to carry out the purposes and intent of this chapter. Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to prohibit any joint or cooperative action with other public agencies or federal agencies.
 - (c) A district may enter into joint powers agreements pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, Chapter 5 (commencing with Section 6500) of Division 7 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

2045. A district may contract with other public agencies and federal agencies to provide any service, project, or program authorized by this chapter within the district's boundaries. A district may contract with other public agencies and federal agencies to provide any service, project, or program authorized by this chapter within the boundaries of the other public agencies and federal agencies.

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2046. (a) Each district shall adopt policies and procedures, including bidding regulations, governing the purchase of supplies and equipment. Each district shall adopt these policies and procedures by rule or regulation pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 54201) of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.
- (b) A district may request the State Department of General Services to make purchases of materials, equipment, or supplies on its behalf pursuant to Section 10298 of the Public Contract Code.
- (c) A district may request the purchasing agent of the principal county to make purchases on materials, equipment, or supplies on its behalf pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 25500) of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of Title 3 of the Government Code. (d) A district may request the purchasing agent of the principal county to contract with persons to provide services, projects, and programs authorized by this chapter pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 25500) of Chapter 5 of Division 2 of Title 3 of the Government Code.

2047. Any person who restrains, hinders, obstructs, or threatens any officer or employee of a district in the performance of that person's duties, or any person who interferes with any work done by, or under the direction of, the district is guilty of a misdemeanor.

2048. (a) The Meyers-Milias-Brown Act, Chapter 10 (commencing with Section 3500) of Division 4 of Title 1 of the Government Code applies to all districts.
- (b) A board of trustees may adopt an ordinance establishing an employee relations system that may include, but is not limited to, a civil service system or a merit system.

2049. A board of trustees may require any employee or officer to be bonded. The district shall pay the cost of the bonds.

2050. A board of trustees may provide for any programs for the benefit of its employees and members of the board of trustees pursuant to Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 53200) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.

2051. A district may authorize the members of its board of trustees and its employees to attend professional, educational, or vocational meetings, and pay their actual and necessary traveling and incidental expenses while on official business. The payment of expenses pursuant to this section may be in addition to the payments made pursuant to Section 2030.

2052. (a) Pursuant to Article 4 (commencing with Section 106925) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 104, every district employee who handles, applies, or supervises the use of any pesticide for public health purposes shall be certified by the department as a vector control technician in at least one of the following categories commensurate with the assigned duties:
- (1) Mosquito control.
 - (2) Terrestrial invertebrate vector control.
 - (3) Vertebrate vector control.
- (b) The department may establish, by regulation, exemptions from the requirements of this section that the department deems reasonably necessary to further the purposes of this section.

2053. (a) A district may request an inspection and abatement warrant pursuant to Title 13 (commencing with Section 1822.50) of Part 3 of the Code of Civil Procedure. A warrant issued pursuant to this section shall apply only to the exterior of places, dwellings, structures, and premises. The warrant shall state the geographic area which it covers and shall state its purposes. A warrant may authorize district employees to enter property only to do the following:
- (1) Inspect to determine the presence of vectors or public nuisances.
 - (2) Abate public nuisances, either directly or by giving notice to the property owner to abate the public nuisance.
 - (3) Determine if a notice to abate a public nuisance has been complied with.
 - (4) Control vectors and treat property with appropriate physical, chemical, or biological control measures.
- (b) Subject to the limitations of the United States Constitution and the California Constitution, employees of a district may enter any property, either within the district or property that is located outside the district from which vectors may enter the district, without hindrance or notice for any of the following purposes:
- (1) Inspect the property to determine the presence of vectors or public nuisances.
 - (2) Abate public nuisances pursuant to this chapter, either directly or by giving notice to the property owner to abate the public nuisance.
 - (3) Determine if a notice to abate a public nuisance has been complied with.
 - (4) Control vectors and treat property with appropriate physical, chemical, or biological control measures.
2054. Whenever the boundaries of a district or a zone change, or whenever the board of trustees levies a special tax or a special benefit assessment, the district shall comply with Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 54900) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.
2055. (a) In any dispute between a district and another public agency over the need to prevent, abate, or control, or the methods and materials used to prevent, abate, or control vectors or vectorborne diseases, the district or the other public agency may appeal the decision to the director of the department within 10 days of the decision.
- (b) Within 30 days of receiving an appeal pursuant to subdivision (a), the director of the department shall consult with the affected agencies, take written and oral testimony, decide the appeal, and convey the decision to the affected agencies. The director's decision shall be consistent with the purposes of this chapter. The decision of the director of the department shall be final and conclusive.

Article 5. Abatement

2060. (a) A district may abate a public nuisance pursuant to this article.
- (b) The person or agency claiming ownership, title, or right to property or who controls the diversion, delivery, conveyance, or flow of water shall be responsible for the abatement of a public nuisance that is caused by, or as a result of, that property or the diversion, delivery, conveyance, or control of that water.
2061. (a) Whenever a public nuisance exists on any property within a district or on any property that is located outside the district from which vectors may enter the district, the board of trustees may notify the owner of the property of the existence of the public nuisance.

- (b) The notice required by subdivision (a) shall do all of the following:
 - (1) State that a public nuisance exists on the property, describe the public nuisance, and describe the location of the public nuisance on the property.
 - (2) Direct the owner of the property to abate the nuisance within a specified time.
 - (3) Direct the owner of the property to take any necessary action within a specified time to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance.
 - (4) Inform the owner of the property that the failure to comply with the requirements of the notice within the specified times may result in the district taking the necessary actions, and that the owner shall be liable for paying the costs of the district's actions.
 - (5) Inform the owner of the property that the failure to comply with the requirements of the notice within the specified times may result in the imposition of civil penalties of up to one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day for each day that the public nuisance continues after the specified times.
 - (6) Inform the owner of the property that before complying with the requirements of the notice, the owner may appear at a hearing of the board of trustees at a time and place stated in the notice.
 - (c) The board of trustees shall cause the notice required by subdivision (a) to be served on the owner of the property in the same manner as a summons in a civil action. If, after a diligent search, the notice cannot be served on the owner of the property, the board of trustees shall cause the notice to be posted in a conspicuous place on the property for not less than 10 days before the hearing. Not less than 10 days before the hearing, the board of trustees shall also cause a copy of the notice to be mailed by certified mail to the owner of the property at the address shown on the most recent assessment roll of the county in which the property is located.
 - (d) At the hearing before the board of trustees at the time and place stated in the notice, the board of trustees shall accept written and oral testimony from the property owner and other persons. At the close of the hearing, the board of trustees shall find, based on substantial evidence in the record, whether a public nuisance exists on the property. If the board of trustees finds that a public nuisance exists, the board of trustees shall order the owner of the property to abate the public nuisance and to take other necessary actions to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance. The board of trustees shall specify a reasonable time by which the owner of the property shall comply with these requirements.
 - (e) If the owner of the property does not abate the public nuisance and take the necessary actions to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance within the time specified by the board of trustees, the district may abate the public nuisance and take the necessary actions to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance. In addition, the board of trustees may impose civil penalties pursuant to Section 2063.
- 2062.
- (a) A board of trustees shall not declare an agricultural operation to be a public nuisance because of the presence of immature flies if the board determines that the agricultural operation is designed and managed consistent with the accepted standards and practices for controlling fly development on similar agricultural operations.
 - (b) As used in this section, "accepted standards and practices" means those standards and practices determined by the University of California Cooperative Extension, the department, or local public health agencies. These standards and practices include, but are not limited to, all of the following:

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- (1) Property design and layout of the agricultural operation to minimize the opportunity for fly development.
- (2) A comprehensive system for manure management to include storage, removal, and disposal.
- (3) A comprehensive system for green waste management to include storage, removal, and disposal.
- (4) An integrated pest management program to control the development and harborage of flies, including the components of surveillance, management, containment, and control.

2063. In addition to abating the public nuisance and taking any necessary actions to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance, a board of trustees may impose a civil penalty on the owner of the property for failure to comply with the requirements of Section 2061. The civil penalty may not exceed one thousand dollars (\$1,000) per day for each day that the owner of the property fails to comply with the district's requirements.

2064. A board of trustees may consider any recurrence of a public nuisance abated pursuant to Section 2061 to be a continuation of the original public nuisance.

- 2065.
- (a) The owner of the property abated pursuant to Section 2061 shall pay the district for the cost of abating the public nuisance and the cost of any necessary actions to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance. The owner shall also pay any civil penalty imposed pursuant to Section 2063.
 - (b) If the owner of the property fails to pay the district's costs within 60 days, the board of trustees may order the costs and any civil penalties charged and collected against the property. The charge shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as ordinary county taxes are collected, and shall be subject to the same penalties and the same procedure and sale in case of delinquency as are provided for ordinary county taxes. All laws applicable to the levy, collection, and enforcement of county taxes are applicable to the costs and civil penalties charged and collected against the property.
 - (c) If the board of trustees charges the costs and any civil penalties against the parcel, the board of trustees may also cause the notice of abatement lien to be recorded. The notice shall, at a minimum, identify the record owner of the property, set forth the last known address of the record owner, set forth the date upon which the abatement of the public nuisance was ordered by the board of trustees, set forth the date upon which the abatement and any necessary actions to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance was complete, and include a description of the real property subject to the lien and the amount of the cost and any civil penalties.
 - (d) However, if the board of trustees does not cause the recordation of a notice of abatement lien pursuant to subdivision (c), and any real property to which the costs and any civil penalties relate has been transferred or conveyed to a bona fide purchaser for value, or a lien on a bona fide encumbrancer for value has been created and attaches to that property, prior to the date on which the first installment of county taxes would become delinquent, then the cost and any civil penalties may not result in a lien against that real property but shall be transferred to the unsecured roll for collection.
 - (e) Recordation of a notice of abatement lien pursuant to subdivision (c) shall have the same effect as recordation of an abstract of a money judgment recorded pursuant to Article 2 (commencing with Section 697.310) of Chapter 2 of Division 2 of Title 9

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of Part 2 of the Code of Civil Procedure. The lien created shall have the same priority as a judgment lien on real property and shall continue in effect until released. Upon order of the board of trustees, an abatement lien created under this section may be released or subordinated in the same manner as a judgment lien on real property may be released or subordinated.

2066. The lien provisions of this article shall not apply to property owned by a public agency. Notwithstanding Section 6103 of the Government Code or any other provision of law, a public agency shall pay the district for the cost of abating the public nuisance, the cost of any necessary actions to prevent the recurrence of the public nuisance, and any civil penalties.

2067. Any money collected by a county from a lien authorized pursuant to this article, other than the amounts authorized pursuant to Section 29304 of the Government Code, shall be paid to the district.

Article 6. Finances

2070. (a) On or before August 1 of each year, the board of trustees shall adopt a final budget, which shall conform to the accounting and budgeting procedures for special districts contained in Subchapter 3 (commencing with Section 1031.1) of, and Article 1 (commencing with Section 1121) of Subchapter 4 of Division 2 of Title 2 of the California Code of Regulations. The board of trustees may divide the annual budget into categories, including, but not limited to:
- (1) Maintenance and operation.
 - (2) Employee compensation.
 - (3) Capital outlay.
 - (4) Interest and redemption for indebtedness.
 - (5) Restricted reserve for public health emergencies.
 - (6) Restricted reserve for capital and asset preservation.
 - (7) Restricted reserve for contingencies.
 - (8) Unallocated general reserve.
- (b) The board of trustees shall forward a copy of the final budget to the auditor of each county in which the district is located.
2071. (a) In its annual budget, the board of trustees may establish one or more restricted reserves. When the board of trustees establishes a restricted reserve, it shall declare the exclusive purposes for which the funds in the reserve may be spent. The funds in the restricted reserve shall be spent only for the exclusive purposes for which the board of trustees established the restricted reserve. The reserves shall be maintained according to generally accepted accounting principles.
- (b) Any time after the establishment of a restricted reserve, the board of trustees may transfer any funds to that restricted reserve.
- (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, in a public health emergency, a board of trustees may, by majority vote of the total membership of the board of trustees, temporarily transfer funds from other restricted reserves to the restricted reserve for public health emergencies.
- (d) If the board of trustees finds that the funds in a restricted reserve are no longer required for the purpose for which the restricted reserve was established, the board of trustees may, by a four-fifths vote of the total membership of the board of

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trustees, discontinue the restricted reserve or transfer the funds that are no longer required from the restricted reserve to the district's general fund.

2072. (a) On or before July 1 of each year, the board of trustees shall adopt a resolution establishing its appropriations limit and make other necessary determinations for the following fiscal year pursuant to Article XIII B of the California Constitution and Division 9 (commencing with Section 7900) of the Government Code.
- (b) Pursuant to subdivision (c) of Section 9 of Article XIII B of the California Constitution, this section shall not apply to a district which existed on January 1, 1978, and that did not as of the 1977-78 fiscal year levy an ad valorem tax on property in excess of twelve and one-half cents (\$0.125) per one hundred dollars (\$100) of assessed value.

2073. The auditor of each county in which a district is located shall allocate to the district its share of property tax revenue pursuant to Chapter 6 (commencing with Section 95) of Part 0.5 of Division 1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code.

2074. (a) A district may accept any revenue, money, grants, goods, or services from any federal, state, regional, or local agency or from any person for any lawful purpose of the district.
- (b) In addition to any other existing authority, a district may borrow money and incur indebtedness pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 53820), Article 7.5 (commencing with Section 53840), Article 7.6 (commencing with Section 53850), and Article 7.7 (commencing with Section 53859) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.

2075. All claims for money or damages against a district are governed by Part 3 (commencing with Section 900) and Part 4 (commencing with Section 940) of Division 3.6 of Title 1 of the Government Code.

2076. (a) All claims against a district shall be audited, allowed, and paid by the board of trustees by warrants drawn on the county treasurer.
- (b) As an alternative to subdivision (a), the board of trustees may instruct the county treasurer to audit, allow, and draw his or her warrant on the county treasury for all legal claims presented to him or her and authorized by the board of trustees.
- (c) The county treasurer shall pay the warrants in the order in which they are presented.
- (d) If a warrant is presented for payment and the county treasurer cannot pay it for want of funds in the account on which it is drawn, the treasurer shall endorse the warrant, "NOT PAID BECAUSE OF INSUFFICIENT FUNDS" and sign his or her name and the date and time the warrant was presented. From that time until it is paid, the warrant bears interest at the maximum rate permitted pursuant to Article 7 (commencing with Section 53530) of Chapter 3 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.

2077. (a) Notwithstanding Section 2076, a district that has total annual revenues greater than two hundred fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000) may withdraw its funds from the control of the county treasurer pursuant to this section.
- (b) The board of trustees shall adopt a resolution that does each of the following:
- (1) States its intent to withdraw its funds from the county treasury.

- (2) Adopt a procedure for the appointment of a district treasurer. The board of trustees may appoint the district treasurer, or the board of trustees may delegate the appointment of the district treasurer to the district's general manager. The district treasurer may be a member of the board of trustees, the secretary of the board of trustees, the general manager, or a district employee.
- (3) Fix the amount of the bond for the district treasurer and other district employees who will be responsible for handling the district's finances.
- (4) Adopt a system of accounting and auditing that shall completely and at all times show the district's financial condition. The system of accounting and auditing shall adhere to generally accepted accounting principles.
- (5) Adopt a procedure for drawing and signing warrants, provided that the procedure adheres to generally accepted accounting principles. The procedure shall provide that bond principal and salaries shall be paid when due. The procedure may provide that warrants to pay claims and demands need not be approved by the board of trustees before payment if the district treasurer determines that the claims and demands conform to the district's approved budget.
- (6) Designate a bank or a savings and loan association as the depository of the district's funds. A bank or savings and loan association may act as a depository, paying agent, or fiscal agency for the holding or handling of the district's funds, notwithstanding the fact that a member of the board of trustees whose funds are on deposit in that bank or savings and loan association is an officer, employee, or stockholder of that bank or savings and loan association, or of a holding company that owns any of the stock of that bank or savings and loan association.
- (c) The board of trustees and the board of supervisors of the principal county shall determine a mutually acceptable date for the withdrawal of the district's funds from the county treasury, not to exceed 15 months from the date on which the board of trustees adopts its resolution.
- (d) In implementing this section, the district shall comply with Article 1 (commencing with Section 53600) and Article 2 (commencing with Section 53630) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code. Nothing in this section shall preclude the district treasurer from depositing the district's funds in the county treasury of the principal county or the State Treasury pursuant to Article 11 (commencing with Section 16429.1) of Chapter 2 of Part 2 of Division 4 of Title 2 of the Government Code.
- (e) The district treasurer shall make annual or more frequent written reports to the board of trustees, as the board of trustees shall determine, regarding the receipts and disbursements and balances in the accounts controlled by the district treasurer. The district treasurer shall sign the reports and file them with the secretary.

2078. The board of trustees may establish a revolving fund pursuant to Article 15 (commencing with Section 53950) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code to make change and pay small bills directly.

- 2079.
- (a) The board of trustees shall provide for regular audits of the district's accounts and records pursuant to Section 26909 of the Government Code.
 - (b) The board of trustees shall provide for the annual financial reports to the Controller pursuant to Article 9 (commencing with Section 53890) of Chapter 4 of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.

Article 7. Alternative Revenues

2080. Whenever a board of trustees determines that the amount of revenues available to the district or any of its zones is inadequate to meet the costs of providing facilities, programs, projects, and services, the board of trustees may raise revenues pursuant to this article or any other provision of law.

2081. A district may levy special taxes pursuant to:

- (a) Article 3.5 (commencing with Section 50075) of Chapter 1 of Part 1 of Division 1 of Title 5 of the Government Code.
- (b) The Mello-Roos Community Facilities Act of 1982, Chapter 2.5 (commencing with Section 53311) of Part 1 of Division 2 of Title 5 of the Government Code.

2082. (a) A district may levy special benefit assessments consistent with the requirements of Article XIID of the California Constitution to finance vector control projects and programs.

(b) Before beginning a vector control project or program proposed to be financed pursuant to this section, the board of trustees shall adopt a resolution that does all of the following:

- (1) Specifies its intent to undertake the project or program.
- (2) Generally describes the project or program.
- (3) Estimates the cost of the project or program.
- (4) Estimates the duration of the proposed special benefit assessment.

(c) After adopting its resolution pursuant to subdivision (b), the board of trustees shall proceed pursuant to Section 53753 of the Government Code.

(d) The special benefit assessments levied pursuant to this section shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner as county taxes. The county may deduct an amount not to exceed its actual costs incurred for collecting the special benefit assessments before remitting the balance to the district. The special benefit assessments shall be a lien on all the property benefited. Liens for the assessments shall be of the same force and effect as liens for property taxes, and their collection may be enforced by the same means as provided for the enforcement of liens for county taxes.

2083. A district may levy special benefit assessments consistent with the requirements of Article XIID of the California Constitution to finance capital improvements, including, but not limited to, special benefit assessments levied pursuant to:

- (a) The Improvement Act of 1911, Division 7 (commencing with Section 5000) of the Streets and Highways Code.
- (b) The Improvement Bond Act of 1915, Division 10 (commencing with Section 8500) of the Streets and Highways Code.
- (c) The Municipal Improvement Act of 1913, Division 12 (commencing with Section 10000) of the Streets and Highways Code.
- (d) Any other statutory authorization enacted in the future.

2084. Pursuant to Section 5 of Article XIID of the California Constitution and Section 53753.5 of the Government Code, any assessment existing on November 6, 1996, that was imposed

California Health and Safety Code

exclusively to finance the capital costs or maintenance and operation expenses for vector control shall be exempt from the procedures and approval process set forth in Section 4 of Article XIID of the California Constitution and Section 2082. Subsequent increases in those assessments shall be subject to the procedures and approval process set forth in Section 4 of Article XIID of the California Constitution and Section 2082.

- 2085.
- (a) A board of trustees may charge a fee to cover the cost of any service that the district provides or the cost of enforcing any regulation for which the fee is charged. No fee shall exceed the costs reasonably borne by the district in providing the service or enforcing the regulation for which the fee is charged.
 - (b) Before imposing or increasing any fee for property-related services, a board of trustees shall follow the procedures in Section 6 of Article XIID of the California Constitution.
 - (c) Notwithstanding Section 6103 of the Government Code, a board of trustees may charge a fee authorized by this section to other public agencies.
 - (d) A board of trustees may charge residents or taxpayers of the district a fee authorized by this section which is less than the fee that it charges to nonresidents or nontaxpayers of the district.
 - (e) A board of trustees may authorize district employees to waive the payment, in whole or in part, of a fee authorized by this section when the board of trustees determines that the payment would not be in the public interest. Before authorizing any waiver, a board of trustees shall adopt a resolution that specifies the policies and procedures governing waivers.

Article 8. Zones

- 2090.
- (a) Whenever a board of trustees determines that it is in the public interest to provide different services, to provide different levels of service, or to raise additional revenue within specific areas of the district, it may form one or more zones pursuant to this article.
 - (b) The board of trustees shall initiate proceedings for the formation of a new zone by adopting a resolution that does all of the following:
 - (1) States that the proposal is made pursuant to this article.
 - (2) Sets forth a description of the boundaries of the territory to be included in the zone.
 - (3) States the different services, the different levels of service, or additional revenues which the zone will provide.
 - (4) Sets forth the methods by which those services or levels of service will be financed.
 - (5) States the reasons for forming the zone.
 - (6) Proposes a name or number for the zone.
 - (c) A proposal to form a new zone may also be initiated by a petition signed by not less than 10 percent of the registered voters residing within the proposed zone. The petition shall contain all of the matters required by subdivision (b).
 - (d) Upon the adoption of a resolution or the receipt of a valid petition, the board of trustees shall fix the date, time, and place for the public hearing on the formation of the zone. The board of trustees shall publish notice of the hearing, including the information required by subdivision (b), pursuant to Section 6061 of the Government Code in one or more newspapers of general circulation in the district.

California Health and Safety Code

The board of trustees shall mail the notice at least 45 days before the date of the hearing to all owners of property within the proposed zone. The board of trustees shall post the notice in at least three public places within the territory of the proposed zone.

2091. (a) At the hearing, the board of trustees shall hear and consider any protests to the formation of a zone pursuant to this article. The board of trustees shall terminate the proceedings, if, at the conclusion of the hearing, it determines either of the following:
- (1) More than 50 percent of the total number of voters residing within the proposed zone have filed written objections to the formation.
 - (2) Property owners who own more than 50 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the proposed zone have filed written objections to the formation. If the board of trustees determines that the written objections have been filed by 50 percent or less of those voters or property owners, then the board of trustees may proceed to form the zone.
- (b) If the resolution or petition for formation of a zone proposes that the zone use special taxes, special benefit assessments, or fees for property-related services to finance its purposes, the board of trustees shall proceed according to law. If the voters or property owners do not approve those funding methods, the zone shall not be formed.
2092. (a) A board of trustees may change the boundaries of a zone or dissolve a zone by following the procedures in Sections 2090 and 2091.
- (b) Except as provided in Section 56886 of the Government Code, a local agency formation commission shall have no power or duty to review and approve or disapprove a proposal to form a zone, a proposal to change the boundaries of a zone, or a proposal to dissolve a zone.
2093. (a) As determined by the board of trustees, a zone may provide any service at any level or levels within its boundaries that the district may provide.
- (b) As determined by the board of trustees and pursuant to the requirements of this chapter, a zone may exercise any fiscal powers within its boundaries that the district may exercise.
- (c) Any special taxes, special benefit assessments, or fees which are intended solely for the support of services within a zone shall be levied, assessed, and charged within the boundaries of the zone.



CITY COUNCIL AGENDA – NOVEMBER 3, 2020

SUBJECT: Status and Review of Proclamation of Local Emergency: COVID-19

SOURCE: City Manager's Office

COMMENT: At its meeting of March 17, 2020, the City Council took action to approve a Resolution of Proclamation of Existence of a Local Emergency for the novel coronavirus (COVID-19), which staff also initiated a soft-opening of its Emergency Operations Center (EOC) on Friday, March 20, 2020. At its last meeting on October 20, 2020, the Council reviewed the status of existence of local emergency, and acted to continue its Resolution of Proclamation.

On March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom issued a Proclamation of a State of Emergency, President Trump issued a Proclamation on Declaring a National Emergency on March 13, 2020, and the Tulare County Board of Supervisors adopted a Resolution of Proclamations of Local Emergencies on March 17, 2020. The Tule River Tribal Council also adopted a Resolution of Declaration of State of Emergency on March 13, 2020. Subsequent to his Proclamation at the time of this report, Governor Newsom has issued fifty-four (54) Executive Orders in support of the State addressing and mitigating COVID-19 impacts, several of which are pertinent to the City.

Governor Newsom's Executive Order N-25-20, issued on March 12, 2020, provided restrictions on mass gatherings of no more than 250, as well as provided accommodations to the Brown Act to encourage remote participation and social distancing. At its meeting of March 17, 2020, the Council gave direction of local gatherings not to exceed twenty-five (25), which staff responded to complaints and incidents accordingly. Both President Trump and the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) had recommended mass gatherings not exceed ten (10), which with Easter approaching on Sunday, April 12, 2020, the Council acted at its meeting on April 7, 2020, to limit local gatherings to no more than ten (10) individuals, allowing also for 6' social distancing. On October 9, 2020, apparently in consideration of the approaching holidays (e.g. Halloween, Thanksgiving, Christmas, etc.), the State issued guidance to allow up to three households to gather outdoors, including in a public park or outdoor space, allowing for social distancing, hand hygiene and wearing of face coverings unless eating or drinking, and not to exceed two hours in duration.

The County and most cities across the county have either closed or instituted soft-closings of its parks, including the closing of arbors, playgrounds and restrooms. At its meeting of April 7, 2020, the Council acted to soft-close City parks, including arbors, playgrounds, skatepark and sports courts (keeping

restrooms open for hygiene purposes) and that gatherings of any size not occur. Consistent with the State and County's modified Orders regarding outdoor recreation and operating restrictions, at its meeting of May 5, 2020, the Council acted to reopen the City's golf course (including requiring participants to wear face coverings), OHV Park and tennis courts. On June 5, 2020, the State announced guidelines for the opening of outdoor recreation, including public swimming pools and aquatic venues, beginning June 12, 2020. At its meeting on June 16, 2020, the Council provided approval for the opening of the Murry Park swimming pool and Fallen Heroes Park splash pad consistent with the State's guidelines and necessary precautions and preparations. With continued limitations on team-oriented recreation activities, staff prepared new individual outdoor recreation opportunities for the community, such as cross-country running. On June 5, 2020, the State also provided guidance on the opening of day camps beginning June 12, 2020, which staff also prepared for opening consistent with the State's guidelines and necessary precautions and preparations, and subsequently was completed on July 31, 2020. On September 28, 2020, the State allowed public playgrounds to reopen with guidance and restrictions, which at its meeting on October 6, 2020, the Council acted to keep playgrounds closed until further action.

Having already suffered the cancellation of the Iris Festival, Cinco de Mayo Parade, Porterville Fair, Military Banner Ceremony, KJUG Summer Concert Series, Freedom Fest and Pioneer Days among other community events to avoid mass gatherings, it is becoming apparent that the shelter-at-home Order could have continued affects on community events with the approaching Veterans Day Parade, Christmas Tree-Lighting Ceremony (Thanksgiving weekend) and the Children's Christmas Parade (December).

Governor Newsom's Executive Order N-28-20, issued on March 16, 2020, strongly advised that both private and public utilities not shutoff utilities or charge late fees for lack of payment until May 31, 2020, and directed the California Public Utilities Commission to review both private and public utilities for conformance. At its meeting on March 17, 2020, the Council acted to suspend the shutoff of utilities and the charging of late fees for lack of payment until at least its meeting of April 21, 2020 for review. Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-42-20 on April 2, 2020, which mandated that private and public water utilities not shutoff service due to non-payment, retroactive to March 4, 2020 - the Order did not reference the charging of late fees. Given the suspension of shutoff and charging of late fees, the City initially experienced a dramatic increase in accounts not making payment since the Council's action, which staff reinforced the message to customers that regular payments must still be made and has led to now generally usual payment, although has begun to accumulate. Since the Council's action on March 17, 2020 and as of September 30, 2020, there was \$617,515 in unpaid City utility accounts (water: \$382,718; sewer: \$235,537; and refuse: \$211,240), with the corresponding total loss in late fees of \$177,617 - approximately double the City's experience prior to the Governor's Executive Order. At its meeting on April 21, 2020, the Council acted to continue the moratorium of utility turnoff for non-payment consistent with the Executive Order, and to continue to not

charge late fees until further action by the Council.

Governor Newsom's Executive Order N-32-20, issued on March 18, 2020, appropriated \$150 million in emergency homeless funding, of which \$284,403 was allocated to Tulare County between \$147,734 to the Continuum of Care (CoC) and \$136,669 to the County. The CoC initially indicated its appropriation to the City of approximately \$40,000 based upon recent homeless population counts, which City staff recommended be the funding source for the daily homeless lunch program the City initiated on March 27, 2020, with the closure of the local non-profit (Helping Hands of Porterville Inc.) due to pandemic concerns earlier that same week. Staff estimated that the \$40,000 would allow the daily lunch program to continue through the month of April 2020. Subsequently, the CoC indicated it was attempting to match its funding allocation with the County's as the required 25% match to larger federal FEMA funding of approximately \$1.2 million. The County has indicated its allocation will be utilized in assisting with providing shelter for homeless individuals that are identified high-risk or in need of quarantine due to COVID-19 (Project Roomkey), which the County is working with two local hotels in the leasing of approximately thirty (30) rooms. At the time of this report, the County reports there are currently one hundred and thirty-three (133) total hotel rooms available to homeless individuals participating in the Project Roomkey program across the county, with eighty-three (83) of the rooms occupied. The County also reports that a Street Medicine event occurred in Porterville on June 29, 2020, during which twelve (12) individuals were tested for COVID-19 and all were negative. On July 1, 2020, Helping Hands of Porterville resumed its daily homeless lunch program, thus relieving the City and its staff of the deliver of this program. However, Helping Hands recently decided to close its program this month (October 2020) due to limited donations and participation.

The City's contract operator of the planned navigation center, Turning Point of Central California, has been issued building permits and was making necessary improvements for anticipated opening in the month of July, with the installation of the fire monitoring and suppression system the final improvement needed to be completed. Turning Point had previously indicated that due to the current pandemic, occupancy of the navigation center when opened would be at half-capacity to allow adequate physical distancing given group housing, but now believes the center can open with two-thirds capacity and meet State guidelines for healthy and safe operations. Given the delay in the installation of the fire monitoring and suppression system, at its meeting on August 4, 2020, the Council gave staff direction to consider opening the navigation center restricted to providing services without housing, which Turning Point opened and began offering daily services only on August 18, 2020. Turning Points is planning for the fire suppression and monitoring system to be soon complete and permitted to begin offering emergency shelter and transitional housing by November 9, 2020.

Governor Newsom's Executive Order N-33-20, issued on March 19, 2020, ordered that state residents shelter-at-home, and that only identified essential businesses remain open and associated workforce. Much confusion

reverberated throughout the state in clarifying essential businesses, which staff both responded to complaints and acted proactively in following the State's guidelines of essential businesses (attached). To assist in this ever-changing subject, at its meeting on April 21, 2020, the Council acted to appoint Vice Mayor Reyes and Council Member Gurrola to form an Ad Hoc Committee to coordinate with the City Attorney and City Manager in the application of the State and County guidelines in regard to essential and non-essential businesses. The Committee has met intermittently in review of local complaints and compliance with modified State and County Orders.

On Tuesday, April 28, 2020, Governor Newsom announced his 4 Stage plan for reopening the California economy and gradual modification of his stay-at-home Order, which his presentation is enclosed. The Governor indicated that moving from current Stage 1 to State 2 would likely occur in several weeks and allow non-essential "low-risk" retail to reopen with requisite 6' social distancing. The Governor indicated "high-risk" personal services would likely be allowed later during the Summer. On May 4, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-60-20, allowing the reopening of lower-risk businesses and spaces in Stage 2 beginning May 8, 2020, including manufacturing, retailers (pick-up and delivery) and warehouses. The Order also allowed Counties to proceed more quickly through Stage 2 (Variation Attestation) given certain State-determined public health metrics were met, including: 1) sustained reduction or stability in new cases for fourteen (14) days; 2) adequate diagnostic testing capacity and test results, including the ability to test all individuals with COVID-19 symptoms, same-day testing widely available for hospitalized patients, healthcare workers and workers in essential roles, close contacts for confirmed cases, and outpatients with symptoms; 3) public health department's capacity to rapidly interview new cases, identify close contacts, and ensure isolation and quarantine are effective; and 4) health care system capacity to respond to potential surges.

At its meeting on May 12, 2020, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors considered its draft plan for compliance with the Executive Order (attached). Of note, the Tulare County Public Health Officer issued a health advisory on May 7, 2020, that county residents should wear face coverings when in public (attached). At its meeting on May 19, 2020, the Board of Supervisors acted to modify its draft plan for reopening, including advancing immediately through the State's Stage 3, rescinding the County's Public Health Officer's Order, halting all local civil enforcement of stay-at-home Orders, directing County guidance for Stage 3 businesses, and direct County efforts from meeting State metrics to supporting problem areas and populations including the elderly and health compromised individuals, skilled nursing facilities, hospitals, and businesses or agencies with reported outbreaks. On May 26, 2020, the County submitted its Variance Attestation to the State, which was approved and posted by the State on May 27, 2020, allowing the county to proceed through the State's Stage 2.

On May 25, 2020, the State announced that places of worship (25% capacity) and in-store retail were allowed to proceed immediately statewide, and on May

26, 2020, the Governor announced that barber and hair salons could reopen immediately in counties with approved Variance Attestations, which as previously stated Tulare County's was approved by the State on May 27th. On June 5, 2020, the State announced that additional previous Stage 3 activities would be allowed to reopen with provided guidance effective June 12, 2020, including bars and wineries, campgrounds and RV parks, family entertainment centers (i.e. bowling alleys and movie theaters), fitness facilities, and museums/galleries/zoos/aquariums.

Due to increasing positive cases across the state, on June 18, 2020, the State issued guidance that all individuals wear face coverings when in public (attached). At its meeting on July 7, 2020, the Council acted to approve and Order under its Proclamation of Local Emergency authorizing the City to enforce the State's mandatory face covering requirements through the City's administrative citation regulations and aggressive education efforts, and directed City staff to prepare an emergency Ordinance requiring face coverings consistent with the State requirements, which was scheduled for Public Hearing and was approved by the Council at its meeting of July 21, 2020. In enforcement of the emergency Ordinance since adoption by Council, the Fire Department's Code Enforcement Division has six documented business-oriented incidents, and the Police Department has twenty-one (21) documented incidents involving individuals.

Due to increasing positive cases, testing positivity and COVID-19 hospitalizations, the State placed Tulare County on its monitoring list program for targeted engagement and potentially reinstituting community measures, which on June 28, 2020, the State directed all bars in Tulare County be closed again immediately by local health officer order. On July 1, 2020, the State further directed the closing of indoor activities for at least the succeeding three weeks, including restaurants, bowling alleys, movie theaters, card rooms, museums, wineries and zoos. On Monday, July 14, 2020, the State directed the immediate closure of all bars in California and cease in-restaurant dining, as well as the immediate closure of indoor activities or industries including barbershops, fitness centers, hair salons, malls, offices for non-essential sectors, personal care services (e.g. esthetic salons, nails salons, tattoo parlors), protests and places of worship for counties on the State's monitoring list (including Tulare County), unless the activity or industry can be modified to operate indoors or by pick-up. The State Board of Barbering and Cosmetology initially declared that barbershops and esthetic, hair and nails salons are required to operate indoors and may not operate outdoors and therefore must be closed, however, the State Board subsequently determined to allow these businesses to be open with modifications to operate outdoors.

On August 28, 2020, Governor Newsom announced that the State was implementing a new County Monitoring List system known as the Blueprint for a Safer Economy, incorporating standardized four tiers dependent upon a county's daily new cases per 100,000 population and testing positivity rates and the corresponding effect on economic sectors guidelines for operation. Tulare County is currently in the Purple (Widespread) tier given its daily positive case

rate per 100,000 population exceeds seven (9.2 at the time of this report), although the positivity rate is less than the maximum eight percent (5.8% at the time of this report). At the time of this report, there are ten (10) counties in the Purple (Widespread) tier, twenty-one (21) counties in the Red (Substantial) tier, seventeen (17) counties in the Orange (Moderate) tier and ten (10) counties in the Yellow (Minimal) tier. Under the new system, the State allowed barber and hair salons to reopen indoor operations on August 31, 2020, and allowed nail salons to reopen indoor operations on September 22, 2020, if permitted by local county public health officials. The State further allowed expanded personal care services to reopen indoor operations on October 20, 2020, including esthetic, skin care, electrology, body art professionals, tattoo parlors, piercing shops and massage therapy (in non-healthcare settings).

On September 30, 2020, the State announced a new health equity metric to be included in the Blueprint for a Safer Economy, requiring that test positivity rates in disadvantaged communities that comprise the lowest quartile of a county's Healthy Places Index census tracts do not significantly lag behind overall county test positivity rates. In order to advance to the next less restrictive tier (e.g. Purple-widespread to Red-substantial), a county will need to meet an equity metric and/or demonstrate targeted investments to eliminate disparities in levels of transmission. According to Tulare County's report as of October 13, 2020, the lowest quartile does not include Porterville areas exceeding 8% positivity, with the census tracts of Cutler/Yettum (24.4%), Pixley/Teviston (18.9%), Earlimart (15.6%), Alpaugh/Allensworth/Richgrove (15.4%), South-Central Tulare (13.3%), Tipton/Woodville (12.5%), West-Central Tulare (11.8%) and Orosi (8.9%) being of greatest concern. As referenced by a Member of Council, at its meeting on October 6, 2020, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors adopted a Resolution, demanding clarity, consistency, and continuity from Governor Newsom regarding COVID-19 directives to counties.

The new State Blueprint also provided a waiver process to allow TK-6th Grade students to receive in-person instruction with prior County and State approval, which locally St. Anne's School received such approval and began instruction on September 14, 2020. Also locally, Hope Elementary School received waiver approval and began in-person instruction on September 28, 2020, and both Rockford Elementary and Pleasant View Elementary have recently received both County and State waiver approval, but have not yet begun in-person instruction. Both Burton and Porterville Unified School Districts have applied to the County for the waiver, which at the time of this report are still awaiting County approval prior to submission to the State.

At its meeting on August 4, 2020, the Council considered and gave direction to staff evaluate opportunities for local restaurants to operate outdoors in the City's public right-of-way. At its meeting on August 18, 2020, given City liability considerations, the Council gave direction to work with local restaurants individually through an application and guidelines developed in coordination with the Council's Ad Hoc Committee. On August 24, 2020, the Council Ad Hoc Committee met with staff to review draft guidelines for the opening of outdoor dining by restaurants in public right-of-way, which the final guidelines

are provided as an attachment. Consistent with the guidelines and the proposed City's support for protecting restaurant patrons dining in the public right-of-way, at its meeting on September 1, 2020, the Council authorized an appropriation of \$100,000 from the City's Emergency/Catastrophic Reserve Fund for the purchase of necessary traffic and sidewalk barriers and other complimentary amenities, with any expenditure of funds to be documented for potential reimbursement should future federal and/or state funding be made available to mitigate COVID-19 activities. At the time of this report, nine entities have been approved to provide outdoor dining, including the Elks Lodge #1342, New China Restaurant, El Jacalito Taqueria, Pho Sho Fusion House, Pizza Factory, El Maguey Mexican Restaurant, Mariscos El-30, RJ's Cafe & Bakery, El Nuevo Mexicali II, Habi Sushi and Black Bear Diner, and several more are in the application process.

Due to increasing virus spread in the Central Valley resulting in increased cases and hospitalizations, on July 27, 2020, the Governor announced the appropriation of \$52 million in support of the counties of Fresno, Kern, Kings, Madera, Merced, San Joaquin, Stanislaus and Tulare in the implementation of three Unified Support Teams to provide hands-on technical assistance in support of testing, contact tracing, isolation and quarantine efforts. On August 12 and 13, 2020, the State's Unified Support Team met with local representatives in developing strategies reducing community spread in Tulare County.

Most of the City's workforce has been deemed essential under the State's guidelines, which the City has directed its limited non-essential workers to remain at home and available for assignment if necessary, and has implemented a rotation of its essential workforce as much as possible to reduce employees public exposure. Employees required to be at work during the shelter-at-home Order are accrued special leave for later utilization and/or payment, as well as employees that are working from home. Given the State's reopening guidelines, all City employees returned to work effective June 1, 2020, and the special leave program was discontinued effective May 31, 2020. Compounding the challenge for the City's workforce was the temporary closure of local non-profit contractor Promoting Self Worth (PSW) due to its workforce being considered highly vulnerable to COVID-19, thus necessitating City staff to address the contracted essential services of graffiti removal and the care for a significant number of Landscape and Lighting Maintenance Districts (LMD). PSW returned to performing its contracted services with the City beginning the week of May 11, 2020.

Governor Newsom's Executive Order N-37-20, issued on March 27, 2020, established a moratorium on eviction of tenants in good standing as of the date of the Order through May 31, 2020, which had been an issue of discussion by the Council at its meeting on March 17, 2020. On May 29, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-66-20, extending the eviction moratorium through July 28, 2020. On June 30, 2020, the Governor issued Executive Order N-71-20, extending the eviction moratorium through September 30, 2020. On August 31, 2020, Governor Newsom signed legislation to extend protections for tenants from eviction from COVID-19-related back rent through February 1,

2021, as well as extended anti-foreclosure protections in the Homeowner Bill of Rights to small landlords.

Governor Newsom's Executive Order N-39-20, issued on March 30, 2020, provided broad waivers of certifications and licensing for healthcare providers and locations to expand the provision of medical care in meeting an expected patient surge. During his press conference announcing the Order, Governor Newsom mentioned that Porterville would play a role in meeting the expected patient surge, which staff has learned will involve the reactivation of a portion of the General Treatment Area of the Porterville Developmental Center (PDC), including caring for up to potentially 350 COVID-19 patients in four (4) categories: 1) patients too sick to recover at home, but do not need hospitalization; 2) patients who have been hospitalized and who are recovering and require less care; 3) skilled nursing facility patients who don't require acute care; and 4) developmentally-disabled group home patients. Preliminary construction improvements have been completed to prepare the facility's infrastructure, with no timeline yet provided for necessary medical improvements expected to begin. The City has repeatedly asked the State to keep it involved in its planning efforts, including any actions by Council that would be supportive of its operation. On May 8, 2020, the City received notice from the County that the State intended to immediately relocate approximately forty (40) foster youth from across the state with COVID-19 to PDC, however, on May 9, 2020, the County notified the City that the State had changed its plans and would not be relocating the youth to PDC, likely to ensure regional patient surge capacity. On July 2, 2020, the City received notification from the County that the State would activate PDC as a regional alternate site on Friday, July 3, 2020, treating low-acute COVID-19 patients transferred from impacted hospitals from across the Central Valley. On August 19, 2020, the State notified the County that State personnel were being assigned to support the large fires in northern California and now across the state, and that PDC would not be accepting any new patients until further notice. As of September 12, 2020, there were no patients being treated at PDC, with the State designating the "warm closure" of the facility that can be reactivated within seventy-two (72) hours if necessary.

As part of the Governor's commitment to broader testing in rural and under-served areas of the state, the State established a contracted large-scale testing facility at the Veterans Memorial Building, beginning operations on Tuesday, May 5, 2020. Up to 130 tests are expected to be performed each day (Monday - Friday) for the next several months, which testing will be available to everyone by appointment. Given initial low utilization, City staff initiated a local messaging campaign for local residents to be tested, which precipitated improved community response beyond minimum State testing thresholds. City staff had been notified by County staff that the Veterans Memorial administration has given notice to the State to terminate the testing at its facility effective July 31, 2020, so that it may again use the facility for other purposes, however, the State and the Veterans Memorial administration have agreed to continue testing through the month of November, and potentially through the remainder of the calendar year.

On March 27, 2020, President Trump signed the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act, a \$2 trillion economic recovery stimulus package. The financial recovery package includes: 1) \$604 billion for individuals/families, including \$300 billion in cash payments, \$260 billion in unemployment payments and \$44 billion in student loan assistance; 2) \$500 billion for large corporations; 3) \$377 billion for small business; 4) \$340 billion for state and local governments; 5) and \$180 billion for public services, including \$100 billion for hospitals. Within the state and local government provisions, a local government's (county or city) population must exceed 500,000 to receive direct federal recovery, which local governments with population less than 500,000 would only receive federal recovery through a state if the state was agreeable to local government distributions. On April 24, 2020, President Trump signed the Paycheck Protection Program and Healthcare Enhancement Act (H.R. 266), which provided approximately \$400 billion in additional business assistance (\$321 billion) and medical support and testing (\$75 billion). Staff is focusing its efforts now in engaging with local businesses and financial institutions to ensure the emergency resources are made available to promote local economic stability upon the completion of the current state of emergency.

Another federal economic recovery package is currently in discussions by Congress, with the House of Representatives proposed Health and Economic Recovery Omnibus Emergency Solutions (HEROES) Act including \$3 trillion in federal assistance which includes \$1 trillion in state and local government funding assistance, and the Senate proposed Health, Economic Assistance, Liability protection and Schools (HEALS) Act including \$1 trillion in federal assistance which does not include any local government funding assistance.

At its meeting on May 5, 2020, the Council acted to amend its federal Community Development Block Grant (CDBG) 5-Year Action Plan and program the \$490,000 CDBG-CV business assistance funds received, and took additional action at its meeting on June 2, 2020, which staff received final approval from the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Department on July 21, 2020, and begin providing local small business assistance. Although the City received approval of its CDBG-CV plan and program by HUD, on August 10, 2020, HUD released its final set of program rules, which staff had to review for consistency. On September 17, 2020, the City received notification from HUD of an additional \$393,000 in additional CDBG-CV funds, which City staff is still awaiting final approval from HUD on the use of funds. At its meeting of June 16, 2020, the Council took action to defer the collection of the biannual \$25 business license from July 2020 to January 2021 for local small businesses.

From a City financial perspective, there is little doubt that the pandemic is having significant negative impact on local sales tax and transient occupancy tax, which will be further compounded by a likely reassessment of property tax values. Fortunately, the conservative stewardship of the City has allowed it to have General Fund reserves for Catastrophic Emergencies (\$2.8 million) and Budget Stabilization (\$4.3 million), which in addition to the recent passage of

Measure I, allows the City to purposefully address the current crisis and plan for budgetary accommodations that the City's essential services to the community can continue without current modification. The League of California Cities has estimated cities in California will collectively lose \$7 billion in revenue through the 2020-2021 fiscal year, and the State has forecasted that it will lose \$54 billion, exhausting its reserves and requiring significant State program reductions.

As a component of its 2020-2021 budget adoption, the State appropriated \$500 million of CARES Act funding to cities that were not allocated CARES Act funding directly by the federal government, including \$275 million to cities with a population of less than 300,000, which the City will receive approximately \$740,000.

RECOMMENDATION: That the City Council:

1. Receive the report of status and review of the Proclamation of Local Emergency;
2. Determine the need exists to continue said Declaration; and
3. Take action and/or provide direction as deemed necessary.

ATTACHMENTS:

1. Resolution 22-2020: Proclamation of Local Emergency
2. Governor Newsom Proclamation of a State of Emergency
3. President Trump Proclamation on Declaring a National Emergency
4. Tulare County Proclamations of Local Emergency
5. Tule River Tribe Declaration of State of Emergency
6. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-25-20 - Mass Gatherings
7. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-28-20 - Utilities
8. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-32-20 - Homeless Funding
9. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-33-20 - Stay at Home
10. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-33-20 - Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers Guidelines (Updated)
11. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-37-20 - Evictions Moratorium
12. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-39-20 - Expand Healthcare Workforce
13. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-42-20 - Utilities
14. Governor Newsom Update on California Pandemic Roadmap
15. Governor Newsom Executive Order N-60-20 - State Stage 2 Reopening and County Plan Guidelines
16. Tulare County Public Health Amended Order: April 8, 2020
17. Tulare County Public Health Amended Order: May 5, 2020

18. Tulare County Public Health Advisory - Face Coverings: May 7, 2020
19. Tulare County Public Health Amended Order: May 8, 2020
20. Tulare County Public Health Draft Reopening Plan: May 12, 2020
21. Tulare County Public Health Amended Order: May 18, 2020
22. Tulare County Roadmap to Recovery - Stage 3: May 19, 2020
23. State of California Guidance for Face Coverings: June 18, 2020
24. City of Porterville Urgency Ordinance - Face Coverings: July 21, 2020
25. City of Porterville Guidelines for Expanded Outdoor Dining
26. State of California Guidance for Reopening Outdoor Public Playgrounds: September 28, 2020
27. Tulare County Resolution - State COVID-19 Directives Clarity: October 6, 2020
28. State of California Guidance for Private Gatherings: October 9, 2020
29. Tulare County Healthy Places Index Update: October 13, 2020
30. State of California Guidance for Expanded Personal Care Services: October 20, 2020

Appropriated/Funded:

Review By:

Department Director:

John Lollis, City Manager

Final Approver: John Lollis, City Manager

RESOLUTION NO. 22-2020

A RESOLUTION OF THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE TO PROCLAIM THE EXISTENCE OF A LOCAL EMERGENCY

RESOLVED, by the City Council (the “Council”) of the City of Porterville (the “City”),
as follows:

WHEREAS, the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) is a respiratory disease which the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) considers to be a very serious public health threat with outcomes ranging from mild to severe sickness and death; and

WHEREAS, COVID-19 is easily transmissible from person to person and has spread globally to over 118 countries, infected more than 125,000, and killed more than 4,000 as of March 11, 2020 per the World Health Organization (WHO); and

WHEREAS, on January 31, 2020, the United States Department of Public Health and Human Services declared a public emergency for COVID-19 beginning on January 27, 2020; and

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom declared a state of emergency in the State of California due to the number of confirmed cases of COVID-19 in the State; and

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, WHO made the assessment that COVID-19 can be characterized as a pandemic; and

WHEREAS, on March 12, 2020, Tulare County declared an emergency due to the confirmed case of COVID-19 at Sierra View Medical Center in the city of Porterville, thus enabling Tulare County to take extraordinary measures; and

WHEREAS, on March 13, 2020, Governor Newsom announced that California public health officials have determined that gatherings of more than 250 people should be postponed or canceled across the State at least until the end of March; and

WHEREAS, COVID-19 therefore and will continue to cause conditions of peril to the health, safety, and welfare of persons and property in the City of Porterville; and

WHEREAS, preparing for, responding to, mitigating, and recovering from the spread of COVID-19 requires the City to divert resources from normal day-to-day operations, and has and will continue to impose extraordinary requirements on and expenses to the City; and

WHEREAS, the City Council hereby finds that the above described conditions related to the COVID-19 outbreak does warrant and necessitate the proclamation of the existence of a local emergency in the city of Porterville.

NOW, THEREFORE, it is hereby **DECLARED** and **ORDERED**, as follows:

1. The proclamation of existence of a local emergency exists throughout the City of Porterville.
2. The local emergency shall be deemed to continue to exist until its termination is proclaimed by the City Council of the City of Porterville.
3. As required by law, the City Council shall review the need to continue the state of emergency every thirty (30) days until this Resolution is terminated.

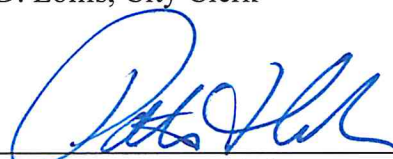
PASSED, APPROVED, AND ADOPTED this 17th day of March, 2020.



Martha A. Flores, Mayor

ATTEST:

John D. Lollis, City Clerk

By: 

Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
CITY OF PORTERVILLE) SS
COUNTY OF TULARE)

I, JOHN D. LOLLIS, the duly appointed City Clerk of the City of Porterville do hereby certify and declare that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the resolution passed and adopted by the Council of the City of Porterville at a meeting of the Porterville City Council duly called and held on the 17th day of March, 2020.

Said resolution was duly passed, approved, and adopted by the following vote:

Council:	PEÑALOZA	REYES	FLORES	STOWE	GURROLA
AYES:	X	X	X	X	
NOES:					
ABSTAIN:					
ABSENT:					X

JOHN D. LOLLIS, City Clerk


By: Fernando Gabriel-Moraga, Deputy City Clerk

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

PROCLAMATION OF A STATE OF EMERGENCY

WHEREAS in December 2019, an outbreak of respiratory illness due to a novel coronavirus (a disease now known as COVID-19), was first identified in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China, and has spread outside of China, impacting more than 75 countries, including the United States; and

WHEREAS the State of California has been working in close collaboration with the national Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), with the United States Health and Human Services Agency, and with local health departments since December 2019 to monitor and plan for the potential spread of COVID-19 to the United States; and

WHEREAS on January 23, 2020, the CDC activated its Emergency Response System to provide ongoing support for the response to COVID-19 across the country; and

WHEREAS on January 24, 2020, the California Department of Public Health activated its Medical and Health Coordination Center and on March 2, 2020, the Office of Emergency Services activated the State Operations Center to support and guide state and local actions to preserve public health; and

WHEREAS the California Department of Public Health has been in regular communication with hospitals, clinics and other health providers and has provided guidance to health facilities and providers regarding COVID-19; and

WHEREAS as of March 4, 2020, across the globe, there are more than 94,000 confirmed cases of COVID-19, tragically resulting in more than 3,000 deaths worldwide; and

WHEREAS as of March 4, 2020, there are 129 confirmed cases of COVID-19 in the United States, including 53 in California, and more than 9,400 Californians across 49 counties are in home monitoring based on possible travel-based exposure to the virus, and officials expect the number of cases in California, the United States, and worldwide to increase; and

WHEREAS for more than a decade California has had a robust pandemic influenza plan, supported local governments in the development of local plans, and required that state and local plans be regularly updated and exercised; and

WHEREAS California has a strong federal, state and local public health and health care delivery system that has effectively responded to prior events including the H1N1 influenza virus in 2009, and most recently Ebola; and

WHEREAS experts anticipate that while a high percentage of individuals affected by COVID-19 will experience mild flu-like symptoms, some will have more serious symptoms and require hospitalization, particularly individuals who are elderly or already have underlying chronic health conditions; and

WHEREAS it is imperative to prepare for and respond to suspected or confirmed COVID-19 cases in California, to implement measures to mitigate the spread of COVID-19, and to prepare to respond to an increasing number of individuals requiring medical care and hospitalization; and

WHEREAS if COVID-19 spreads in California at a rate comparable to the rate of spread in other countries, the number of persons requiring medical care may exceed locally available resources, and controlling outbreaks minimizes the risk to the public, maintains the health and safety of the people of California, and limits the spread of infection in our communities and within the healthcare delivery system; and

WHEREAS personal protective equipment (PPE) is not necessary for use by the general population but appropriate PPE is one of the most effective ways to preserve and protect California's healthcare workforce at this critical time and to prevent the spread of COVID-19 broadly; and

WHEREAS state and local health departments must use all available preventative measures to combat the spread of COVID-19, which will require access to services, personnel, equipment, facilities, and other resources, potentially including resources beyond those currently available, to prepare for and respond to any potential cases and the spread of the virus; and

WHEREAS I find that conditions of Government Code section 8558(b), relating to the declaration of a State of Emergency, have been met; and

WHEREAS I find that the conditions caused by COVID-19 are likely to require the combined forces of a mutual aid region or regions to appropriately respond; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8625(c), I find that local authority is inadequate to cope with the threat posed by COVID-19; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes, including the California Emergency Services Act, and in particular, Government Code section 8625, **HEREBY PROCLAIM A STATE OF EMERGENCY** to exist in California.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

1. In preparing for and responding to COVID-19, all agencies of the state government use and employ state personnel, equipment, and facilities or perform any and all activities consistent with the direction of the Office of Emergency Services and the State Emergency Plan, as well as the California Department of Public Health and the Emergency Medical Services Authority. Also, all residents are to heed the advice of emergency officials with regard to this emergency in order to protect their safety.
2. As necessary to assist local governments and for the protection of public health, state agencies shall enter into contracts to arrange for the procurement of materials, goods, and services needed to assist in preparing for, containing, responding to, mitigating the effects of, and recovering from the spread of COVID-19. Applicable provisions of the Government Code and the Public Contract Code, including but not limited to travel, advertising, and competitive bidding requirements, are suspended to the extent necessary to address the effects of COVID-19.
3. Any out-of-state personnel, including, but not limited to, medical personnel, entering California to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, and recovering from COVID-19 shall be permitted to provide services in the same manner as prescribed in Government Code section 179.5, with respect to licensing and certification. Permission for any such individual rendering service is subject to the approval of the Director of the Emergency Medical Services Authority for medical personnel and the Director of the Office of Emergency Services for non-medical personnel and shall be in effect for a period of time not to exceed the duration of this emergency.
4. The time limitation set forth in Penal Code section 396, subdivision (b), prohibiting price gouging in time of emergency is hereby waived as it relates to emergency supplies and medical supplies. These price gouging protections shall be in effect through September 4, 2020.
5. Any state-owned properties that the Office of Emergency Services determines are suitable for use to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, or recovering from COVID-19 shall be made available to the Office of Emergency Services for this purpose, notwithstanding any state or local law that would restrict, delay, or otherwise inhibit such use.
6. Any fairgrounds that the Office of Emergency Services determines are suitable to assist in preparing for, responding to, mitigating the effects of, or recovering from COVID-19 shall be made available to the Office of Emergency Services pursuant to the Emergency Services Act, Government Code section 8589. The Office of Emergency Services shall notify the fairgrounds of the intended use and can immediately use the fairgrounds without the fairground board of directors' approval, and

notwithstanding any state or local law that would restrict, delay, or otherwise inhibit such use.

7. The 30-day time period in Health and Safety Code section 101080, within which a local governing authority must renew a local health emergency, is hereby waived for the duration of this statewide emergency. Any such local health emergency will remain in effect until each local governing authority terminates its respective local health emergency.
8. The 60-day time period in Government Code section 8630, within which local government authorities must renew a local emergency, is hereby waived for the duration of this statewide emergency. Any local emergency proclaimed will remain in effect until each local governing authority terminates its respective local emergency.
9. The Office of Emergency Services shall provide assistance to local governments that have demonstrated extraordinary or disproportionate impacts from COVID-19, if appropriate and necessary, under the authority of the California Disaster Assistance Act, Government Code section 8680 et seq., and California Code of Regulations, Title 19, section 2900 et seq.
10. To ensure hospitals and other health facilities are able to adequately treat patients legally isolated as a result of COVID-19, the Director of the California Department of Public Health may waive any of the licensing requirements of Chapter 2 of Division 2 of the Health and Safety Code and accompanying regulations with respect to any hospital or health facility identified in Health and Safety Code section 1250. Any waiver shall include alternative measures that, under the circumstances, will allow the facilities to treat legally isolated patients while protecting public health and safety. Any facilities being granted a waiver shall be established and operated in accordance with the facility's required disaster and mass casualty plan. Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.
11. To support consistent practices across California, state departments, in coordination with the Office of Emergency Services, shall provide updated and specific guidance relating to preventing and mitigating COVID-19 to schools, employers, employees, first responders and community care facilities by no later than March 10, 2020.
12. To promptly respond for the protection of public health, state entities are, notwithstanding any other state or local law, authorized to share relevant medical information, limited to the patient's underlying health conditions, age, current condition, date of exposure, and possible contact tracing, as necessary to address the effect of the COVID-19 outbreak with state, local, federal, and nongovernmental partners, with such information to be used for the limited purposes of monitoring, investigation and control, and treatment and coordination of care. The

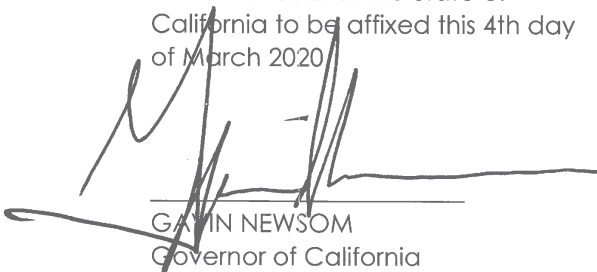
notification requirement of Civil Code section 1798.24, subdivision (i), is suspended.

13. Notwithstanding Health and Safety Code sections 1797.52 and 1797.218, during the course of this emergency, any EMT-P licensees shall have the authority to transport patients to medical facilities other than acute care hospitals when approved by the California EMS Authority. In order to carry out this order, to the extent that the provisions of Health and Safety Code sections 1797.52 and 1797.218 may prohibit EMT-P licensees from transporting patients to facilities other than acute care hospitals, those statutes are hereby suspended until the termination of this State of Emergency.

14. The Department of Social Services may, to the extent the Department deems necessary to respond to the threat of COVID-19, waive any provisions of the Health and Safety Code or Welfare and Institutions Code, and accompanying regulations, interim licensing standards, or other written policies or procedures with respect to the use, licensing, or approval of facilities or homes within the Department's jurisdiction set forth in the California Community Care Facilities Act (Health and Safety Code section 1500 et seq.), the California Child Day Care Facilities Act (Health and Safety Code section 1596.70 et seq.), and the California Residential Care Facilities for the Elderly Act (Health and Safety Code section 1569 et seq.). Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.

I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this proclamation be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this proclamation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have
hereunto set my hand and caused
the Great Seal of the State of
California to be affixed this 4th day
of March 2020



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

**PROCLAMATIONS**

Proclamation on Declaring a National Emergency Concerning the Novel Coronavirus Disease (COVID-19) Outbreak

Issued on: March 13, 2020



In December 2019, a novel (new) coronavirus known as SARS-CoV-2 (“the virus”) was first detected in Wuhan, Hubei Province, People’s Republic of China, causing outbreaks of the coronavirus disease COVID-19 that has now spread globally. The Secretary of Health and Human Services (HHS) declared a public health emergency on January 31, 2020, under section 319 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d), in response to COVID-19. I have taken sweeping action to control the spread of the virus in the United States, including by suspending entry of foreign nationals seeking entry who had been physically present within the prior 14 days in certain jurisdictions where COVID-19 outbreaks have occurred, including the People’s Republic of China, the Islamic Republic of Iran, and the Schengen Area of Europe. The Federal Government, along with State and local governments, has taken preventive and proactive measures to slow the spread of the virus and treat those affected, including by instituting Federal quarantines for individuals evacuated from foreign nations, issuing a declaration pursuant to section 319F-3 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C. 247d-6d), and releasing policies to accelerate the acquisition of personal protective equipment and streamline bringing new diagnostic capabilities to laboratories. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization announced that the COVID-19 outbreak can be characterized as a pandemic, as the rates of infection continue to rise in many locations around the world and across the United States.

The spread of COVID-19 within our Nation’s communities threatens to strain our Nation’s healthcare systems. As of March 12, 2020, 1,645 people from 47 States have been infected with the virus that

causes COVID-19. It is incumbent on hospitals and medical facilities throughout the country to assess their preparedness posture and be prepared to surge capacity and capability. Additional measures, however, are needed to successfully contain and combat the virus in the United States.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DONALD J. TRUMP, President of the United States, by the authority vested in me by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, including sections 201 and 301 of the National Emergencies Act (50 U.S.C. 1601 *et seq.*) and consistent with section 1135 of the Social Security Act (SSA), as amended (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5), do hereby find and proclaim that the COVID-19 outbreak in the United States constitutes a national emergency, beginning March 1, 2020. Pursuant to this declaration, I direct as follows:

Section 1. Emergency Authority. The Secretary of HHS may exercise the authority under section 1135 of the SSA to temporarily waive or modify certain requirements of the Medicare, Medicaid, and State Children's Health Insurance programs and of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act Privacy Rule throughout the duration of the public health emergency declared in response to the COVID-19 outbreak.

Sec. 2. Certification and Notice. In exercising this authority, the Secretary of HHS shall provide certification and advance written notice to the Congress as required by section 1135(d) of the SSA (42 U.S.C. 1320b-5(d)).

Sec. 3. General Provisions. (a) Nothing in this proclamation shall be construed to impair or otherwise affect:

(i) the authority granted by law to an executive department or agency, or the head thereof; or

(ii) the functions of the Director of the Office of Management and Budget relating to budgetary, administrative, or legislative proposals.

(b) This proclamation shall be implemented consistent with applicable law and subject to the availability of appropriations.

(c) This proclamation is not intended to, and does not, create any right or benefit, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity by any party against the United States, its departments, agencies, or entities, its officers, employees, or agents, or any other person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand this thirteenth day of March, in the year of our Lord two thousand twenty, and of the Independence of the United States of America the two hundred and forty-fourth.

DONALD J. TRUMP



Health & Human Services Agency COUNTY OF TULARE AGENDA ITEM

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

KUYLER CROCKER

District One

PETE VANDER POEL

District Two

AMY SHUKLIAN

District Three

EDDIE VALERO

District Four

DENNIS TOWNSEND

District Five

AGENDA DATE: March 17, 2020

Public Hearing Required	Yes ☐	N/A ☒
Scheduled Public Hearing w/Clerk	Yes ☐	N/A ☒
Published Notice Required	Yes ☐	N/A ☒
Advertised Published Notice	Yes ☐	N/A ☒
Meet & Confer Required	Yes ☐	N/A ☒
Electronic file(s) has been sent	Yes ☒	N/A ☐
Budget Transfer (Aud 308) attached	Yes ☐	N/A ☒
Personnel Resolution attached	Yes ☐	N/A ☒
Agreements are attached and signature line for Chairman is marked with tab(s)/flag(s)	Yes ☐	N/A ☒

CONTACT PERSON: Andrew Lockman PHONE: 624-8000

SUBJECT: Ratify Proclamations of Emergency for COVID-19

REQUEST(S):

That the Board of Supervisors:

1. Ratify a Proclamation of Local Emergency issued by the County Coordinator of Emergency Services on March 11, 2020 due to COVID-19; and
2. Ratify a Proclamation of Local Health Emergency issued by the County Health Officer on March 11, 2020 due to COVID-19.

SUMMARY:

As has been widely covered in the media, the COVID-19 outbreak originated in China beginning in December 2019. The Tulare County Department of Public Health, in cooperation with all Tulare County departments and numerous healthcare and community partners, has been actively monitoring and proactively preparing for COVID-19 since early January 2020.

Since that time, cases have been reported worldwide along with numerous deaths resulting from the disease. California has had numerous cases resulting from travel, person-to-person contact, and community spread. On March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom proclaimed a State of Emergency for COVID-19 after the first COVID-19 related death in California. Since that date, confirmed cases have also occurred in neighboring Fresno and Madera Counties.

On March 11, 2020, Tulare County had its first confirmed positive COVID-19 case. As a result, the County implemented a contingency plan under which the County's Coordinator of Emergency Services proclaimed a Local Emergency, and the County

SUBJECT: Ratify Proclamations of Emergency due to COVID-19
DATE: March 17, 2020

Health Officer proclaimed a Local Health Emergency, to enable the County to take all necessary response actions to combat the effects of the disease. Pursuant to California Government Code section 8630(b), these proclamations must be ratified within seven (7) days by the Board of Supervisors in order to remain in effect.

The Governor's State of Emergency dated March 4, 2020, waives statutory requirements to renew emergency proclamations for COVID-19, so these local proclamations will remain in effect until terminated by the Tulare County Board of Supervisors.

As a matter of information, local public health emergencies due to the threat posed by COVID-19 also have been declared by the Counties of Santa Clara, San Diego, San Francisco, Orange, Solano, Alameda, Sonoma, Marin, Placer, Los Angeles, Mendocino, Butte, San Bernardino, San Benito, Yolo, Monterey, San Mateo, Yuba, Sutter, Contra Costa, Humboldt, Lake, and Sacramento, and by numerous California cities and Indian Tribes.

FISCAL IMPACT/FINANCING:

There is no cost associated with proclaiming or terminating a local emergency or local health emergency. The proclamation of local emergency contains a request for California Disaster Assistance Act funding, which may result in cost recovery of extraordinary response costs associated with this incident.

LINKAGE TO THE COUNTY OF TULARE STRATEGIC BUSINESS PLAN:

The County's five-year strategic plan includes the Safety and Security initiative, with a directive to plan and provide coordinated emergency preparedness, response, recovery and mitigation capabilities for both natural and man-made disasters. These proclamations support the County's emergency response and coordination efforts by ensuring all necessary actions can be taken to mitigate the spread of disease.

ADMINISTRATIVE SIGN-OFF:



Timothy W. Lutz
Agency Director

Cc: County Administrative Office

Attachment(s) Proclamation of Local Emergency
Proclamation of Local Health Emergency

**BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

IN THE MATTER OF RATIFY PROCLAMATIONS) Resolution No. _____
OF EMERGENCY DUE TO COVID-19) Agreement No. _____
)

UPON MOTION OF SUPERVISOR _____, SECONDED BY
SUPERVISOR _____, THE FOLLOWING WAS ADOPTED BY THE
BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, AT AN OFFICIAL MEETING HELD _____
_____, BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES:
NOES:
ABSTAIN:
ABSENT:

ATTEST: JASON T. BRITT
COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER/
CLERK, BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

BY: _____
Deputy Clerk

* * * * *

1. Ratified a Proclamation of Local Emergency issued by the County Coordinator of Emergency Services on March 11, 2020 due to COVID-19; and
2. Ratified a Proclamation of Local Health Emergency issued by the County Health Officer on March 11, 2020 due to COVID-19.

**PROCLAMATION OF A LOCAL EMERGENCY
BY THE DIRECTOR OF EMERGENCY SERVICES**

WHEREAS, Government Code section 8630 and Tulare County Ordinance Code section 1-15-1030 authorize the Director of Emergency Services to proclaim a local emergency when the County of Tulare ("County") is threatened by conditions of disaster or extreme peril to the safety of persons and property within the County that are or are likely to be beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of the County, and the Board of Supervisors is not in session; and

WHEREAS, the Director of Emergency Services hereby finds:

Conditions of extreme peril to the safety of persons and property have arisen within the County due to the following:

A novel coronavirus (named "COVID-19") was first detected in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China, in December 2019. The U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") considers the virus to be a very serious public health threat, based on current information. In part, the virus is considered a serious public health threat because much is unknown. The exact modes of transmission, the factors facilitating human-to-human transmission, the extent of asymptomatic viral shedding, the groups most at risk of serious illness, the attack rate, and the case fatality rate all remain active areas of investigation. The CDC believes at this time that symptoms appear two to fourteen days after exposure. Currently, there is no vaccine or specific antiviral treatment for COVID-19.

The number of reported cases of COVID-19 has escalated dramatically over a short period of time. To date, worldwide there are over 125,000 confirmed cases of COVID-19 and over 4,600 deaths from COVID-19. Cases of COVID-19, though concentrated in China, have been reported in one hundred twenty-two countries, including the United States, and include individuals who never visited China. Transmission from an asymptomatic individual has been documented. In the U.S., there have been 939 total cases of COVID-19 confirmed to date in 41 different states, and at least 29 deaths reported.

The World Health Organization has declared the outbreak to be a global health emergency. Actions are being taken to protect public health and limit the spread of COVID-19 in the United States.

On March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom proclaimed a state of emergency to exist in California. There are now almost 200 confirmed cases in California spanning some 24 counties and at least four deaths have been reported in California due to COVID-19.

Local public health emergencies due to the threat posed by COVID-19 have been declared by the Counties of Santa Clara, San Diego, San Francisco, Orange, Solano, Alameda, Sonoma, Marin, Placer, Los Angeles, Mendocino, Butte, San Bernardino, San Benito, Yolo, Monterey, San Mateo, Yuba, Sutter, Contra Costa, Humboldt, Lake, and Sacramento, and by numerous California cities and Indian Tribes; and

Tulare County has a population of over 450,000 residents, many of whom travel frequently for business or personal reasons. The Health Officer of the County of Tulare has determined that there is an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 in Tulare County, and has declared a Local Health Emergency as a result.

These conditions are beyond the control of the services, personnel, equipment, and facilities of the County and require the combined forces of other political subdivisions to combat.

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, a Tulare County resident tested positive for COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, based on the experience of other California communities, it can reasonably be expected that other positive tests will soon follow; and

WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors is not in session, and cannot immediately be called into session; and

WHEREAS, during a local emergency, the Director of Emergency Services or other individual authorized to serve in that capacity under Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1031 and 1-15-1032 is empowered by Tulare County Ordinance Code section 1-15-1025 to issue rules and regulations on matters reasonably related to the protection of life and property as affected by such emergency; provided, however, that such rules and regulations must be confirmed at the earliest possible time by the Board of Supervisors; and

WHEREAS, the Director of Emergency Services is unavailable to issue a proclamation as he is currently outside of Tulare County and has authorized his successor, the County's Coordinator of Emergency Services (Assistant County Administrative Officer), as designated in Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1010 (c) and 1-15-1030 (g) to exercise the powers of Director of Emergency Services as provided for in Tulare County Ordinance Code section 1-15-1030 (h) and thereby to issue this proclamation of local emergency; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Health Department must use all preventive measures, which will require access to available services, personnel, equipment, and facilities, to respond to COVID-19; and

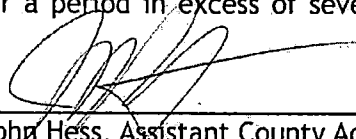
NOW THEREFORE, the Tulare County Coordinator of Emergency Services hereby:

1. Proclaims that a local emergency, as defined in Government Code Section 8558 and Tulare County Ordinance Code Section 1-15-1005, now exists within the County due to the presence of COVID-19; and
2. Requests that the Governor of the State of California request a federal declaration to provide assistance, including, but not limited to, California Disaster Assistance Act ("CDAA"); and
3. Orders that the Tulare County Health Department must use all preventive measures, which will require access to available services, personnel, equipment, and facilities, to respond to COVID-19.

The local emergency shall not remain in effect for a period in excess of seven days unless it has been ratified by the Board of Supervisors.

Date: March 11, 2020

Time: 10:33 pm

By: 

John Hess, Assistant County Administrative Officer
and Emergency Services Coordinator

APPROVED AS TO FORM:
COUNTY COUNSEL

/s/ Jennifer M. Shiffert
Deputy
Matter No. 2020217

Jlk/03-11-2020/2020217/1444043

**County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch**

Health Officer
5957 South Mooney Blvd.
Visalia, CA 93277
559-624-8480



**PROCLAMATION OF LOCAL HEALTH EMERGENCY
REGARDING NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)**

WHEREAS, California Health and Safety Code section 101080 and Tulare County Ordinance Code section 1-15-1033 authorize the local health officer to declare a local health emergency in the health officer's jurisdiction, or any part thereof, whenever the health officer reasonably determines that there is an imminent and proximate threat of the introduction of any contagious, infectious, or communicable disease, chemical agent, noncommunicable biologic agent, toxin, or radioactive agent; and

WHEREAS, the local health emergency shall not remain in effect after 7 days from the date of this declaration unless it has been ratified by the County of Tulare's Board of Supervisors; and

WHEREAS, the Health Officer of the County of Tulare makes the following findings:

A novel coronavirus (named "COVID-19") was first detected in Wuhan City, Hubei Province, China, in December 2019. The U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC") considers the virus to be a very serious public health threat, based on current information. In part, the virus is considered a serious public health threat because much is unknown. The exact modes of transmission, the factors facilitating human-to-human transmission, the extent of asymptomatic viral shedding, the groups most at risk of serious illness, the attack rate, and the case fatality rate all remain active areas of investigation, but are poorly characterized at this time. The best information to date suggests that the virus is spread between people primarily via respiratory droplets produced when an infected person coughs or sneezes. Symptoms of the virus include fever, cough, and shortness of breath, and infected individuals have experienced a range of outcomes, from mild sickness to severe illness and death. The CDC believes at this time that symptoms appear two to fourteen days after exposure. Currently, there is no vaccine or specific antiviral treatment for COVID-19.

The number of reported cases of COVID-19 has escalated dramatically over a short period of time. To date, worldwide there are over 125,000 confirmed cases of COVID-19 and over 4,600 deaths from COVID-19. Cases of COVID-19, though concentrated in China, have been reported in 122 counties, including the United States. Confirmed cases of COVID-19 include individuals who never visited China. Transmission from an asymptomatic individual has been documented. The World Health Organization has declared the outbreak to be a global health emergency.

On March 4, 2020, Governor Newsom proclaimed a state of emergency to exist in California.

**DECLARATION OF LOCAL HEALTH EMERGENCY
REGARDING NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)**

There are now almost 200 confirmed cases in California spanning 24 counties, and 4 deaths have been reported in California due to COVID-19.

Local public health emergencies due to the threat posed by COVID-19 have been declared by the Counties of Santa Clara, San Diego, San Francisco, Orange, Solano, Alameda, Sonoma, Marin, Placer, Los Angeles, Mendocino, Butte, San Bernardino, San Benito, Yolo, Monterey, San Mateo, Yuba, Sutter, Contra Costa, Humboldt, Lake, and Sacramento, and by numerous California cities and Indian Tribes.

Tulare County has a population of over 450,000 residents, many of whom travel frequently for business or personal reasons. As of March 11, 2020 there are 939 total cases of COVID-19 in the United States and 29 deaths. 41 states have reported cases.

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, a Tulare County resident tested positive for COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, based on the experience of other California communities, it can reasonably be expected that other positive tests will soon follow; and

WHEREAS, the Health Officer of the County of Tulare does hereby find that there is an imminent and proximate threat to public health from the introduction of COVID-19 in Tulare County; and

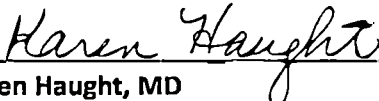
WHEREAS, the Board of Supervisors is not in session, and cannot immediately be called into session; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the Health Officer of the County of Tulare hereby proclaims and declares that a local health emergency now exists in the County of Tulare due to the presence of and threat posed by COVID-19.

Date: March 11, 2020

Time: 10:50 pm

Issued by:



Karen Haught, MD
County Health Officer
County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch

Approved as to Form:
COUNTY COUNSEL

By /s/Jennifer M. Shiffert
Deputy
Matter No. 2020217

Jlk/03-11-2020/2020217/1444044.DOCX



TULE RIVER INDIAN TRIBE OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE MATTER OF:

Resolution to Formally Declare a State of
Emergency for the Tule River Tribe of The)
Tule River Reservation of California)

RESOLUTION NO. FY2020-100

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE COUNCIL OF THE TULE RIVER INDIAN TRIBE:

WHEREAS, the Tule River Indian Tribe (the "Tribe") is a federally recognized Indian tribe organized pursuant to the Constitution and Bylaws of the Tule River Indian Tribe approved January 15, 1936 ("Constitution"); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Article III, Section 1 of the Constitution the governing body of the Tribe is the Tribal Council and pursuant to Article VI, Section 1 of its Constitution it has the power to promulgate ordinance for the purpose of safeguarding the peace and safety of residents of the reservation and to adopt resolutions regulating the procedure of tribal agencies of the reservation; and

WHEREAS, On March 4th 2020, a proclaimed State of Emergency exists in the State of California, as result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, despite sustained efforts, the virus remains a threat, and further efforts to control the spread of the virus to reduce and minimize the risk of infection are needed; and

WHEREAS, for the safety and protection of the public health within the jurisdiction of the Tribe for the Tribe and/or its governmental agencies to obtain emergency support and funding from Federal, state and local agencies; and

WHEREAS, the Tule River Tribal Council desires to consider state and local recommendation deemed necessary in the interests of the public health, issue guidance limiting or recommend limitations upon attendance at public assemblies, conferences, or other mass events, which could cause the cancellation of such gatherings through no fault or responsibility of the parties involved thereby constituting a force majeure; and

WHEREAS, in the interest of public health and safety, it is necessary to exercise my authority under Constitution of the governing body of the Tribe to ensure adequate response and address potential issues related to the threat of COVID-19; and

NOW THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, the Tribal Council hereby declares a State of Emergency for the safety and protection of the public health within the jurisdiction of the Tribe for the Tribe and/or its governmental agencies to obtain emergency support and funding from Federal, state and local agencies

Page 2.

Resolution No. FY2020-100

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this resolution has not been amended or rescinded in any way.

CERTIFICATION

UPON MOTION OF COUNCIL MEMBER **Zachary Janoko** SECONDED BY COUNCIL MEMBER **Steve M. Peyron, Jr.**, THE FOREGOING WAS ADOPTED BY THE TULE RIVER TRIBAL COUNCIL AT A DULY CALLED MEETING HELD ON **Friday, March 13, 2020**, AT WHICH A QUORUM WAS PRESENT BY THE FOLLOWING VOTES:

AYES: 8

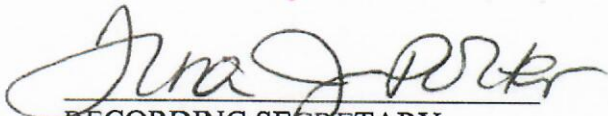
NOES: 0

ABSTAIN 0


NEIL PEYRON, CHAIRMAN
TULE RIVER TRIBAL COUNCIL


HEATHER TERAN, SECRETARY
TULE RIVER TRIBAL COUNCIL

ATTEST TO:


RECORDING SECRETARY

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-25-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS despite sustained efforts, the virus remains a threat, and further efforts to control the spread of the virus to reduce and minimize the risk of infection are needed; and

WHEREAS state and local public health officials may, as they deem necessary in the interest of public health, issue guidance limiting or recommending limitations upon attendance at public assemblies, conferences, or other mass events, which could cause the cancellation of such gatherings through no fault or responsibility of the parties involved, thereby constituting a force majeure; and

WHEREAS the Department of Public Health is maintaining up-to-date guidance relating to COVID-19, available to the public at <http://cdph.ca.gov/covid19>; and

WHEREAS the State of California and local governments, in collaboration with the Federal government, continue sustained efforts to minimize the spread and mitigate the effects of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS there is a need to secure numerous facilities to accommodate quarantine, isolation, or medical treatment of individuals testing positive for or exposed to COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, many individuals who have developmental disabilities and receive services through regional centers funded by the Department of Developmental Services also have chronic medical conditions that make them more susceptible to serious symptoms of COVID-19, and it is critical that they continue to receive their services while also protecting their own health and the general public health; and

WHEREAS individuals exposed to COVID-19 may be temporarily unable to report to work due to illness caused by COVID-19 or quarantines related to COVID-19 and individuals directly affected by COVID-19 may experience potential loss of income, health care and medical coverage, and ability to pay for housing and basic needs, thereby placing increased demands on already strained regional and local health and safety resources such as shelters and food banks; and

WHEREAS in the interest of public health and safety, it is necessary to exercise my authority under the Emergency Services Act, specifically Government Code section 8572, to ensure adequate facilities exist to address the impacts of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567, 8571 and 8572, do hereby issue the following order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

1. All residents are to heed any orders and guidance of state and local public health officials, including but not limited to the imposition of social distancing measures, to control the spread of COVID-19.
2. For the period that began January 24, 2020 through the duration of this emergency, the Employment Development Department shall have the discretion to waive the one-week waiting period in Unemployment Insurance Code section 2627(b)(1) for disability insurance applicants who are unemployed and disabled as a result of the COVID-19, and who are otherwise eligible for disability insurance benefits.
3. For the period that began January 24, 2020 through the duration of this emergency, the Employment Development Department shall have the discretion to waive the one-week waiting period in Unemployment Insurance Code section 1253(d) for unemployment insurance applicants who are unemployed as a result of the COVID-19, and who are otherwise eligible for unemployment insurance benefits.
4. Notwithstanding Health and Safety Code section 1797.172(b), during the course of this emergency, the Director of the Emergency Medical Services Authority shall have the authority to implement additions to local optional scopes of practice without first consulting with a committee of local EMS medical directors named by the EMS Medical Directors Association of California.
5. In order to quickly provide relief from interest and penalties, the provisions of the Revenue and Taxation Code that apply to the taxes and fees administered by the Department of Tax and Fee Administration, requiring the filing of a statement under penalty of perjury setting forth the facts for a claim for relief, are suspended for a period of 60 days after the date of this Order for any individuals or businesses who are unable to file a timely tax return or make a timely payment as a result of complying with a state or local public health official's imposition or recommendation of social distancing measures related to COVID-19.
6. The Franchise Tax Board, the Board of Equalization, the Department of Tax and Fee Administration, and the Office of Tax Appeals shall use their administrative powers where appropriate to provide those individuals and businesses impacted by complying with a state or local public health official's imposition or recommendation of social

distancing measures related to COVID-19 with the extensions for filing, payment, audits, billing, notices, assessments, claims for refund, and relief from subsequent penalties and interest.

7. The Governor's Office of Emergency Services shall ensure adequate state staffing during this emergency. Consistent with applicable federal law, work hour limitations for retired annuitants, permanent and intermittent personnel, and state management and senior supervisors, are suspended. Furthermore, reinstatement and work hour limitations in Government Code sections 21220, 21224(a), and 7522.56(b), (d), (f), and (g), and the time limitations in Government Code section 19888.1 and California Code of Regulations, title 2, sections 300-303 are suspended. The Director of the California Department of Human Resources must be notified of any individual employed pursuant to these waivers.
8. The California Health and Human Services Agency and the Office of Emergency Services shall identify, and shall otherwise be prepared to make available—including through the execution of any necessary contracts or other agreements and, if necessary, through the exercise of the State's power to commandeer property – hotels and other places of temporary residence, medical facilities, and other facilities that are suitable for use as places of temporary residence or medical facilities as necessary for quarantining, isolating, or treating individuals who test positive for COVID-19 or who have had a high-risk exposure and are thought to be in the incubation period.
9. The certification and licensure requirements of California Code of Regulations, Title 17, section 1079 and Business and Professions Code section 1206.5 are suspended as to all persons who meet the requirements under the Clinical Laboratory Improvement Amendments of section 353 of the Public Health Service Act for high complexity testing and who are performing analysis of samples to test for SARS-CoV-2, the virus that causes COVID-19, in any certified public health laboratory or licensed clinical laboratory.
10. To ensure that individuals with developmental disabilities continue to receive the services and supports mandated by their individual program plans threatened by disruptions caused by COVID-19, the Director of the Department of Developmental Services may issue directives waiving any provision or requirement of the Lanterman Developmental Disabilities Services Act, the California Early Intervention Services Act, and the accompanying regulations of Title 17, Division 2 of the California Code of Regulations. A directive may delegate to the regional centers any authority granted to the Department by law where the Director believes such delegation is necessary to ensure services to individuals with developmental disabilities. The Director shall describe the need justifying the waiver granted in each directive and articulate how the waiver is necessary to protect the public health or safety from the threat of COVID-19 or necessary to ensure that services to individuals with developmental disabilities are not disrupted. Any waiver granted by a directive shall expire 30 days from the date of its issuance. The Director may grant one or more 30-day extensions if the waiver continues to be necessary

to protect health or safety or to ensure delivery of services. The Director shall rescind a waiver once it is no longer necessary to protect public health or safety or ensure delivery of services. Any waivers and extensions granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.

11. Notwithstanding any other provision of state or local law, including the Bagley-Keene Act or the Brown Act, a local legislative body or state body is authorized to hold public meetings via teleconferencing and to make public meetings accessible telephonically or otherwise electronically to all members of the public seeking to attend and to address the local legislative body or state body, during the period in which state or local public officials impose or recommend measures to promote social distancing, including but not limited to limitations on public events. All requirements in both the Bagley-Keene Act and the Brown Act expressly or impliedly requiring the physical presence of members, the clerk or other personnel of the body, or of the public as a condition of participation in or quorum for a public meeting are hereby waived.

In particular, any otherwise-applicable requirements that

- (i) state and local bodies notice each teleconference location from which a member will be participating in a public meeting;
- (ii) each teleconference location be accessible to the public;
- (iii) members of the public may address the body at each teleconference conference location;
- (iv) state and local bodies post agendas at all teleconference locations;
- (v) at least one member of the state body be physically present at the location specified in the notice of the meeting; and
- (vi) during teleconference meetings, at least a quorum of the members of the local body participate from locations within the boundaries of the territory over which the local body exercises jurisdiction

are hereby suspended, on the conditions that:

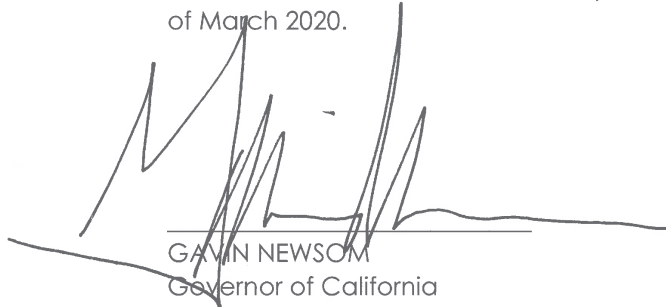
- (i) each state or local body must give advance notice of each public meeting, according to the timeframe otherwise prescribed by the Bagley-Keene Act or the Brown Act, and using the means otherwise prescribed by the Bagley-Keene Act or the Brown Act, as applicable; and
- (ii) consistent with the notice requirement in paragraph (i), each state or local body must notice at least one publicly accessible location from which members of the public shall have the right to observe and offer public comment at the public meeting, consistent with the public's rights of access and public comment otherwise provided for by the Bagley-Keene Act and the Brown Act, as applicable (including, but not limited to, the requirement that such rights of access and public comment be made available in a manner consistent with the Americans with Disabilities Act).

In addition to the mandatory conditions set forth above, all state and local bodies are urged to use sound discretion and to make reasonable efforts to adhere as closely as reasonably possible to the provisions of the Bagley-Keene Act and the Brown Act, and other applicable local laws regulating the conduct of public meetings, in order to maximize transparency and provide the public access to their meetings.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have
hereunto set my hand and caused
the Great Seal of the State of
California to be affixed this 12th day
of March 2020.



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-28-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS despite sustained efforts, the virus remains a threat, and further efforts to control the spread of the virus to reduce and minimize the risk of infection and otherwise mitigate the effects of COVID-19 are needed; and

WHEREAS the economic impacts of COVID-19 have been significant, and could threaten to undermine Californians' housing security and the stability of California businesses; and

WHEREAS many Californians are experiencing substantial losses of income as a result of business closures, the loss of hours or wages, or layoffs related to COVID-19, hindering their ability to keep up with their rents, mortgages, and utility bills; and

WHEREAS Californians who are most vulnerable to COVID-19, those 65 years and older, and those with underlying health issues, are advised to self-quarantine, self-isolate, or otherwise remain in their homes to reduce the transmission of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS because homelessness can exacerbate vulnerability to COVID-19, California must take measures to preserve and increase housing security for Californians to protect public health; and

WHEREAS local jurisdictions, based on their particular needs, may therefore determine that additional measures to promote housing security and stability are necessary to protect public health or to mitigate the economic impacts of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS local jurisdictions may also determine, based on their particular needs, that promoting stability amongst commercial tenancies is also conducive to public health, such as by allowing commercial establishments to decide whether and how to remain open based on public health concerns rather than economic pressures, or to mitigate the economic impacts of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS in addition to these public health benefits, state and local policies to promote social distancing, self-quarantine, and self-isolation require that people be able to access basic utilities—including water, gas, electricity, and telecommunications—at their homes, so that Californians can work from home, receive public health information, and otherwise adhere to policies of social distancing, self-quarantine, and self-isolation, if needed; and

WHEREAS many utility providers, public and private, covering electricity, gas, water, and sewer, have voluntarily announced moratoriums on service disconnections and late fees for non-payment in response to COVID-19; and

WHEREAS many telecommunication companies, including internet and cell phone providers, have voluntarily announced moratoriums on service disconnections and late fees for non-payment in response to COVID-19;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567 and 8571, do hereby issue the following order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1) The time limitation set forth in Penal Code section 396, subdivision (f), concerning protections against residential eviction, is hereby waived. Those protections shall be in effect through May 31, 2020.
- 2) Any provision of state law that would preempt or otherwise restrict a local government's exercise of its police power to impose substantive limitations on residential or commercial evictions as described in subparagraphs (i) and (ii) below—including, but not limited to, any such provision of Civil Code sections 1940 et seq. or 1954.25 et seq.—is hereby suspended to the extent that it would preempt or otherwise restrict such exercise. This paragraph 2 shall only apply to the imposition of limitations on evictions when:
 - (i) The basis for the eviction is nonpayment of rent, or a foreclosure, arising out of a substantial decrease in household or business income (including, but not limited to, a substantial decrease in household income caused by layoffs or a reduction in the number of compensable hours of work, or a substantial decrease in business income caused by a reduction in opening hours or consumer demand), or substantial out-of-pocket medical expenses; and
 - (ii) The decrease in household or business income or the out-of-pocket medical expenses described in subparagraph (i) was caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, or by any local, state, or federal government response to COVID-19, and is documented.

The statutory cause of action for judicial foreclosure, Code of Civil Procedure section 725a et seq.; the statutory cause of action for unlawful detainer, Code of Civil Procedure section 1161 et seq., and any other statutory cause of action that could be used to evict or otherwise eject a residential or commercial tenant or occupant of residential real property after foreclosure is suspended only as applied to any tenancy, or residential real property and any

occupation thereof, to which a local government has imposed a limitation on eviction pursuant to this paragraph 2, and only to the extent of the limitation imposed by the local government.

Nothing in this Order shall relieve a tenant of the obligation to pay rent, nor restrict a landlord's ability to recover rent due.

The protections in this paragraph 2 shall be in effect through May 31, 2020, unless extended.

- 3) All public housing authorities are requested to extend deadlines for housing assistance recipients or applicants to deliver records or documents related to their eligibility for programs, to the extent that those deadlines are within the discretion of the housing authority.
- 4) The Department of Business Oversight, in consultation with the Business, Consumer Services, and Housing Agency, shall engage with financial institutions to identify tools to be used to afford Californians relief from the threat of residential foreclosure and displacement, and to otherwise promote housing security and stability during this state of emergency, in furtherance of the objectives of this Order.
- 5) Financial institutions holding home or commercial mortgages, including banks, credit unions, government-sponsored enterprises, and institutional investors, are requested to implement an immediate moratorium on foreclosures and related evictions when the foreclosure or foreclosure-related eviction arises out of a substantial decrease in household or business income, or substantial out-of-pocket medical expenses, which were caused by the COVID-19 pandemic, or by any local, state, or federal government response to COVID-19.
- 6) The California Public Utilities Commission is requested to monitor measures undertaken by public and private utility providers to implement customer service protections for critical utilities, including but not limited to electric, gas, water, internet, landline telephone, and cell phone service, in response to COVID-19, and on a weekly basis publicly report these measures.

Nothing in this Order shall be construed to invalidate any limitation on eviction enacted by a local jurisdiction between March 4, 2020 and this date.

Nothing in this Order shall in any way restrict state or local authority to order any quarantine, isolation, or other public health measure that may compel an individual to remain physically present in a particular residential real property.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this proclamation be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 16th day of March 2020.



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-32-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS despite sustained efforts, the virus continues to spread and is impacting nearly all sectors of California; and

WHEREAS in the past two years, the State of California has allocated \$1.15 billion to local partners through the Homeless Emergency Aid Program and the Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention Program, funding intended to provide for a variety of programs and facilities aimed at combatting homelessness; and

WHEREAS on March 17, 2020, I signed Senate Bill 89, emergency legislation that authorizes \$500 million in immediately available funding to help California fight COVID-19 for any purpose related to the March 4, 2020 proclamation of a State of Emergency, including to support local governments to protect the health and safety of homeless populations, reduce the spread of COVID-19 in homeless populations, and provide safe beds for people experiencing homelessness; and

WHEREAS the emergency of COVID-19 necessitates a more focused approach, including emergency protective measures to bring unsheltered Californians safely indoors, expand shelter capacity, maintain health and sanitation standards and institute medically indicated interventions, and add new isolation and quarantine capacity to California's shelter and housing inventory to slow the spread of the pandemic; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567 and 8571, do hereby issue the following order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

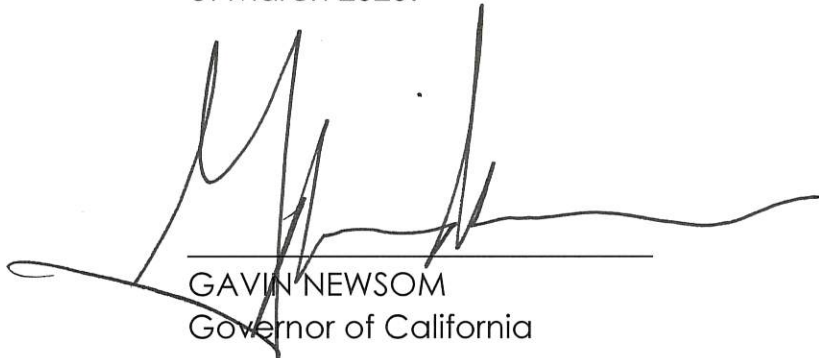
- 1) To the limited extent that any part of Health & Safety Code section 50214, subdivision (a), restricts a local jurisdiction from expending Homeless Emergency Aid Program funds on preparing for and addressing the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on homeless individuals, including through implementing guidance from the Department of Public Health on hand and respiratory hygiene and protective congregate living protocols, and providing isolation and quarantine capacity, that part is suspended.

- 2) To the limited extent that any part of Health & Safety Code section 50219, subdivision (c), restricts a local jurisdiction from expending Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention Program funds on preparing for and addressing the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on homeless individuals, including through expanding shelter and housing services and capacity, that part is suspended.
- 3) Division 13 (commencing with section 21000) of the Public Resources Code and regulations adopted pursuant to that Division are suspended for any project using Homeless Emergency Aid Program funds, Homeless Housing, Assistance, and Prevention Program funds, or funds appropriated in Senate Bill 89, signed on March 17, 2020.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have
hereunto set my hand and caused
the Great Seal of the State of
California to be affixed this 18th day
of March 2020.



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-33-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS in a short period of time, COVID-19 has rapidly spread throughout California, necessitating updated and more stringent guidance from federal, state, and local public health officials; and

WHEREAS for the preservation of public health and safety throughout the entire State of California, I find it necessary for all Californians to heed the State public health directives from the Department of Public Health.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567, 8627, and 8665 do hereby issue the following Order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1) To preserve the public health and safety, and to ensure the healthcare delivery system is capable of serving all, and prioritizing those at the highest risk and vulnerability, all residents are directed to immediately heed the current State public health directives, which I ordered the Department of Public Health to develop for the current statewide status of COVID-19. Those directives are consistent with the March 19, 2020, Memorandum on Identification of Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers During COVID-19 Response, found at: <https://covid19.ca.gov/>. Those directives follow:

ORDER OF THE STATE PUBLIC HEALTH OFFICER
March 19, 2020

To protect public health, I as State Public Health Officer and Director of the California Department of Public Health order all individuals living in the State of California to stay home or at their place of residence except as needed to maintain continuity of operations of the federal critical infrastructure sectors, as outlined at <https://www.cisa.gov/identifying-critical-infrastructure-during-covid-19>. In addition, and in consultation with the Director of the Governor's Office of Emergency Services, I may designate additional sectors as critical in order to protect the health and well-being of all Californians.

Pursuant to the authority under the Health and Safety Code 120125, 120140, 131080, 120130(c), 120135, 120145, 120175 and 120150, this order is to go into effect immediately and shall stay in effect until further notice.

The federal government has identified 16 critical infrastructure sectors whose assets, systems, and networks, whether physical or virtual, are considered so vital to the United States that their incapacitation or

destruction would have a debilitating effect on security, economic security, public health or safety, or any combination thereof. I order that Californians working in these 16 critical infrastructure sectors may continue their work because of the importance of these sectors to Californians' health and well-being.

This Order is being issued to protect the public health of Californians. The California Department of Public Health looks to establish consistency across the state in order to ensure that we mitigate the impact of COVID-19. Our goal is simple, we want to bend the curve, and disrupt the spread of the virus.

The supply chain must continue, and Californians must have access to such necessities as food, prescriptions, and health care. When people need to leave their homes or places of residence, whether to obtain or perform the functions above, or to otherwise facilitate authorized necessary activities, they should at all times practice social distancing.

- 2) The healthcare delivery system shall prioritize services to serving those who are the sickest and shall prioritize resources, including personal protective equipment, for the providers providing direct care to them.
- 3) The Office of Emergency Services is directed to take necessary steps to ensure compliance with this Order.
- 4) This Order shall be enforceable pursuant to California law, including, but not limited to, Government Code section 8665.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have
hereunto set my hand and caused
the Great Seal of the State of
California to be affixed this 19th day
of March 2020.



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

ESSENTIAL WORKFORCE

On March 19, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 directing all residents immediately to heed current State public health directives to stay home, except as needed to maintain continuity of operations of essential critical infrastructure sectors and additional sectors as the State Public Health Officer may designate as critical to protect health and well-being of all Californians.

In accordance with this order, the State Public Health Officer has designated the following list of “Essential Critical Infrastructure Workers” to help state, local, tribal, and industry partners as they work to protect communities, while ensuring continuity of functions critical to public health and safety, as well as economic and national security.

Sector Index:

1. [Health and Public Health Sector](#)
2. [Emergency Services Sector](#)
3. [Food and Agriculture Sector](#)
4. [Energy Sector](#)
5. [Water and Wastewater Sector](#)
6. [Transportation and Logistics Sector](#)
7. [Communications and Information Technology Sector](#)
8. [Government Operations and Other Community-Based Essential Functions](#)
9. [Critical Manufacturing Sector](#)
10. [Financial Services Sector](#)
11. [Chemical Sector](#)
12. [Defense Industrial Base Sector](#)
13. [Industrial, Commercial, Residential and Sheltering Facilities and Services](#)

Relevant Guidance For All Sectors:

- [Face Coverings Guidance](#)
 - [Orientación Sobre el Uso de Mascarillas de Tela](#)
- [Self-Isolation for Older Adults and Those Who Have Elevated Risk](#)
 - [Aislamiento para Adultos Mayores y Personas que Tienen un Riesgo Elevado](#)
- [Employers, health care workers and workers in general industry](#)

1. HEALTHCARE / PUBLIC HEALTH

Sector Profile

The Healthcare and Public Health (HPH) Sector is large, diverse, and open, spanning both the public and private sectors. It includes publicly accessible healthcare facilities, research centers, suppliers, manufacturers, and other physical assets and vast, complex public-private information technology systems required for care delivery and to support the rapid, secure transmission and storage of large amounts of HPH data.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Health care providers and caregivers (including physicians, dentists, psychologists, mid-level practitioners, nurses, assistants, and aids; infection control and quality assurance personnel; pharmacists; physical, respiratory, speech and occupational therapists and assistants; social workers and providers serving individuals with disabilities including developmental disabilities; optometrists; speech pathologists; chiropractors; diagnostic and therapeutic technicians; and radiology technologists).
2. Workers required for effective clinical, command, infrastructure, support service, administrative, security and intelligence operations across the direct patient care and full healthcare and public health spectrum, including accounting, administrative, admitting and discharge, engineering, accrediting, certification, licensing, credentialing, epidemiological, source plasma and blood donation, food service, environmental services, housekeeping, medical records, information technology and operational technology, nutritionists, sanitarians; emergency medical services workers; prehospital workers including but not limited to urgent care workers; inpatient and hospital workers; outpatient care workers; home care workers; workers at long-term care facilities, residential and community-based providers; workplace safety workers).
3. Workers needed to support transportation to and from healthcare facilities and provider appointments.
4. Workers needed to provide laundry services, food services, reprocessing of medical equipment, and waste management.
5. Vendors and suppliers (including imaging, pharmacy, oxygen services, durable medical equipment)
6. Workers who perform critical clinical research, development, and testing needed for COVID-19 response.
7. Workers in other medical and life science facilities (including Ambulatory Health and Surgical, Blood Banks, Clinics, Community Mental Health, Comprehensive Outpatient rehabilitation, End Stage Renal Disease, Health Departments, Home Health care, Hospices, Hospitals, Long Term Care, Organ Pharmacies, Procurement Organizations, Psychiatric, Residential, Rural Health Clinics and Federally Qualified Health Centers, and retail facilities specializing in medical goods and supplies, including cannabis).
8. Workers for health manufacturing (including life science companies, and companies that have shifted production to medical supplies), materials and parts suppliers, technicians, logistics and warehouse operators, printers, packagers, and distributors of medical equipment (including those who test and repair), personal protective equipment (PPE), isolation barriers, medical

- gases, pharmaceuticals (including materials used in radioactive drugs, and cannabis products), dietary supplements, blood and blood products, vaccines, testing materials, laboratory supplies, cleaning, sanitizing, disinfecting or sterilization supplies, personal hygiene products, and tissue and paper towel products.
9. Public health / community health workers, including those who compile, model, analyze and communicate public health information.
 10. Behavioral and mental health workers responsible for coordination, outreach, engagement, and treatment to individuals in need of mental health and/or behavioral services.
 11. Donors of blood bone marrow, blood stem cell, or plasma and the workers of the organizations that operate and manage related activities.
 12. Workers that manage health plans, billing, and health information.
 13. Workers who conduct community-based public health functions, conducting epidemiologic surveillance, compiling, analyzing and communicating public health information.
 14. Workers performing IT and cybersecurity functions at healthcare and public health facilities.
 15. Workers performing security, incident management, and emergency operations functions at or on behalf of healthcare entities including healthcare coalitions.
 16. Pharmacy employees, including workers necessary to maintain uninterrupted prescription filling.
 17. Workers in retail facilities specializing in medical goods and supplies.
 18. Public health and environmental health workers, including workers specializing in environmental health that focus on implementing environmental controls, sanitary and infection control interventions, healthcare facility safety and emergency preparedness planning, engineered work practices, and developing guidance and protocols for appropriate PPE to prevent COVID-19 disease transmission; Public health/ community health workers (including call center workers) who conduct community- based public health functions, conducting epidemiologic surveillance and compiling, analyzing, and communicating public health information.
 19. Mortuary services providers, including workers performing mortuary, funeral, cremation burial, cemetery, and related services, including funeral homes, crematoriums, cemetery workers and coffin makers.
 20. Workers who coordinate with other organizations to ensure the proper recovery, handling, identification, transportation, tracking, storage, and disposal of human remains and personal effects; certify cause of death; and facilitate access to behavioral and mental health services to the family members, responders, and survivors of an incident.
 21. Workers supporting veterinary hospitals and clinics.

Relevant Sector Guidance:

- [All Facility Letters for health care facilities, including long-term care facilities](#)
- [Health care facilities, Skilled Nursing Facilities](#)
- [Individuals with Access and Functional Needs](#)
- [Medical Waste Management - Interim Guidelines](#)
- [Outpatient Healthcare Facility Infection Control Recommendations for Suspect COVID-19 Patients](#)
- [Prioritization of Patients for Laboratory Testing for COVID-19](#)
- [Veterinary Professionals and Premises](#)
- Regional Centers:
 - [Visits to Licensed Residential Facilities](#)
 - [Risk Mitigation Strategies for ARFPSHN, ICF/DD-CN](#)
- [Adult and Senior Care Facilities](#)

- [Cuidado a los Adultos Mayores](#)
- [Community care facilities, including assisted living facilities and child care](#)
- [Medi-Cal Managed Care Health Plans: COVID – 19 Screening and Testing](#)
- [Coverage Options Fact Sheet](#)
 - [Opciones De Cobertura](#)
- [Department of Managed Health Care All Plan Letter](#)
- [California Department of Insurance Bulletin](#)

2. EMERGENCY SERVICES SECTOR

Sector Profile

The Emergency Services Sector (ESS) is a community of highly-skilled, trained personnel, along with the physical and cyber resources, that provide a wide range of prevention, preparedness, response, and recovery services during both day-to-day operations and incident response. The ESS includes geographically distributed facilities and equipment in both paid and volunteer capacities organized primarily at the federal, state, local, tribal, and territorial levels of government, such as city police departments and fire stations, county sheriff's offices, Department of Defense police and fire departments, and town public works departments. The ESS also includes private sector resources, such as industrial fire departments, private security organizations, and private emergency medical services providers.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Public, private, and voluntary personnel (front line and management) in emergency management, law enforcement, fire and rescue services, emergency medical services, corrections, rehabilitation and reentry, search and rescue, hazardous material response, and technicians supporting maritime and aviation emergency response.
2. Public Safety Answering Points and 911 call center employees; personnel involved in access to emergency services including the emergency alert system and wireless emergency alerts.
3. Fusion Center employees
4. Workers who support weather disaster / natural hazard monitoring, response, mitigation, and prevention, including personnel conducting, supporting, or facilitating wildfire mitigation activities
5. Workers – including contracted vendors -- who maintain, manufacture, or supply equipment and services supporting law enforcement, fire, EMS, and emergency service response operations (including safety equipment, electronic security, and uniforms)
6. Workers responding to abuse and neglect of children, elders and dependent adults.
7. Animal control officers and humane officers
8. Security staff to maintain building access control and physical security measures
9. Workers and contracted vendors who maintain and provide services and supplies to public safety facilities, including emergency communication center, public safety answering points, public safety communications centers, emergency operation centers, fire and emergency medical services stations, police and law enforcement stations and facilities.

Relevant Sector Guidance:

- [Public Health Guidance about COVID-19 for California State Prisons](#)
- [First responders, including paramedics and EMTs](#)

3. FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

Sector Profile

The Food and Agricultural (FA) Sector is composed of complex production, processing, and delivery systems and has the capacity to feed people and animals both within and beyond the boundaries of the United States. Beyond domestic food production, the FA Sector also imports many ingredients and finished products, leading to a complex web of growers, processors, suppliers, transporters, distributors, and consumers. This sector is critical to maintaining and securing our food supply.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Workers supporting groceries, pharmacies, convenience stores, and other retail that sells food or beverage products, and animal/pet food, retail customer support service, information technology support staff, for online orders, pickup/takeout or delivery.
2. Workers supporting restaurant carry-out and quick serve food operations, including food preparation, carry-out and delivery food employees.
3. Food manufacturer employees and their supplier employees to include those employed in food ingredient production and processing-facilities; aquaculture and seafood harvesting facilities; livestock, poultry, seafood slaughter facilities; pet and animal feed processing facilities; human food facilities producing by-products for animal food; beverage production facilities; and the production of food packaging, including recycling operations and processing.
4. Farmers, farm and ranch workers, and agribusiness support services to include those employed in auction and sales; grain and oilseed handling, storage, processing and distribution; animal food, feed, and ingredient production, packaging, and distribution; manufacturing, packaging, and distribution of veterinary drugs; truck delivery and transport.
5. Farmers, farm and ranch workers, support service workers and their supplier employees producing food supply domestically and for export to include those engaged in raising, cultivating, harvesting, packing, storing, or delivering to storage or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market any agricultural or horticultural commodity for human consumption; those engaged in producing and harvesting field crops; cannabis growers; agricultural and commodity inspection; fuel ethanol facilities; storage facilities; biodiesel and renewable diesel facilities; and other agricultural inputs
6. Employees and firms supporting food, feed, and beverage distribution and ingredients used in these products including warehouse workers, vendor-managed inventory controllers, and blockchain managers.
7. Workers supporting the sanitation of all food manufacturing processes and operations from wholesale to retail.
8. Workers supporting the growth and distribution of plants and associated products for home gardens.
9. Workers in cafeterias used to feed workers, particularly worker populations sheltered against COVID-19
10. Workers in animal diagnostic and food testing laboratories
11. Workers essential for assistance programs and government payments
12. Government, private, and non-governmental organizations' workers essential for food assistance programs (including school lunch programs) and government payments.

13. Employees of companies engaged in the production, storage, transport, and distribution of chemicals; medicines, including cannabis; vaccines; and other substances used by the food and agriculture industry, including seeds, pesticides, herbicides, fertilizers, minerals, enrichments, and other agricultural production aids.
14. Animal agriculture workers to include those employed in veterinary health (including those involved in supporting emergency veterinary or livestock services); raising of animals for food; animal production operations; livestock markets; slaughter and packing plants, manufacturers, renderers, and associated regulatory and government workforce.
15. Transportation supporting animal agricultural industries, including movement of animal medical and reproductive supplies and material, animal vaccines, animal drugs, feed ingredients, feed, and bedding, live animals, animal medical materials; transportation of deceased animals for disposal; and associated regulatory and government workforce
16. Workers who support sawmills and the manufacture and distribution of fiber and forest products, including, but not limited to timber, paper, and other wood and fiber products
17. Employees engaged in the manufacture and maintenance of equipment and other infrastructure necessary to agricultural production and distribution
18. Workers at animal care facilities that provide food, shelter, veterinary and/or routine care and other necessities of life for animals.

Relevant Sector Guidance:

- [Food, Beverage, Other Services](#)
 - [Alimentos, Bebidas y Otros Sitios de Servicios Relacionados](#)
- [Food Industry and Food Supply Chain](#)

4. ENERGY

Sector Profile

The Energy Sector consists of widely diverse and geographically dispersed critical assets and systems that are often interdependent of one another. This critical infrastructure is divided into three interrelated segments or subsectors—electricity, oil, and natural gas—to include the production, refining, storage, and distribution of oil, gas, and electric power. The Energy Sector supplies fuels to the transportation industry, electricity to households and businesses, and other sources of energy that are integral to growth and production across the Nation. In turn, it depends on the Nation's transportation, information technology, communications, finance, water, and government infrastructures.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not possible:

1. Workers supporting the energy sector, regardless of the energy source, segment of the system, or infrastructure the worker is involved in, or who are needed to monitor, operate, engineer, and maintain the reliability, safety, environmental health, physical and cyber security of the energy system, including power generation, transmission and distribution.
2. Workers supporting the energy sector, regardless of the energy source, needed for construction, manufacturing, transportation and logistics, maintenance, and permitting.
3. IT and OT technology for essential energy sector operations including support workers, customer service operations, call centers, and emergency response and customer emergency operations; energy management systems, control systems, Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition SCADA systems, and energy sector entity data centers; cybersecurity engineers; and cybersecurity risk management.
4. Workers providing services related to energy sector fuels and supply chains, supporting the procurement, mining, drilling, processing, refining, manufacturing, refueling, construction, logistics, transportation (including marine transport, terminals, rail and vehicle transport), permitting operation and maintenance, security, waste disposal, storage, and monitoring of support for resources;
5. Workers supporting environmental remediation and monitoring.
6. Workers supporting manufacturing and distribution of equipment, supplies, and parts necessary to maintain production, maintenance, restoration, and service at energy sector facilities across all energy sectors, and regardless of the energy source.
7. Workers at Independent System Operators and Regional Transmission Organizations, and Network Operations staff, engineers and technicians to manage the network or operate facilities.
8. Workers at Reliability Coordinator, Balancing Authorities, and primary and backup Control Centers, including but not limited to independent system operators, regional transmission organizations, and balancing authorities; and workers involved in energy commodity trading and scheduling.
9. Mutual assistance personnel, which may include workers from outside of the state or local jurisdiction
10. Retail fuel centers such as gas stations and truck stops, and the distribution systems that support them.

5. WATER AND WASTEWATER

Sector Profile

The Water and Wastewater Sector is a complex sector composed of drinking water and wastewater infrastructure of varying sizes and ownership types. Multiple governing authorities pertaining to the Water and Wastewater Sector provide for public health, environmental protection, and security measures, among others.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

Employees needed to operate and maintain drinking water and wastewater/drainage infrastructure, including:

1. Operational staff at water authorities
2. Operational staff at community water systems
3. Operational staff at wastewater treatment facilities
4. Workers repairing water and wastewater conveyances and performing required sampling or monitoring
5. Operational staff for water distribution and testing
6. Operational staff at wastewater collection facilities
7. Operational staff and technical support for SCADA Control systems
8. Chemical disinfectant suppliers for water and wastewater and personnel protection
9. Workers that maintain digital systems infrastructure supporting water and wastewater operations

6. TRANSPORTATION AND LOGISTICS

Sector Profile

The Transportation Systems Sector consists of seven key subsectors, or modes:

- Aviation includes aircraft, air traffic control systems, and airports, heliports, and landing strips. Commercial aviation services at civil and joint-use military airports, heliports, and sea plane bases. In addition, the aviation mode includes commercial and recreational aircraft (manned and unmanned) and a wide variety of support services, such as aircraft repair stations, fueling facilities, navigation aids, and flight schools.
- Highway and Motor Carrier encompasses roadway, bridges, and tunnels. Vehicles include trucks, including those carrying hazardous materials; other commercial vehicles, including bicycles, commercial motor coaches and school buses; vehicle and driver licensing systems; taxis, transportation services including Transportation Network Companies, and delivery services including Delivery Network Companies; traffic management systems; AND cyber systems used for operational management.
- Maritime Transportation System consists of coastline, ports, waterways, and intermodal landside connections that allow the various modes of transportation to move people and goods to, from, and on the water.
- Mass Transit and Passenger Rail includes terminals, operational systems, and supporting infrastructure for passenger services by transit buses, trolleybuses, monorail, heavy rail—also known as subways or metros—light rail, passenger rail, and vanpool/rideshare.
- Pipeline Systems consist of pipelines carrying natural gas hazardous liquids, as well as various chemicals. Above-ground assets, such as compressor stations and pumping stations, are also included.
- Freight Rail consists of major carriers, smaller railroads, active railroad, freight cars, and locomotives.
- Postal and Shipping includes large integrated carriers, regional and local courier services, mail services, mail management firms, and chartered and delivery services.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Employees supporting or enabling transportation functions, including truck drivers, bus drivers, dispatchers, maintenance and repair technicians, warehouse workers, truck stop and rest area workers, towing and recovery services, roadside assistance workers, intermodal transportation personnel, and workers that maintain and inspect infrastructure
2. Working supporting or providing services that enable logistics operations for essential sectors, wholesale and retail sale, including warehousing, cooling, storing, packaging, and distributing products for wholesale or retail sale or use.
3. Workers supporting maintenance and operation of essential highway infrastructure, including roads, bridges, and tunnels.

4. Workers of firms providing services, supplies, and equipment that enable warehouse and operations, including cooling, storing, packaging, and distributing products for wholesale or retail sale or use.
5. Mass transit workers providing critical transit services and/or performing critical or routine maintenance to mass transit infrastructure or equipment.
6. Employees supporting personal and commercial transportation services, including taxis, bicycle services, Transportation Network Companies, and delivery services including Delivery Network Companies
7. Workers responsible for operating dispatching passenger, commuter and freight trains and maintaining rail infrastructure and equipment
8. Maritime transportation and inland waterway workers – to include maintenance and repair – including port authority and commercial facility personnel, dredgers, port workers, mariners, ship crewmembers, ship pilots and tugboat operators, ship supply, Chandler, and equipment operators.
9. Workers who support the operation, inspection, and maintenance of essential dams, locks, and levees.
10. Workers who support the inspection and maintenance of aids to navigation and other government-provided services that ensure continued maritime commerce.
11. Workers supporting transportation of chemicals, hazardous, medical, waste and recyclable materials to support critical sectors and infrastructure.
12. Automotive repair, maintenance, and transportation equipment manufacturing and distribution facilities.
13. Transportation safety inspectors, including hazardous material inspectors and accident investigator inspectors
14. Manufacturers and distributors (to include service centers and related operations) of lighting and communication systems, specialized signage and structural systems, emergency response equipment and support materials, printers, printed materials, packaging materials, pallets, crates, containers, and other supplies needed to support manufacturing, packaging staging and distribution operations
15. Postal, parcel, courier, last-mile delivery, and shipping workers, to include private companies who accept, process, transport, and deliver information and goods.
16. Workers who supply equipment and materials for maintenance of transportation equipment.
17. Employees who repair and maintain vehicles, aircraft, rail equipment, marine vessels, bicycles, and the equipment and infrastructure that enables operations that encompass movement of cargo and passengers
18. Workers who support air transportation for cargo and passengers, including operation distribution, maintenance, and sanitation. This includes air traffic controllers, flight dispatchers, maintenance personnel, ramp workers, fueling agents, flight crews, airport safety inspectors and engineers, airport operations personnel, aviation and aerospace safety workers, security, commercial space personnel, operations personnel, accident investigators, flight instructors, and other on- and off-airport facilities workers.
19. Workers critical to the manufacturing, distribution, sales, rental, leasing, repair, and maintenance of vehicles and other transportation equipment (including electric vehicle charging stations) and the supply chains that enable these operations, subject to adhering public health guidance issued by CDPH.
20. Workers who support the operation, inspection, and maintenance of essential public works facilities and operations, including bridges, water and sewer main breaks, fleet maintenance personnel, construction of critical or strategic infrastructure, construction material

suppliers, traffic signal maintenance, emergency location services for buried utilities, maintenance of digital systems infrastructure supporting public works operations, and other emergent issues

21. Workers who support, such as road and line clearing, to ensure the availability of needed facilities, transportation, energy and communications.

7. COMMUNICATIONS AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Sector Profile

The Communications Sector provides products and services that support the efficient operation of today's global information-based society. Communication networks enable people around the world to contact one another, access information instantly, and communicate from remote areas. This involves creating a link between a sender (including voice signals) and one or more recipients using technology (e.g., a telephone system or the Internet) to transmit information from one location to another. Technologies are changing at a rapid pace, increasing the number of products, services, service providers, and communication options. The national communications architecture is a complex collection of networks that are owned and operated by individual service providers. Many of this sector's products and services are foundational or necessary for the operations and services provided by other critical infrastructure sectors. The nature of communication networks involves both physical infrastructure (buildings, switches, towers, antennas, etc.) and cyber infrastructure (routing and switching software, operational support systems, user applications, etc.), representing a holistic challenge to address the entire physical-cyber infrastructure.

The IT Sector provides products and services that support the efficient operation of today's global information-based society and are integral to the operations and services provided by other critical infrastructure Sectors. The IT Sector is comprised of small and medium businesses, as well as large multinational companies. Unlike many critical infrastructure Sectors composed of finite and easily identifiable physical assets, the IT Sector is a functions-based Sector that comprises not only physical assets but also virtual systems and networks that enable key capabilities and services in both the public and private sectors.

Essential Workforce – Communications, if remote working is not practical:

1. Maintenance of communications infrastructure- including privately owned and maintained communication systems- supported by technicians, operators, call-centers, wireline and wireless providers, cable service providers, satellite operations, Internet Exchange Points, Network Access Points, back haul and front haul facilities, and manufacturers and distributors of communications equipment.
2. Workers performing functions related to undersea cable infrastructure and support facilities, including cable landing sites, beach manhole vaults and covers, submarine cable depots, and submarine cable ship facilities
3. Government and private sector employees supporting Department of Defense internet and communications facilities.
4. Workers who support radio, television, and media service, including, but not limited to front line news reporters, studio, and technicians for newsgathering, reporting, and publishing news.
5. Network Operations staff, engineers and/or technicians to include IT managers and staff, HVAC & electrical engineers, security personnel, software and hardware engineers, and database administrators that manage the network or operate facilities
6. Workers responsible for infrastructure construction and restoration, including contractors for construction and engineering of fiber optic cables, buried conduit, small cells, other wireless facilities, and other communications sector-related infrastructure. This includes construction of

new facilities and deployment of new technology required to address congestion or customer usage on remote services.

7. Installation, maintenance and repair technicians that establish, support or repair service as needed.
8. Central office personnel to maintain and operate central office, data centers, and other network office facilities, and critical support personnel assisting front line employees
9. Customer service and support staff, including managed and professional services as well as remote providers of support to transitioning employees to set up and maintain home offices, who interface with customers to manage or support service environments and security issues, including payroll, billing, fraud, logistics and troubleshooting
10. Workers providing electronic security, fire, monitoring, and life safety services, and who ensure physical security, cleanliness, and the safety of facilities and personnel, including those who provide temporary licensing waivers for security personnel to work in other States or Municipalities.
11. Dispatchers involved with service repair and restoration
12. Retail customer service personnel at critical service center locations for onboarding customers, distributing and repairing equipment and other supply chain personnel, to support individuals' remote emergency communications needs;
13. External Affairs personnel to assist in coordinating with local, state, and federal officials to address communications needs supporting COVID-19 response, public safety, and national security.
14. Workers responsible for ensuring that persons with disabilities have access to and the benefits of various communications platforms, including those involved in the provision of telecommunication relay services, closed captioning of broadcast television for the deaf, video relay services for deaf citizens who prefer communication via American Sign Language over text, and audio-description for television programming.

Essential Workforce - Information Technology, if remote working is not practical:

15. Workers who support command centers, including, but not limited to Network Operations Command Centers, Broadcast Operations Control Center and Security Operations Command Centers
16. Data center operators, including system administrators, HVAC & electrical engineers, security personnel, IT managers and purchasers, data transfer solutions engineers, software and hardware engineers, and database administrators
17. Workers who support client service centers, field engineers, and other workers supporting critical infrastructure, as well as manufacturers and supply chain vendors that provide hardware and software, support services, research and development, information technology equipment (to include microelectronics and semiconductors), and HVAC and electrical equipment for critical infrastructure and test labs and certification agencies that qualify such equipment for critical infrastructure.
18. Workers needed to pre-empt and respond to cyber incidents involving critical infrastructure,, and entities supporting the functioning of critical infrastructure sectors
19. Suppliers, designers, transporters and other workers supporting the manufacture, distribution, and construction of essential global, national and local infrastructure for computing services (including cloud computing services and teleworking capabilities), business infrastructure, financial transactions, web-based services, and critical manufacturing

20. Workers supporting communications systems, information technology, and work from home solutions
21. Employees required to support Software as a Service businesses that enable remote working, performance of business operations, distance learning, media services, and digital health offerings, or required for technical support crucial for business continuity and connectivity.

8. GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS AND OTHER COMMUNITY-BASED ESSENTIAL FUNCTIONS

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical.

1. Critical government workers, as defined by the employer and consistent with Continuity of Operations Plans and Continuity of Government plans.
2. County workers responsible for determining eligibility for safety net benefits
3. The Courts, consistent with guidance released by the California Chief Justice
4. Workers who support administration and delivery of unemployment insurance programs, income maintenance, employment service, disaster assistance, workers' compensation insurance and benefits programs, and pandemic assistance
5. Workers to ensure continuity of building functions, including but not limited to security and environmental controls, the manufacturing and distribution of the products required for these functions, and the permits and inspection for construction.
6. Elections personnel
7. Federal, State, and Local, Tribal, and Territorial employees who support Mission Essential Functions and communications networks
8. Trade Officials (FTA negotiators; international data flow administrators)
9. Weather forecasters
10. Workers that maintain digital systems infrastructure supporting other critical government operations
11. Workers who support necessary credentialing, vetting and licensing operations for critical sector workers and operations.
12. Workers who are critical to facilitating trade in support of the national, state, and local emergency response supply chain
13. Workers supporting public and private childcare establishments, pre-K establishments, K-12 schools, colleges, and universities for purposes of distance learning, provision of school meals, or care and supervision of minors to support essential workforce across all sectors
14. Staff at government offices who perform title search, notary, and recoding services in support of mortgage and real estate services and transactions;
15. Workers and instructors supporting academies and training facilities and courses for the purpose of graduating students and cadets that comprise the essential workforce for all identified critical sectors
16. Clergy for essential support and faith-based services that are provided through streaming or other technologies that support physical distancing and state public health guidelines.
17. Human services providers, especially for at risk populations, including home delivered meal providers for older adults, people with disabilities, and others with chronic health conditions; home-maker services for frail, homebound, older adults; personal assistance services providers to support activities of daily living for older adults, people with disabilities, and others with chronic health conditions who live independently in the community with supports and services; home health providers who deliver health care services for older adults, people with disabilities, and others with chronic health conditions who live independently in the community with supports and services.
18. Government entities, and contractors that work in support of local, state, and federal public health and medical mission sets, including but not limited to supporting access to healthcare and associated payment functions, conducting public health functions, providing medical care,

supporting emergency management, or other services necessary for supporting the COVID-19 response.

Relevant Sector Guidance:

- Schools and institutions of higher education
 - [Guidance for schools \(PDF\)](#)
 - [Directrices para las escuelas sobre el nuevo coronavirus o COVID-19 \(PDF\)](#)
 - [Guidance for colleges and universities](#)
 - [Directrices para las instituciones de educación superior sobre el nuevo coronavirus o COVID-19](#)
- [Guidance for K-12 Schools: Distance Learning, School Meals, Child Care and Student Supervision](#)
- [Guidance for Using Disinfectants at Schools and Child Cares](#)
 - [Recordatorios para el uso de desinfectantes en las escuelas y guarderías](#)
- [Community care facilities, including assisted living facilities and child care](#)

9. CRITICAL MANUFACTURING

Sector Profile

The Critical Manufacturing Sector identifies several industries to serve as the core of the sector: Primary Metals Manufacturing, Machinery Manufacturing, Electrical Equipment, Appliance, and Component Manufacturing, Transportation Equipment Manufacturing Products made by these manufacturing industries are essential to many other critical infrastructure sectors.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical

1. Workers necessary for the manufacturing of metals, industrial minerals, semiconductors, materials and products needed for supply chains of the critical infrastructure sectors.
2. Workers necessary for the manufacturing of materials and products needed to manufacture medical equipment and personal protective equipment
3. Workers necessary for mining and production of critical minerals, materials and associated essential supply chains, and workers engaged in the manufacture and maintenance of equipment and other infrastructure necessary for mining production and distribution.
4. Workers who produce or manufacture parts or equipment that supports continued operations for any essential services and increase in remote workforce, including computing and communication devices, semiconductors, and equipment such as security tools for Security Operations Centers (SOCs) or data centers.
5. Workers manufacturing or providing parts and equipment that enable the maintenance and continued operation of essential businesses and facilities.

10. FINANCIAL SERVICES

Sector Profile

The Financial Services Sector includes thousands of depository institutions, providers of investment products, insurance companies, other credit and financing organizations, and the providers of the critical financial utilities and services that support these functions. Financial institutions vary widely in size and presence, ranging from some of the world's largest global companies with thousands of employees and many billions of dollars in assets, to community banks and credit unions with a small number of employees serving individual communities. Whether an individual savings account, financial derivatives, credit extended to a large organization, or investments made to a foreign country, these products allow customers to: Deposit funds and make payments to other parties; Provide credit and liquidity to customers; Invest funds for both long and short periods; Transfer financial risks between customers.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Workers who are needed to process and maintain systems for processing financial transactions and services, including payment, clearing, and settlement; wholesale funding; insurance services; and capital markets activities
2. Workers who are needed to maintain orderly market operations to ensure the continuity of financial transactions and services.
3. Workers who are needed to provide business, commercial, and consumer access to banking and non-bank financial and lending services, including ATMs, lending money transmission, and to move currency, checks, securities, and payments
4. Workers who support financial operations, such as those staffing call, data and security operations centers, managing physical security, or providing accounting services.
5. Workers supporting production and distribution of debit and credit cards.
6. Workers providing electronic point of sale support personnel for essential businesses and workers.

11. CHEMICAL & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS

Sector Profile

The Chemical Sector—composed of a complex, global supply chain—converts various raw materials into diverse products that are essential to modern life. Based on the product produced, the sector can be divided into five main segments, each of which has distinct characteristics, growth dynamics, markets, new developments, and issues: Basic chemicals; Specialty chemicals; Agricultural chemicals; Pharmaceuticals; Consumer products.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Workers supporting the chemical and industrial gas supply chains, including workers at chemical manufacturing plants, workers in laboratories, workers at distribution facilities, workers who transport basic raw chemical materials to the producers of industrial and consumer goods, including hand sanitizers, food and food additives, pharmaceuticals, textiles, building materials, plumbing, electrical and paper products.
2. Workers supporting the safe transportation of chemicals, including those supporting tank truck cleaning facilities and workers who manufacture packaging items
3. Workers supporting the production of protective cleaning and medical solutions, personal protective equipment, disinfectants, and packaging that prevents the contamination of food, water, medicine, among others essential products
4. Workers supporting the operation and maintenance of facilities (particularly those with high risk chemicals and/ or sites that cannot be shut down) whose work cannot be done remotely and requires the presence of highly trained personnel to ensure safe operations, including plant contract workers who provide inspections
5. Workers who support the production and transportation of chlorine and alkali manufacturing, single-use plastics, and packaging that prevents the contamination or supports the continued manufacture of food, water, medicine, and other essential products, including glass container manufacturing
6. Workers at nuclear facilities, workers managing medical waste, workers managing waste from pharmaceuticals and medical material production, and workers at laboratories processing test kits
7. Workers who support hazardous materials response and cleanup
8. Workers who maintain digital systems infrastructure supporting hazardous materials management operations
9. Workers who support the removal, storage, and disposal of residential and commercial solid waste and hazardous waste, including landfill and recycling operations.

12. DEFENSE INDUSTRIAL BASE

Sector Profile

The Defense Industrial Base Sector is the worldwide industrial complex that enables research and development, as well as design, production, delivery, and maintenance of military weapons systems, subsystems, and components or parts, to meet U.S. military requirements. The Defense Industrial Base partnership consists of Department of Defense components, Defense Industrial Base companies and their subcontractors who perform under contract to the Department of Defense, companies providing incidental materials and services to the Department of Defense, and government-owned/contractor-operated and government-owned/government-operated facilities. Defense Industrial Base companies include domestic and foreign entities, with production assets located in many countries. The sector provides products and services that are essential to mobilize, deploy, and sustain military operations.

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Workers who support the essential services required to meet national security commitments to the federal government and U.S. Military, including, but are not limited to, space and aerospace workers, nuclear matters workers, mechanical and software engineers (various disciplines), manufacturing and production workers, IT support, security staff, security personnel, intelligence support, aircraft and weapon system mechanics and maintainers, and sanitary workers who maintain the hygienic viability of necessary facilities.
2. Personnel working for companies, and their subcontractors, who perform under contract or sub-contract to the Department of Defense (DoD) and the Department of Energy (DoE) (on nuclear matters), as well as personnel at government-owned/contractor operated facilities, and who provide materials and services to the DoD and DoE (on nuclear matters), including support for weapon systems, software systems and cybersecurity, defense and intelligence communications, surveillance, sale of U.S. defense articles and services for export to foreign allies and partners (as authorized by the U.S. government), and space systems and other activities in support of our military, intelligence, and space forces.

13. INDUSTRIAL, COMMERCIAL, RESIDENTIAL, and SHELTERING FACILITIES AND SERVICES

Essential Workforce, if remote working is not practical:

1. Construction Workers who support the construction, operation, inspection, and maintenance of construction sites and construction projects (including housing, commercial, and mixed-use construction); and workers who support the supply chain of building materials from production through application/installation, including cabinetry, fixtures, doors, cement, hardware, plumbing, electrical, heating/cooling, refrigeration, appliances, paint/coatings, and employees who provide services that enable repair materials and equipment for essential functions.
2. Workers such as plumbers, electricians, exterminators, and other service providers who provide services that are necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, construction material sources, and essential operation of construction sites and construction projects (including those that support such projects to ensure the availability of needed facilities, transportation, energy and communications; and support to ensure the effective removal, storage, recycling and disposal of solid waste and hazardous waste)
3. Workers such as plumbers, electricians, exterminators, and other service providers who provide services that are necessary to maintaining the safety, sanitation, and essential operation of residences, businesses, and buildings such as hospitals and senior living facilities, including any facility supporting COVID-19 response.
4. Workers who support the supply chain of building materials from production through application and installation, including cabinetry, fixtures, doors, cement, hardware, plumbing (including parts and services), electrical, heating and cooling, refrigeration, appliances, paint and coatings, and workers who provide services that enable repair materials and equipment for essential functions.
5. Workers in hardware and building materials stores, consumer electronics, technology and appliances retail, and related merchant retailers, wholesalers and distributors that support essential workforce functions where sales and operations cannot be conducted online
6. Warehouse operators, including vendors and support personnel critical for business continuity (including heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC) and electrical engineers, security personnel, and janitorial staff), e-commerce or online commerce, and customer service for essential functions.
7. Workers supporting the operations of commercial buildings that are critical to safety, security, and the continuance of essential activities, such as on-site property managers, building engineers, security staff, fire safety directors, janitorial personnel, and service technicians (e.g., mechanical, HVAC, plumbers, electricians, and elevator).
8. Workers supporting ecommerce through distribution, warehouse, call center facilities, and other essential operational support functions, that accept, store, and process goods, and that facilitate their transportation and delivery
9. Workers distributing, servicing, repairing, installing residential and commercial HVAC systems, boilers, furnaces and other heating, cooling, refrigeration, and ventilation equipment.
10. Workers managing or servicing hotels or other commercial and residential buildings that are used for COVID-19 mitigation and containment measures, treatment measures, provide accommodation for essential workers, or providing housing solutions, including measures to protect homeless populations.

11. Workers responsible for the leasing of residential and commercial properties to provide individuals and families with ready access to available housing.
12. Residential and commercial real estate workers, limited to scheduled property viewings to a potential buying party. This does not extend to open-house viewings, nor viewings with more than one buying party at a time.
13. Professional services, such as legal or accounting services, when necessary to assist in compliance with legally mandated activities and critical sector services
14. Workers responsible for handling property management, maintenance, and related service calls who can coordinate the response to emergency “at-home” situations requiring immediate attention, as well as facilitate the reception of deliveries, mail, and other necessary services.
15. Workers supporting the entertainment industries, studios, and other related establishments, provided they follow covid-19 public health guidance around physical distancing.
16. Workers that provide or determine eligibility for food, shelter, in-home supportive services, child welfare, adult protective services and social services, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals (including family members)
17. Workers performing services in support of the elderly and disabled populations who coordinate a variety of services, including health care appointments and activities of daily living.
18. Workers who provide support to vulnerable populations to ensure their health and well-being including family care providers.
19. Workers providing dependent care services, particularly those whose services ensure essential workers can continue to work.
20. Workers who support food, shelter, and social services, and other necessities of life for economically disadvantaged or otherwise needy individuals, such as those residing in shelters.
21. Workers in laundromats, laundry services, and dry cleaners.
22. Workers providing disinfection services, for all essential facilities in essential sectors
23. Workers necessary for the installation, maintenance, distribution, and manufacturing of water and space heating equipment and its components.
24. Support required for continuity of services, including commercial disinfectant services, janitorial/cleaning personnel, and support personnel functions that need freedom of movement to access facilities in support of front-line employees.

Relevant Sector Guidance:

- [Cleaning & Waste Management for Residences 2/2020](#)
- [Essential/Emergency Personnel Providing Critical In-Home Services](#)
- [Home cleaning with COVID-19 positive individuals](#)
- [Recommended Strategic Approaches for COVID-19 Response for Individuals Experiencing Homelessness](#)
- [Flow Chart: COVID-19 Recommended Protocol for People Experiencing Homelessness](#)
- [Homeless Assistance Providers](#)
- [Immigrant Communities](#)
 - [Las Comunidades de Inmigrantes](#)
- [Pets & People](#)

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-37-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS in a short period of time, COVID-19 has rapidly spread throughout California, necessitating stringent public health emergency orders as well as guidance from federal, state, and local public health officials; and

WHEREAS on March 16, 2020, I issued Executive Order N-28-20, suspending state law limitations on local jurisdictions that impose restrictions on evictions; and

WHEREAS on March 19, 2020, I issued Executive Order N-33-20, ordering all residents to immediately heed the Order of the State Public Health Officer for all residents, unless exempted, to stay home or at their place of residence; and

WHEREAS many Californians are experiencing or will experience substantial losses of income as a result of business closures, the loss of hours or wages, or layoffs related to COVID-19, hindering their ability to keep up with their rent, and leaving them vulnerable to eviction; and

WHEREAS minimizing evictions during this period is critical to reducing the spread of COVID-19 in vulnerable populations by allowing all residents to stay home or at their place of residence in compliance with Executive Order N-33-20; and

WHEREAS Chief Justice Tani Cantil-Sakauye issued advisory guidance on March 20, 2020 for superior courts to suspend most civil trials and hearings for at least 60 days, and on March 23, 2020, suspended all jury trials for a period of 60 days, and extended by 60 days the time period for the holding of a civil trial; and

WHEREAS on March 25, 2020 the Department of Business Oversight secured support from national banks, state banks and credit unions for temporary delays in mortgage payments and foreclosure sales and evictions for homeowners who have economic impacts from COVID-19 with the objective of maximizing consistency and minimizing hurdles potentially faced by borrowers.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567 and 8571, do hereby issue the following Order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1) The deadline specified in Code of Civil Procedure section 1167 shall be extended for a period of 60 days for any tenant who is served, while

this Order is in effect, with a complaint that seeks to evict the tenant from a residence or dwelling unit for nonpayment of rent and who satisfies all of the following requirements:

- a. Prior to the date of this Order, the tenant paid rent due to the landlord pursuant to an agreement.
 - b. The tenant notifies the landlord in writing before the rent is due, or within a reasonable period of time afterwards not to exceed 7 days, that the tenant needs to delay all or some payment of rent because of an inability to pay the full amount due to reasons related to COVID-19, including but not limited to the following:
 - (i) The tenant was unavailable to work because the tenant was sick with a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19 or caring for a household or family member who was sick with a suspected or confirmed case of COVID-19;
 - (ii) The tenant experienced a lay-off, loss of hours, or other income reduction resulting from COVID-19, the state of emergency, or related government response; or
 - (iii) The tenant needed to miss work to care for a child whose school was closed in response to COVID-19.
 - c. The tenant retains verifiable documentation, such as termination notices, payroll checks, pay stubs, bank statements, medical bills, or signed letters or statements from an employer or supervisor explaining the tenant's changed financial circumstances, to support the tenant's assertion of an inability to pay. This documentation may be provided to the landlord no later than the time upon payment of back-due rent.
- 2) No writ may be enforced while this Order is in effect to evict a tenant from a residence or dwelling unit for nonpayment of rent who satisfies the requirements of subparagraphs (a)-(c) of paragraph 1.
- 3) The protections in paragraphs 1 and 2 shall be in effect through May 31, 2020.

Nothing in this Order shall prevent a tenant who is able to pay all or some of the rent due from paying that rent in a timely manner or relieve a tenant of liability for unpaid rent.

Nothing in this Order shall in any way restrict state or local governmental authority to order any quarantine, isolation, or other public health measure that may compel an individual to remain physically present in a particular residential property.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order supersedes Executive Order N-28-20 to the extent that there is any conflict with that Order.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

I FURTHER DIRECT that as soon as hereafter possible, this proclamation be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 27th day of March 2020.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Gavin Newsom', written over a horizontal line.

GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-39-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS despite sustained efforts, COVID-19 continues to spread at a rapid rate, threatening to overwhelm California's healthcare delivery system; and

WHEREAS California is preparing for a surge in the number of people who will need hospital care during the COVID-19 outbreak by increasing the number of hospital beds and post-acute care facilities that can treat and serve patients; and

WHEREAS this anticipated increase in the use of the healthcare system will require an increase in the health care workforce such as nurses, doctors, medical assistants, and emergency medical technicians; and

WHEREAS maximizing the number of qualified and capable medical and healthcare workers in service in California is imperative to ensure that Californians impacted by COVID-19 can access medical treatment; and

WHEREAS, the anticipated surge requires temporary adjustment of California's staffing and health and safety standards for health providers and health facilities, which are among the strongest in the nation, as numerous professionals are unable to satisfy professional licensing requirements in light of the COVID-19 pandemic that then subsequently prevent them from providing necessary medical and healthcare assistance to the public; and

WHEREAS, our most vulnerable residents who rely on state and local government for social services need additional support during this time; and

WHEREAS the Department of Developmental Services operates Stabilization, Training, Assistance and Reintegration (STAR) community crisis homes to treat individuals with developmental disabilities in acute crisis and additional STAR homes are required to provide treatment to such individuals and to protect the public health during the COVID-19 crisis; and

WHEREAS federal guidance permits monthly caseworker visits with children under court jurisdiction to be accomplished through videoconferencing in limited circumstances, such as a declaration of an emergency that prohibits or strongly discourages face-to-face contact for public health reasons; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with various statutes and regulations specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567 and 8571, do hereby issue the following Order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1) To assist in the care and/or to protect the health of individuals in hospitals and other health facilities, and due to the COVID-19 outbreak, the director of the State Department of Public Health may, to the extent necessary and only for the duration of the declared emergency, waive any of the licensing and staffing requirements of chapters 2 and 2.4 of division 2 of the Health and Safety Code and any accompanying regulations with respect to any hospital or health facility identified in Health and Safety Code section 1250. Any waiver shall include alternative measures that, under the circumstances, will allow the facilities to treat patients while protecting public health and safety. To the extent the facility maintains a disaster and mass casualty plan, the facility granted a waiver shall be established and operate in accordance with that plan. Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.
- 2) To facilitate the continued provision of care due to the COVID-19 outbreak, the director of the State Department of Public Health may, to the extent necessary and only for the duration of the declared emergency, waive any of the professional licensing and certification requirements and amend scopes of practice of chapters 2, 2.35, and 8 of division 2 of the Health and Safety Code and any accompanying regulations with respect to certified nursing assistants, home health aides, and nursing home administrators, and chapter 3, division 2 of the Business and Professions Code and accompanying regulations with respect to certified hemodialysis technicians. The Department shall provide guidance to facilities directing the appropriate qualifications and scope of practice for each classification operating under a waiver based on sound clinical guidelines and the individual's training, education, and work experience. Any waiver shall include alternative measures that, under the circumstances, will allow the facilities to treat patients while protecting public health and safety. Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.
- 3) The certification and permitting requirements of the Radiologic Technology Act (as identified in Health and Safety Code section 27) are, only for the duration of the declared emergency, suspended for all persons:
 - (i) whose certificate or permit issued pursuant to the Radiological Technology Act is expired, regardless of expiration date, or has been canceled; or
 - (ii) who hold Radiography certification issued by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists or are an American Registry of Radiologic Technologists Registered Radiologist Assistant; or
 - (iii) who are credentialed as Radiology Practitioner Assistants by the Certification Board for Radiology Practitioner Assistants; or

- (iv) who are certified, permitted or otherwise authorized to perform radiologic technology by passing a State-required examination by a state other than the State of California; and
- (v) who are working under the supervision of a person licensed under the Medical Practice Act, except that the requirement to be under supervision shall not apply to a licentiate of the healing arts, as defined in the Radiological Technology Act; and
- (vi) who are deemed by a health facility as necessary workforce for purposes of this Order.

The specific certification requirements of Health and Safety Code section 107110 are suspended for any person who is licensed under the Medical Practice Act (Business and Professions Code sections 2000, et seq.). Except for persons licensed under the Medical Practice Act, this suspension of certification and permitting requirements shall not apply to persons who have never been either certified or permitted by the Department of Public Health, or certified, permitted, or otherwise authorized by the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists, the Certification Board for Radiology Practitioner Assistants, or any other state. This suspension of certification and permitting requirements shall also not apply to persons whose certificate, permit, or other authorization has been revoked or suspended for cause by the Department of Public Health, the American Registry of Radiologic Technologists, the Certification Board for Radiology Practitioner Assistants, or any other state.

- 4) To ensure hospitals are adequately prepared and staffed to treat COVID-19 patients, the Director of the State Department of Public Health may temporarily waive licensing requirements in Health and Safety Code section 1277 and sections 70203(a)(2), 70701(a)(1)(E), 70703(b), and 70705(a) of Chapter 1, Article 3, of Title 22, that pertain to the credentialing and privileging of physicians. Any waiver shall include alternate measures that, under the circumstances, ensure the competency of physicians providing medical services at the hospital.
- 5) To facilitate the continued provision of care to individuals affected by the COVID-19 outbreak, the Director of the Department of Consumer Affairs may to the extent necessary and only for the duration of the declared emergency, waive any of the professional licensing requirements and amend scopes of practice in Division 2 of the Business and Professions Code, and any accompanying regulations. Professional licensing requirements should be interpreted broadly to effectuate the purposes of this executive order, and they include, but are not limited to, the examination, education, experience, and training requirements necessary to obtain and maintain licensure, and requirements governing the practice and permissible activities for licensees. The Department, in conjunction with the relevant licensing board, shall provide guidance identifying the appropriate qualifications and scope of practice for each classification operating under a waiver based on sound clinical guidelines and the individual's training, education, and work experience. Any waiver may include alternative measures that, under the circumstances, will allow the regulated individual to treat patients while protecting public health

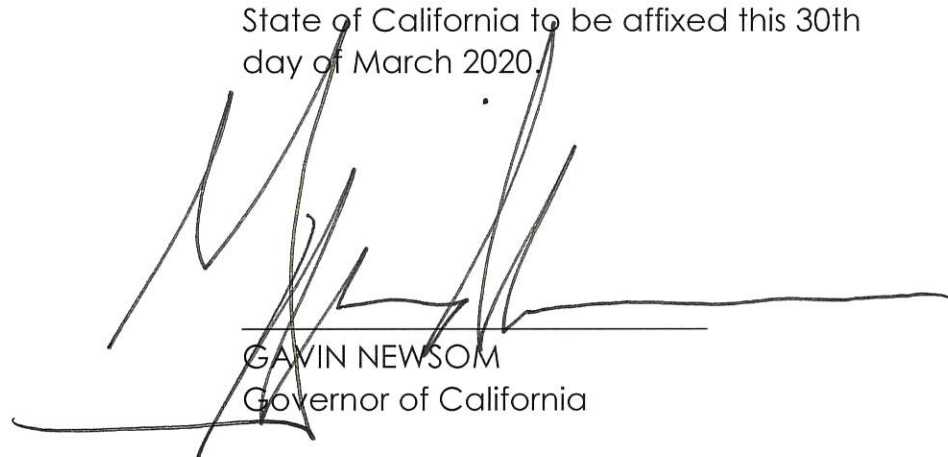
and safety. Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Department's website.

- 6) To ensure the continued operation of the Emergency Medical Services (EMS) system without unduly endangering the people of California during the COVID-19 outbreak, the Director of the California Emergency Medical Services Authority may as necessary and only for the duration of the declared emergency, suspend any licensing, certification, or training requirements for EMS personnel as contained in the EMS Act Chapters 2, 3, and 4, and accompanying regulations, including the authority to permit EMS personnel to provide services in any setting as authorized by the Director for the performance of the current scope of practice. The Authority shall provide guidance to local emergency medical services authorities directing the appropriate qualifications and scope of practice for each classification operating under a waiver based on sound clinical guidelines and the individual's training, education, and work experience. Any waivers granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted on the Authority's website.
- 7) Notwithstanding the Government Code section 14669, or any other law, the Director of the Department of Developmental Services has the authority to enter into a lease, lease-purchase, lease with option to purchase any real or personal property or any other agreement to procure residences or facilities and necessary equipment, goods or services to serve those individuals with development disabilities in crisis, to respond to, mitigate the effects or prevent the spread of COVID-19 to individuals with developmental disabilities or the general community. The leases or agreements may be executed without the review or prior approval of any other state department or agency. The leases or agreements executed pursuant to this provision shall be in effect so long as necessary to address the COVID-19 crisis or its effects.
- 8) The Department of Social Services may, to the extent the Department deems necessary to respond to the COVID-19 crisis, allow any state monthly face-to-face caseworker visitation requirement, standard, or criteria set forth in the Welfare and Institutions Code sections 16501.1, subdivision (l), 16516.5, and 16516.6, as well as accompanying regulations or other written directives, policies or procedures, to be accomplished through videoconferencing, instead of in-person contact. This flexibility shall only be utilized by caseworkers in keeping with guidance from the Department and after a child-specific decision based on the training and experience of the social worker, considering all available information, that an in-person visit is not necessary to ensure the child's safety and well-being. Any flexibility granted pursuant to this paragraph shall not waive or conflict with applicable federal requirements in United States Code, Title 42, sections 622, subdivision (b)(17) and 624, subdivision (f), as modified for emergency waivers in guidance issued March 18, 2020, in the Child Welfare Policy Manual Title IV-B, section 7.3, question 8 and shall expire at the end of the emergency declaration, in 90 days, or sooner as determined by the Department. Any flexibility granted pursuant to this paragraph shall be posted to the Department's website.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 30th day of March 2020.

A large, stylized handwritten signature in dark ink, likely belonging to Gavin Newsom, is written over a horizontal line. The signature is composed of several sharp, sweeping strokes.

GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

**EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-42-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a state of emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS it is the established policy of the State under Water Code section 106.3 that every human being has the right to safe, clean, affordable, and accessible water adequate for human consumption, cooking, and sanitary purposes; and

WHEREAS to limit the spread of COVID-19 it is crucial that Californians wash their hands regularly and thoroughly; and

WHEREAS many Californians are experiencing or will experience substantial losses of income as a result of business closures, the loss of work hours or wages, or layoffs related to COVID-19, which may hinder their ability to make payments for water service and subject them to water shutoffs due to non-payment; and

WHEREAS many small businesses that provide services essential to the health and well-being of Californians have experienced substantial reductions in income, which may hinder their ability to make payments for water service and subject them to water shutoffs due to non-payment; and

WHEREAS the California Public Utilities Commission has directed private water utilities under its jurisdiction to implement customer service protections, including a moratorium on service disconnections, during the COVID-19 emergency; and

WHEREAS more than 100 public and private water systems have voluntarily agreed to halt disconnections as well; and

WHEREAS under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with the various statutes and regulations concerning water shutoffs specified in this order would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and the statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567, 8570, 8571, and 8627, do hereby issue the following order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1) The authority of urban and community water systems, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 116902, subdivision (d), to discontinue residential service, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 116902, subdivision (c), for non-payment under Health and Safety Code sections 116908 and 116910, is suspended.
- 2) Water systems not subject to the requirements of Health and Safety Code sections 116908 and 116910 shall not discontinue residential

service, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 116902, subdivision (c), for non-payment.

- 3) Water systems shall restore any residential service to occupied residences that has been discontinued for nonpayment since March 4, 2020.
- 4) Water systems shall not discontinue service to any business in the critical infrastructure sectors designated by the State Public Health Officer as critical to protect the health and well-being of all Californians that qualifies as a small business under 13 C.F.R. § 121.201 of the Small Business Administration's regulations.
- 5) The State Water Resources Control Board shall identify best practices, guidelines, or both to be implemented during the COVID-19 emergency (i) to address non-payment or reduced payments, (ii) to promote and to ensure continuity of service by water systems and wastewater systems, and (iii) to provide measures such as the sharing of supplies, equipment and staffing to relieve water systems under financial distress.

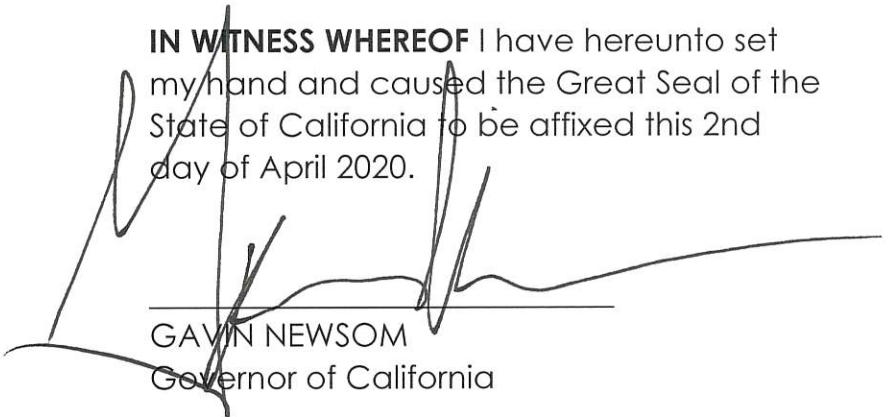
Nothing in this Order eliminates the obligation of water customers to pay for water service, prevents a water system from charging a customer for such service, or reduces the amount a customer already may owe to a water system.

Nothing in this Order modifies the obligations of urban and community waters systems to comply with provisions of the Water Shutoff Protection Act not specifically addressed by this Order or other applicable laws, regulations, and guidelines.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 2nd day of April 2020.



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

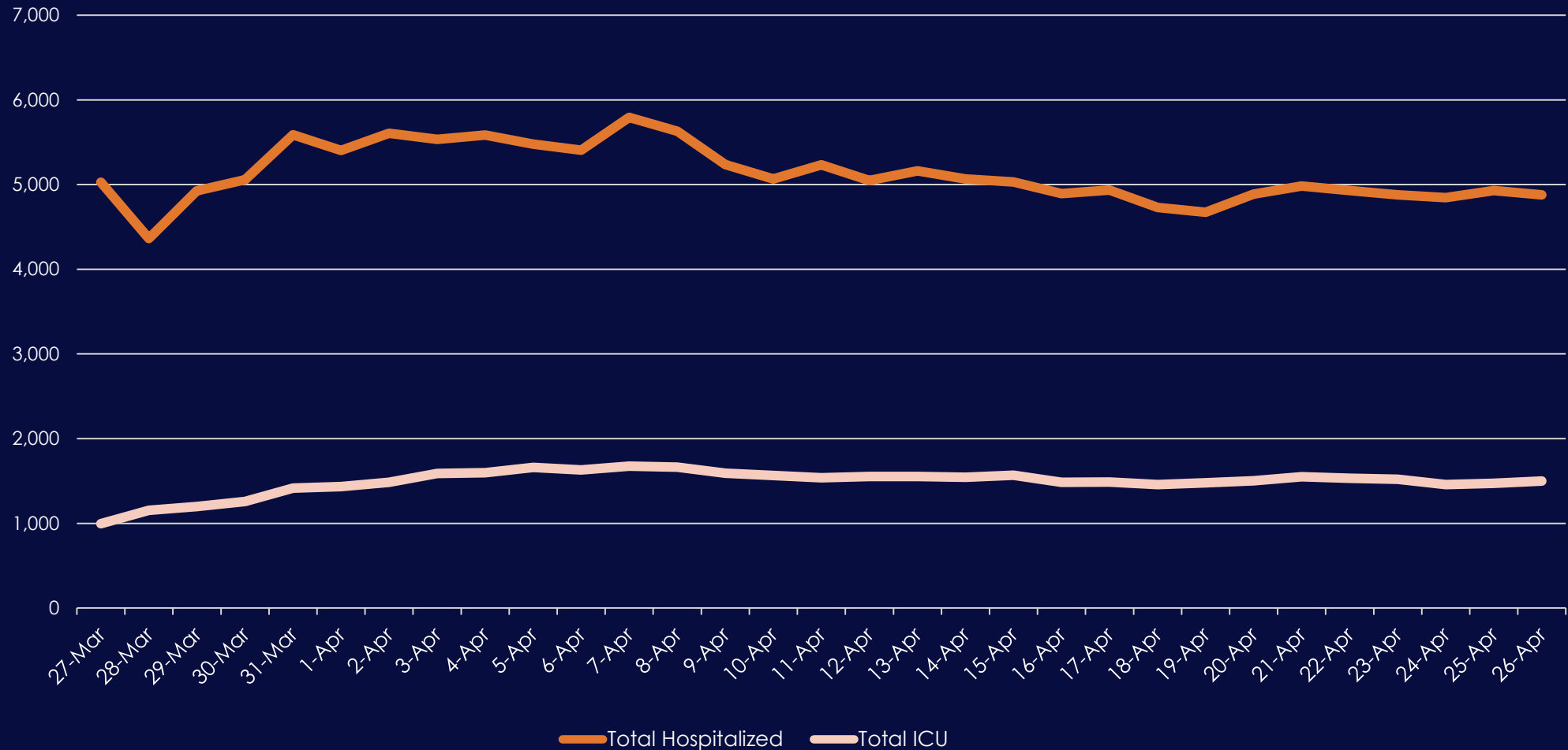


Update on California's Pandemic Roadmap

6 Indicators for Modifying Stay-at-Home Order

- Ability to test, contact trace, isolate, and support the exposed
- Ability to protect those at high risk for COVID-19
- Surge capacity for hospital and health systems
- Therapeutic development to meet the demand
- Ability of businesses, schools, and childcare facilities to support physical distancing
- Determination of when to reinstitute measures like Stay-At-Home

California Hospitalization Trend Lines



Total includes both COVID-19 confirmed positive hospitalizations as well as COVID-19 suspect hospitalizations.

The Basics



COVID-19 is not going away soon.



Modifications to Stay-At-Home Order must be guided by health risk and a commitment to equity.



Taking responsibility is key at all levels – individual, business, and government.

Resilience Roadmap Stages

STAGE 1: Safety and Preparedness

Making essential workforce environment as safe as possible.

STAGE 2: Lower Risk Workplaces

Creating opportunities for lower risk sectors to adapt and re-open.

Modified school programs and childcare re-open.

STAGE 3: Higher Risk Workplaces

Creating opportunities for higher risk sectors to adapt and re-open.

STAGE 4: End of Stay-At-Home Order

Return to expanded workforce in highest risk workplaces.

Requires
Therapeutics.

Stage 1: Safety and Preparedness

This is where we are now.

- **Continue to build out testing, contact tracing, PPE, and hospital surge capacity.**
- **Continue to make essential workplaces as safe as possible.**
 - Physical and work flow adaption
 - Essential workforce safety net
 - Make PPE more widely available
 - Individual behavior changes
- **Prepare sector-by-sector safety guidelines for expanded workforce.**

Stage 2: Lower Risk Workplaces

Gradually opening some lower risk workplaces with ADAPTATIONS:

- Retail (e.g. curbside pickup)
- Manufacturing
- Offices (when telework not possible)
- Opening more public spaces

Expanded Workforce Safety Net:

- Wage replacement so workers can stay home when sick

Stage 2: Lower Risk Workplaces

Schools and Childcare Facilities with Adaptations:

- Summer programs and next school year potentially starting sooner (July/August)
- Childcare facilities to provide more care
- Address learning gaps
- Ensure students and staff are protected
- Allow broader workforce to return to work

Actions needed to get from Stage 1 to Stage 2



Government Actions

- Policies that allow people to stay home when they're sick
- Guidance provided on how to reduce risk



Business Actions

- Wage replacement so workers can stay home when sick
- Implement adaptations to lower-risk workplaces NOW
- Employees continue to work from home when possible



Individual Actions

- Safety precautions – physical distancing, face coverings, etc.
- Avoid all non-essential travel
- Support and care for people who are at high risk

When are we ready for Stage 2?

Key indicator considerations to move to Stage 2:

- Hospitalization and ICU trends stable.
- Hospital surge capacity to meet demand.
- Sufficient PPE supply to meet demand.
- Sufficient testing capacity to meet demand.
- Contact tracing capacity statewide.

Transition to Stage 2 will occur through a statewide modification to the Stay-At-Home Order.

Opportunity for Regional Variations

During Stage 2, counties may choose to relax stricter local orders at their own pace.

Following Stage 2, once a statewide COVID-19 surveillance system is made possible through testing, further regional variations could be supported.

State will consult and collaborate closely with local governments.

Stage 3: Higher Risk Workplaces

Open higher risk environments with adaptations and limits on size of gatherings:

- Personal care (hair and nail salons, gyms)
- Entertainment venues (movie theaters, sports without live audiences)
- In-person religious services (churches, weddings)

Stage 4: End of Stay-At-Home Order

Re-open highest risk workplaces with all indicators satisfied once therapeutics have been developed:

- Concerts
- Convention Centers
- Live audience sports

Be Part of the Solution

Stay Home. Practice Physical Distancing.

We are enlisting all Californians to help inform the development of guidance for sectors across our economy.

This guidance will provide a framework for how to safely re-open.

CALIFORNIA
ALL

**Your Actions
Save Lives**

covid19.ca.gov

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT
STATE OF CALIFORNIA

EXECUTIVE ORDER N-60-20

WHEREAS on March 4, 2020, I proclaimed a State of Emergency to exist in California as a result of the threat of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS on March 19, 2020, I issued Executive Order N-33-20, which directed all California residents to immediately heed current State public health directives; and

WHEREAS State public health directives, available at <https://covid19.ca.gov/stay-home-except-for-essential-needs/>, have ordered all California residents stay home except for essential needs, as defined in State public health directives; and

WHEREAS COVID-19 continues to menace public health throughout California; and

WHEREAS the extent to which COVID-19 menaces public health throughout California is expected to continue to evolve, and may vary from place to place within the State; and

WHEREAS California law promotes the preservation of public health by providing for local health officers—appointed by county boards of supervisors and other local authorities—in addition to providing for statewide authority by a State Public Health Officer; and

WHEREAS these local health officers, working in consultation with county boards of supervisors and other local authorities, are well positioned to understand the local needs of their communities; and

WHEREAS local governments are encouraged to coordinate with federally recognized California tribes located within or immediately adjacent to the external geographical boundaries of such local government jurisdiction; and

WHEREAS the global COVID-19 pandemic threatens the entire State, and coordination between state and local public health officials is therefore, and will continue to be, necessary to curb the spread of COVID-19 throughout the State; and

WHEREAS State public health officials have worked, and will continue to work, in consultation with their federal, state, and tribal government partners; and

WHEREAS the State Public Health Officer has articulated a four-stage framework—which includes provisions for the reopening of lower-risk businesses and spaces (“Stage Two”), to be followed by the reopening of higher-risk businesses and spaces (“Stage Three”)—to allow Californians to gradually resume various activities while continuing to preserve public health in the face of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS the threat posed by COVID-19 is dynamic and ever-changing, and the State's response to COVID-19 (including implementation of the four-stage framework) should likewise retain the ability to be dynamic and flexible; and

WHEREAS to preserve this flexibility, and under the provisions of Government Code section 8571, I find that strict compliance with the Administrative Procedure Act, Government Code section 11340 et seq., would prevent, hinder, or delay appropriate actions to prevent and mitigate the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, GAVIN NEWSOM, Governor of the State of California, in accordance with the authority vested in me by the State Constitution and statutes of the State of California, and in particular, Government Code sections 8567, 8571, 8627, and 8665; and also in accordance with the authority vested in the State Public Health Officer by the laws of the State of California, including but not limited to Health and Safety Code sections 120125, 120130, 120135, 120140, 120145, 120150, 120175, and 131080; do hereby issue the following Order to become effective immediately:

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1) All residents are directed to continue to obey State public health directives, as made available at <https://covid19.ca.gov/stay-home-except-for-essential-needs/> and elsewhere as the State Public Health Officer may provide.
- 2) As the State moves to allow reopening of lower-risk businesses and spaces ("Stage Two"), and then to allow reopening of higher-risk businesses and spaces ("Stage Three"), the State Public Health Officer is directed to establish criteria and procedures—as set forth in this Paragraph 2—to determine whether and how particular local jurisdictions may implement public health measures that depart from the statewide directives of the State Public Health Officer.

In particular, the State Public Health Officer is directed to establish criteria to determine whether and how, in light of the extent to which the public health is menaced by COVID-19 from place to place within the State, local health officers may (during the relevant stages of reopening) issue directives to establish and implement public health measures less restrictive than any public health measures implemented on a statewide basis pursuant to the statewide directives of the State Public Health Officer.

The State Public Health Officer is further directed to establish procedures through which local health officers may (during the relevant stages of reopening) certify that, if their respective jurisdictions are subject to proposed public health measures (which they shall specify to the extent such specification may be required by the State Public Health Officer) that are less restrictive than public health measures implemented on a statewide basis pursuant to the statewide directives of the State Public Health Officer, the public health will not be menaced. The State Public Health Officer shall additionally establish procedures to permit, in a manner consistent with public health and

safety, local health officers who submit such certifications to establish and implement such less restrictive public health measures within their respective jurisdictions.

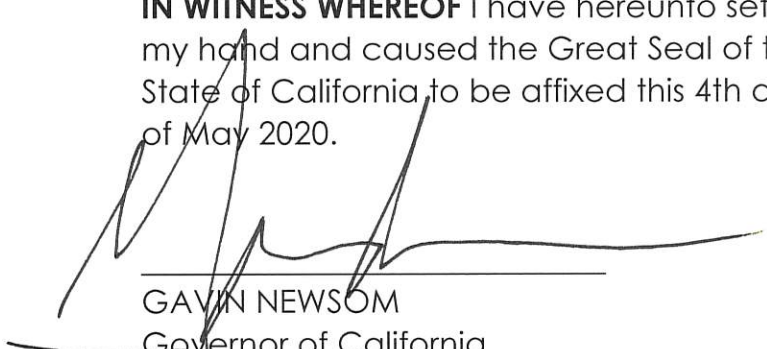
The State Public Health Officer may, from time to time and as she deems necessary to respond to the dynamic threat posed by COVID-19, revise the criteria and procedures set forth in this Paragraph 2. Nothing related to the establishment or implementation of such criteria or procedures, or any other aspect of this Order, shall be subject to the Administrative Procedure Act, Government Code section 11340 et seq. Nothing in this Paragraph 2 shall limit the authority of the State Public Health Officer to take any action she deems necessary to protect public health in the face of the threat posed by COVID-19, including (but not limited to) any necessary revision to the four-stage framework previously articulated by the State Public Health Officer.

- 3) Nothing in this Order shall be construed to limit the existing authority of local health officers to establish and implement public health measures within their respective jurisdictions that are more restrictive than, or that otherwise exist in addition to, the public health measures imposed on a statewide basis pursuant to the statewide directives of the State Public Health Officer.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that as soon as hereafter possible, this Order be filed in the Office of the Secretary of State and that widespread publicity and notice be given of this Order.

This Order is not intended to, and does not, create any rights or benefits, substantive or procedural, enforceable at law or in equity, against the State of California, its agencies, departments, entities, officers, employees, or any other person.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State of California to be affixed this 4th day of May 2020.



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor of California

ATTEST:

ALEX PADILLA
Secretary of State

**County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch**

Health Officer
5957 South Mooney Blvd.
Visalia, CA 93277 559-624-8480



**EXTENSION OF EMERGENCY ORDER FOR THE PREVENTION OF NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)
TRANSMISSION IN OR ABOUT RESTAURANTS, BARS, FOOD TRUCKS, GROCERY STORES, AND OTHER
RETAIL FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVICE VENUES, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL VENUES,
GYMS, HEALTH CLUBS, THEATERS, CHURCHES, AND OTHER SOCIAL GATHERINGS**

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare proclaimed and declared that a local health emergency now exists in the County of Tulare due to the presence of and threat posed by the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"); and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors ratified said proclamation at its regular meeting of March 17, 2020; and

WHEREAS, said proclamation shall remain in effect until further notice; and

WHEREAS, the severity of the local health emergency appears to be increasing each day, with additional reported cases of COVID-19 infections and related deaths in all areas of California, the U.S., and throughout the world; and

WHEREAS, on March 16, 2020, the California Department of Public Health ("CDPH") and State Emergency officials issued guidance to local communities regarding public safety measures that should be taken with respect to (1) retail food, beverage, and related service venues, (2) entertainment venues; and (3) gyms, health clubs, theaters, and other social gatherings, in order to prevent the transmission of COVID-19;

WHEREAS, on March 19, 2020, the County Public Health Officer issued an Emergency Order For The Prevention Of Novel Coronavirus (COVID-19) Transmission In Or About Restaurants, Bars, Food Trucks, Grocery Stores, And Other Retail Food And Beverage Service Venues, Entertainment And Recreational Venues, Gyms, Health Clubs, Theaters, Churches, And Other Social Gatherings ("ORDER"), which is set to expire on April 19, 2020;

WHEREAS, on March 19, 2020, Governor Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20 directing all California residents immediately to heed current State public health directives to stay home (shelter-in-place), except as needed to maintain continuity of operations of essential critical infrastructure sectors and additional sectors as the State Public Health Officer may designate as critical to protect the health and well-being of all Californians; and

WHEREAS, due to the continued transmission of COVID-19 throughout Tulare County, it is the opinion of the County Public Health Officer that it is necessary to continue to enforce the aforementioned orders to combat further transmission of the disease to Tulare County residents.

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1033 (b) and 1-15-1040 (b), and California Health and Safety Code sections 101040, 101085, and 120175, the County Public Health Officer extends the ORDER previously issued on March 19, 2020, until such a time that it is terminated or modified by the County Public Health Officer in writing.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Time: 5:10 p.m.
Date: April 8, 2020

Issued by:



Karen Haught, MD
County Health Officer
County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch

Approved as to Form:
COUNTY COUNSEL

By Jennifer M. Flores Digitally signed by Jennifer M. Flores
Date: 2020.04.09 09:46:16 -0700
Chief Deputy
Matter No. 2020217

Attachments: March 19, 2020 Order of the County Public Health Officer

JMF/4/7/2020/2020217/1450463_2.docx

**County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch**

Health Officer
5957 South Mooney Blvd.
Visalia, CA 93277 559-624-8480



**AMENDED EMERGENCY ORDER FOR THE PREVENTION OF NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19)
TRANSMISSION IN OR ABOUT RESTAURANTS, BARS, FOOD TRUCKS, GROCERY STORES, AND OTHER
RETAIL FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVICE VENUES, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL VENUES,
GYMS, HEALTH CLUBS, THEATERS, CHURCHES, OTHER SOCIAL GATHERINGS, AND OUTDOOR
RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES**

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare proclaimed and declared that a local health emergency now exists in the County of Tulare due to the presence of and threat posed by the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"); and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors ratified said proclamation at its regular meeting of March 17, 2020; and

WHEREAS, said proclamation shall remain in effect until further notice; and

WHEREAS, the severity of the local health emergency appears to be increasing each day, with additional reported cases of COVID-19 infections and related deaths in all areas of California, the U.S., and throughout the world; and

WHEREAS, the California Department of Public Health ("CDPH") and State Emergency officials have issued ongoing guidance to local communities regarding public safety measures that should be taken with respect to (1) retail food, beverage, and related service venues, (2) entertainment venues, and (3) gyms, health clubs, theaters, other social gatherings, and outdoor recreational activities, in order to prevent the transmission of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, said guidance is designed to protect individuals attending and working at these venues and prevent the spread of COVID-19 in our communities; and

WHEREAS, under said guidance, available at <https://www.cdph.ca.gov/Programs/CID/DCDC/Pages/Immunization/ncov2019.aspx> and <https://covid19.ca.gov/stay-home-except-for-essential-needs/> the following actions have been recommended:

- **Bars, wineries, breweries and pubs** should be closed, except for venues that are currently authorized to provide off sale beer and wine to be consumed off premises be allowed; bars, breweries, pubs, and wineries that include meals provided by a full kitchen should follow the restaurant guidance below if they provide delivery or pick-up options;
- **Restaurants** should be closed for in-restaurant seated dining and should be open only to drive-through or other pick-up/delivery options;
- **Food trucks** should increase the frequency of cleaning of menus, cash registers, receipt trays, condiment holders, writing instruments and other non-food contact surfaces frequently touched by patrons and employees, ensure that social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate together, stand in line together, etc., but limiting the number of

people in lines;

- **Grocery stores and charitable food distribution sites** should remain fully open and operational, but ensure that social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate in activities together, stand in line together, etc., and limiting the number of customers at any given time as necessary to reduce outdoor/indoor crowding and lines to meet social distancing guidance, and increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of restroom and other high contact areas; and stores that have online ordering with outside pick-up or delivery options should encourage use of these when possible in lieu of indoor shopping;
- **Certified Farmers' Markets** should space booths accordingly to increase social distancing among patrons in line and walking about the market; ensure that social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate in activities together, stand in line together, etc.; limit the number of customers at any given time as necessary to reduce outdoor/indoor crowding and lines to meet social distancing guidance; increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of restroom and other high contact areas; train employees on best hygiene practices including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds; offer additional hand washing or sanitizing stations throughout the venue; encourage activities such as pre-bagging to expedite purchasing; suspend sampling activities; increase frequency of cleaning of tables, payment devices, and other surfaces; eliminate non-essential/non-related services, such as bands or other entertainment; and at the end of the market, continue to utilize local food recovery systems to feed/donate extra products to populations in need;
- **All retail food and beverage service venues** should remind employees of best hygiene practices including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds;
- **Gambling venues** should eliminate, delay, or reduce conventions/tournaments that increase customer flow above 250 persons in a single room/space; increase frequency of cleaning of chips, shuffling machines, and other objects utilized in games; increase frequency of cleaning and/or disposal of playing cards; eliminate non-essential/non-related services, such as massages or other ancillary services co-housed in gambling venues that could increase customer flow above 250 persons in a single room/space; ensure that social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate together, stand in line together etc.; limit the number of people in lines; separate spaces on the gaming floor into smaller components; increase frequency of cleaning and sanitizing per CDC Environmental Cleaning and Disinfection guidance of all hard surfaces, including terminals and felt and vinyl surfaces of card tables and chairs; increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of restroom and other high contact areas; eliminate events/marketing that target individuals that the CDPH has identified higher risk of serious illness for COVID-19 ; provide additional opportunities throughout the venue for persons to reduce the spread of the virus through hand washing or sanitizing stations;
- **Theme Parks and Attractions** should ensure that social distancing of six feet per between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate in activities together, stand in line together etc.; limit attendance as necessary to reduce outdoor/indoor crowding and lines to meet social distancing guidance; increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of restroom and other high contact areas; train employees on best hygiene practices including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds; increase spacing of show times to allow for more thorough cleaning of single room or space and social distancing during show times; provide additional opportunities throughout the venue for persons to reduce the spread of the virus through hand washing or sanitizing stations; eliminate events/marketing that target individuals that the CDPH has

identified as higher risk of serious illness for COVID-19; extend hours to allow for staggering of attendance; and add distance to locations individuals sit or stand around tables;

- **Gyms, health clubs, and theaters** should be closed;
- **All gatherings** (defined as any event or convening that brings together people in a single room or single space at the same time, such as an auditorium, stadium, arena, large conference room, meeting hall, cafeteria, or any other indoor or outdoor space) should be postponed or cancelled, except for those defined as “essential,” meaning that they cannot be postponed or achieved without gathering, and that some other means of communication could not be used to conduct the essential function.
- **Face coverings**, such as scarves (dense fabric, without holes), bandanas, neck gaiters, or other fabric face coverings, should be worn by all persons over the age of two years at all times while inside of or waiting to enter any business or facility, while riding or waiting to ride any public or shared transportation, and at any other time when it is impossible to maintain a distance of six-feet between persons who are not members of a shared household. All persons, including Essential Workers are discouraged from using Personal Protective Equipment (PPE), such as N95 masks, for non-medical reasons, because supply must be available to healthcare workers.

WHEREAS, the increasing threat posed by COVID-19 in Tulare County makes it advisable that the actions recommended in said guidance become mandatory in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of County of Tulare at least for the time being.

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1033 (b) and 1-15-1040 (b), and California Health and Safety Code sections 101040, 101085, and 120175, the Health Officer of the County of Tulare hereby orders as follows, which shall be effective immediately and remain in effect until such a time that it is terminated or modified by the County Public Health Officer in writing:

1. Definitions:

- a) Restaurant: Any establishment that sells food for consumption on-premises.
- b) Food Court: Any establishment that sells food for consumption on-premises in a shared setting with other establishments.
- c) Bar and tavern: Any establishment with the following types of California Alcoholic Beverage Control licenses:
 - 1) 40 - On Sale Beer (Bar, Tavern)
 - 2) 42 - On Sale Beer & Wine - Public Premises (Bar, Tavern)
 - 3) 48 - On Sale General - Public Premises (Bar, Night Club)
 - 4) 51 - Club
 - 5) 57 - Special On Sale General
 - 6) 60 - On Sale Beer - Seasonal
 - 7) 61 - On Sale Beer - Public Premises
- d) Food truck: Any “mobile food facility” within the meaning of the California Retail Food Code.
- e) Certified Farmers’ Market: A location that is certified by the State of California through the enforcement officers of the county agricultural commissioners and operated pursuant to Chapter 10.5 (commencing with Section 47000) of Division 17 of the Food and Agricultural Code and regulations adopted pursuant to that chapter.
- f) Grocery Store: Any store primarily engaged in the retail sale of canned food, dry goods, fresh fruits and vegetables, and fresh meats, fish, and poultry and any area that is not separately owned within the store where food is prepared and served, including a bakery, deli, and meat and

seafood counter. "Grocery store" includes convenience stores.

- g) Charitable Food Distribution Site: A "food bank" or "limited service charitable feeding operation" within the meaning of the California Retail Food Code.
 - h) Gambling venue: Any cardroom, casino, or similar site where the primary goal of those assembled is the wagering of money or other things of value on events with uncertain outcomes, with the primary intent of winning money or material goods, and over which the Tulare County Public Health Officer has jurisdiction.
 - i) Entertainment and recreational venue: Any site where the primary goal of those assembled is to promote amusement, enjoyment, pleasure, recreation, diversion, relaxation, and other similar uses, including, but not limited to, theme parks, amusement parks, attractions, theaters, museums, roller rinks, skate parks, sports stadiums, bowling alleys, and the like.
 - j) Theme park: Any entertainment venue or amusement park in which rides, games, and buildings are based on a central theme.
 - k) Amusement Park: Any entertainment venue that features various attractions such as rides and games, as well as other events for entertainment purposes.
 - l) Attraction: Any place of interest where persons visit, typically for its inherent or exhibited natural or cultural value, historical significance, natural or built beauty, offering leisure and amusement.
 - m) Gym and Health Club: Any room or building used for various indoor sports or exercise activities, and usually equipped with exercise or gymnastic apparatus, locker and shower rooms, indoor or outdoor swimming pools, sports courts, and similar spaces.
 - n) Theater: Any entertainment venue used for housing dramatic presentations, stage entertainments, or motion-picture shows.
 - o) Church: Any site, with or without structures, the primary use of which is the assemblage of people for any religious worship, education, or expression.
 - p) Social gathering: Any event or convening that brings together people in a single room or single space at the same time, such as an auditorium, stadium, arena, large conference room, meeting hall, cafeteria, or any other indoor or outdoor space.
 - q) Outdoor recreational activities: Any activity that can be done in an outside setting, including but not limited to, individual and group sports.
2. **Restaurants, Food Courts, and other establishments** that offer on-premises dining shall not allow consumption of food or beverages on-premises. Delivery, drive-thru, and pick-up options are allowed.
 3. **Bars and taverns** shall be closed.
 4. **Food Trucks** shall not allow consumption of food or beverages on or about the premises and shall increase the frequency of cleaning of menus, cash registers, receipt trays, condiment holders, writing instruments and other non-food contact surfaces frequently touched by patrons and employees; ensure that social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate together, stand in line together, etc., but limit the number of people in their lines. All employees of the Food Truck should wear an appropriate face covering at all times.
 5. **Certified Farmers' Markets** shall space booths accordingly to increase social distancing among patrons in line and walking about the market; ensure that social distancing of six feet per between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate in activities together, stand in line together, etc.; limit the number of customers at any given time as necessary to reduce outdoor/indoor crowding and lines to meet social distancing guidance; increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of restroom and other high contact areas; train employees on best hygiene practices including washing their hands often with

soap and water for at least 20 seconds; offer additional hand washing or sanitizing stations throughout the venue; encourage activities such as pre-bagging to expedite purchasing; suspend sampling activities; increase frequency of cleaning of tables, payment devices, and other surfaces; eliminate non-essential/non-related services, such as bands or other entertainment; and at the end of the market, continue to utilize local food recovery systems to feed/donate extra products to populations in need. All persons providing essential services at a Farmers' Market should wear an appropriate face covering at all times.

6. **Grocery Stores and Charitable Food Distribution Sites** are allowed to remain fully open and operational, but must ensure that social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household is maintained and make clear that members of the same household can participate in activities together, stand in line together, etc.; limit the number of customers at any given time as necessary to reduce outdoor/indoor crowding and lines to meet social distancing guidance; increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of restroom and other high contact areas; and stores that have online ordering with outside pick-up or delivery options should encourage use of these when possible in lieu of indoor shopping. All employees of the grocery store or charitable food distribution site should wear an appropriate face covering at all times.
7. **All retail food, beverage, and other related service venues** shall remind employees of best hygiene practices including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. All venues should require employees to wear an appropriate face covering at all times.
8. **Gambling venues** shall be closed.
9. **Entertainment and recreational venues**, including, but not limited to, theme parks, amusement parks, attractions, theaters, museums, roller rinks, skate parks, sports stadiums, bowling alleys, and the like, shall be closed.
10. **Gyms and health clubs** shall be closed;
11. **All social gatherings**, including, but not limited to church services, meetings of service and social clubs, conferences, conventions, and the like, shall be postponed or cancelled.
12. **Outdoor recreational activities** are permissible as long as it is feasible to maintain a safe physical distance of six feet and gather only with members of the same household at all times during said activity(ies). Individual outdoor recreational activities are permissible as long as it is feasible to maintain a safe physical distance of six feet at all times during said activity. Any outdoor group sports or activities shall be postponed or cancelled unless the sport or activity can be done individually or with members of the same household only. There should be no shared equipment between persons who are not members of the same household. Visit <https://covid19.ca.gov/stay-home-except-for-essential-needs/#top>, Outdoor Recreation section for a list of requirements, specifically allowed activities, and further guidance from the state of California.
13. For those businesses closed under this Order, business owners, managers, and supervisory staff are allowed to be on site to conduct minimum basic operations, provided that they each observe the social distancing and best personal hygiene practices (including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds) outlined above.
14. No County permits for special events shall be granted. All County permits for special events previously issued are revoked or postponed.
15. No temporary ABC licenses shall be authorized by the County.
16. For personal and public health and safety purposes, all residents of and visitors to Tulare County are strongly urged to practice social distancing of six feet per person when able to do so, wash their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, wear face coverings, such as scarves (dense fabric, without holes), bandanas, neck gaiters, or other fabric face coverings, at all times while inside of or waiting to enter any business or facility, while riding or waiting to ride any public or shared

transportation, and at any other time when it is impossible to maintain a distance of six-feet between persons who are not members of a shared household and follow all other guidance from public health officials with regard to the threat posed by COVID-19.

17. Each incorporated city within Tulare County is urged and requested to take such actions, if any, as may be reasonably necessary to permit this Order to be fully enforced within its respective jurisdiction.
18. The Public Health Branch of the Tulare County Health and Human Services Agency, the Tulare County District Attorney's office, the Tulare County Counsel's office, and all other applicable County of Tulare Agencies, Departments, and Divisions are requested and directed to enforce this Order within their respective jurisdictions.
19. Pursuant to California Government Code section 26602, the Sheriff of Tulare County is requested to enforce this Order within the Sheriff's jurisdiction to prevent the spread of COVID-19.
20. Pursuant to California Government Code section 41601, the chiefs of the police departments of the Cities of Visalia, Tulare, Porterville, Dinuba, Exeter, Lindsay, Woodlake, and Farmersville are requested to enforce this Order within their respective jurisdictions to prevent the spread of COVID-19.
21. The Order shall be subject to amendment or repeal at any time and shall not be deemed to confer any contractual obligations, property rights, or assume any County or other public agency liability.
22. If any provision of this Order or its application to any person or circumstance is held to be invalid, then the remainder of the Order, including the application of such part or provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected and shall continue in full force and effect. To this end, the provisions of this Order are severable.
23. This Order shall be immediately translated into Spanish, and accommodations made for disabled persons to read its contents; it shall also be distributed to all local media and made prominently available on the County of Tulare's website.
24. Pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 101029 and 120280, and Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1040(b) and 125, violations of this Order shall be punishable as a misdemeanor upon conviction by a fine of not exceeding one thousand dollars or by imprisonment for a term of not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Time: 9:10am
Date: May 5, 2020

Issued by:



Karen Haught, MD
County Health Officer
County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch

Approved as to Form:
COUNTY COUNSEL

By
Deputy County Counsel
Matter No. 2020217JMS/5-05-2020/2020217/1463907.docx



TULARE COUNTY HEALTH & HUMAN SERVICES AGENCY

Karen M. Elliott, MBA • Public Health Branch Director
Karen Haught, MD, M.P.H. • County Health Officer

Timothy W. Lutz, MBA
Agency Director

May 7, 2020

Health Advisory Recommending Face Coverings for the Public and Essential Workers

This health advisory seeks to inform the public about the need for Face Coverings when outside the home for the prevention and source control of COVID-19.

Summary

- Tulare County Public Health urges the public to use Face Coverings while attending to essential activities in order to reduce the spread of COVID-19
- Individuals are asked to ensure effective use of Face Coverings by washing their hands after putting on and taking of the Face Covering
- Essential businesses and their employees are asked to utilize Face Coverings when providing services to the public
- Essential businesses are asked to post signage informing the public of the requirement to utilize Face Coverings

The United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention ("CDC"), California Department of Public Health ("CDPH"), and the Tulare County Public Health Branch ("TCPH") have recommended that members of the public, should cover the mouth and nose to prevent inadvertently spreading the virus that causes Coronavirus Disease 2019 ("COVID-19"). One key transmission method for the COVID-19 virus is respiratory droplets that people expel when they breathe or sneeze. Individuals have been found to be infected with COVID-19 and not have any symptoms, meaning they are asymptomatic, but they can still be contagious. People can also be infected and contagious 48 hours before developing symptoms, the time when they are pre-symptomatic. Many people with the COVID-19 virus have mild symptoms and do not recognize they are infected and contagious, and they can unintentionally infect others. Therefore, the CDC, CDPH, and TCPH believe that wearing a face covering, when combined with physical distancing of at least 6 feet and frequent hand washing, may reduce the risk of transmitting coronavirus when in public and engaged in essential activities by reducing the spread of respiratory droplets. *For clarity, although wearing a face covering is one tool for reducing the spread of the virus, doing so is not a substitute for sheltering in place, physical distancing of at least 6 feet, and frequent hand washing.*

This Advisory requires that people wear Face Coverings in three main settings. First, members of the public must wear Face Coverings while inside of or waiting in line to enter Essential Businesses and other businesses or facilities engaged in Minimum Basic Operations, providing Essential Infrastructure, and providing Essential Government Functions (except Healthcare Operations, which are subject to different requirements), when seeking healthcare from Healthcare Operations, and when waiting for or riding on



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public transportation and other types of shared transportation. These settings are defined further below.

Second, this Advisory also requires employees, contractors, owners, and volunteers of all Essential Businesses or those operating public transportation and other types of shared transportation to wear a Face Covering when at work.

And third, this Advisory also requires workers engaged in Minimum Basic Operations, Essential Infrastructure work, and Essential Government Functions to wear a Face Covering in areas where the public is present or likely to be and at any time when others are nearby.

This Advisory does not require that any child aged twelve years or younger wear a Face Covering and recommends that any child aged two years or younger should not wear one because of the risk of suffocation. This Advisory also does not apply to people who are in their own cars alone or with members of their own household. It also does not require people wear Face Coverings while engaged in outdoor recreation such as hiking, bicycling, or running, though it does recommend that they have a Face Covering with them and still requires them to practice social distancing and other measures to protect against transmission of the virus.

Definition of Face Coverings

As used in this Advisory, a "Face Covering" means a covering made of cloth, fabric, or other soft or permeable material, without holes, that covers only the nose and mouth and surrounding areas of the lower face. A covering that hides or obscures the wearer's eyes or forehead is not a Face Covering. Examples of Face Coverings include a scarf or bandana; a neck gaiter; a homemade covering made from a t-shirt, sweatshirt, or towel, held on with rubber bands or otherwise; or a mask, which need not be medical-grade. A Face Covering may be factory-made, or may be handmade and improvised from ordinary household materials. The Face Covering should be comfortable, so that the wearer can breathe comfortably through the nose and does not have to adjust it frequently, so as to avoid touching the face. For as long as medical grade masks such as N95 masks and surgical masks are in short supply, members of the public should not purchase those masks as Face Coverings under this Advisory. In general, even when not required by this Advisory, people are strongly encouraged to wear Face Coverings when in public.

A video showing how to make a face covering and additional information about how to wear and clean Face Coverings may be found at the website of Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, at <https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/prevent-getting-sick/diy-cloth-face-coverings.html>.

Effective Use

Face Coverings must be worn in such a manner as to contain respiratory droplets and minimize transmission of the virus via the hands. To achieve this, Face Coverings should fit snugly and be washed daily. Cloth Face Coverings can be safely cleaned in a washing machine or by hand as the materials



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permit. Individuals should be careful not to touch their eyes, nose, or mouth when removing their Face Coverings and wash their hands immediately after removing.

Members of the Public

All members of the public, except as specifically exempted below, must wear a Face Covering outside their home or other place they reside in the following situations:

1. When they are inside of, or in line to enter, any Essential Business, including, but not limited to, grocery stores, convenience stores, supermarkets, laundromats, and restaurants;
2. When they are inside or at any location or facility engaging in Minimum Basic Operations or seeking or receiving Essential Government Functions inside of any location or facility;
3. When they are engaged in Essential Infrastructure work
4. When they are obtaining services at Healthcare Operations— including hospitals, clinics, COVID-19 testing locations, dentists, pharmacies, blood banks and blood drives, other healthcare facilities, mental health providers, or facilities providing veterinary care and similar healthcare services for animals — unless directed otherwise by an employee or worker at the Healthcare Operation; or
5. When they are waiting for or riding on public transportation or paratransit or are in a taxi, private car service, or ride-sharing vehicle.

Essential Businesses and Infrastructure

All Essential Businesses, as well as entities and organizations with workers engaged in Essential Infrastructure work, Minimum Basic Operations, or Essential Government Functions (except for Healthcare Operations, which are subject to their own regulation regarding specified face coverings), must:

1. Require their employees, contractors, owners, and volunteers to wear a Face Covering at the workplace and when performing work off-site any time the employee, contractor, owner, or volunteer is:
 - a. interacting in person with any member of the public;
 - b. working in any space visited by members of the public, such as by way of example and without limitation reception areas, grocery store or pharmacy aisles, service counters, public restrooms, cashier and checkout waiting rooms, service areas, and other spaces used to interact with the public, regardless of whether anyone from the public is present at the time;
 - c. working in any space where food is prepared or packaged for sale or distribution to others;
 - d. working in or walking through common areas such as hallways, stairways, elevators, and parking facilities; or
 - e. in any room or enclosed area when other people (except for members of the person's own household or residence) are present.



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2. Take reasonable measures, such as posting signs, to remind their customers and the public of the requirement that they wear a Face Covering while inside of or waiting in line to enter the business, facility, or location. Essential Businesses and entities or organizations that engaged in Essential Infrastructure work or Minimum Basic Operations must take all reasonable steps to prohibit any member of the public who is not wearing a Face Covering from entering and must not serve that person if those efforts are unsuccessful and seek to remove that person.

For clarity, a Face Covering is not required when a person is in a personal office (a single room) when others outside of that person's household are not present as long as the public does not regularly visit the room.

Exceptions

1. Any child aged two years or less must not wear a Face Covering because of the risk of suffocation. This Order does not require that any child aged twelve years or less wear a Face Covering. Parents and caregivers must supervise use of Face Coverings by children to avoid misuse.
2. Wearing a Face Covering is recommended, but not required, while engaged in outdoor recreation such as hiking, bicycling, or running. But each person engaged in such activity must comply with social distancing requirements including maintaining at least six feet of separation from all other people. Because running or bicycling causes people to more forcefully expel airborne particles, making the usual minimum 6 feet distance less adequate, runners and cyclists must take steps to avoid exposing others to those particles, which include the following measures: wearing a Face Covering when possible; crossing the street when running to avoid sidewalks with pedestrians; slowing down and moving to the side when unable to leave the sidewalk and nearing other people; never spitting; and avoiding running or cycling directly in front of or behind another runner or cyclist who is not in the same household.
3. This Advisory does not require any person to wear a Face Covering while driving alone, or exclusively with other members of the same family or household, in a motor vehicle.
4. A Face Covering is also not required by this Advisory to be worn by a particular individual if the person can show either: (1) a medical professional has advised that wearing a Face Covering may pose a risk to the person wearing the mask for health-related reasons; or (2) wearing a Face Covering would create a risk to the person related to their work as determined by local, state, or federal regulators or workplace safety guidelines. A Face Covering should also not be used by anyone who has trouble breathing or is unconscious, incapacitated, or otherwise unable to remove the Face Covering without assistance.

Conclusion

The intent of this Order is to ensure that all people who are visiting or working at Essential Businesses



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and all people who are seeking care at healthcare facilities or engaged in certain types of public transit or transportation with others wear a Face Covering to reduce the likelihood that they may transmit or receive the COVID-19 virus. The intent of this Advisory is also to ensure that people who work for or seek services from entities engaged in Essential Infrastructure work, Minimum Basic Operations, or Essential Government Functions also wear a Face Covering when they are in close proximity to others. In so doing, this Advisory will help reduce the spread of the COVID-19 virus and mitigate the impact of the virus on members of the public and on the delivery of critical healthcare services to those in need. All provisions of this Advisory must be interpreted to effectuate this intent.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Karen Haught".

Karen Haught MD, MPH
Health Officer of Tulare County

**County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch**

Health Officer
5957 South Mooney Blvd.
Visalia, CA 93277 559-624-8480



EMERGENCY ORDER FOR THE PREVENTION OF NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) TRANSMISSION

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2020, the Governor of the State of California proclaimed a state of Emergency now exists in the State of California due to the presence of and threat posed by the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"); and

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare proclaimed and declared that a local health emergency now exists in the County of Tulare due to the presence of and threat posed by COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors ratified said proclamation at its regular meeting of March 17, 2020; and

WHEREAS, said proclamation shall remain in effect until further notice; and

WHEREAS, on March 19, 2020, the Governor of the State of California issued Executive Order N-33-20, ordering that all Californians shelter in place to preserve public health and safety ("Shelter in Place Order"); and

WHEREAS, the Shelter in Place Order has been successful in slowing the transmission and infection rate of COVID-19 in the State of California; and

WHEREAS, on March 19, 2020 the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare issued an EMERGENCY ORDER FOR THE PREVENTION OF NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) TRANSMISSION IN OR ABOUT RESTAURANTS, BARS, FOOD TRUCKS, GROCERY STORES, AND OTHER RETAIL FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVICE VENUES, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL VENUES, GYMS, HEALTH CLUBS, THEATERS, CHURCHES, OTHER SOCIAL GATHERINGS, AND OUTDOOR RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES, which order was extended on April 8, 2020, and amended on May 5, 2020 (the "Amended Emergency Order"); and

WHEREAS, on April 14, 2020, the State of California presented the Pandemic Roadmap, a four-stage plan for modifying the Shelter in Place Order, and defining the statewide current status under the plan as being at Stage 1; and

WHEREAS, on May 4, 2020, the State announced that entry into Stage 2 of the plan would begin on May 8, 2020 for all Counties, subject to certain conditions and certain guidance; and

WHEREAS, advancement within the Pandemic Roadmap by an individual County can be accomplished by meeting certain State-defined criteria and procedures; and

WHEREAS, the Pandemic Roadmap is designed to prevent the spread of COVID-19 in California while allowing parts of our state to safely reopen; and

WHEREAS, it is advisable that the State criteria, procedures, and guidance for the stages of the Pandemic

Roadmap become mandatory in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of County of Tulare.

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1033 (b) and 1-15-1040 (b), and California Health and Safety Code sections 101040, 101085, and 120175, the Health Officer of the County of Tulare hereby orders as follows, which shall be effective immediately and remain in effect until such a time that it is terminated or modified by the County Public Health Officer in writing:

1. **The Amended Emergency Order** is hereby terminated. Any previous Public Health Orders, other than the Emergency Declaration dated March 11, 2020, not previously terminated by the Amended Emergency Order are hereby terminated.
2. **The Shelter in Place Order**, the emergency orders of the State Public Health Director related to the COVID-19 pandemic, and the State's Pandemic Roadmap and guidance issued with respect to the roadmap, as may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time-to-time by their makers, are hereby adopted as emergency orders of the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare and enforceable as such.
3. **Only** the activities and businesses authorized by the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap shall be allowed. The County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap can be found at <https://covid19.tularecounty.ca.gov/>.
4. **Bars, wineries, breweries and pubs** shall follow the State's guidelines and shall be closed until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
5. **Restaurants** shall follow the State's guidelines and shall be open only to drive-through or other pickup/delivery options and shall not open their in-restaurant seated dining nor allow consumption of food or beverages on-premises until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
6. **Food Trucks** shall follow the State's guidelines and shall not allow consumption of food or beverages on or about the premises until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
7. **Certified Farmers' Markets** shall follow the State's guidelines and shall space booths accordingly to increase social distancing and shall eliminate non-essential/non-related services, such as bands or other entertainment until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
8. **Gambling venues** shall follow the State's guidelines and shall be closed until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
9. **Entertainment and recreational venues**, including, but not limited to, theme parks, amusement parks, attractions, theaters, museums, roller rinks, skate parks, sports stadiums, bowling alleys, and the like, shall follow the State's guidelines and shall be closed until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
10. **Gyms and health clubs** shall follow the State's guidelines and shall be closed until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
11. **All social gatherings**, including, but not limited to church services, meetings of service and social

clubs, conferences, conventions, and the like, shall be postponed or cancelled until allowed under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.

12. **Outdoor recreational activities** shall be permissible as long as it is feasible to maintain a safe physical distance of six feet and gather only with members of the same household at all times during said activity(ies). Individual outdoor recreational activities are permissible as long as it is feasible to maintain a safe physical distance of six feet at all times during said activity. Any outdoor group sports or activities shall be postponed or cancelled unless the sport or activity can be done individually or with members of the same household only. There should be no shared equipment between persons who are not members of the same household. Visit <https://covid19.ca.gov/stay-home-except-for-essential-needs/#top>, Outdoor Recreation section for a list of requirements, specifically allowed activities, and further guidance from the state of California. These social distancing requirements shall remain in place as they relate to Outdoor Recreation Activities until abolished under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
13. For those businesses closed under this Order, business owners, managers, and supervisory staff are allowed to be on site to conduct minimum basic operations, provided that they each observe the social distancing and best personal hygiene practices (including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds) outlined above.
14. No County permits for special events shall be granted, all County permits for special events previously issued are revoked or postponed, and no temporary ABC licenses shall be authorized by the County until social gatherings are permitted under the County's current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap.
15. For personal and public health and safety purposes, all residents of and visitors to Tulare County are strongly urged to practice social distancing of six feet per person when able to do so, wash their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, wear face coverings, such as scarves (dense fabric, without holes), bandanas, neck gaiters, or other fabric face coverings, at all times while inside of or waiting to enter any business or facility, while riding or waiting to ride any public or shared transportation, and at any other time when it is impossible to maintain a distance of six-feet between persons who are not members of a shared household and follow all other guidance from public health officials with regard to the threat posed by COVID-19.
16. Each incorporated city within Tulare County is urged and requested to take such actions, if any, as may be reasonably necessary to permit this Order to be fully enforced within its respective jurisdiction.
17. The Public Health Branch of the Tulare County Health and Human Services Agency, the Tulare County District Attorney's office, the Tulare County Counsel's office, and all other applicable County of Tulare Agencies, Departments, and Divisions are requested and directed to enforce this Order within their respective jurisdictions.
18. Pursuant to California Government Code section 26602, the Sheriff of Tulare County is requested to enforce this Order within the Sheriff's jurisdiction to prevent the spread of COVID-19.
19. Pursuant to California Government Code section 41601, the chiefs of the police departments of the

Cities of Visalia, Tulare, Porterville, Dinuba, Exeter, Lindsay, Woodlake, and Farmersville are requested to enforce this Order within their respective jurisdictions to prevent the spread of COVID-19.

20. The Order shall be subject to amendment or repeal at any time and shall not be deemed to confer any contractual obligations, property rights, or assume any County or other public agency liability.
21. If any provision of this Order or its application to any person or circumstance is held to be invalid, then the remainder of the Order, including the application of such part or provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected and shall continue in full force and effect. To this end, the provisions of this Order are severable.
22. This Order shall be immediately translated into Spanish, and accommodations made for disabled persons to read its contents; it shall also be distributed to all local media and made prominently available at <https://covid19.tularecounty.ca.gov/>.
23. Pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 101029 and 120280, and Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1040(b) and 125, violations of this Order shall be punishable as a misdemeanor upon conviction by a fine of not exceeding one thousand dollars or by imprisonment for a term of not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
24. Pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 4-01-1070 and 4-01-1315, violations of this Order may be considered a public nuisance.
25. Pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-23-1000 and 1-23-1015 violations of this Order shall be subject to an administrative fine or penalty.
26. All open businesses, facilities, retail food, venues shall ensure social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household, limit the number of customers at any given time as necessary to reduce outdoor/indoor crowding and lines to meet social distancing guidance, increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of all contact areas, encourage use of online ordering with curbside pickup or delivery options in lieu of indoor shopping, remind employees of best hygiene practices including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds and wearing appropriate face covering when necessary.
27. Current guidance related to the Pandemic Roadmap is located at <https://covid19.ca.gov/roadmap/>.
28. Tulare County's Current Stage and information related to allowable businesses and activities is located at <https://covid19.tularecounty.ca.gov/>.
29. For personal and public health and safety purposes, all residents of and visitors to Tulare County are strongly urged to practice social distancing of six feet per person when able to do so, wash their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, wear face coverings, such as scarves (dense fabric, without holes), bandanas, neck gaiters, or other fabric face coverings, at all times while inside of or waiting to enter any business or facility, while riding or waiting to ride any public or shared transportation, and at any other time when it is impossible to maintain a distance of six-feet between

persons who are not members of a shared household and follow all other guidance from public health officials with regard to the threat posed by COVID-19.

30. Each incorporated city within Tulare County is urged and requested to take such actions, if any, as may be reasonably necessary to permit this Order to be fully enforced within its respective jurisdiction.
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35. If any provision of this Order or its application to any person or circumstance is held to be invalid, then the remainder of the Order, including the application of such part or provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected and shall continue in full force and effect. To this end, the provisions of this Order are severable.
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37. Pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 101029 and 120280, and Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1040(b) and 125, violations of this Order shall be punishable as a misdemeanor upon conviction by a fine of not exceeding one thousand dollars or by imprisonment for a term of not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Time: 7:35am

Date: May 8, 2020

Issued by: 

Karen Haught, MD
County Health Officer
County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch

Approved as to Form:
COUNTY COUNSEL

By 
Deputy County Counsel

Matter No. 2020217

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TULARE COUNTY'S MULTI-STAGE APPROACH TOWARDS A HEALTHIER COMMUNITY

Epidemiologists and infectious disease experts agree that in the absence of strict social distancing, Tulare County numbers would once again surge. COVID-19 will continue to be a serious threat until there is an effective vaccine or more effective therapeutic treatments. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) and National Institute of Allergy and Infectious Diseases (NIAID) experts estimate that we will not have a vaccine for COVID-19 until 2021, at the earliest. For the foreseeable future, living with COVID-19 is our new “normal”.

Living with this disease means finding ways for our community to return to work with COVID-19 still circulating. There is an emerging consensus that America's economy should open in stages with different parts of the economy and different aspects of public life reopening at different times will present a framework for a three-stage approach that reflects the state of the COVID-19 pandemic in Tulare County.

Over the last couple of weeks, California counties in coordination with the California Department of Public Health have worked extensively to create meaningful criteria that provides a solid framework to use when deciding to reopen local economies. Specifically, Tulare County has adopted four criteria to use as the means of determining the readiness of reopening our local economy. It is important to note that these criteria are aligned with other California Counties and the recommendations from the State, however, our readiness may be earlier or later than other counties due to our local situation.

The following four (4) criteria will need to be met simultaneously before moving to Stage 2, and then again before moving to Stage 3, and then once again before moving to Stage 4. Each of the following criteria has assessments and respective metrics that will be used to determine forward movement to the next Stage. However, if it is determined that there is a potential rebound or local outbreak, returning to an earlier Stage is probable.

- **(CASES) SUSTAINED REDUCTION OR STABILITY IN NEW CASES FOR 14 DAYS.** Tulare County agrees that movement towards reopening for Stage 2 should begin after 14 days of a sustained downward trend in COVID-19 positive cases.

Certain increases, such as an increase in active cases over the course of five days, would clearly be a cause for concern. However, exact judgements should reflect a precise understanding of local trends. If, for instance, public health departments identify a specific outbreak and are able to isolate COVID-positive cases and quarantine people who were in close contact quickly, movement towards greater reopening could continue, even with an increase in positive cases.

- **ADEQUATE DIAGNOSTIC TESTING CAPACITY AND RAPID TEST RESULTS. THE ABILITY TO TEST ALL INDIVIDUALS WITH COVID-19 SYMPTOMS (WITHIN A CERTAIN TIMEFRAME). SAME-DAY TESTING WIDELY AVAILABLE FOR HOSPITALIZED PATIENTS, HEALTH CARE WORKERS AND WORKERS IN ESSENTIAL ROLES, CLOSE CONTACTS OF CONFIRMED CASES, AND OUTPATIENTS WITH SYMPTOMS).** Expanding testing capacity and making testing broadly available is necessary to treat and control infection, and for detecting increases COVID-19 cases early.
- **PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT’S CAPACITY TO RAPIDLY INTERVIEW NEW CASES, IDENTIFY CLOSE CONTACTS, AND ENSURE THAT ISOLATION AND QUARANTINE ARE EFFECTIVE.** Public health surveillance must be strengthened to understand the spread of COVID-19 and rapidly detect outbreaks. Experts call for evidence of declining transmission for at least 14 days before there could be a move to a staged approach of reopening the economies. Tulare County must closely monitor the signs of COVID-19 spread. It must notice problems to avoid overcrowding of emergency departments or outbreaks among the higher risk.
- **HEALTH CARE SYSTEM CAPACITY TO RESPOND TO POTENTIAL SURGES.** Tulare County must ensure that the local healthcare system is out of crisis mode and able to handle potential new surges in patients, along with non-COVID-19 related services, prior to reopening the economy. Tulare County will continue to track and share information about the availability of hospital beds, ICU beds, ventilators, and personal protective equipment (PPE) in order to ensure that they are adequately available if cases surge, as modeled under a variety of assumptions. Data on available capacity should be assessed at a designated frequency. State stockpiles should be used to fill any deficiencies and there should be continuous monitoring of cases statewide to assure that capacity will not be exceeded.

GOALS AND LINKED METRICS TO CONSIDER WHEN MOVING BETWEEN STAGES

Goals	Metric
1. Containment Capacity	GOAL: Stable or decreasing COVID-19 infection rate METRIC: Low prevalence of disease - no more than 1 case per 10,000 people in last 14 days METRIC: No more than 1 death in last 14 days GOAL: Ability to test everyone who needs to be tested METRIC: Minimum daily testing volume of 1.5 per 1,000 residents METRIC: Testing availability for at least 75% of residents as measured by specimen collection sites within a 60-minute drive in rural areas
2. Case investigation and contact tracing	GOAL: The public health system has adequate infrastructure, processes, and workforce to reliably detect and safely isolate new cases, as well as follow up with individuals who have been in contact with positive cases METRIC: Sufficient staff allocated to contact tracing, at least 15 staff per 100,000 population

	METRIC: Availability of temporary housing units to shelter at least 15% of county residents experiencing homelessness
3. Health Care System Capacity	GOAL: Hospitals can quickly and independently supply sufficient PPE and critical medical equipment and can surge intensive care unit (ICU) capacity. METRIC: Ability to accommodate a minimum surge of 35% (combined for county) due to COVID-19 patients as well as providing usual care for non-COVID-19 patients.
4. Vulnerable Populations	GOAL: Ability to protect our vulnerable populations METRIC: Skilled nursing & other congregate living facilities have > 14-day supply of PPE and access to non-state sources for replenishing the supplies.

Potential Increased Community Transmission when Re-opening Public Spaces.

Opening public spaces will entail an increased risk of community transmission. Certain populations will be more at risk for serious consequences and mortality from contracting the disease. Those most at risk include:

- Healthcare workers, first responders and other essential workers in contact with the public;
- Older adults living in nursing homes, assisted living, and senior housing;
- Racial and ethnic minorities;
- Justice-involved populations;
- People experiencing homelessness; and,
- People with disabilities and living in state institutions, group homes, and other congregate settings.
- Pregnant individuals

Given the setting and circumstances of where these populations reside, targeted monitoring and interventions will be critical to protecting these communities. Tulare County must develop effective systems and policies that protect these populations so that it is less likely to experience outbreaks that can interrupt the gradual reopening of society.

Strong and Clear Communication and Public Engagement Plan.

Communication is an integral part during a crisis, and is even more important as Tulare County moves toward reopening. It is critical that public engagement is incorporated into the response plan to minimize the risk of misunderstanding, confusion, or protest by individuals who believe reopening should be either faster or slower. It is important that Tulare County evaluates the different needs, risk factors, and resources.

Rationale for a Multi-Stage Approach to Reopening

Developing a framework that thoughtfully guides decision making on key factors to reopen the economy is important. The framework must include an array of public health factors, including consistent communication related to COVID-19, data collection, defining measures to reassess readiness for opening, and anticipating the need to revert to tighter control measures. Additionally, criteria for moving between stages and defining the stages for reopening must be established. Equally important is building partnerships between public and private sectors to implement the plan.

This is the time to identify and share critical metrics and explain “the rules for reopening.” The most important message to convey in this period is that **the rate of transmission must decline or remain low to make it safe to proceed with plans to reopen local economies**. During this process, local governments should engage health care systems, schools and businesses to fine tune plans for a staged reopening and to clearly convey the steps that will be necessary.

Testing capacity should continue to expand; vulnerable populations should be identified and monitored. Businesses, schools, and healthcare facilities should develop written plans for how they will help prevent COVID-19 spread in their facilities. Policymakers should also examine disincentives to testing and isolation or quarantining, such as the fear that people who test positive or are quarantined could lose their jobs. Travel to and from areas that are experiencing significant disease should be discouraged or prohibited.

This stage should continue for the next two weeks. During this time, monitoring should indicate case numbers are declining. Based on COVID-19 case rate statistics by city and region, healthcare providers and health systems should demonstrate they can manage (with ICU beds, ventilators, PPE, nurse and physician staffing, and other metrics of capacity) no less than 1 week of new cases at the prior week case rate prior to progression between stages or to moving on to the first stage of reopening.

During this planning period, all non-essential businesses should remain closed and the Stay At Home Order remains in place. Except when performing essential services, citizens over age 65 and those with high risk factors need to remain vigilant and to shelter at home.

- Work from home should continue whenever possible, and cloth face coverings should be worn in public locations.
- Tulare County will work to accomplish all specific requirements listed above, including testing, tracking and quarantine strategies to identify cases and prevent transmission.
- All essential and non-essential businesses should begin preparations for later stages, and should be prepared to certify to the Health Department that they have written protocols, completed the social distancing and safety plan checklist and can reliably perform the following functions before advancing to later stages:

- Screen daily all employees for respiratory symptoms. Workers in close contact with each other should be screened daily with temperature checks as well. Business safety plans should clearly specify protocols for different categories.
- Advise employees with symptoms to remove themselves from the workplace and call healthcare provider for guidance. Establish policies and procedures to help employees who are required to by the healthcare provider to isolate or quarantine.
- Set expectations for frequent hand hygiene and wearing of cloth face coverings by employees where appropriate or able.
- Hand sanitizer should be placed throughout the business.

GUIDELINES FOR ALL STAGES

Individuals:

- **Continue to adhere to state and local guidance, in particularly with respect to face coverings.**
- **Continue to practice good hygiene**
 - Wash your hands with soap and water or use hand sanitizer, especially after touching frequently used items or surfaces.
 - Avoid touching your face
 - Sneeze or cough into a tissue, or the inside of your elbow.
 - Disinfect frequently used items and surfaces as much as possible
 - Using face coverings while in public, and particularly when using mass transit or carpools.
 - People who feel sick should stay home. Do not go to work or school.
 - Contact and follow the advice of your medical provider.
 - Practice social distancing

Employers: See guidance document for employers

- **Develop and implement appropriate policies, in accordance with Federal, State, and local regulations and guidance, and informed by industry best practices, regarding employee and customer protection**
- **Keeping the Workplace Safe**
- **Communicating with your team**
- **Preparing Your Space**
- **Cleaning and Disinfecting after opening**
- **Personal Protection Equipment (PPE)**
- **How Long COVID19 Lives on Surfaces**
- **5 Essential Actions for Individuals**

If positive improvement/stability of metrics for 14 days, move to STAGE 2

CURRENT STAGE/STAGE 1

Retail Stores	• Non-essential closed • Essential businesses must implement social distancing measures for all staff and customers • Face coverings required for customers • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Commercial Businesses/Offices	• Non-essential closed • Essential businesses must implement social distancing measures for all staff and customers • Face coverings required for customers • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Manufacturing	• Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible •
Restaurants & Bars Serving Food	• Online order and curbside pickup only • Face coverings required for customers • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Nail Salons, Hair Salons, Barber Shops, etc.	• Closed
Health Care, Dental, Optometry, etc.	• Essential and/or emergency services only • Implement social distancing measures for all customers • Face coverings required for customers • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Massage, Tattoo & Body Art, etc.	• Closed
Gyms, Fitness Centers, Public Pools, Community Pools, Interactive Water Features, Close Contact Sports, etc.	• Closed
Bars, Entertainment Venues, Community Events, etc.	• Closed
Faith Based Institutions	• Closed
Educational Institutions	• Closed
Public Spaces	•
All Residents	• Age 65+ and individuals with underlying conditions, stay home. All, work from home, if possible. Wear face covering and maintain 6 ft. social distancing when in public.

If positive improvement/stability of metrics for 14 days, move to STAGE 3/ If significant decrease in metrics return to Stage 1

STAGE 2: Lower Risk Workplaces

Retail Stores	• Online order and curbside pickup for non-essential businesses. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Commercial Businesses/Offices	• Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Manufacturing	• Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible.
Restaurants & Bars Serving Food	• Continue online order and curbside pickup only. No dine-in • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Nail Salons, Hair Salons, Barber Shops, etc.	• Closed
Health Care, Dental, Optometry, etc.	• Urgent or Emergent procedures only • Implement social distancing measures for all customers and between coworkers • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering
Massage, Tattoo & Body Art, etc.	• Closed
Gyms, Fitness Centers, Public Pools, Community Pools, Interactive Water Features (e.g. splash pads), Close Contact Sports, etc.	• Closed
Close Contact Sports	• Closed
Bars, Entertainment Venues, etc.	• Closed
Community Events (health fairs, cook-offs, etc.)	• Closed
Faith Based Institutions	• Closed
Educational Institutions, schools and organized youth	• Follow established guidelines for schools and child care facilities •

activities (day camp, summer camp)	
Senior Facilities (Skilled Nursing, Assisted Living, Long-term Living, etc.)	• Follow all established guidelines for all types of senior facilities • Implement social distancing measures. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible
Public Spaces	• All activities adhere to distancing and infection control protocols •
All Employers	• Continue to encourage work from home, if possible. Return to work in stages. Close common areas where personnel are likely to congregate or enforce strict social distancing protocols. Minimize non-essential travel. Consider special accommodations for personnel who are members of a vulnerable population.
All Residents	• Age 65+ and individuals with underlying conditions, stay home. All, if essential employee, work from home, if possible. Wear face covering when unable to continuously maintain 6 ft. social distancing when in public. Social gatherings should be in accordance with State guidance and be limited to immediate family. Minimize non-essential travel.

If positive improvement/stability of metrics for 14 days, move to STAGE 4 /if significant decrease in metrics, return to STAGE 2

STAGE 3: Higher Risk Workplaces

Retail Stores	• Open at 50% capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Commercial Businesses/Offices	• Open at 50% capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Manufacturing	• Employees screened daily and must wear face covering and maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public if possible.
Restaurants & Bars Serving Food	• With State Executive Order lifted, open at 50% seating capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Nail Salons, Hair Salons, Barber Shops, etc.	• Restricted to appointment only services. No walk-in customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.

Health Care, Dental, Optometry, etc.	• Routine and elective procedures for patients for all age groups. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Massage, Tattoo & Body Art, etc.	• Restricted to appointment only services. No walk-in customers. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Gyms, Fitness Centers, Public Pools, Community Pools, Interactive Water Features (e.g., splash pad), etc.	• Open at limited capacity while adhering to 6ft social distancing criteria. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Close Contact Sports	• Closed
Bars, Entertainment Venues, etc.	• Closed
Community Events (health fairs, cook-offs, etc.	• Closed
Faith Based Institutions (Churches & Weddings)	• Open at 50% capacity. • Implement social distancing measures. • Wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft. social distancing when in public.
Educational Institutions, school and organized youth activities (day camp, summer camp)	• Follow established CDPH and CDC guidelines for schools and child care
Senior Facilities (Skilled Nursing, Assisted Living, Long-term Living, etc.)	• Follow all established CDPH guidelines for all types of senior facilities • Implement social distancing measures. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Public Spaces	• All activities adhere to distancing and infection control protocols
All Employers	Close common areas where personnel are likely to congregate or enforce moderate social distancing protocols. Consider special accommodations for personnel who are members of the vulnerable populations.
All Residents	• Age 65+ and individuals with underlying conditions, stay home. Work from home, if possible. Wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft. social distancing when in public. Social gatherings should be in accordance with State guidance. Some non-essential travel may resume.

If significant decrease in metrics, return to STAGE 3

Stage 4: End of Stay at Home Order

Retail Stores	• Open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Commercial Businesses	• Open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Restaurants & Bars Serving Food	• Limited to State restrictive capacity. If no limitations, open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Nail Salons, Hair Salons, Barber Shops, etc.	• Open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Health Care, Dental, Optometry, etc.	• Routine and elective procedures for patients for all age groups. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Massage, Tattoo & Body Art, etc.	• Open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Gyms, Fitness Centers, Public Pools, Community Pools, Interactive Water Features (e.g., splash pad), etc.	• Open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Close Contact Sports	• Open at full capacity
Bars, Entertainment Venues, etc.	• Open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures for all customers. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Community Events (health fairs, cook-offs, etc.	• Open at full capacity • Implement social distancing measures. •

Faith Based Institutions	• Open at full capacity. • Implement social distancing measures. • Wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Senior Facilities (Skilled Nursing, Assisted Living, Long-term Living, etc.)	• Follow all established CDPH guidelines for all types of senior facilities • Implement social distancing measures. • Employees screened daily and must wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing from co-workers and the public.
Educational Institutions, schools and organized youth activities (day camp, summer camp)	• Open • Implement social distancing measures. • Wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing when in public.
All Employers	• Resume unrestricted staffing of worksites
All Residents	• Age 65+ and individuals with underlying conditions can resume public interactions, but should practice social distancing, minimize social settings where distancing may not be practiced. Wear face covering if unable to continuously maintain 6 ft social distancing when in public. Social gatherings should be in accordance with State guidance.

Conclusion

The threat of COVID-19 will be with us for the foreseeable future. There is a high probability that Tulare County will experience continued outbreaks that will force us to revert to earlier stages at some point during the reopening process. Now is the time to build capacity and create partnerships, across our county with employers, nonprofits, and community groups, to respond effectively to this challenge. This is also the time to provide clear guidance and an evidence-based framework for reopening our local economy.

Discussions with the state and federal government will continue with the purpose of redefining essential v. nonessential sectors. Instead of classifying businesses and industries as essential vs. non-essential, moving towards the terminology of “lower risk” vs “higher risk” operations may be more viable. This will allow all businesses to begin working on plans that focus on safety and are designed to lower the risk of COVID-19 transmission to their workers and customers. Examples of “low-risk” activities that are currently deemed non-essential: 1) Bookstores: could be lower risk if they limited the number of people that enter the store and took precautions to protect the clerks; Examples of “higher-risk” activities could include hair salons and tattoo shops where there is longer close personal contact.

**County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch**

Health Officer
5957 South Mooney Blvd.
Visalia, CA 93277 559-624-8480



**AMENDED EMERGENCY ORDER FOR THE PREVENTION OF
NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) TRANSMISSION**

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2020, the Governor of the State of California proclaimed a state of Emergency now exists in the State of California due to the presence of and threat posed by the novel coronavirus ("COVID-19"); and

WHEREAS, on March 11, 2020, the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare proclaimed and declared that a local health emergency now exists in the County of Tulare due to the presence of and threat posed by COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors ratified said proclamation at its regular meeting of March 17, 2020; and

WHEREAS, said proclamation shall remain in effect until further notice; and

WHEREAS, on March 19, 2020, the Governor of the State of California issued Executive Order N-33-20, in conjunction with the ORDER OF THE STATE PUBLIC HEALTH ORDER dated the same day, ordering that all Californians shelter in place to preserve public health and safety ("Shelter in Place Order"); and

WHEREAS, the Shelter in Place Order has been successful in slowing the transmission and infection rate of COVID-19 in the State of California; and

WHEREAS, on March 19, 2020 the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare issued an EMERGENCY ORDER FOR THE PREVENTION OF NOVEL CORONAVIRUS (COVID-19) TRANSMISSION IN OR ABOUT RESTAURANTS, BARS, FOOD TRUCKS, GROCERY STORES, AND OTHER RETAIL FOOD AND BEVERAGE SERVICE VENUES, ENTERTAINMENT AND RECREATIONAL VENUES, GYMS, HEALTH CLUBS, THEATERS, CHURCHES, OTHER SOCIAL GATHERINGS, AND OUTDOOR RECREATIONAL ACTIVITIES, which order was extended on April 8, 2020, and amended on May 5, 2020 (the "Emergency Order Amended May 5, 2020"); and

WHEREAS, on April 14, 2020, the State of California presented the Pandemic Roadmap, a four-stage plan for modifying the Shelter in Place Order, and defining the statewide current status under the plan as being at Stage 1; and

WHEREAS, on May 4, 2020, the State announced that entry into Stage 2 of the plan would begin on May 8, 2020 for all Counties, subject to certain conditions and certain guidance; and

WHEREAS, advancement within the Pandemic Roadmap by an individual County can be accomplished by meeting certain State-defined criteria and procedures; and

WHEREAS, the Pandemic Roadmap is designed to prevent the spread of COVID-19 in California while allowing parts of our state to safely reopen; and

WHEREAS, compliance with the State criteria, procedures, and guidance for the stages of the Pandemic Roadmap is mandatory in the incorporated and unincorporated areas of County of Tulare.

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1033 (b) and 1-15-1040 (b),

and California Health and Safety Code sections 101040, 101085, and 120175, the Health Officer of the County of Tulare hereby orders as follows, which shall be effective immediately and remain in effect until such a time that it is terminated or modified by the County Public Health Officer in writing:

1. **The Emergency Order Amended May 5, 2020** is hereby terminated. Any previous Public Health Orders, other than the Emergency Declaration dated March 11, 2020, not previously terminated by the Emergency Order Amended May 5, 2020, are hereby terminated.
2. **The Shelter in Place Order**, the emergency orders of the State Public Health Director related to the COVID-19 pandemic, and the State's Pandemic Roadmap and guidance issued with respect to the roadmap, as they may be amended, modified, or supplemented from time-to-time by their makers, are hereby adopted as emergency orders of the County Health Officer of the County of Tulare and enforceable as such.
3. **Only** the activities and businesses authorized by the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap shall be allowed. The current stage of the Pandemic Roadmap and current guidance related to the Pandemic Roadmap can be found at: <https://covid19.tularecounty.ca.gov/covid-19-updates-and-situation-in-tulare-county/>.
4. **Bars, wineries, breweries and pubs** shall follow all restrictions, closures, and guidelines under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
5. **Restaurants** shall follow all restrictions, closures, and guidelines under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
6. **Food Trucks** shall follow all restrictions, closures, and guidelines under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
7. **Certified Farmers' Markets** shall follow all restrictions, closures, and guidelines under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
8. **Gambling venues** shall follow all restrictions, closures, and guidelines under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
9. **Entertainment and recreational venues**, including, but not limited to, theme parks, amusement parks, attractions, theaters, museums, roller rinks, skate parks, sports stadiums, bowling alleys, and the like, shall follow all restrictions, closures, and guidelines under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
10. **Gyms and health clubs** shall follow all restrictions, closures, and guidelines under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
11. **All social gatherings**, including, but not limited to church services, meetings of service and social clubs, conferences, conventions, and the like, shall be postponed or cancelled until allowed under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
12. **Outdoor recreational activities** shall be permissible as long as it is feasible to maintain a safe physical distance of six feet and gather only with members of the same household at all times during said activity(ies). Individual outdoor recreational activities are permissible as long as it is feasible to maintain a safe physical distance of six feet at all times during said activity. Any outdoor group sports or activities shall be postponed or cancelled unless the sport or activity can be done individually or

with members of the same household only. There should be no shared equipment between persons who are not members of the same household. Visit <https://covid19.ca.gov/stay-home-except-for-essential-needs/#top>, Outdoor Recreation section for a list of requirements, specifically allowed activities, and further guidance from the state of California. These social distancing requirements shall remain in place as they relate to Outdoor Recreation Activities until abolished under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.

13. For those businesses closed under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap, business owners, managers, and supervisory staff are allowed to be on site to conduct minimum basic operations, provided they follow all guidance from public health officials to reduce the spread of COVID-19, including social distancing and hand washing with soap and water for at least 20 seconds.
14. No County permits for special events shall be granted, all County permits for special events previously issued are revoked or postponed, and no temporary ABC licenses shall be authorized by the County until social gatherings are permitted under the current stage of the State's Pandemic Roadmap.
15. For personal and public health and safety purposes, all residents of and visitors to Tulare County are strongly urged to practice social distancing of six feet per person when able to do so, wash their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, wear face coverings, such as scarves (dense fabric, without holes), bandanas, neck gaiters, or other fabric face coverings, at all times while inside of or waiting to enter any business or facility, while riding or waiting to ride any public or shared transportation, and at any other time when it is impossible to maintain a distance of six-feet between persons who are not members of a shared household and follow all other guidance from public health officials with regard to the threat posed by COVID-19.
16. This Order may be enforced pursuant to California law, including, but not limited to Government Code sections 26602, 41601, and 8665 to prevent the spread of Covid-19.
17. Each incorporated city within Tulare County is permitted to take such actions, if any, as may be reasonably necessary to permit this Order to be fully enforced within its respective jurisdiction. Pursuant to California Government Code section 41601, the chiefs of the police departments of the Cities of Visalia, Tulare, Porterville, Dinuba, Exeter, Lindsay, Woodlake, and Farmersville may enforce this Order within their respective jurisdictions to prevent the spread of COVID-19.
18. The Public Health Branch of the Tulare County Health and Human Services Agency, the Tulare County District Attorney's office, the Tulare County Counsel's office, and all other applicable County of Tulare Agencies, Departments, and Divisions are permitted to enforce this Order within their respective jurisdictions.
19. Pursuant to California Health and Safety Code sections 101029 and 120280, and Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-15-1040(b) and 125, violations of this Order may be punishable as a misdemeanor upon conviction by a fine of not exceeding one thousand dollars or by imprisonment for a term of not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.
20. Pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 4-01-1070 and 4-01-1315, violations of this Order may be considered a public nuisance.
21. Pursuant to Tulare County Ordinance Code sections 1-23-1000 and 1-23-1015 violations of this Order may be subject to an administrative fine or penalty.

22. The Order shall be subject to amendment or repeal at any time and shall not be deemed to confer any contractual obligations, property rights, or assume any County or other public agency liability.
23. If any provision of this Order or its application to any person or circumstance is held to be invalid, then the remainder of the Order, including the application of such part or provision to other persons or circumstances, shall not be affected and shall continue in full force and effect. To this end, the provisions of this Order are severable.
24. This Order shall be immediately translated into Spanish, and accommodations made for disabled persons to read its contents; it shall also be distributed to all local media and made prominently available at <https://covid19.tularecounty.ca.gov/>.
25. All open businesses, facilities, retail food, and other venues shall ensure social distancing of six feet per person between those who are not members of the same household, limit the number of customers at any given time as necessary to reduce outdoor/indoor crowding and lines to meet social distancing guidance, increase cleaning and sanitizing frequency of all contact areas, encourage use of online ordering with curbside pickup or delivery options in lieu of indoor shopping, and remind employees of guidance from public health officials to reduce the spread of COVID-19, including washing their hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds and wearing appropriate face covering when necessary. Any business, facility, retail food, and other venue may create an individual policy restricting entry of patrons not wearing masks.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Time: 8:00am
Date: May 18, 2020

Issued by: 

Karen Haught, MD
County Health Officer
County of Tulare
Health & Human Services Agency
Public Health Branch

Approved as to Form:
COUNTY COUNSEL

By 
Deputy County Counsel

Matter No. 2020217

Roadmap to Recovery

STAGE ONE

- Stay at Home Order
- Planning for Recovery

STAGE TWO (Low Risk Businesses)

- Curbside retail:
 - Bookstores
 - Jewelry stores
 - Clothing stores
 - Shoe stores
 - Home furnishing
 - Sporting goods
 - Florists
- Car washes
- Pet grooming
- Landscape gardening
- Shopping malls
- Dine-in restaurants
- Schools
- Office-based businesses
- Childcare facilities
- Outdoor museums and open gallery spaces
- Outdoor recreational activities
 - Parks
 - Trails
 - Golf Courses
 - Lakes

STAGE THREE (High Risk Businesses)

- Personal services such as: nail salons, tattoo parlors, gyms and fitness studios
- Bars and lounges
- Indoor museums, gallery spaces, zoos, and libraries
- Community centers, public pools, playgrounds, and picnic areas
- Religious services and cultural ceremonies
- Hotels/lodging for leisure and tourism

STAGE FOUR (End of Stay at Home Order)

LATER

- Entertainment venues
- Large conventions
- Sporting and spectator events
- Concerts
- Convention Centers

For more information please visit
covid19.tularecounty.ca.gov and
covid19.ca.gov



HHSA
www.tchhsa.org
May 20, 2020



SONIA Y. ANGELL, MD, MPH
State Public Health Officer & Director

State of California—Health and Human Services Agency California Department of Public Health



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor

June 18, 2020

GUIDANCE FOR THE USE OF FACE COVERINGS

Because of our collective actions, California has limited the spread of COVID-19 and associated hospitalizations and deaths in our state. Still, the risk for COVID-19 remains and the increasing number of Californians who are leaving their homes for work and other needs, increases the risk for COVID-19 exposure and infection.

Over the last four months, we have learned a lot about COVID-19 transmission, most notably that people who are infected but are asymptomatic or pre-symptomatic play an important part in community spread. The use of face coverings by everyone can limit the release of infected droplets when talking, coughing, and/or sneezing, as well as reinforce physical distancing.

This document updates existing [CDPH guidance](#) for the use of cloth face coverings by the general public when outside the home. It mandates that face coverings be worn state-wide in the circumstances and with the exceptions outlined below. It does not substitute for existing guidance about social distancing and handwashing.

Guidance

People in California must wear face coverings when they are in the high-risk situations listed below:

- Inside of, or in line to enter, any indoor public space;¹
- Obtaining services from the healthcare sector in settings including, but not limited to, a hospital, pharmacy, medical clinic, laboratory, physician or dental office, veterinary clinic, or blood bank;²
- Waiting for or riding on public transportation or paratransit or while in a taxi, private car service, or ride-sharing vehicle;
- Engaged in work, whether at the workplace or performing work off-site, when:
 - Interacting in-person with any member of the public;
 - Working in any space visited by members of the public, regardless of whether anyone from the public is present at the time;

¹ Unless exempted by state guidelines for specific public settings (e.g., school or childcare center)

² Unless directed otherwise by an employee or healthcare provider



- Working in any space where food is prepared or packaged for sale or distribution to others;
- Working in or walking through common areas, such as hallways, stairways, elevators, and parking facilities;
- In any room or enclosed area where other people (except for members of the person's own household or residence) are present when unable to physically distance.
- Driving or operating any public transportation or paratransit vehicle, taxi, or private car service or ride-sharing vehicle when passengers are present. When no passengers are present, face coverings are strongly recommended.
- While outdoors in public spaces when maintaining a physical distance of 6 feet from persons who are not members of the same household or residence is not feasible.

The following individuals are exempt from wearing a face covering:

- Persons age two years or under. These very young children must not wear a face covering because of the risk of suffocation.
- Persons with a medical condition, mental health condition, or disability that prevents wearing a face covering. This includes persons with a medical condition for whom wearing a face covering could obstruct breathing or who are unconscious, incapacitated, or otherwise unable to remove a face covering without assistance.
- Persons who are hearing impaired, or communicating with a person who is hearing impaired, where the ability to see the mouth is essential for communication.
- Persons for whom wearing a face covering would create a risk to the person related to their work, as determined by local, state, or federal regulators or workplace safety guidelines.
- Persons who are obtaining a service involving the nose or face for which temporary removal of the face covering is necessary to perform the service.
- Persons who are seated at a restaurant or other establishment that offers food or beverage service, while they are eating or drinking, provided that they are able to maintain a distance of at least six feet away from persons who are not members of the same household or residence.
- Persons who are engaged in outdoor work or recreation such as swimming, walking, hiking, bicycling, or running, when alone or with household members, and when they are able to maintain a distance of at least six feet from others.

- Persons who are incarcerated. Prisons and jails, as part of their mitigation plans, will have specific guidance on the wearing of face coverings or masks for both inmates and staff.

Note: Persons exempted from wearing a face covering due to a medical condition who are employed in a job involving regular contact with others should wear a non-restrictive alternative, such as a face shield with a drape on the bottom edge, as long as their condition permits it.

Background

What is a cloth face covering?

A cloth face covering is a material that covers the nose and mouth. It can be secured to the head with ties or straps or simply wrapped around the lower face. It can be made of a variety of materials, such as cotton, silk, or linen. A cloth face covering may be factory-made or sewn by hand or can be improvised from household items such as scarfs, T-shirts, sweatshirts, or towels.

How well do cloth face coverings work to prevent spread of COVID-19?

There is scientific evidence to suggest that use of cloth face coverings by the public during a pandemic could help reduce disease transmission. Their primary role is to reduce the release of infectious particles into the air when someone speaks, coughs, or sneezes, including someone who has COVID-19 but feels well. Cloth face coverings are not a substitute for physical distancing, washing hands, and staying home when ill, but they may be helpful when combined with these primary interventions.

When should I wear a cloth face covering?

You should wear face coverings when in public places, particularly when those locations are indoors or in other areas where physical distancing is not possible

How should I care for a cloth face covering?

It's a good idea to wash your cloth face covering frequently, ideally after each use, or at least daily. Have a bag or bin to keep cloth face coverings in until they can be laundered with detergent and hot water and dried on a hot cycle. If you must re-wear your cloth face covering before washing, wash your hands immediately after putting it back on and avoid touching your face. Discard cloth face coverings that:

- No longer cover the nose and mouth
- Have stretched out or damaged ties or straps
- Cannot stay on the face
- Have holes or tears in the fabric

ORDINANCE NO. 1874

**AN URGENCY ORDINANCE OF THE CITY COUNCIL
OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE REQUIRING THE USE OF
FACE COVERINGS IN CONFORMITY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS SET
BY THE CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HEALTH**

WHEREAS, the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) is a respiratory disease which the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) considers to be a very serious public health threat with outcomes ranging from mild to severe sickness and death;

WHEREAS, COVID-19 has been found to be easily transmissible from person to person;

WHEREAS, on January 31, 2020, the United States Department of Public Health and Human Services declared a public emergency for COVID-19 beginning on January 27, 2020;

WHEREAS, on March 4, 2020, Governor Gavin Newsom declared a state of emergency in the State of California due to the number of confirmed cases of COVID-19 in the State;

WHEREAS, on March 21, 2020, Tulare County declared an emergency, thus enabling the County to take extraordinary measures;

WHEREAS, on March 17, 2020, due the actions of the Federal and State Governments, and due to the presence of confirmed cases in Tulare County and the Porterville area, the Porterville City Council adopted Resolution No. 22-2020, a Resolution of the City Council of the City of Porterville to Proclaim the Existence of a Local Emergency;

WHEREAS, on June 18, 2020, the California Department of Public Health issued Guidance for the Use of Face Coverings, which mandates that face coverings be worn state-wide in certain settings and circumstances;

WHEREAS, as of July 7, 2020, Tulare County remains on the State of California Covid-19 “watch list,” due to continuing spread of the disease in the County, including in the Porterville area;

WHEREAS, on July 7, 2020, the Porterville City Council ordered that the face covering requirements of the State be enforced within the City via the City’s administrative citation regulations and through aggressive education efforts, and directed that an urgency ordinance be prepared consistent with the order;

WHEREAS, the City of Porterville is authorized to enforce the state-wide order concerning Face Coverings pursuant to the California Constitution, Porterville City Charter Section 4, and applicable State laws and City regulations; and

WHEREAS, substantial scientific evidence shows that when combined with physical distancing and other health and safety practices such as hand washing and the regular disinfection of surfaces, wearing Face Coverings will assist in allowing additional business and other activities

to be resumed in the safest way possible, and will help protect Porterville's community members and in particular those that are most vulnerable due to age or health conditions;

THE CITY COUNCIL OF THE CITY OF PORTERVILLE does ordain as follows:

Section 1. The provisions of this urgency ordinance are necessary for the immediate preservation of the health and safety of the public; will help protect all community members who live, work and are present in the City of Porterville; and will assist in state-wide efforts to mitigate the spread of Covid-19.

Section 2. Individuals, while in the City of Porterville, are required to comply with all guidance within the California Department of Public Health's "Guidance for the Use of Face Coverings," (hereinafter "Face Covering Requirements") as currently set forth and as may be further revised by the State of California. A copy of the Face Covering Requirements, released June 18, 2020, and revised on June 29, 2020, is attached hereto as Exhibit "A."

Section 3. Businesses operating in the City of Porterville are required to comply with all applicable Industry Guidance issued by the California Department of Public Health, which incorporate the Face Covering Requirements.

Section 4. The City is authorized to utilize education efforts in any effort to gain cooperation and compliance with the Face Covering Requirements;

Section 5. City staff is further authorized to engage in code enforcement efforts to remedy violations of the Face Covering Requirements. Violations of these requirements are punishable as permitted by State law. Furthermore, the City is hereby authorized to enforce violations of the requirements pursuant to its Administrative Citation regulations set forth in Chapter 2, Article 14, Sections 2-141 through 2-155 of the Porterville Municipal Code.

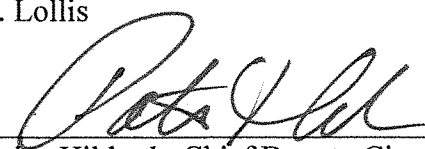
Section 6. This Ordinance is exempt from the requirements of CEQA pursuant to California Public Resources Code Section 21080(b) (4).

Section 7. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately upon adoption by at least a 4/5 vote of the all members of the Porterville City Council, pursuant to Section 13 of the Porterville City Charter.

THE FOREGOING ORDINANCE was approved by the City Council of the City of Porterville, State of California, on July 21, 2020 at a regular meeting of said Council duly and regularly convened.


Martha A. Flores, Mayor

ATTEST:
John D. Lollis

By: 
Patrice Hildreth, Chief Deputy City Clerk

STATE OF CALIFORNIA)
CITY OF PORTERVILLE) (SS)
COUNTY OF TULARE)

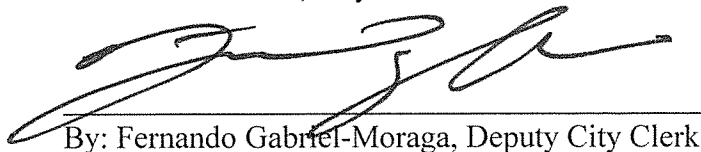
I, JOHN D. LOLLIS, the duly qualified City Clerk of the City of Porterville do hereby certify:

THAT the foregoing ordinance is a true and correct copy of Urgency Ordinance No. 1874, passed and adopted by the Council of the City of Porterville at a regular meeting held on the 21st day of July, 2020, that said ordinance has been duly published pursuant to law, and that by the terms and provisions of the Charter of the City of Porterville, said ordinance to be in full force and effect immediately upon adoption.

THAT said ordinance was introduced by Council and the same was duly passed and adopted by the following vote:

COUNCIL:	PEÑALOZA	REYES	FLORES	STOWE	GURROLA
AYES:	X	X	X	X	X
NOES:					
ABSTAIN:					
ABSENT:					

JOHN D. LOLLIS, City Clerk



By: Fernando Gabriel-Moraga, Deputy City Clerk



SONIA Y. ANGELL, MD, MPH
State Public Health Officer & Director

State of California—Health and Human Services Agency
California Department of Public Health



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor

Released June 18, 2020

- Revised on June 29, 2020 to clarify that children under two years old are exempt from wearing face coverings due to risk of suffocation

GUIDANCE FOR THE USE OF FACE COVERINGS

Because of our collective actions, California has limited the spread of COVID-19 and associated hospitalizations and deaths in our state. Still, the risk for COVID-19 remains and the increasing number of Californians who are leaving their homes for work and other needs, increases the risk for COVID-19 exposure and infection.

Over the last four months, we have learned a lot about COVID-19 transmission, most notably that people who are infected but are asymptomatic or pre-symptomatic play an important part in community spread. The use of face coverings by everyone can limit the release of infected droplets when talking, coughing, and/or sneezing, as well as reinforce physical distancing.

This document updates existing CDPH guidance for the use of cloth face coverings by the general public when outside the home. It mandates that face coverings be worn state-wide in the circumstances and with the exceptions outlined below. It does not substitute for existing guidance about social distancing and handwashing.

Guidance

People in California must wear face coverings when they are in the high-risk situations listed below:

- Inside of, or in line to enter, any indoor public space;¹
- Obtaining services from the healthcare sector in settings including, but not limited to, a hospital, pharmacy, medical clinic, laboratory, physician or dental office, veterinary clinic, or blood bank;²
- Waiting for or riding on public transportation or paratransit or while in a taxi, private car service, or ride-sharing vehicle;
- Engaged in work, whether at the workplace or performing work off-site, when:
 - Interacting in-person with any member of the public;
 - Working in any space visited by members of the public, regardless of whether anyone from the public is present at the time;

¹ Unless exempted by state guidelines for specific public settings

² Unless directed otherwise by an employee or healthcare provider



- Working in any space where food is prepared or packaged for sale or distribution to others;
- Working in or walking through common areas, such as hallways, stairways, elevators, and parking facilities;
- In any room or enclosed area where other people (except for members of the person's own household or residence) are present when unable to physically distance.
- Driving or operating any public transportation or paratransit vehicle, taxi, or private car service or ride-sharing vehicle when passengers are present. When no passengers are present, face coverings are strongly recommended.
- While outdoors in public spaces when maintaining a physical distance of 6 feet from persons who are not members of the same household or residence is not feasible.

The following individuals are exempt from wearing a face covering:

- Persons younger than two years old. These very young children must not wear a face covering because of the risk of suffocation.
- Persons with a medical condition, mental health condition, or disability that prevents wearing a face covering. This includes persons with a medical condition for whom wearing a face covering could obstruct breathing or who are unconscious, incapacitated, or otherwise unable to remove a face covering without assistance.
- Persons who are hearing impaired, or communicating with a person who is hearing impaired, where the ability to see the mouth is essential for communication.
- Persons for whom wearing a face covering would create a risk to the person related to their work, as determined by local, state, or federal regulators or workplace safety guidelines.
- Persons who are obtaining a service involving the nose or face for which temporary removal of the face covering is necessary to perform the service.
- Persons who are seated at a restaurant or other establishment that offers food or beverage service, while they are eating or drinking, provided that they are able to maintain a distance of at least six feet away from persons who are not members of the same household or residence.
- Persons who are engaged in outdoor work or recreation such as swimming, walking, hiking, bicycling, or running, when alone or with household members, and when they are able to maintain a distance of at least six feet from others.

- Persons who are incarcerated. Prisons and jails, as part of their mitigation plans, will have specific guidance on the wearing of face coverings or masks for both inmates and staff.

Note: Persons exempted from wearing a face covering due to a medical condition who are employed in a job involving regular contact with others should wear a non-restrictive alternative, such as a face shield with a drape on the bottom edge, as long as their condition permits it.

Background

What is a cloth face covering?

A cloth face covering is a material that covers the nose and mouth. It can be secured to the head with ties or straps or simply wrapped around the lower face. It can be made of a variety of materials, such as cotton, silk, or linen. A cloth face covering may be factory-made or sewn by hand or can be improvised from household items such as scarfs, T-shirts, sweatshirts, or towels.

How well do cloth face coverings work to prevent spread of COVID-19?

There is scientific evidence to suggest that use of cloth face coverings by the public during a pandemic could help reduce disease transmission. Their primary role is to reduce the release of infectious particles into the air when someone speaks, coughs, or sneezes, including someone who has COVID-19 but feels well. Cloth face coverings are not a substitute for physical distancing, washing hands, and staying home when ill, but they may be helpful when combined with these primary interventions.

When should I wear a cloth face covering?

You should wear face coverings when in public places, particularly when those locations are indoors or in other areas where physical distancing is not possible

How should I care for a cloth face covering?

It's a good idea to wash your cloth face covering frequently, ideally after each use, or at least daily. Have a bag or bin to keep cloth face coverings in until they can be laundered with detergent and hot water and dried on a hot cycle. If you must re-wear your cloth face covering before washing, wash your hands immediately after putting it back on and avoid touching your face. Discard cloth face coverings that:

- No longer cover the nose and mouth
- Have stretched out or damaged ties or straps
- Cannot stay on the face
- Have holes or tears in the fabric

City of Porterville

Guidelines for Expanded Outdoor Dining During Covid-19



Preface

The City of Porterville has developed these guidelines for outdoor dining to assist our restaurant businesses in providing expanded seating capacity in the public right-of-way and on private spaces for in-person restaurant dining as allowed for by the State of California and Tulare County COVID-19 Health Orders (Health Orders). These guidelines are temporary in nature and will only be in place during this time of restricted restaurant operations or up until January 31, 2021, *whichever occurs earlier*.

The City of Porterville will be allowing restaurants to utilize sidewalks, public parking spaces, and/or in parking spaces in privately owned shopping centers, for the purposes of providing outdoor dining areas. Specific restrictions and guidelines for each of these locations are outlined in this guidebook.

State of California

Effective as of June 6, 2020, the State of California is permitting outdoor dining. General requirements include, but are not limited to:

- The establishment a written, workplace-specific COVID-19 prevention plan. State of California COVID-19 Industry Guidelines for Dine-In Restaurants can be currently found at <https://files.covid19.ca.gov/pdf/guidance-outdoor-restaurants--en.pdf>. Facilities that open for outdoor dining must offer curbside pickup, takeaway, and/or delivery service alternatives. Lines for pickup or takeaway must be in a separate area from the outdoor dining area to prohibit patrons from unnecessarily accessing the outdoor dining area.
- *Pursuant to State licensing*, alcohol may be sold to patrons in conjunction with a meal, but it may not be sold independently, and bar areas must remain closed to customers.
- Patrons are required to wear a face covering except when sitting at a table.

Temporary Outdoor Restaurant Dining Permit

The City has developed a no-fee streamlined encroachment permit application for temporary outdoor dining. The intent of this permit is to be temporary in nature and to be in place only during the Health Orders restrictions on restaurant operations or up until January 31, 2021, *whichever occurs earlier*.

The following documents are required in order to process a permit for outdoor seating in the City of Porterville:

- Temporary Outdoor Restaurant Dining Permit Application
- Certificate of Liability Insurance and Endorsements
- Site Plan diagram of proposed outdoor dining lay-out

The Temporary Outdoor Restaurant Dining Permit application is available on the City's website (<https://www.ci.porterville.ca.us>).

General Guidelines for all Outdoor Dining Areas

The following general guidelines apply to all areas:

- **Adequate Clearance for Social Distancing.** Any outdoor table and seating must maintain a minimum sidewalk clearance and/or pedestrian through zone of 6-feet from any physical obstruction to allow pedestrians to maintain adequate social distancing when passing by patrons seated at a table. The physical obstruction includes light poles, fire hydrants, trees, or other barriers and entryways or display window of adjacent businesses, unless authorized by the adjacent business.
- **Seating Area Allowance for Social Distancing.** The seating provided shall allow for patrons to maintain a minimum 6-foot social distance from the nearest group of other patrons seated in the same area.
- In addition to the cleaning and sanitary measures, tables must be arranged to ensure that no customer is sitting within six feet of any other customer at a separate table.
- Patrons at a single table are limited to no more than six, and they must be from the same household or living unit.
- **ADA Compliance.** Outdoor seating areas must comply with all requirements of the California Building Code, Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA), and provide sufficient clearance and walkway space to allow safe access and egress. Restaurants must ensure that a minimum 3-foot ADA path of travel is maintained throughout the areas for patrons to access tables provided.
- **Temporary Fixtures.** Tables, seating, umbrellas, heating lamps, planters, platforms or flooring shall achieve California Building Code and ADA compliance, and any approved physical barriers to mark the seating area are the only items permitted in the public right-of-way. These items must be designed to be weighted down for wind protection, removable, and minimize tripping hazards.
- **Alcohol Service.** Restaurants and food establishments licensed by the State of California will be permitted to sell and allow on-premise consumption of alcoholic beverages. Alcohol service is only allowed under full-service conditions and alcoholic beverages consumed in the outdoor dining premises are not allowed to be provided in to-go containers. Establishments that serve alcoholic beverages in the outdoor dining area shall be required to meet all requirements of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board and any other federal, state, or local laws and regulations governing the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages. Visit the ABC website for their specific COVID-19 regulatory updates.
- **No Outdoor Food Preparation.** Outdoor food preparation is not permitted. No heating, cooking or open flames are permitted in the outdoor dining space or public rights-of-way.
- **Amplification of noise.** Amplification of music or other sounds is generally prohibited for these temporary uses, and for any proposed use of amplified music or an intercom system, if allowed an amplification permit will be required. The application may be found at the following location: <http://www.ci.porterville.ca.us/depts/ParksandLeisure/documents/OutsideAmplifierPermit.pdf>

Music volume must be adjusted so that workers can maintain social distance from customers to hear orders.

- **Site Maintenance.** Outdoor seating areas shall be maintained free of litter, refuse and debris. The area shall be scrubbed and mopped to remove any food or drink stains on a daily basis by the permittee. Such cleaning shall be in accordance with the City's Storm Water Management and Discharge Control Program, which prohibits any discharge other than storm water into the storm water drainage system.

- **Tents or Shade Structures.** Umbrellas and other decorative material shall be fire-retardant, pressure-treated or manufactured of fire-resistant material. No portion of an umbrella shall be less than six (6) feet, eight (8) inches (eighty (80) inches) above the sidewalk. Tents or any structures shall be installed in an *approved* manner that is inspected by both the Fire Department and the Building Division prior to being occupied. The use of tents or shade structures in excess of 400 square feet will require coordination with and approval from the Porterville Fire Department. To request more information contact (559) 782-7526.
- **Space Heaters.** Space heaters are permitted if they are an outdoor approved type, are located in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations and California Fire Code, and are located at least two (2) feet from the edge of any umbrella canvas, any foliage, or any other flammable object or material. Use will require coordination with and approval from the Porterville Fire Department. To request more information contact (559) 782-7526.
- **Hours of Operation.** The outdoor dining areas shall adhere to the same approved hours of operation as the existing restaurant
- **Lighting.** Temporary outdoor lighting in compliance with the Porterville Development Ordinance is allowed. Lighting shall be turned off whenever the restaurant is closed and/or the outdoor dining area is not in use.
- **Removal of Items.** All items installed to support outdoor dining shall be temporary in nature and removed at such the time the City so orders. Upon removal of these items, the site shall be restored to its previous condition within 48 hours.
- **Restrooms.** Restaurant patrons shall have access to the restroom(s) affiliated with the subject restaurant.

Sidewalk Dining Areas

Sidewalk dining involves the placement of tables and chairs in the public sidewalk area. Businesses may request the closure of sidewalk immediately adjacent to the restaurant with Temporary Outdoor Restaurant Dining Permit. Furthermore, Businesses may request the closure of on-street public parking spots directly adjacent to the business frontage, for use as a buffer or extended entrance area (no dining in on-street parking spots is permitted).

The following specific conditions apply to these areas:

Restaurants using these areas will need to provide their own furniture for use of by the patrons and will be responsible for securing their furniture when not in use.

Restaurants that are providing alcohol service must meet all requirements of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board and any other federal, state, or local laws and regulations governing the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages.

- **Signage** – when sidewalk and/or on-street parking closure is requested, the applicant shall provide detour signage to ensure pedestrians are made aware of alternative routes.
- The applicant shall notify all residents and businesses that will be affected by the sidewalk or on-street parking closure.
- **Barricades** - All parking stalls adjacent to the sidewalk dining areas shall be closed and have barricades as provided by the City of Porterville.

Public Parking Dining Areas

The City is providing the opportunity to restaurants in the Downtown District to request outdoor dining in portions of the public parking lots located near restaurants.

The following specific conditions apply to these areas:

- Restaurants using these areas will need to provide their own furniture for use by the patrons and will be responsible for securing their furniture when not in use.
- Barricades must be used to protect patrons from vehicular traffic and shall be provided by the City of Porterville.
- Restaurants that are providing alcohol service must meet all requirements of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board and any other federal, state, or local laws and regulations governing the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages.

Private Parking Lot Dining Areas

Private parking lot areas refer to shopping centers, strip malls, and stand-alone commercial properties that have their own designated parking areas. The City of Porterville is temporarily suspending requirements restricting the provision of outdoor dining, minimum parking standards as codified in Municipal Code **, and planning application conditions of approval related to parking and outdoor dining with an approved Temporary Outdoor Restaurant Dining Permit. Suspending these requirements will temporarily allow restaurants to provide outdoor dining in their respective private parking lots. Arrangements for outdoor dining must be worked out with and agreed to by the property owner for each location. The City shall not be a party to discussions or arrangements concerning the leasing or use of outdoor space on private property.

The following specific conditions apply to these areas:

- Restaurants must have the written permission of the property owner in order to use the parking space areas.
- The parking lots must still comply with all California Building Code and ADA standards, including ADA paths of travel and adequate provision of handicapped parking spaces pursuant to California Building Code Section 11B.
- Restaurants that are providing alcohol service must meet all requirements of the Alcoholic Beverage Control Board and any other federal, state, or local laws and regulations governing the sale and consumption of alcoholic beverages.
- Access to fire hydrants, fire hose connections for sprinkler systems, and entrances and exits of all buildings shall not be obstructed at any time by barriers or seating. The twenty (20) feet fire lane shall not be obstructed at any time. There shall be a minimum of forty (40) inches in distance separating the edge of a table or chair to a fire department connection.
- Consideration should be given to maintaining adequate parking supply on-site to prevent spillover parking in adjacent residential areas
- Seating areas shall occupy a specifically approved and defined location that does not disrupt the normal function of the site or its circulation. The area shall be located outside of any fire lane or fire access way.

For More Information:

For Questions or additional information regarding these Outdoor Dining Guidelines or the Temporary Outdoor Restaurant Dining Encroachment Permit application, please contact:

Jason Ridenour, Economic Development and Housing Manager

jridenour@ci.porterville.ca.us (559) 782-7460



Sandra Shewry
Acting Director

State of California—Health and Human
Services Agency
**California Department of
Public Health**



GAVIN NEWSOM
Governor

September 28, 2020

AFL 17-__

TO: All Californians

SUBJECT: Outdoor Playgrounds and other Outdoor Recreational Facilities

Summary

COVID-19 continues to pose a severe risk to communities and requires all people in California to follow necessary precautions and to adapt the way they live and function in light of this ongoing risk. This guidance provides direction on usage of outdoor playgrounds and outdoor recreational facilities (hereafter facilities), to support a safe environment for children and families. It applies to outdoor playgrounds located in parks, campgrounds, and other publicly accessible locations. This guidance does not apply to indoor playgrounds or family entertainment centers.

Outdoor Playground Definition:

- Fully outdoors
- Publicly accessible
- Free to enter and use
- Operated by a city, state, county, or federal government
- Designed primarily to serve nearby residents within a half a mile
- Can provide State-mandated outdoor space for preschools (which could be scheduled in advance to avoid overlapping use)
- Typically includes recreational equipment, like play structures, slides, swings, etc. intended to enrich children's physical health and development

Visitors to outdoor community playgrounds must comply with the following requirements:

1. Face masks over the mouth and nose are required for everyone 2 years of age or older with caregiver supervision at all times to ensure face mask use.
2. Do not use the playground when different households are unable to maintain a physical distance of 6 feet or when the capacity limit has been reached.
3. Caregivers must monitor to keep adults and children from different households at least 6 feet apart.
4. Consider coming on different times or days to avoid wait times and potential crowded times.
5. No eating or drinking in playground, to ensure face masks are worn at all times.
6. Wash or sanitize hands before and after using the playground.
7. Elderly and persons with underlying medical conditions should avoid playground when others are present.

8. Limit visit to 30 min per day when others are present

Note: Facility operators should download and print this flyer to post at all outdoor playgrounds.

All playground facilities operators should review and follow these recommendations:

1. An adult must actively supervise each child at all times to make sure that children two years of age or older keep their face covering over their nose and mouth and stay 6 feet away from adults and children outside their household.
 - a. Children who are supervised by the same adult must stay together in the same play area or play structure at all times, to allow active supervision.
 - b. If an infant or child requires attention (nursing, diapering) that precludes an adult from actively supervising other children using the playground, the adult should ask the other children to leave the play structure/area and stay by the adult's side until needed care is complete.
2. People standing outside the playground, including people waiting to enter the playground, should remain 6 feet away from areas of the playground used by children and adults.
3. Maintain six-foot distancing between children and adults from different households including children using or waiting to use play structures or play areas, and families waiting to enter the playground.
4. Increase cleaning of frequently touched surfaces, daily as practicable.
5. To the extent feasible, provide handwashing stations or sanitizer to facilitate hand hygiene, especially during times of heavy usage. Use a hand sanitizer containing (60% ethanol or 70% isopropanol). Never use hand sanitizers with methanol due to its high toxicity to both children and adults.
6. Post the maximum number of children allowed at the entrance of each playground.
 - a. Determine and post the maximum occupancy of each play structure, (e.g., climbing structures, slides, swings, spinning structures, and sand areas) with 6 foot vertical and horizontal distancing.
 - b. Determine and post the maximum occupancy for supervising adults to ensure that each adult can maintain six feet of distance from other adults and children.
 - c. Provide directions on how to wait in line when maximum playground occupancy has been reached.
7. Mark playgrounds to help children and adults maintain 6 foot distancing.
 - a. Mark spaces for families to stand while waiting to enter the playground. The spaces should be far enough apart to allow 6 feet of distance between households.
 - b. For play structures or play areas that can hold more than one child while allowing 6 foot distancing:
 - i. Post the maximum number of children allowed on each structure/in each area to allow 6 foot distancing vertically and horizontally.
 - ii. For play structures or areas that can hold more than 1 child, consider marking with tape or other visual indicators to help children assess whether they are 6 feet apart.

- c. Mark designated spaces 6 feet apart for children to stand while waiting to use a play structure/area.

Additional Considerations

If there is a pre-scheduled activity that will access the playground, the playground must be closed to the broader public during that time.

Child care programs, schools, out-of-school time programs and other programs for children and youth where children must remain in cohorts may not use playgrounds during times when they are open to the public. However, if the playground operator permits, the childcare, school or other program may reserve a time for the exclusive use of the playground by the program. While on the playground, cohorts should maintain separation and avoid mixing.

California Department of Public Health
PO Box, 997377, MS 0500, Sacramento, CA 95899-7377
Department Website (cdph.ca.gov)



Page Last Updated : September 29, 2020

CALIFORNIA

ALL

Your Actions
Save Lives
covid19.ca.gov

Play It Safe



Due to the ongoing spread of COVID-19 in our communities, please follow these simple steps to help keep our outdoor playgrounds safe, open and fun.

✓ **WEAR A MASK**

Everyone 2 years and older should wear a mask covering their face.

✓ **MAINTAIN DISTANCE**

Maintain physical distance of 6 feet between individuals from different households and prevent crowding of children.

✓ **NO FOOD OR DRINK**

Do not eat or drink in playground to ensure face masks are worn at all times.

✓ **WASH HANDS**

Wash or sanitize your hands before and after you visit

✓ **PLAN AHEAD**

Visit the park at different times or days to avoid crowds and waits.

✓ **KNOW WHEN TO STAY HOME**

Elderly individuals and people with underlying medical conditions should avoid playgrounds when others are present.

✓ **SHARE OUR SPACE**

To avoid crowding and allow everyone to use this space, please limit your visit to 30 minutes when others are waiting.



CALIFORNIA

ALL

Your Actions
Save Lives
covid19.ca.gov

Actué con Precaución



Debido a la propagación continua de Covid-19 en nuestras comunidades, siga estos pasos sencillos para ayudar a mantener nuestros parques infantiles al aire libre seguros, abiertos y divertidos.

✓ **USE UNA MASCARILLA**

Todas las personas mayores de dos años deben usar una mascarilla que cubra su cara.

✓ **MANTENGA DISTANCIA**

Mantén una distancia física de 6 pies entre personas de diferentes hogares y evite que se amontonen los niños.

✓ **NADA DE COMIDA NI BEBIDA**

No coma ni beba en el parque infantil para asegurarse que se usen mascarillas en todo momento.

✓ **LAVE MANOS**

Lávese y desinfecte sus manos antes y después de su visita.

✓ **PLANEA CON ANTICIPACIÓN**

Visite el parque en diferentes horarios o días para evitar demasiadas personas y esperas.

✓ **SEPA CUANDO QUEDARSE EN CASA**

Las personas mayores y las personas con condiciones médicas subyacentes deben evitar parques infantiles cuando hay otros presentes.

✓ **COMPARTE EL ESPACIO**

Para evitar aglomeraciones y permitir que todos usen el espacio, por favor limite su visita a 30 minutos cuando otros están esperando.



BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA

IN THE MATTER OF ADOPT A)
RESOLUTION DEMANDING CLARITY,) Resolution No. 2020-0694
CONSISTENCY, AND CONTINUITY FROM)
GOVERNOR NEWSOM REGARDING)
COVID-19 DIRECTIVES TO COUNTIES)

UPON MOTION OF SUPERVISOR TOWNSEND, SECONDED BY SUPERVISOR
SHUKLIAN, THE FOLLOWING WAS ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS,
AT AN OFFICIAL MEETING HELD OCTOBER 6, 2020, BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES: SUPERVISORS CROCKER, VANDER POEL, SHUKLIAN, VALERO AND
TOWNSEND
NOES: NONE
ABSTAIN: NONE
ABSENT: NONE



ATTEST: JASON T. BRITT
COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER/
CLERK, BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

BY:


Deputy Clerk

* * * * *

Adopted the attached resolution demanding that Governor Newsom work more closely
with counties to increase the clarity, consistency, and continuity of direction regarding the
COVID-19 pandemic.

CAO

10/06/2020
ML

**BEFORE THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS
COUNTY OF TULARE, STATE OF CALIFORNIA**

IN THE MATTER OF DEMANDING)
GOVERNOR NEWSOM PROVIDE) Resolution No. 2020-0695
CLARITY, CONSISTENCY, AND)
CONTINUITY REGARDING COVID-19)
DIRECTIVES TO COUNTIES)

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors recognizes the seriousness of COVID-19 and the public health impact it is having in the country, the State, and the County; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors recognizes and appreciates the tremendous difficulty and work associated with managing the country, the State, and the County through this extraordinary public health emergency; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors believes that public health best practices, such as washing hands, social distancing, wearing a mask, disinfecting surfaces, and staying far away from others when sick, are essential for slowing the spread of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors believes that slowing the spread of COVID-19 is critical to maintaining local hospital capacity and avoiding the catastrophic failure of the County's hospital and medical acute care systems; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors believes that the biggest threat to slowing the spread of COVID-19 is large private and public gatherings, for extended periods of time, where basic public health guidelines and best practices are not being implemented or are ignored; and

WHEREAS, the Tulare County Board of Supervisors believes that government, while critical to helping slow the spread of COVID-19 and promoting best practices, cannot take the place of personal responsibility and individual decision-making when it comes to exercising public health best practices or voluntary testing; and

WHEREAS, on March 19, 2020, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, California Governor Gavin Newsom issued Executive Order N-33-20, ordering all individuals in California to stay in their place of residence except as needed to maintain continuity of operations of federal critical infrastructure sectors; and

WHEREAS, California counties are required to adhere to Governor Newsom's orders, directives, criteria, requirements, and guidelines for COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, Tulare County, as a State mandated condition to receive CARES Act funding (i.e. federal funding allocated to local governments under the Corona Virus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act [H.R. 748]) from the State's federal allocation, certified that it will continue to adhere to the Governor's "stay-at-home requirements and other health requirements as directed in gubernatorial Executive Order N-33-20, and subsequent Executive Orders or statutes, and all California Department of Public Health orders, directives, and guidance in response to the COVID-19 emergency;" and

WHEREAS, on July 10, 2020, as a State condition to receiving CARES Act funding, Tulare County submitted a certification agreeing to adhere to the State's orders and guidance; and

WHEREAS, since March 19, 2020, Governor Newsom and the California Department of Public Health have modified state COVID-19 orders, directives, criteria, requirements, and guidelines for COVID-19, impacting all Californians, all California counties, all economic activity and other public and private activities on multiple occasions and without collaboration or consultation with the entities such orders impact; and

WHEREAS, California's counties are responsible for the implementation of state orders, directives, criteria, requirements, and guidelines, and are critical to the State's achievement of its goals and objectives related to COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, Governor Newsom continues to modify orders, directives, criteria, requirements, and guidelines, and goals and objectives related to COVID-19, with little to no collaboration with counties prior to announcement; and

WHEREAS, Governor Newsom's changes to COVID-19 goals and objectives have complicated the management of this crisis, forcing counties like Tulare to change course, and re-prioritize at great time and expense, straining local personnel and resources, often with little to no clarification regarding how these new goals and objectives prevent or slow the spread of COVID-19; and

WHEREAS, on August 28, 2020, Governor Newsom issued a new framework entitled "Blueprint for a Safer Economy" ("Blueprint"), to allow for the "safe progression of opening more businesses in each county so impacts of any given change can be fully evaluated;" and

WHEREAS, this Blueprint originally, and specifically, required California's counties to meet stated and simple benchmarks in overall Case Rates and Testing Positivity Rates in order to move into less restrictive tiers that would allow for a measured reopening of businesses, schools and other activities; and

WHEREAS, on Monday, September 7, 2020 Governor Newsom announced an adjustment to this Blueprint to include a Case Rate Adjustment Factor for counties with an overall Testing Rate lower than the state median, a complicated additional criteria that counties must meet for the measured reopening of businesses, schools and other activities; and

WHEREAS, Governor Newsom is now arbitrarily inflating overall Case Rate numbers in those counties who have an overall Testing Rate below the statewide average, further slowing and complicating a county's move into a less restrictive tier; and

WHEREAS the median statewide testing rate is a moving target and the relevance of using this measure to adjust county case rates is unclear; and

WHEREAS, this new criterion unnecessarily burdens Tulare County residents by slowing business and school reopening, and it penalizes counties, which have little to no control over individual decision-making related to COVID-19 testing, and

WHEREAS, due to the constantly changing orders and metrics, Tulare County continues to bear the increasing burden and expense of adjusting its pandemic response strategies and tracking mechanisms so that it may continue to receive the CARES Act funding it has been allocated; and

WHEREAS, Tulare County and its residents have been especially hindered by these changing metrics as other counties begin to move through the tiers that allow for reopening of in person education, leaving Tulare County behind in the education of its youth and lead to significant emotional, nutritional, and physical harm; and

WHEREAS, the Governor's newly-established health equity measures will have a disproportionally negative impact on Tulare County's agricultural community, low-income residents, disadvantaged students and other community groups; and

WHEREAS, Tulare County is slowing the spread of COVID-19, has continued to locally reinforce all directives of the State; has made critical investments in testing and contact tracing capacity; has made critical investments in testing, tracing and containment at State-regulated skilled nursing facilities; has made critical investments in support of local business, non-profits, and disadvantaged communities; has lowered local hospitalization rates; and has increased and sustained local hospital capacity.

NOW, THEREFORE, IT IS RESOLVED, by the Board of Supervisors of the County of Tulare, State of California, as follows:

1. Tulare County demands that Governor Newsom provide increased clarity, consistency and continuity in his directives to counties, business communities, and residents regarding the COVID-19 pandemic.
2. Tulare County demands that the Governor and his administration work more closely with all counties, including Tulare, to develop a pathway for increased business activity and school reopening, ensuring it is done safely and responsibly.
3. Tulare County demands that State and local actions related to COVID-19 focus on maintaining hospital and medical system capacity, which was the primary

objective in "flattening the curve" at the start of the pandemic in March.

4. Tulare County demands that the State use hospital and medical system capacity as the primary criteria for increased, but measured, reopening of businesses and schools in all counties.
5. Tulare County demands that Governor Newsom not continue to modify the criteria and metrics used by the State to determine when businesses can begin to reopen in each county.
6. Tulare County demands that Governor Newsom track and utilize each county's actual Case Rate and Testing Positivity Rate, without a Case Rate Adjustment Factor, to determine a county's movement through the "Blueprint for a Safer Economy" risk tier framework.
7. Tulare County demands that Governor Newsom not penalize counties for not achieving new State goals and objectives that are not directly related to flattening the curve and maintaining hospital and medical system capacity; and
8. Tulare County demands that Governor Newsom follow through with his commitments to the Central Valley and provide Tulare County with the necessary contracts and infrastructure development to meet the State's metrics for testing volume.
9. Tulare County demands that Governor Newsom not continue to burden California's small business community and families by linking business and school reopening to any requirements beyond what was outlined in the original Blueprint, announced on August 28, 2020.
10. Tulare County demands that California counties be judged on simple, consistent, achievable, and measurable objectives related to maintaining hospital and medical system capacity, and slowing the spread of COVID-19.
11. Tulare County demands that due to the increasing burden and expense to Tulare County that these changing orders have presented, the State distribute in its entirety, the remaining CARES Act funding allocated to Tulare County under the State Budget Act of 2020.
12. The Clerk of the Board of Supervisors shall transmit copies of this to the following:

County Administrative Office

County Counsel

The Honorable Gavin Newsom
Governor of California

State Capitol
Sacramento, CA 95814

UPON MOTION OF SUPERVISOR TOWNSEND, SECONDED BY SUPERVISOR SHUKLIAN, THE FOLLOWING WAS ADOPTED BY THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS, AT AN OFFICIAL MEETING HELD OCTOBER 6, 2020, BY THE FOLLOWING VOTE:

AYES: SUPERVISORS CROCKER, VANDER POEL, SHUKLIAN, VALERO AND TOWNSEND

NOES: NONE

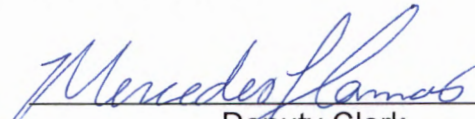
ABSTAIN: NONE

ABSENT: NONE



ATTEST: JASON T. BRITT
COUNTY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER/
CLERK, BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

BY:


Deputy Clerk



State of California—Health and Human
Services Agency
**California Department of
Public Health**



October 9, 2020

TO: All Californians

SUBJECT: Guidance for Private Gatherings

Summary

This guidance provides an updated plan for Californians to gather outside their household and replaces the prior gatherings guidance issued on September 12, 2020 and March 16, 2020. It applies to private gatherings, and all other gatherings not covered by existing sector guidance are prohibited. Gatherings are defined as social situations that bring together people from different households at the same time in a single space or place. When people from different households mix, this increases the risk of transmission of COVID-19.

Mandatory Requirements for All Gatherings

All persons planning to host or participate in a private gathering, as defined above, must comply with the following requirements. Local health jurisdictions may be more restrictive than this guidance. Refer to your local guidance for what is allowed in your area.

1. Attendance

- *Gatherings that include more than **3 households are prohibited**. This includes everyone present, including hosts and guests. Remember, the smaller the number of people, the safer.*
- *Keep the households that you interact with stable over time. By spending time with the same people, risk of transmission is reduced. Participating in multiple gatherings with different households or groups is strongly discouraged.*
- *The host should collect names of all attendees and contact information in case contact tracing is needed later.*

2. *Gather Outdoors*

- Gatherings that occur outdoors are significantly safer than indoor gatherings. All gatherings must be held outside. Attendees may go inside to use restrooms as long as the restrooms are frequently sanitized.
- Gatherings may occur in outdoor spaces that are covered by umbrellas, canopies, awnings, roofs, and other shade structures provided that at least three sides of the space (or 75%) are open to the outdoors.
- A gathering of no more than three households is permitted in a public park or other outdoor space, even if unrelated gatherings of other groups up to three households are also occurring in the same park or other outdoor space. If multiple such gatherings are occurring, mixing between group gatherings is not allowed. Additionally, multiple gatherings of three households cannot be jointly organized or coordinated to occur in the same public park or other outdoor space at the same time – this would constitute a gathering exceeding the permitted size.

3. *Don't Attend Gatherings If You Feel Sick or You Are in a High-Risk Group*

- Anyone with any COVID-19-like symptoms (fever, cough, shortness of breath, chills, night sweats, sore throat, nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, tiredness, muscle or body aches, headaches, confusion, or loss of sense of taste/smell), **must stay home and not come into contact with anyone outside their household.**
- Anyone who develops COVID-19 within 48 hours after attending a gathering should notify the other attendees as soon as possible regarding the potential exposure.
- People at higher risk of severe illness or death from COVID-19 (such as older adults and people with chronic medical conditions) are strongly urged not to attend any gatherings.

4. *Practice Physical Distancing and Hand Hygiene at Gatherings*

- For any gatherings permitted under this guidance, the space must be large enough so that everyone at a gathering can maintain at least a 6-foot physical distance from others (not including their own household) at all times.
- Seating must provide at least 6 feet of distance (in all directions—front-to-back and side-to-side) between different households.
- Everyone at a gathering should frequently wash their hands with soap and water, or use hand sanitizer if soap and water are not available. A place to wash hands or hand sanitizer must be available for participants to use.
- Shared items should not be used during a gathering. As much as possible, any food or beverages at outdoor gatherings must be in single-serve disposable containers. If providing single-serve containers is not possible, food and beverages must be served by a person who washes or sanitizes their hands frequently, and wears a face covering. Self-serve items from communal containers should not be used.

5. *Wear a Face Covering to Keep COVID-19 from Spreading*

- When gathering, face coverings must be worn in accordance with the CDPH Guidance on the Use of Face Coverings (PDF), unless an exemption is applicable.
- People at gatherings may remove their face coverings briefly to eat or drink as long as they stay at least 6 feet away from everyone outside their own household, and put their face covering back on as soon as they are done with the activity.
- Face coverings can also be removed to meet urgent medical needs (for example, to use an asthma inhaler, take medication, or if feeling light-headed).

6. *Keep it short*

- Gatherings should be two hours or less. The longer the duration, the risk of transmission increases.

7. *Rules for Singing, Chanting, and Shouting at Outdoor Gatherings*

- Singing, chanting, shouting, and physical exertion significantly increases the risk of COVID-19 transmission because these activities increase the release of respiratory droplets and fine aerosols into the air. Because of this, singing, chanting, and shouting are strongly discouraged, but if they occur, the following rules and recommendations apply:
 - All people who are singing or chanting should wear a face covering at all times while singing or chanting, including anyone who is leading a song or chant. Because these activities pose a very high risk of COVID-19 transmission, face coverings are essential to reduce the spread of respiratory droplets and fine aerosols;
 - People who are singing, shouting, chanting, or exercising are strongly encouraged to maintain physical distancing beyond 6 feet to further reduce risk.
 - People who are singing or chanting are strongly encouraged to do so quietly (at or below the volume of a normal speaking voice).
- Instrumental music is allowed as long as the musicians maintain at least 6-foot physical distancing. Musicians must be from one of the three households. Playing of wind instruments (any instrument played by the mouth, such as a trumpet or clarinet) is strongly discouraged.

Context

COVID-19 continues to pose a severe risk to communities and requires all people in California to follow necessary precautions and to adapt the way they live and function in light of this ongoing risk. The safest way to gather is to spend time with people in the same household or to gather virtually.

In general, the **more people from different households** a person interacts with at a gathering, the **closer** the physical interaction is, and the **longer** the interaction lasts, the higher the risk that a person with a COVID-19 infection, symptomatic or asymptomatic, may spread it to others. Public health studies have also shown that the risk of transmission is increased **in indoor spaces**, particularly when there isn't appropriate ventilation.[1] Unlike indoor spaces, wind and air in outdoor spaces can help reduce spread of the virus from one person to another.

Planning scenarios published by the CDC estimate that, on average, a person with COVID-19 goes on to infect between 2-4 people, with a best estimate of 2.5 when there are no preventive measures.[2] For example, if each infected person spreads the virus to two people, who in turn spread it to two others each; those four will spread the

virus to eight others; those eight will spread the virus to 16; and so on. As a result, after 10 transmission cycles, one person could be responsible for 1,024 other people contracting the virus.[3] Additionally, there is broad agreement that people who are not experiencing symptoms can still spread COVID-19[4]. The fact that COVID-19 can be spread by people who don't have symptoms or aren't showing symptoms yet is one of the aspects of the COVID-19 that makes it difficult to control.

All gatherings pose a higher risk of transmission and spread of COVID-19 when people mix from different households and communities. The likelihood of transmission and spread increases with laughing, singing, loud talking and difficulty maintaining physical distance. Limiting attendance at gatherings is a way to reduce the risk of spread as it lowers the number of different people who are interacting. Additionally, by limiting attendance there is an improved ability to perform effective contact tracing if there is a positive case discovered, which can help to slow the spread of COVID-19[5]. People who do choose to attend gatherings should discuss and agree upon the specific group rules before convening together.

[1] See, e.g., Hiroshi Nishiura, et al., Closed environments facilitate secondary transmission of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) (PDF), (www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2020.02.28.20029272v2.full.pdf); Hu Qian, et al., "Indoor transmission of SARS-CoV-2" (www.medrxiv.org/content/10.1101/2020.04.04.20053058v1) [pre-print] published in medRxiv on April 4, 2020.

[2] See the CDC COVID-19 Pandemic Planning Scenarios web page

[3] See, e.g., Report 3: Natsuko Imai et al, WHO Collaborating Centre for Infectious Disease Modelling, MRC Centre for Global Infectious Disease Analysis, J-IDEA, "Imperial college London, UK. Transmissibility of 2019 -n-CoV)." See also Inglesby T B JAMA Public Health Measures and the Reproduction Number of SARS-CoV-2. JAMA Network.2020.7878 (May 1, 2020).

[4] World Health Organization (WHO) Transmission of SARS-CoV-2: implications for infection prevention precautions

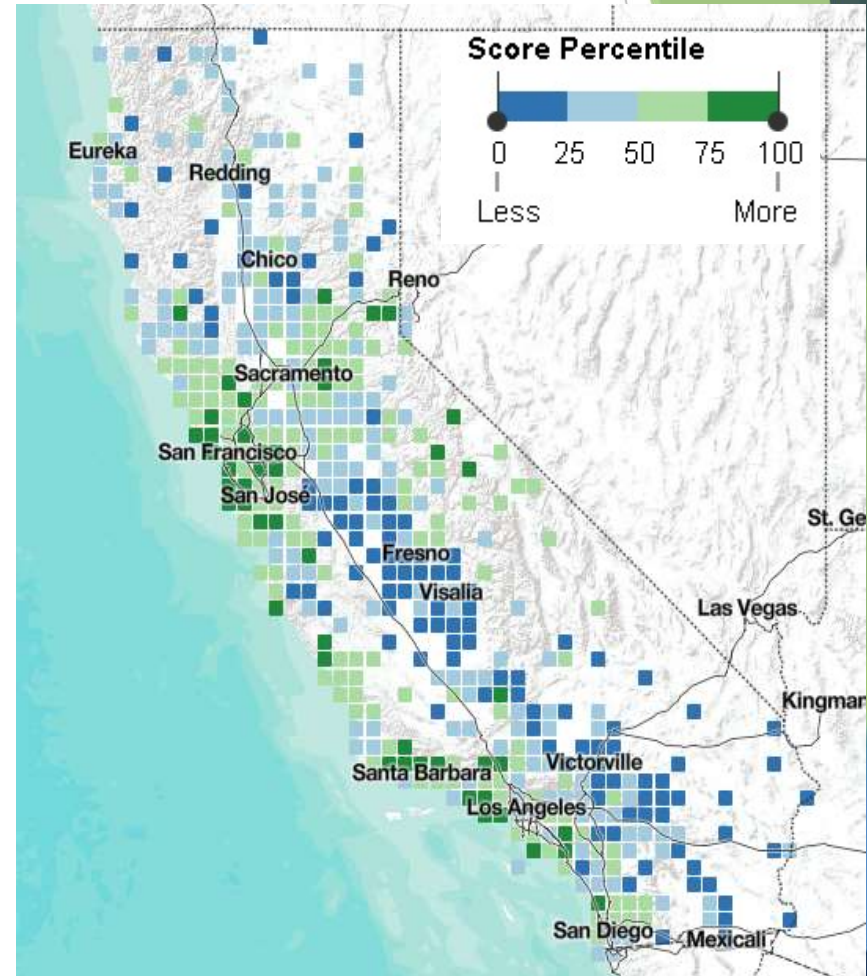
[5] See Harvard Health Preventing the spread of the coronavirus Social distancing, hand washing, and other preventive measures

California Department of Public Health
PO Box, 997377, MS 0500, Sacramento, CA 95899-7377
Department Website (cdph.ca.gov)



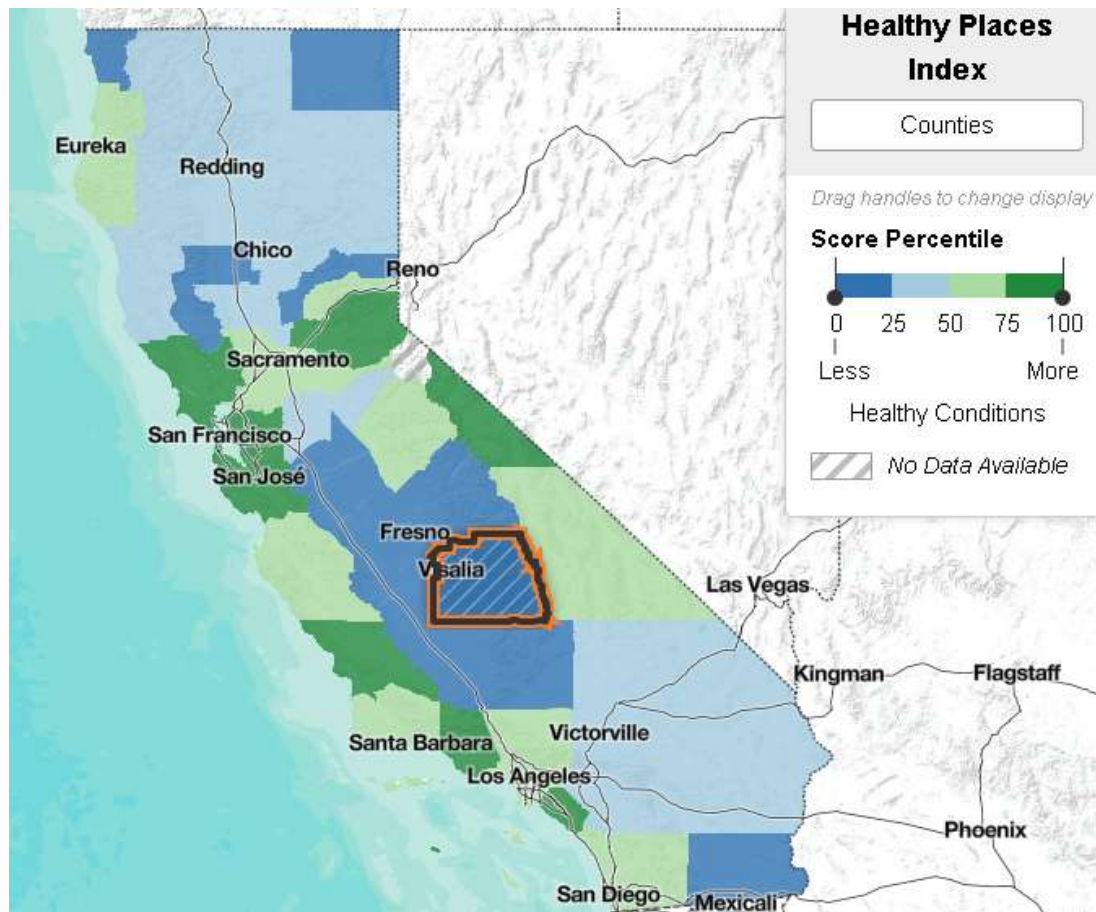
Healthy Places Index

- ▶ Public Health Alliance of Southern California
- ▶ HPI Map
- ▶ Created a composite score from a number of indicators in categories such as economy, education, transportation, clean environment, housing, healthcare access and more
- ▶ Counties and census tracts are ranked by their composite score percentile statewide
- ▶ 264 of 8,057 tracts are not scored



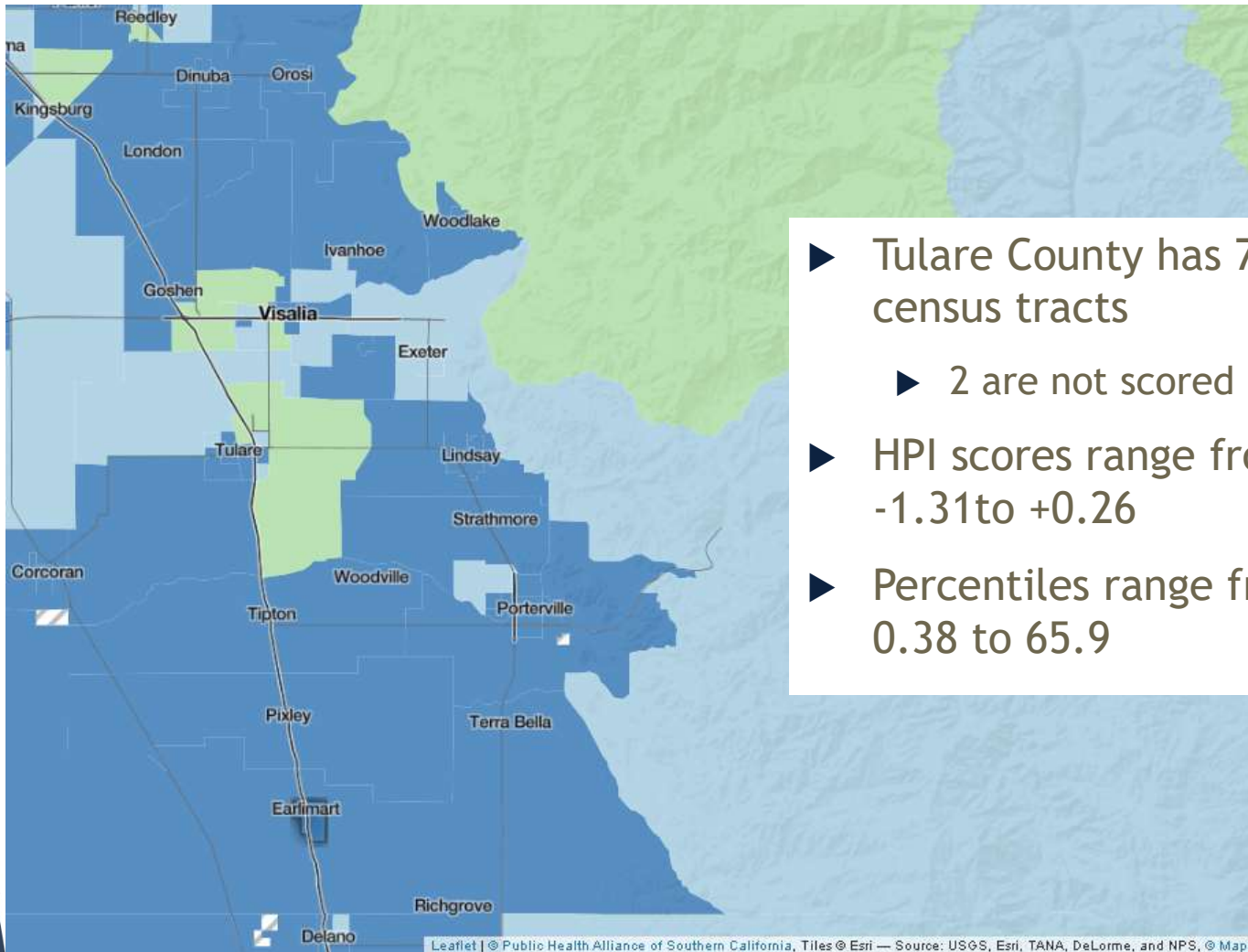
URL: <https://map.healthyplacesindex.org/>

Ranking Counties Across the State



San Joaquin Valley county percentiles range from 1.8 (Merced) to 32.1 (San Joaquin) with Tulare at 5.4.

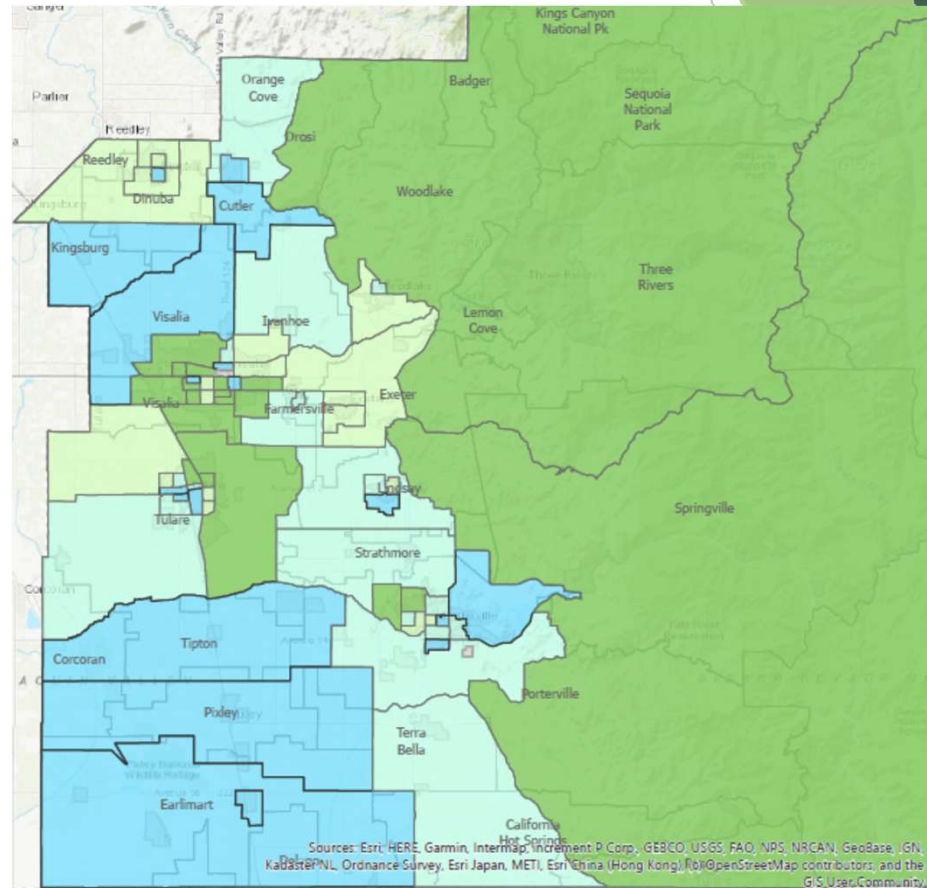
Tulare County Census Tracts - HPI Ranking is Statewide



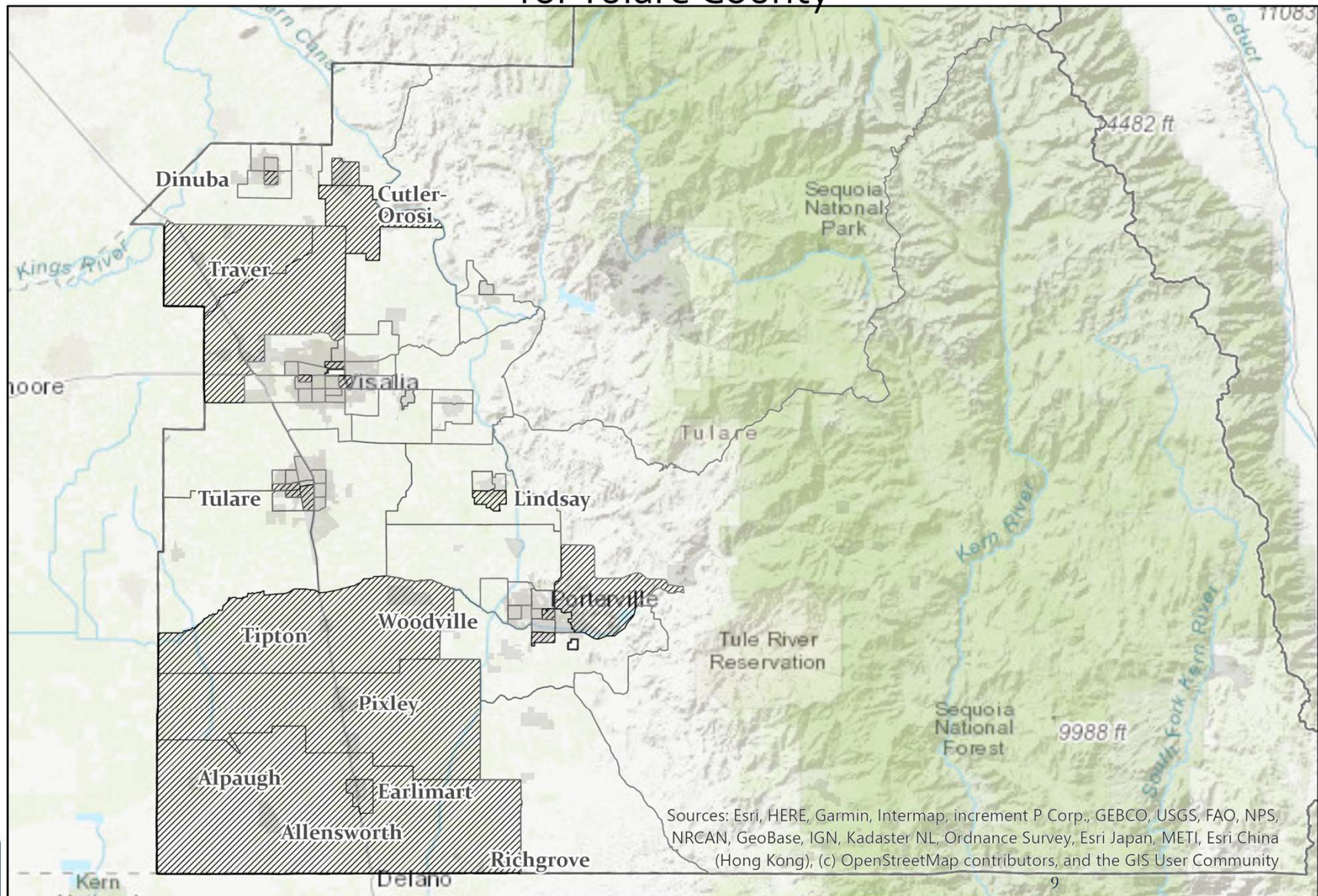
- ▶ Tulare County has 78 census tracts
 - ▶ 2 are not scored
- ▶ HPI scores range from -1.31 to +0.26
- ▶ Percentiles range from 0.38 to 65.9

Health Equity Metric - Census Tracts are *Ranked within Counties*

- ▶ All census tracts with HPI scores are ranked
- ▶ Tracts are divided into 4 groups, quartiles
- ▶ In Tulare County, 76 tracts are divided into 4 quartiles of 19 census tracts each
- ▶ The quartile with the lowest HPI scores is our Low HPI Quartile - the bright blue census tracts on this map



Census Tracts in the Lowest Quartile of the Healthy Places Index for Tulare County



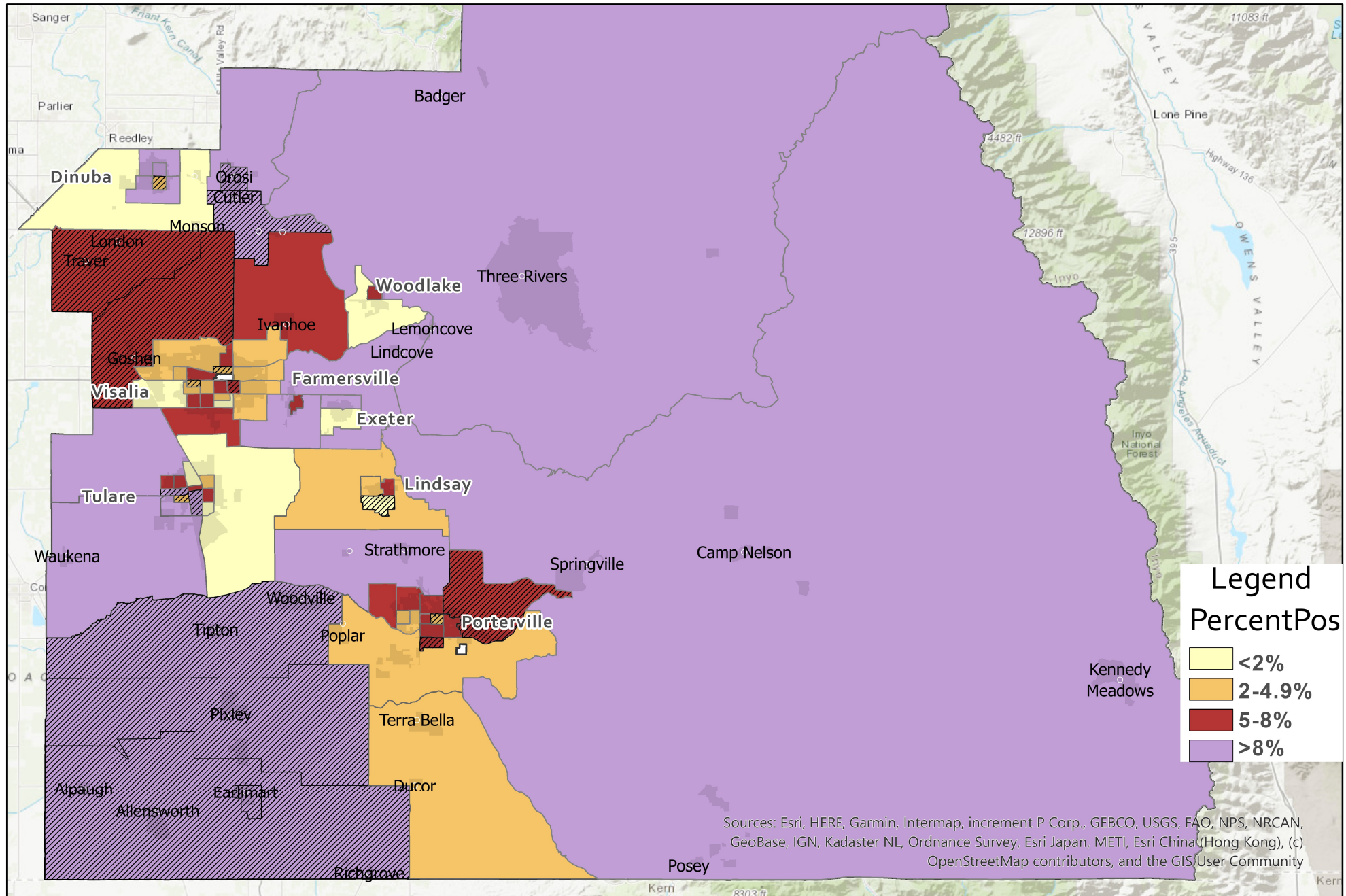
Health Equity Blueprint Metric

- ▶ Lowest HPI quartile test positivity rate must meet the specified threshold for the less restrictive tier before a county can move to that tier
 - ▶ For counties entering the red tier, their lowest quartile HPI census tracts' test positivity must also be $\leq 8\%$
 - ▶ For counties entering the orange tier, their lowest quartile HPI census tracts' test positivity must be within 5% of the orange tier threshold, or $\leq 5.2\%$
 - ▶ For counties entering the yellow tier, their lowest quartile HPI census tracts must be within 10% of the yellow tier threshold, or $\leq 2.1\%$

Tier assignment updated October 13

- Tulare County's overall positivity rate was 5.8% and
- Positivity in the lowest HPI quartile was 8.0%
- Both were in Tier 2 "substantial" category
- However, we were assigned Tier 1 due to case rate > 7.0

Positivity by Census Tract 10/13 Specimens Collected 9/27-10/3



Tulare County Census Tracts with > 8.0% Positivity - Specimens collected 9/27-10/3

Census Tract	HPI Quartile	% Positive	Continuous Weeks > 8%	Population (2014-2018)	Place
0600	Q1 - Low HPI	24.4	2	7,068	Cutler/Yettem
4200	Q1 - Low HPI	18.9	1	6,643	Pixley/Teviston
0202	Q2	17.9	1	2,522	Rural north of Orosi
3300	Q2	16.0	3	7,848	Strathmore/Plainview
4400	Q1 - Low HPI	15.6	3	7,607	Earlimart
4300	Q1 - Low HPI	15.4	1	7,487	Alpaugh/Allensworth/Richgrove
0100	Q4 - High HPI	15.2	1	4,715	Three Rivers/Badger
2901	Q1 - Low HPI	13.3	2	4,088	South-central Tulare
3200	Q1 - Low HPI	12.5	1	7,420	Tipton/Woodville
0502	Q3	12.2	2	4,321	South-west Dinuba
2202	Q1 - Low HPI	11.8	1	6,076	West-central Tulare
0401	Q3	10.5	3	6,188	North Dinuba
0402	Q3	10.3	3	7,337	North-Central Dinuba
1400	Q3	9.5	2	5,202	N. Farmersville/Lindcove/Lemoncove
3100	Q2	9.4	1	3,502	Waukena/SW of Tulare
2100	Q3	9.4	2	2,559	Rural area NW of Tulare
3002	Q2	9.3	1	3,434	South-west Tulare
1602	Q2	9.3	1	5,725	Rural area south of Farmersville
1501	Q3	9.0	1	5,398	North Exeter
0201	Q1 - Low HPI	8.9	3	8,607	Orosi
2700	Q4 - High HPI	8.3	2	5,164	Springville/Camp Nelson/Posey

- 21 census tracts have positivity > 8.0%
- 25 tracts have positivity between 5 and 8%
- 21 tracts have positivity between 2 and 5%
- 9 tracts have positivity < 2.0%

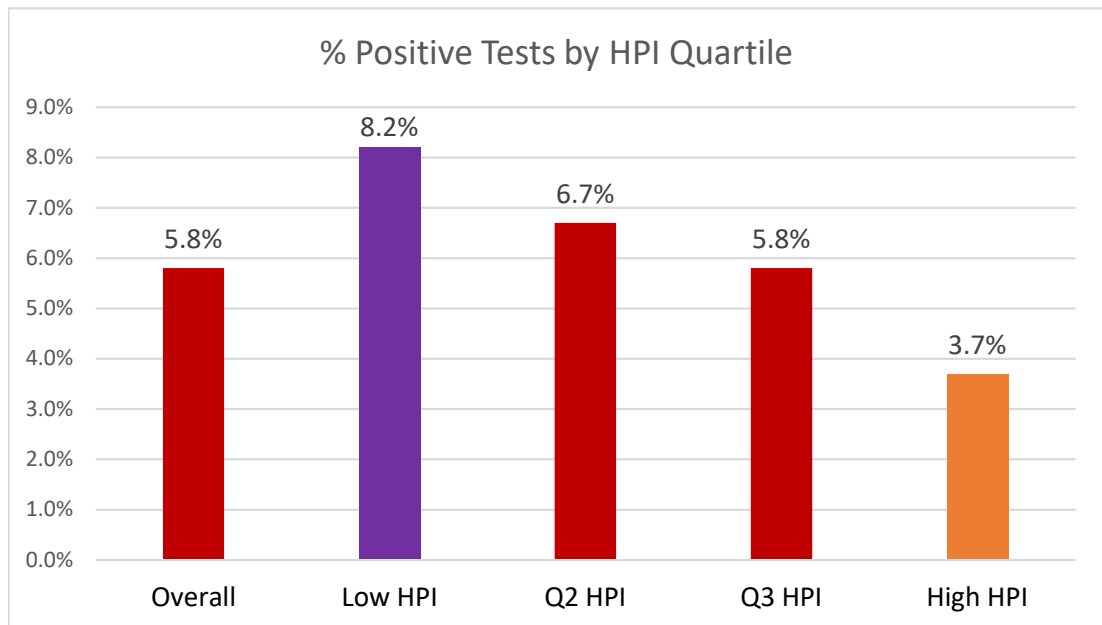
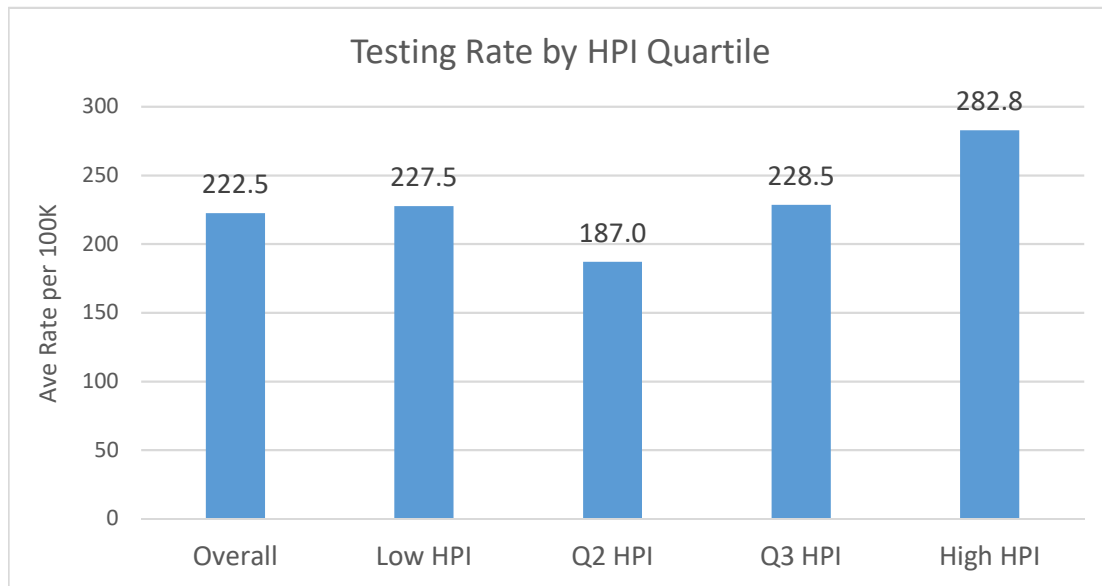
Note that for small areas such as individual census tracts, data shifts from week to week.

The health equity metric is calculated for all low quartile tracts aggregated together.

Census tracts highlighted have had positivity > 8% for 3 weeks in a row.

Population estimates are from the 5 year American Community Survey (2014-2018), US Census Bureau

Health Equity Metric updated 10/13
Data is for specimens collected 9/27-10/3



COVID-19 INDUSTRY GUIDANCE: Expanded Personal Care Services

October 20, 2020

This guidance is designed to address sectors and activities opening statewide. However, local health officers may implement more stringent rules tailored to local epidemiological conditions, so employers should also confirm relevant local opening policies.

OVERVIEW

On March 19, 2020, the State Public Health Officer and Director of the California Department of Public Health issued an order requiring most Californians to stay at home to disrupt the spread of COVID-19 among the population.

The impact of COVID-19 on the health of Californians is not yet fully known. Reported illness ranges from very mild (some people have no symptoms) to severe illness that may result in death. Certain groups, including people aged 65 or older and those with serious underlying medical conditions, such as heart or lung disease or diabetes, are at higher risk of hospitalization and serious complications. Transmission is most likely when people are in close contact or in a poorly ventilated area with an infected person, even if that person does not have any symptoms or has not yet developed symptoms.

Precise information about the number and rates of COVID-19 by industry or occupational groups, including among critical infrastructure workers, is not available at this time. There have been multiple outbreaks in a range of workplaces, indicating that workers are at risk of acquiring or transmitting COVID-19 infection. Examples of these workplaces include hospitals, long-term care facilities, prisons, food production, warehouses, meat processing plants, restaurants, and grocery stores.

As stay-at-home orders are modified, it is essential that all possible steps be taken to ensure the safety of workers and the public.

Key prevention practices include:

- ✓ physical distancing to the maximum extent possible,
- ✓ use of face coverings by workers (where respiratory protection is not required) and customers/clients,
- ✓ frequent handwashing and regular cleaning and disinfection,
- ✓ training workers on these and other elements of the COVID-19 prevention plan.

In addition, it will be critical to have in place appropriate processes to identify new cases of illness in workplaces and, when they are identified, to intervene quickly and work with public health authorities to halt the spread of the virus.

PURPOSE

This document provides guidance for expanded personal care services, which includes personal care that requires touching a client's face, e.g. facials, electrolysis, and waxing. This guidance applies to esthetic, skin care, electrology, nail services, body art professionals, tattoo parlors, and piercing shops, and massage therapy (in non-healthcare settings). Businesses in these industries are open across all tiers but must follow the modifications in this guidance.

For the most updated information on county tier status, visit [Blueprint for a Safer Economy](#). Please note that local health departments can have more restrictive criteria and different closures. Find [your county's local information](#).

This guidance is intended to support a safe, clean environment for workers and customers. Establishment license holders must acknowledge that renters or lessees should only resume operations when they are ready and able to implement the necessary safety measures to provide for their safety and that of their customers.

The guidance is not intended to revoke or repeal any worker rights, either statutory, regulatory, or collectively bargained and is not exhaustive, as it does not include county health orders, nor is it a substitute for any existing safety and health-related regulatory requirements such as those of Cal/OSHA or the California Board of Barbering and Cosmetology.¹ Stay current on changes to public health guidance and state/local orders, as the COVID-19 situation continues. Cal/OSHA has more comprehensive guidance on their [Cal/OSHA General Guidelines on Protecting Workers from COVID-19 webpage](#). CDC has additional requirements in their [guidance](#) for businesses and employers.

Required Use of Face Coverings

On June 18, CDPH issued [Guidance on the Use of Face Coverings](#), which broadly requires the use of face coverings for both members of the public and workers in all public and workplace settings where there is a high risk of exposure. Complete details, including all requirements and exemptions to these rules, can be found in the [guidance](#).

The [CDPH Face Covering Guidance](#) is subject to additional updates based on the current scientific understanding of transmission of the virus causing COVID-19. Please check the CDPH website for any revisions.



Workplace Specific Plan

- Establish a written, workplace-specific COVID-19 prevention plan at every location, perform a comprehensive risk assessment of all work areas and work tasks and designate a person at each facility to implement the plan.
- Incorporate the [CDPH Face Covering Guidance](#) into the Workplace Specific Plan and include a policy for handling exemptions.
- Identify contact information for the local health department where the facility is located for communicating information about COVID-19 outbreaks among workers or customers.
- Train and communicate with workers and worker representatives on the plan and make the plan available to workers and their representatives.
- Regularly evaluate the workplace for compliance with the plan and document and correct deficiencies identified.
- Investigate any COVID-19 illness and determine if any work-related factors could have contributed to risk of infection. Update the plan as needed to prevent further cases.
- Implement the necessary processes and protocols when a workplace has an outbreak, in accordance with [CDPH guidelines](#) and orders or guidance from the local health department.
- Identify close contacts (within six feet for 15 minutes or more) of an infected worker and take steps to isolate COVID-19 positive worker(s) and close contacts.
- Notify all employees in writing, and employers of subcontracted employees, who may have been exposed to COVID-19 and report workplace outbreaks to the local health department. For additional information on employer responsibilities under [AB 685](#) (Chapter 84, Statutes of 2020), refer to the [Enhanced Enforcement and Employer Reporting Requirements](#) from Cal/OSHA and the [Employer Questions about AB 685](#) from CDPH.
- Adhere to the guidelines below. Failure to do so could result in workplace illnesses that may cause operations to be temporarily closed or limited.



Topics for Worker Training

- Information on [COVID-19](#), how to prevent it from spreading, and [people who are at higher risk](#) for severe illness or death.
- Self-screening at home, including temperature and/or symptom checks using [CDC guidelines](#).

- The importance of not coming to work:
 - If a worker has symptoms of COVID-19 as [described by the CDC](#), such as a fever or chills, cough, shortness of breath or difficulty breathing, fatigue, muscle or body aches, headache, new loss of taste or smell, sore throat, congestion or runny nose, nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea, OR
 - If a worker was diagnosed with COVID-19 and has not yet been released from isolation, OR
 - If, within the past 14 days, a worker has had contact with someone who has been diagnosed with COVID-19 and is considered potentially infectious (i.e. still on isolation).
- To return to work after a worker receives a COVID-19 diagnosis only after meeting [CDPH Guidance on Returning to Work or School Following COVID-19 Diagnosis](#).
- To seek medical attention if their symptoms become severe, including persistent pain or pressure in the chest, confusion, or bluish lips or face. Updates and further details are available on [CDC's webpage](#).
- The importance of frequent handwashing with soap and water, including scrubbing with soap for 20 seconds (or using hand sanitizer with at least 60% ethanol (preferred) or 70% isopropanol (if the product is inaccessible to unsupervised children) when workers cannot get to a sink or handwashing station, per [CDC guidelines](#)). Never use hand sanitizers with [methanol](#) due to its high toxicity to both children and adults.
- The importance of physical distancing, both at work and off work time (see Physical Distancing section below).
- Proper use of face coverings, including:
 - Face coverings are not personal protective equipment (PPE).
 - Face coverings do not replace the need for physical distancing and frequent handwashing.
 - Face coverings must cover the nose and mouth.
 - Workers should wash or sanitize hands before and after using or adjusting face coverings.
 - Avoid touching eyes, nose, and mouth.
 - Face coverings must not be shared and should be washed or discarded after each shift.
- Information contained in the [CDPH Guidance for the Use of Face Coverings](#), which mandates the circumstances in which face coverings must be worn and the exemptions, as well as any policies, work rules, and

practices the employer has adopted to ensure the use of face coverings. Training should also include the employer's policies on how people who are exempted from wearing a face covering will be handled.

- Ensure any independent contractors, temporary, or contract workers at the facility are also properly trained in COVID-19 prevention policies and have necessary supplies and PPE. Discuss these responsibilities ahead of time with organizations supplying temporary and/or contract workers.
- Information on paid leave benefits the worker may be entitled to receive that would make it financially easier to stay at home. See additional information on [government programs supporting sick leave and workers' compensation for COVID-19](#), including workers' sick leave rights under the [Families First Coronavirus Response Act](#).



Individual Control Measures and Screening

- Provide temperature and/or symptom screenings for all workers at the beginning of their shift and any vendors or contractors entering the establishment. Make sure the temperature/symptom screener avoids close contact with workers to the extent possible.
- If requiring self-screening at home, which is an appropriate alternative to providing it at the establishment, ensure that screening was performed prior to the worker leaving the home for their shift and follows [CDC guidelines](#), as described in the Topics for Worker Training section above.
- Encourage workers and customers who are sick or exhibiting symptoms of COVID-19 to stay home.
- Employers must provide and ensure workers use all required protective equipment, including eye protection, gloves, and face shields where necessary.
- Employers should consider where disposable glove use may be helpful to supplement frequent handwashing or use of hand sanitizer; examples are for workers who are screening others for symptoms or handling commonly touched items. Workers should wear gloves when handling items contaminated by body fluids.
- Disposable gloves should be worn for services that require them. Wearing gloves should be done in conjunction with regular hand washing and is not a substitute for regular hand washing.
- Workers who consistently must be within six feet of customers or co-workers must wear a secondary barrier (e.g., face shield or safety goggles) in addition to a face covering. All employees should minimize the amount of time spent within six feet of customers.

- Contact customers before visits to confirm appointments and ask if they or someone in their household is exhibiting any COVID-19 symptoms. If the customer answers in the affirmative, reschedule the appointment. Such communication can be done via phone, app, email, or text to remind customers that they should only come to the facility for their appointment if they do not pose a health risk to other customers or workers. In order to implement pre-screening protocols and ensure physical distancing protocols, consider suspending walk-in appointment availability.
- Tell customers that no additional friends or family will be permitted in the facility, except for a parent or guardian accompanying a minor.
- Customers should be screened for temperature and/or symptoms upon arrival, asked to use hand sanitizer, and to wear a face covering unless exempted per the [CDPH Face Covering Guidance](#). Employers have the right to refuse entry to symptomatic customers or visitors.
- Display a set of guidelines for customers that are to be a condition of entry. The guidelines must include instructions to wear face coverings, use hand sanitizer, maintain physical distance from other customers, and they should communicate changes to service offerings. The guidelines should be posted in clearly visible locations, including at entrances, include pictograms, and be made available digitally (e.g. through email).



Ventilation, Cleaning, and Disinfecting Protocols

- Consider opening treatment room windows, if feasible and within security protocols.
- Where possible, install portable high-efficiency air cleaners, upgrade the building's air filters to the highest efficiency possible, and make other modifications to increase the quantity of outside air and ventilation in all working areas.
- Check the [CDPH website](#) periodically for updates on indoor air quality and ventilation guidance for airborne diseases in indoor settings.
- Ensure that coworkers, fellow tenants, booth renters, and/or staff have coordinated and put a plan in place for cleaning and disinfection at the beginning and end of each shift and in between customers. Perform thorough cleaning in high traffic areas, such as reception areas, and areas of ingress and egress including stairways, stairwells, and handrails.
- Frequently disinfect commonly used surfaces including credit card terminals, counters, reception area seating, door handles, light switches, phones, toilets, and handwashing facilities.
- Evaluate existing ventilation, hygiene, and sanitation protocols and

cleaning processes and update where necessary. Use hospital grade, [Environmental Protection Agency \(EPA\)-approved products](#) to clean and disinfect anything the client came in contact with, including treatment tables, face cradles, stools, bolsters, door knobs, side tables, chairs, etc. Follow the product manufacturer's recommendations for contact time. Use disinfectants labeled to be effective against emerging viral pathogens, diluted household bleach solutions (5 tablespoons per gallon of water), or alcohol solutions with at least 70% alcohol that are appropriate for the surface. Provide workers training on the chemical hazards, manufacturer's directions for use, ventilation requirements, and Cal/OSHA requirements for safe use. Workers using cleaners or disinfectants should wear gloves and other protective equipment as required by the product. Follow the [asthma-safer cleaning methods](#) recommended by the California Department of Public Health and ensure proper ventilation.

- Since porous surfaces such as chair seats cannot be easily disinfected, consider covering with a plastic or disposable liner and cleaning or disposing of the liner after each customer.
- All appliances at work stations and in treatment rooms should be properly disinfected between each customer.
 - For non-porous implements, such as tweezers or scissors, clean the item with hot, soapy water to remove any physical debris. Rinse and dry the implement completely. Follow by immersing the implement in an EPA-registered liquid disinfectant that is labeled as a bactericide, fungicide, and virucide for the full contact time as stated by the manufacturer's directions. Items should be removed at the end of contact time, rinsed, and dried with a clean paper towel.
 - For electrical implements such as magnifying LED lamps, hot towel warmers, and esthetic devices, clean the implement with a spray or wipe to remove any physical debris. Follow with an EPA-registered disinfectant spray or wipe for the full contact time as noted by the manufacturer's directions. Use caution when using a spray and be sure your device is unplugged and do not spray into the motor. For electronics such as tablets, touch screens, keyboards, remote controls, and ATM machines, remove visible contamination if present. Follow the manufacturer's instructions for all cleaning and disinfection products. Consider use of wipeable covers for electronics. If no manufacturer guidance is available, consider the use of alcohol-based wipes or sprays containing at least 60% alcohol to disinfect touch screens. Dry surfaces thoroughly to avoid pooling of liquids.
- To minimize the risk of [Legionnaires' disease](#) and other diseases associated with water, [take steps](#) to ensure that all water systems (e.g., drinking fountains) are safe to use after a prolonged facility shutdown.

- Where linens are used, even if the customer does not get under them, the linens should still be removed and the bed or table properly disinfected. Treatment tables must be covered with either clean treatment table paper, a clean towel, or a clean sheet after each use.
- Workers should wear disposable gloves when removing used linens, towels, and other draping, including blankets and client draping for each treatment. Do not shake the dirty laundry. Place used linens in a lined, lidded receptacle positioned outside the treatment space, if possible, to minimize the possibility of dispersing virus in the air. Dirty linens should not be used again until properly laundered either by a commercial laundering service or a laundering process which includes immersion in water of at least 160 degrees Fahrenheit for at least 25 minutes. Store all clean linens in a clean, covered place.
- Where possible, do not clean floors by sweeping or other methods that can disperse pathogens into the air unless all persons in the area have appropriate PPE. Use a vacuum with a HEPA filter wherever possible.
- Do not allow food or beverages to be at stations or in treatment rooms.
- Thoroughly clean any product display areas, including all shelving and display cases. Remove and discard any open "test" products and discontinue this practice to help reduce contamination. Add signage to this area to let customers know it is cleaned and disinfected daily.
- Encourage the use of credit cards and contactless payment systems. If electronic or card payment is not possible, customers should come with exact cash payment or check.
- Consider upgrading to touchless faucets, soap and paper towel dispensers, and adding touchless, automatic hand sanitizer dispensers. Ensure soap dispensers and paper towel dispensers are regularly filled.
- Equip reception areas and workstations with proper sanitation products, including hand sanitizer and sanitizing wipes.
- Provide time for workers to implement cleaning practices during their shift. Cleaning assignments should be assigned during working hours as part of the worker's job duties.
- Workers should avoid sharing phones, tablets, laptops, desks, pens, and other work supplies, wherever possible. Never share PPE.
- In addition to the above cleaning and disinfecting protocols, businesses must follow the existing [California Board of Barbering and Cosmetology rules](#). Additional rules may also apply for businesses at the local, county-level.



Physical Distancing Guidelines

- **WARNING:** physical distancing alone is insufficient to prevent transmission of COVID-19.
- Implement measures to ensure physical distancing of at least six feet between and among workers and customers, except while providing the services that require close contact. This can include use of physical partitions or visual cues (e.g., floor markings, colored tape, or signs to indicate to where workers and/or customers should stand).
- Maintain at least six feet of physical distance between each work station area, and/or use impermeable barriers between work stations to protect customers from each other and workers.
- Stagger appointments to reduce reception congestion and ensure adequate time for proper cleaning and disinfection between each customer visit. Consider servicing fewer customers each day or expanding operating hours to allow for more time between customers and suspending walk-in appointments.
- If possible, implement virtual check-in technology to ensure that workers are notified when a customer arrives. Ask customers to wait outside or in their cars rather than congregating in reception areas. Reception areas should only have one customer at a time or the area should be modified to support adequate physical distancing, including removing chairs and sofas or spacing them further apart.
- For outdoor operations, establish an outdoor reception area where customers can check in while still following physical distancing guidelines. Take measures at reception desks or other areas where physical distancing cannot be maintained to minimize exposure between workers and customers, such as Plexiglas or other barriers.
- For outdoor operations, create outdoor break areas with shade covers and seating that ensures physical distancing, where possible.
- Take measures at reception desks or other areas where physical distancing cannot be maintained to minimize exposure between workers and customers, such as Plexiglas or other barriers.
- Consider offering workers who request modified duties options that minimize their contact with customers and other workers (e.g., managing inventory or managing administrative needs through telework).
- Require workers to avoid handshakes, fist bumps, hugs, or similar greetings that break physical distance.
- Do not allow people to congregate in high traffic areas such as bathrooms, hallways, bar areas, reservation, and credit card terminals, etc.

- Ensure workers can maintain physical distance in breakrooms, using barriers, increasing distance between tables/chairs to separate workers, etc. Where possible, create outdoor break areas with shade coverings and seating arrangements that ensures physical distancing. Discourage workers from congregating during breaks and ensure they are not eating or drinking without face coverings within six feet of each other.
- Adjust any staff meetings to ensure physical distancing. Hold meetings over the phone or via webinar for workers wherever possible.



Additional Considerations for Esthetic and Skin Care Services

- Workers should wear a face shield for eye protection (with a face covering) when they are providing clients treatment on facial or neck areas that do not enable the client to wear a face covering.
- Disposable gloves should be worn throughout the entire esthetic service and while performing cleaning and disinfection of all implements and surfaces after each client session.
- Before leaving the treatment room or area, remove and dispose of gloves, apply proper hand sanitizer or wash hands with soap and water, and use a previously readied disposable barrier, such as a paper towel or sanitizer wipe, to open and close the treatment room door while leaving the room.
- Single use applicators must be used and disposed of immediately after use in a lined trash bin. The trash bin should have a lid and should be lined with a disposable plastic bag.



Additional Considerations for Electrology Services

- Electrology services must not be provided in the outdoor setting because they are invasive procedures that require a controlled hygienic environment to be performed safely.
- Electrologists must use disposable gloves during the client's entire treatment. Electrologists should wear a face shield for eye protection (with a face covering) when they are providing clients treatment on facial or neck areas that do not enable the client to wear a face covering.
- Clients having any other areas treated should be required to wear a face covering throughout the service, if able to wear one per the [CDPH Face Covering Guidance](#).

- Tweezers, rollers, and needle holder caps should be properly cleaned and sterilized between each client. This could include the use of an autoclave or placing the items in a sealed pouch and sterilizing them in a dry heat sterilizer. The pouch should not be reopened until the next client's treatment session begins.
- Where possible, use disposable probes that do not require a probe tip or cap, which will reduce exposure points. If not using disposable probe tips or caps, the removable tip or cap of the epilator needle/probe holder must be cleaned and disinfected after each client.
- Needles used for electrolysis must be single-use, disposable, pre-packaged, and sterile and disposed of in an approved sharps container immediately after use. Sharps containers must be discarded in accordance with biomedical waste regulation.
- Heat produced by the electrical current passing through an electrolysis needle is not sufficient to sterilize it.
- Ultrasonic cleaning units, forceps, and all containers, including their removable parts, must be cleaned and disinfected between each client according to the manufacturer's instructions.



Additional Considerations for Nail Services

- Clients must wash their hands before nail services are provided.
- Workers must wear face coverings at all times, or a respirator where required. Respirators are required where ventilation is insufficient to reduce exposure below permissible exposure limits established in title 8 [section 5155](#). In cases of chemical exposure, only elastomeric respirators with the correct chemical cartridge combined with a particulate filter are appropriate for use.
- Disposable gloves should be worn throughout the entire service and while performing cleaning and disinfection of all implements and surfaces after each client. Once cleaning is finished, remove and dispose of gloves and apply proper hand sanitizer or wash hands with soap and water.
- Pedicures done outside shall be limited to portable tubs/bowls and must be disinfected with an EPA-registered liquid disinfectant that is labeled as a bactericide, fungicide and virucide. Refer to manufacturer's instructions on concentration. The disinfection should occur inside the nail salon and not in the temporary outdoor setting.
- Pedicure bowls must be disinfected with an EPA-registered liquid disinfectant that is labeled as a bactericide, fungicide and virucide. Refer to manufacturer's instructions on concentration. For whirlpool foot spas, air-jet basins or pipeless foot spas, disinfectant must be circulated for at least

10 minutes. For non-whirlpool foot basins and tubs, soak disinfectant in the basin or tub for at least 10 minutes. Foot-spas, basins and pedicure bowls must be properly cleaned and disinfected after every client even if a disposable plastic liner is used.

- Nail salons should use disposable supplies whenever possible. Any non-disposable supplies must be fully disinfected between customers according to the California Board of Barbering and Cosmetology guidelines.
- All single use items, such as cardboard files, sand-bands for drills and buffers, disposable sandals, toe separators, and applicators, must be used once and immediately thrown away in a lined, lidded trash can.
- To reduce the number of touchpoints, remove the nail polish displays. In the absence of a nail polish display, use a color palette, which is to be cleaned and disinfected after each client use. If the nail polish display is not removed, nail polishes should be cleaned and disinfected before being returned to the display.
- Consider whether it is feasible to install a plastic partition between the worker and client with ample space cut out where hands or feet can be slid underneath to conduct the manicure or pedicure.
- Allow only one manicurist to work at each station and do not allow clients to get multiple services at the same time, such as a manicure and pedicure.
- If fans, such as pedestal fans or hard-mounted fans, are used in the salon, take steps to minimize air from fans blowing directly from one person toward another. If fans are disabled or removed, employers should remain aware of possible heat hazards and take steps to mitigate them.
- Nail salons should consider upgrading existing ventilation to include locally exhausted nail tables.



Additional Considerations for Body Art Professionals, Tattoo Parlors, and Piercing Shops

- Disposable gloves are required throughout the tattooing or piercing service and while performing cleaning and disinfection of all implements and surfaces after each customer session.
- Workers should ensure they wash their hands thoroughly with soap and water or use hand sanitizer immediately before putting on and after removing gloves.

- Suspend piercing and tattooing services for the mouth/nose area.
- Chairs should be arranged to ensure at least six feet of space between customers. Establishments should consider additional divider shields or other impermeable barriers where appropriate.
- Workers should provide tattooing or piercing services for only one customer at a time.



Additional Considerations for Massage Services (Non-Healthcare Settings)

- Clients must wash their hands before any services are provided.
- Consider alterations to the treatment table setup to support the required cleaning and disinfecting protocols. This could include using disposable face cradle covers and/or protecting the table, table warmers, bolsters, and other items with washable barriers like pillowcases that can be removed and replaced between each client. Barriers are not a substitution for the required cleaning and disinfecting protocols.
- Evaluate whether facial massages or other hands-on work to the face will be offered. If providing such services, use non-latex gloves for this part of the treatment. Facial massages should not be performed if it requires removal of the client's face covering.
- Provide any hand treatments as the last part of the service.
- Workers should wash their hands immediately upon finishing massage services.

¹ Additional requirements must be considered for vulnerable populations. Personal care providers must comply with all [Cal/OSHA](#) standards and be prepared to adhere to its guidance as well as guidance from the [Centers for Disease Control and Prevention \(CDC\)](#) and the [California Department of Public Health \(CDPH\)](#). Additionally, employers should be prepared to alter their operations as those guidelines change.

